

List of Experiments

1 A. Write an algorithm, flow chart and pseudocode to find the factorial of a given number.

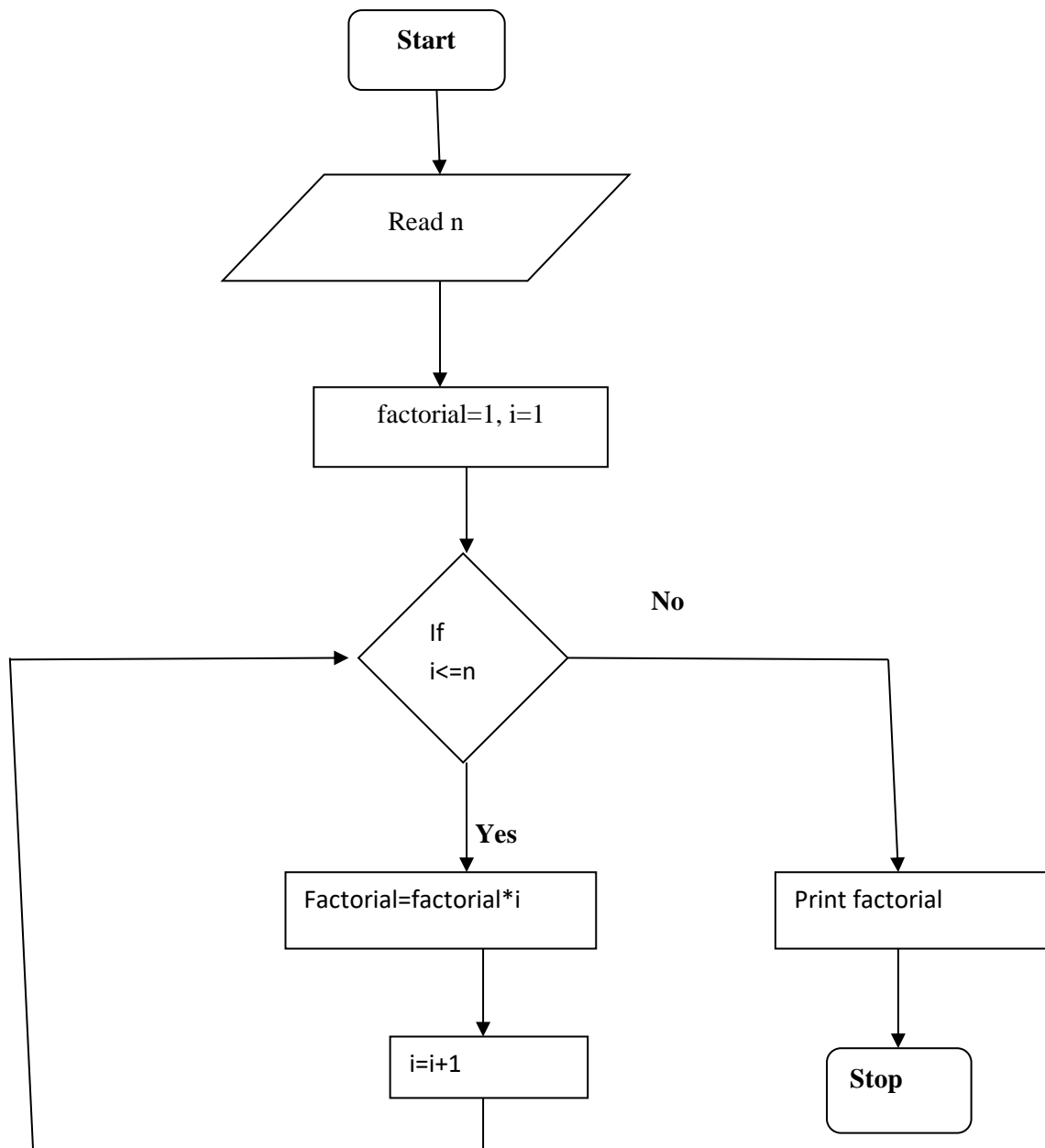
Algorithm:

