

**An Android Dev Project Report**

**On**

**GROCERY LIST APPLICATION USING KOTLIN**

**IN ANDROID STUDIO**

**SUBMITTED BY:**

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**UNDER**



**SPSAPL20220062974**

**Virtual Internship - Android Application  
Development Using Kotlin**

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## **CHAPTER 1: Introduction**

### **1.1 ABSTRACT**

Shopping is one of the activities that some people consider part of their life, while others do not even think of it. This comparison makes us discover people's problems with shopping. People have shopping problems such as limited time, expats in foreign countries without cars, a transportation issue, people consider physical shopping as a waste of time, health issues, long-distance to market and the difficulty in obtaining some items.

As the problems mentioned above, we have explored our idea, which is related to personal shopping. Therefore, we have built an application that combines different market shops, i.e. (Malls, supermarkets, and pharmacies).

This personal grocery shopping is an innovative app that allows the customers to get all their needs and suggest items based on previous history. Then deliver items to their doorstep and can facilitate online shopping procedure where customers can browse unlimited products all at one time. This work supports people in exploiting their time to be safer and more accessible than wasting it physically.

Moreover, people can order the product from home instead of going around for long distances for shopping. In addition, this app could help people who are facing health problems and unable to buy something physically to avoid future problems.

Finally, some people do not have transportation methods for shopping, and they should keep pace with the evolution.

### **1.2 OBJECTIVE**

The main aim of this project is to list the items so that whenever users go to grocery stores, users will not be able to forget their items and this grocery application helps the users to tackle their day to day chaos more effortlessly.

### **1.3 PROBLEM TARGETED**

It's not easy for the users to remember every item in this hectic lifestyle, they frequently can't recall their required necessity so we decided to build an app to store the items in the database for their future use. After buying the items users can delete the added items in the database.

### **1.4 PROBLEM'S PRIMARY GOALS**

The goal of this project is to make an app that stores the user items in a cart and can modify and delete the added item in the list. To develop a reliable system, I have some specific goals such as:

- ✓ Develop a system such that users can add item details like product name, product Quantity, and Product Price.
- ✓ Develop a database room that is used to store the user data which already been added by the user in the cart and the user can also remove the previously added item in the cart.
- ✓ Develop a good UI design that user friendly to the user.
- ✓ Develop a good UI that is supported for all android devices.

## **1.5 INTRODUCTION**

We are going to build a grocery application in android using Android Studio. Many times we forget to purchase things that we want to buy, after all, we can't remember all the items, so with the help of this app, you can note down your grocery items that you are going to purchase, by doing this you can't forget any items that you want to purchase. In this project, we are using (MVVM) for architectural patterns, Room for database, Recycler View and Coroutines to display the list of items.

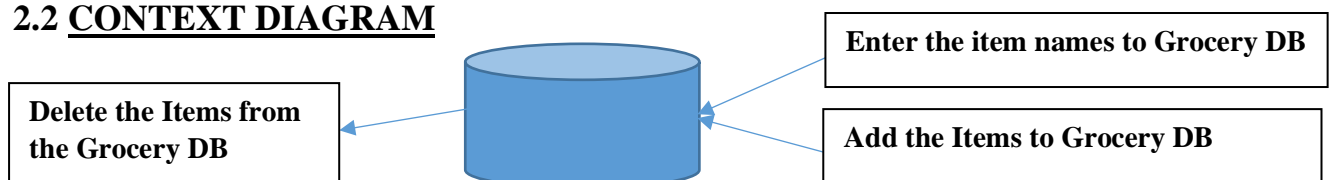
## **CHAPTER 2: Background & Diagrams**

### **2.1 BACKGROUND**

The grocery cart application project will help the user or admin to store the list of items in proper sequence. User/Admin can add and remove the items in the list according to his/her will.

- UI DESIGN IN THE ANDROID PLATFORM
- ANDROID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
- DATABASE CONNECTION TO STORE USER DATA

### **2.2 CONTEXT DIAGRAM**



## **CHAPTER 3: Technical Requirements**

### **3.1 SOFTWARE**

The Software Package is developed using Kotlin and Android Studio, basic SQL commands are used to store the database.