1. Start
2. Read the value of the given number n.
3. Assign factorial $\leftarrow 1$, $i \leftarrow 1$
4. If $i \leq n$ else go to 5
 - 4.1. factorial \leftarrow factorial * i
 - 4.2 $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 - 4.3 go to 4
5. Print factorial
6. Stop

Pseudo code

```
Read n
SET factorial = 1, i=1
IF (i<=n) THEN
    factorial = factorial * i
    i = i+1
END IF
PRINT factorial
```

Flow Chart



1B. Write an algorithm, flow chart and pseudocode to generate Fibonacci series.

Algorithm:

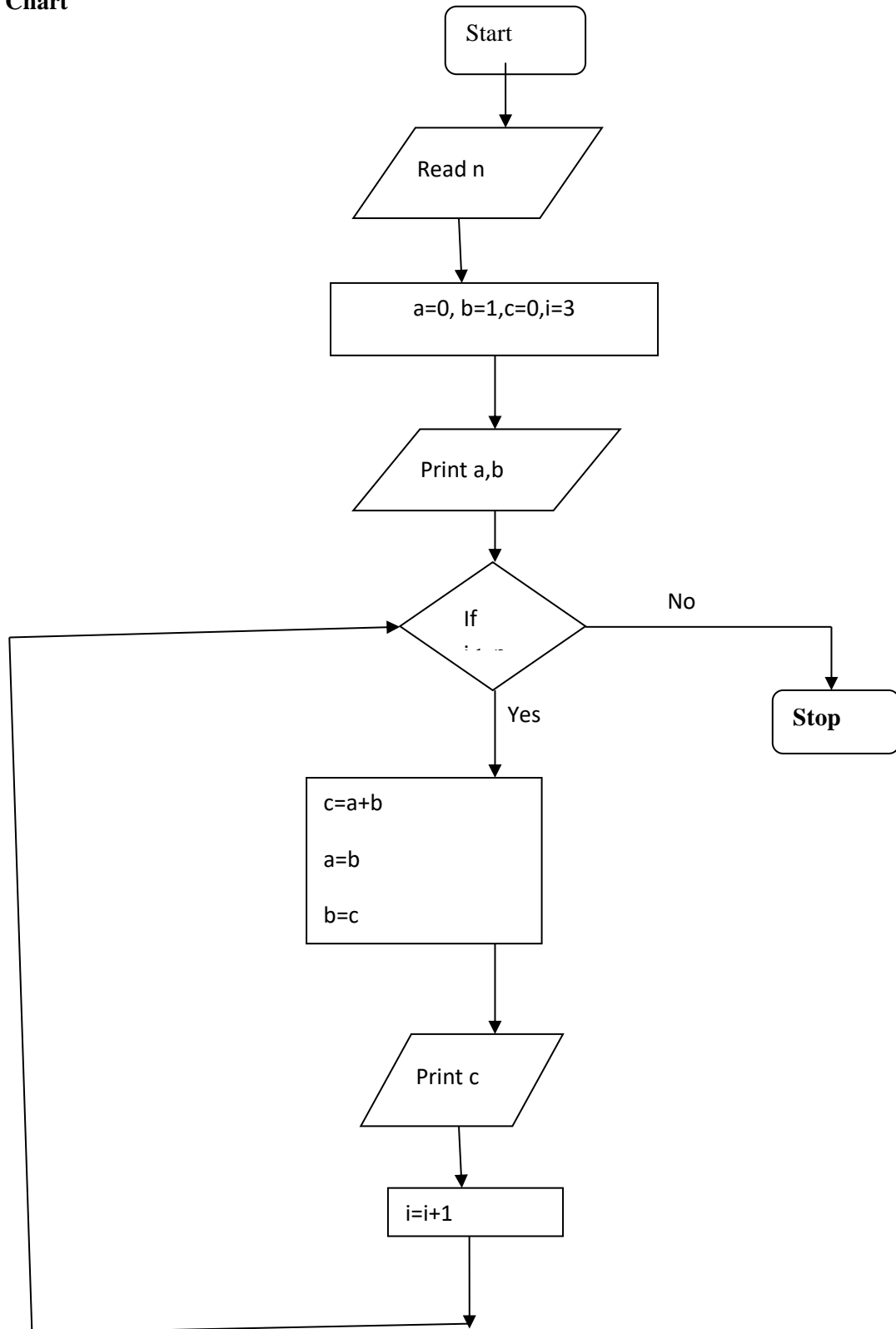
1. Start
2. Assign $a \leftarrow 0$, $b \leftarrow 1$, $c \leftarrow 0$, $i \leftarrow 3$
3. Print a ,b
4. Read n

5. If $i \leq n$ else go to 6
 5.1. $c \leftarrow a + b$
 5.2. $a \leftarrow b$
 5.3. $b \leftarrow c$
 5.4. Print c
 5.5 $i \leftarrow i + 1$
 5.6 go to 5
6. Stop

Pseudo code

Read n
SET $a=0, b=1, c=0, i=3$
PRINT a,b
IF ($i \leq n$) THEN
 $c = a+b$
 $a = b$
 $b = c$
 PRINT c
 INCREMENT i by 1
END IF

Flow Chart



2A. AREA AND CIRCUMFERENCE OF CIRCLE

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    float r,area,circum;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter the radius of the Circle");
    scanf("%f",&r);
    area=3.14*r*r;
    circum=2*3.14*r;
    printf("\n Area=%f",area);
    printf("\n Circumference=%f",circum);
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the radius of the Circle

5

Area=78.500000

Circumference=31.400000

2B.To convert Fahrenheit to centigrade.

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

void main()

{

    float cel,faren;

    clrscr();

    printf("ENTER THE CELCIUS VALUE...");

    scanf("%f",&cel);

    faren=(1.8*cel)+32;

    printf("THE FAHRENTEIET VALUE OF THE GIVEN %f CELCIUS VALUE IS
    %f",cel,faren);

    getch();

}
```

OUTPUT

ENTER THE CELCIUS VALUE... 23

THE FAHRENTEIET VALUE OF THE GIVEN 23.000000 CELCIUS VALUE IS 73.400002

2C.Program to accept a year and check whether the given year is leap year or not.

```
# include <stdio.h>
# include <conio.h>
main( )
{
int y;
clrscr( );
printf("enter a year:");
scanf("%d",&y);
if(y%4==0& &y%100!=0|| y%400==0);
printf("the above given year IS a leap year");
else
printf("the above given year IS not a leap year");
getch();
}
```

Output

```
enter a year:2012
the above given year IS a leap year
```

```
enter a year:2010
the above given year IS not a leap year
```

3A.FACTORIAL OF THE GIVEN NUMBER

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int fact=1,i,num;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter the number : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    for(i=1;i<=num;i++)
    {
fact=fact*i;
    }
    printf("The factorial of %d is : %d",num,fact);
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the Number: 5

The factorial of 5 is: 120

3B.Program to check for prime number

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int num,i=2;
    clrscr();
    printf("ENTER THE NUMBER...");
    scanf("%d",&num);
```



```
while(i<=num-1)
{
    if(num%i==0)
    {
        printf("THE GIVEN NUMBER IS NOT A PRIME NUMBER");

        break;
    }
    i++;
}
if(i==num)
printf("THE GIVEN NUMBER IS A PRIME");
getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

ENTER THE NUMBER 3

THE GIVEN NUMBER IS A PRIME

ENTER THE NUMBER 4

THE GIVEN NUMBER IS NOT A PRIME NUMBER.

4A.Program To Read Three Numbers And Print The Biggest Of Given Three Numbers