Operating System: Windows 11

Software: Kotlin and Java

Emulator: Pixel 4 API 30

### **3.2 HARDWARE**

RAM: 16 GB RAM

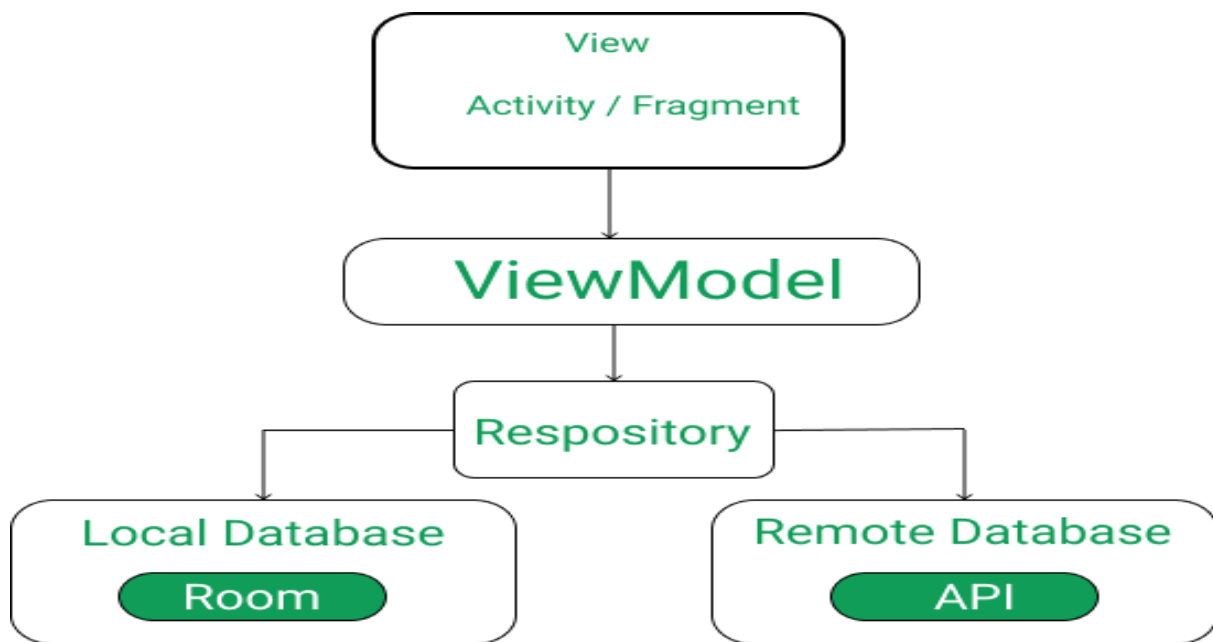
ROM: 20 GB ROM

## **CHAPTER 4: Implementation and Designing**

In this project, we are using MVVM (Model View ViewModel) for architectural patterns, **Room** for database, Coroutines and RecyclerView to display the list of items.

### **MVVM (Model View ViewModel)**

MVVM architecture in android is used to give structure to the project's code and understand code easily. MVVM is an architectural design pattern in android. MVVM treat Activity classes and XML files as View. This design pattern completely separate UI from its logic. Here is an image to quickly understand MVVM.



### **ROOM Database**

Room persistence library is a database management library and it is used to store the data of apps like grocery item name, grocery item quantity, and grocery item price. Room is a cover layer on SQLite which helps to perform the operation on the database easily.

### **RecyclerView**

RecyclerView is a container and it is used to display the collection of data in a large amount of data set that can be scrolled very effectively by maintaining a limited number of views.

### **Coroutines**

Coroutines are a lightweight thread, we use coroutines to perform an operation on other threads, by this our main thread doesn't block and our app doesn't crash.

## **Step By Step Process**

### **Step 1: Create a New Project**

To create a new project in Android Studio please refer to How to Create/Start a New Project in Android Studio. Note that select **Kotlin** as the programming language.

### **Step 2: Before going to the coding section first you have to do some pre-task**

Before going to the coding part first add these libraries in your gradle file and also apply the plugin as 'kotlin-kapt'. To add these library go to **Gradle Scripts > build.gradle (Module: app)**.

### Step 3: Implement Room Database

#### a) Entities class

The entities class contains all the columns in the database and it should be annotated with @Entity (tablename = "Name of table"). Entity class is a data class. And @Column info annotation is used to enter column variable name and datatype. We will also add Primary Key for auto-increment. Go to **app > java > com.example.application-name**. Right-click on **com.example.application-name** go to new and create Kotlin file/class and name the file as **GroceryEntities**. See the code below to completely understand and implement.

#### b) DAO Interface

The DAO is an interface in which we create all the functions that we want to implement on the database. This interface also annotated with @Dao. Now we will create a function using suspend function which is a coroutines function. Here we create three functions, First is the insert function to insert items in the database and annotated with @Insert, Second is for deleting items from the database annotated with @Delete and Third is for getting all items annotated with @Query. Go to the **app > java > com.example.application-name**. Right-click on **com.example.application-name** go to new and create Kotlin file/class and name the file as **GroceryDao**. See the code below to implement.

#### c) Database class

Database class annotated with @Database(entities = [Name of Entity class.class], version = 1) these entities are the entities array list all the data entities associating with the database and version shows the current version of the database. This database class inherits from the Room Database class. In **GroceryDatabase** class we will make an abstract method to get an instance of DAO and further use this method from the DAO instance to interact with the database. Go to the **app > java > com.example.application-name**. Right-click on **com.example.application-name** go to new and create Kotlin file/class as **GroceryDatabase**.

### Step 4: Now we will implement the Architectural Structure in the App

#### a) Repository class

The repository is one of the design structures. The repository class gives the data to the ViewModel class and then the ViewModel class uses that data for Views. The repository will choose the appropriate data locally or on the network. Here in our Grocery Repository class data fetch locally from the Room database. We will add constructor value by creating an instance of the database and stored in the db variable in the Grocery Repository class. Go to the **app > java > com.example.application-name**. Right-click on **com.example.application-name** go to new and create Kotlin file/class as **GroceryRepository**. Go to **app > java > com.example.application-name**. Right-click on **com.example.application-name** go to new and create a new Package called **UI** and then right-click on UI package and create a Kotlin file/class.

#### b) ViewModel class

ViewModel class used as an interface between View and Data. Grocery View Model class inherit from View Model class and we will pass constructor value by creating instance variable of Repository class and stored in repository variable. As we pass the constructor in View Model we have to create another class which is a Factory View Model class. Go to **app > java > com.example.application-name > UI**. Right-click on the UI package and create a Kotlin file/class and name the file as **GroceryViewModel**.

### c) FactoryViewModel class

We will inherit the Grocery ViewModel Factory class from ViewModelProvider. NewInstanceFactory and again pass constructor value by creating instance variable of GroceryRepository and return GroceryViewModel (repository). Go to the **app > java > com.example.application-name > UI**. Right-click on the **UI** package and create a Kotlin file/class name it **GroceryViewModelFactory**.

### Step 5: Now let's jump into the UI part

In the **activity\_main.xml** file, we will add two ImageView, RecyclerView, and Button after clicking this button a **DialogBox** open and in that dialog box user can enter the item name, item quantity, and item price.