```
# include <stdio.h>
# include <conio.h>
main( )
{
int a,b,c,big=0;
clrscr( );
printf("ENTER VALUE FOR A:");
scanf("%d",&a);
printf("ENTER VALUE FOR B:");
scanf("%d",&b);
printf("ENTER VALUE FOR C:");
scanf("%d",&c);
if (a>big)
big=a ;
if(b>big)
big=b;
if (c>big)
big=c;
printf ("BIGGEST OF ABOVE GIVEN THREE NUMBER IS %d",big)
getch( );
}
```

output

```
ENTER VALUE FOR A:8
ENTER VALUE FOR B:3
ENTER VALUE FOR C:2
BIGGEST OF ABOVE GIVEN THREE NUMBER IS 8
```

4B. To check for odd or even of a given number

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

void main()

{

    int num;

    clrscr();

    printf("Enter a number");

    scanf("%d",&num);

    if(num%2==0)

    {

        printf("The given number is Even");

    }

    else

    printf("The given number is Odd");

    getch();

}
```

OUTPUT

Enter a number 2

The given number is Even

Enter a number 47

The given number is Odd

5A.CONVERT BINARY NUMBER TO DECIMAL NUMBER

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int bnum,digit,decimal=0,bin,base=0;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter the Binary No:");
    scanf("%d",&bnum);
    bin=bnum;
    while(bnum!=0)
    {
        digit=bnum%10;
        decimal=decimal+(digit<<base);
        base=base+1;
        bnum=bnum/10;
    }
    printf("\n The Binary %d to Decimal is = %d",bin,decimal);
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the Binary No: 100

The Binary 100 to Decimal is = 4

5B.Program for a menu driven calculator

```
# include <stdio.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main( )
{
int n,c,a,b,ch=1;
clrscr( );
printf("\n Enter the value for a:");
scanf("%d",&a);
printf("\n Enter the value for b:");
scanf("%d",&b);
do
{
printf("\n Menu \n");
printf("1.addition \n");
printf("2.subtraction \n");
printf("3.multiplication \n");
printf("4.division \n");
printf("enter a choice :");
scanf("%d",&n);
switch(n)
{
case 1:
{
printf("addition");
c=a+b;
printf("the result is %d",c);
break;
}
case 2:
{
printf("subtraction");
c=a-b;
printf("the result is %d",c);
break;
}
case 3:
{
printf("multiplication");
c=a*b;
printf("the result is %d",c);
break;
}
case 4:
{
printf("division");
c=a/b;
printf("the result is %d",c);
break;
}
```

```

    }
default:
printf("please enter the number between 0 and 4");
}
printf("\n do you want to continue(1/0)");
scanf("%d",&ch);
}while(ch==1);
getch( );

}

```

Output

Enter the value for a:2

Enter the value for b:3

Menu

1.addition

2.subtraction

3.multiplication

4.division

enter a choice :1

additionthe result is 5

do you want to continue(1/0)1

Menu

1.addition

2.subtraction

3.multiplication

4.division

enter a choice :2

subtractionthe result is -1

do you want to continue(1/0)1

Menu

1.addition

2.subtraction

3.multiplication

4.division

enter a choice :3

multiplicationthe result is 6

do you want to continue(1/0)1

Menu

1.addition

2.subtraction

3.multiplication

4.division

enter a choice :4

3.multiplication

divisionthe result is 0

4.division

do you want to continue(1/0)1

Menu

enter a choice :6

1.addition

please enter the number between 0 and 4

2.subtraction

do you want to continue(1/0)0

6A. program to compute sum of the elements in an array

```
# include <stdio.h>
# include <conio.h>
void main( )
{
int a[10][10],i,j,sum=0,m,n;
clrscr( );
printf("\n enter the value for rows and column");
scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
for(j=0;j<n;j++)
{
printf("enter the values for a[%d][%d] ", i,j);
scanf("%d%d",&a[i][j]);
}
for(i=0;i<m;i++)
{
for(j=0;j<n;j++)
{
sum=sum+a[i][j];
}
}
printf("\n The sum of the elements of the array is %d",sum);
getch( );
}
```

output

enter the value for rows and column 2 2
enter the values for a[0][0] 2

enter the values for a[0][1] 2
enter the values for a[1][0] 2
enter the values for a[1][1] 2