### Step 6:

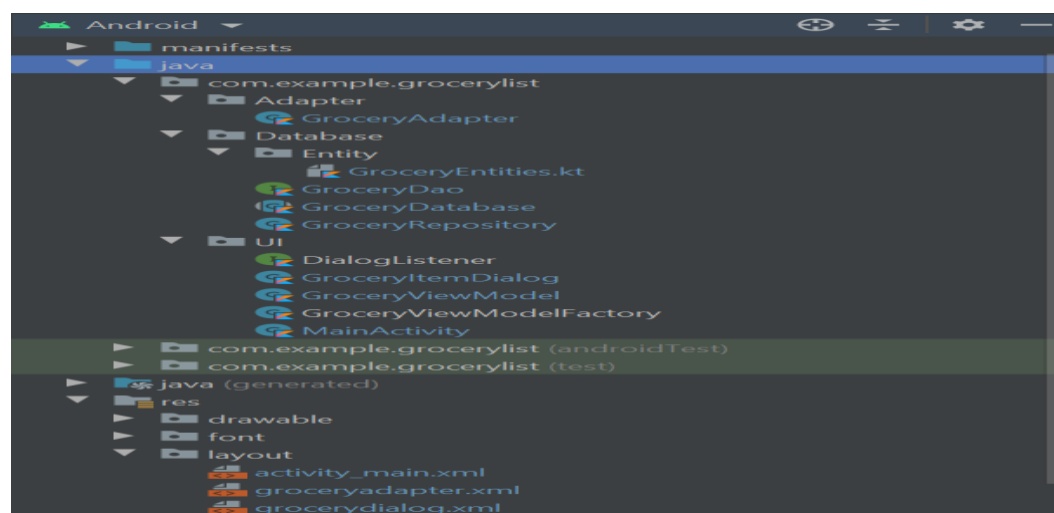
Let's implement **RecyclerView**. Now we will code the UI part of the row in the list. Go to **app > res > layout**. Right-click on layout, go to new, and then add a **Layout Resource File** and name it as **GroceryAdapter**. We will code adapter class for recycler view. In the GroceryAdapter class, we will add constructor value by storing entities class as a list in list variable and create an instance of the view model. In Grocery Adapter we will override three functions: onCreateViewHolder, getItemCount, and onBindViewHolder, we will also create an inner class called grocery view holder. Go to the **app > java > com.example.application-name**. Right-click on **com.example.application-name** go to new and create a new Package called **Adapter** and then right-click on Adapter package and create a Kotlin file/class name it **GroceryAdapter**.

### Step 7:

To enter grocery item, quantity, and price from the user we have to create an interface. To implement this interface we will use DialogBox. First create UI of dialog box. In this dialog box we will add three edit text and two text view. Three edit text to enter grocery item name, quantity and price. Two text view one for save and other for cancel. After clicking the save text all data saved into the database and by clicking on the cancel text dialog box closes. Go to the **app > res > layout**. Right-click on **layout**, go to new and then add a **Layout Resource File** and name it as **GroceryDialog**. To add a clicklistener on save text we have to create an interface first in which we create a function. Go to the **app > java > com.example.application-name > UI**. Right-click on the **UI** package and create a Kotlin file/class and create an **interface** name it as **DialogListener**.

### Step 8:

In this final step we will code in our **MainActivity**. In our **MainActivity**, we have to set up the recycler view and add click listener on add button to open the dialog box.



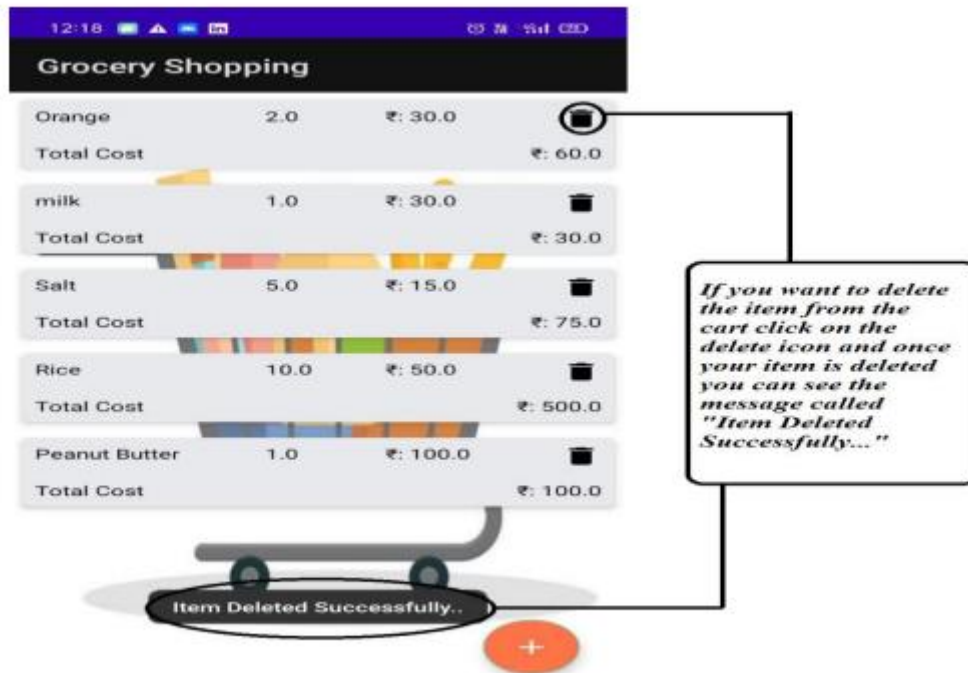
**Complete Project Structure**

## CHAPTER 5: Conclusion and Future Scope

### 5.1 Expected Outcome







## **5.2 Conclusion & Future Scope**

This grocery application will help to store the list of data items include name of item, price and quantity required. Admins store his/her data in the list, the grocery application very helpful to users.

### **Future Scope:**

This application helps to store the list of items by Admin. In Future we can also add scheduled addition of items according to requirement of user.

The Features are:

- ✓ Add User Panel
- ✓ Add Admin Panel
- ✓ Provide Login Authentication
- ✓ Add Image to user Product and Rating

## **CHAPTER 6: URLs, Ids, Acknowledgements, Reflection Notes and References**

### **6.1 URLs & Account Ids**

#### **✓ GitHub URL:**

<https://github.com/smartinternz02/SPSGP-54858-Virtual-Internship---Android-Application-Development-Using-Kotlin>

✓ **Smart Internz Registered ID:**  
[sasidhara.kashyap@gmail.com](mailto:sasidhara.kashyap@gmail.com)

## **6.2 Acknowledgements**

I have taken much efforts in this project. However, it would not have been possible without the kind support and help of many individuals and organizations. I would like to extend my sincere thanks to all of them.

I am highly indebted to SMARTINTERNZ (Experiential Learning & Remote Externship Platform to bring academia & industry very close for a common goal of talent creation) for their guidance and constant supervision as well as for providing necessary information regarding the project & also for their support in completing the project. I would like to express my gratitude towards member of (Smart Internz) for their kind co-operation and encouragement which help me in completion of this project.

I would like to express my special gratitude and thanks to industry persons for giving me such attention and time.

My thanks and appreciations also go to people who have willingly helped me out with their abilities.

## **6.3 Reflection Notes**

I thoroughly enjoyed my internship and had a very valuable experience under my belt. I know this will help when looking for jobs and needing references.

I know that practical experience is the best, and internships give students that hands-on experience they need. I feel that quality internships are essential to develop key skills that we can't get in a classroom. Skills such as multitasking, communicating, learning to deal with diversity, and dealing with deadlines are different when you are working for someone else, not yourself like everyone do it college. Internships are also a great way to network with people in the industry. Our mentor and co-workers were great about giving us contacts and referring us to open positions in the industry.

I have learned that stressing over little things will not get us anywhere. I have learned to work well as a team and that without my counter parts the work would not get done. Another aspect that I learned throughout the internship is to never be afraid to ask lots of questions. By asking questions we get answers.

## **6.4 References**

- ✓ <https://github.com/divyanshu15/GroceryApp>
- ✓ <https://youtu.be/5YmJLB8f3W0>

- ✓ <https://github.com/smartinternz02/SPSGP-68275-Virtual-Internship---Android-Application-Development-Using-Kotlin>
- ✓ [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vdcLb\\_Y71Ic](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vdcLb_Y71Ic)