The sum of the elements of the array is 8

6B.Program to find the largest and smallest element in an array

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
int a[10],n,i,large,small;
clrscr();
printf("enter the value of n\n");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("enter the elements\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
scanf("%d",&a[i]);
large=a[0];
small=a[0];
for(i=1;i<n;i++)
{
if(a[i]>large)
large=a[i];
if(a[i]<small);
small=a[i];}
printf("largest element in the array id %d\n",large);
printf("smallest element in the array is %d\n",small);
getch();
}
```

Output

```
enter the value of n
5
enter the elements
5
4
3
2
1
largest element in the array id 5
smallest element in the array is 1
```


7A. Matrix Multiplication

```
include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int m, n, p, q, c, d, k, sum = 0;

    int first[10][10], second[10][10], multiply[10][10];

    printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of first matrix\n");

    scanf("%d%d", &m, &n);

    printf("Enter the elements of first matrix\n");

    for ( c = 0 ; c < m ; c++ )
        for ( d = 0 ; d < n ; d++ )
            scanf("%d", &first[c][d]);

    printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of second matrix\n");

    scanf("%d%d", &p, &q);

    if ( n != p )
        printf("Matrices with entered orders can't be multiplied with each other.\n");
    else
    {
        printf("Enter the elements of second matrix\n");

        for ( c = 0 ; c < p ; c++ )
            for ( d = 0 ; d < q ; d++ )
                scanf("%d", &second[c][d]);

        for ( c = 0 ; c < m ; c++ )
        {
            for ( d = 0 ; d < p ; d++ )
```

```

        {
            for ( k = 0 ; k < q ; k++ )
            {

sum = sum + first[c][k]*second[k][d];

            }

multiply[c][d] = sum;

sum = 0;

        }

    }

printf("Product of entered matrices:-\n");

    for ( c = 0 ; c < m ; c++ )

    {

        for ( d = 0 ; d < p ; d++ )

            printf("%d\t", multiply[c][d]);

        printf("\n");

    }

}

```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT

Enter the number of rows and columns of first matrix

2 2

Enter the elements of first matrix

2 2

2 2

Enter the number of rows and columns of second matrix

2 2

Enter the elements of second matrix

2 2

2 2

Product of entered matrices:-

8 8

8 8

7B. Program to arrange or sort the array in the ascending order

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int ar[100],j,n,i,tmp;
    printf(" Enter the size of the array \t");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Now enter the elements in the array \t");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&ar[i]);
    }
    printf("\n Array is - ");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("\t %d",ar[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<n-i;j++)
        {
            if(ar[j]>ar[j+1])
            {
                tmp=ar[j];
                ar[j]=ar[j+1];
                ar[j+1]=tmp;
            }
        }
    }

    printf("\n\n Array in the ascending order is - \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("\t %d",ar[i]);
    }
    getch();
}
```

Output

Enter the size of the array 5

Now enter the elements in the array

3

7

9

5

2

Array is - 3 7 9 5 2

Array in the ascending order is -

2 3 5 7 9

8. ALPHABATICAL SORTING OF STRING

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

#include<string.h>

void main()

{

    char names[50][20],temp[20];

    int n,i,j;

    clrscr();

    printf("\n how many names?");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("\n Enter the %d names one by one and\n ",n);

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)

        scanf("%s",names[i]);

    for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)

        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)

            if(strcmp(names[i],names[j])>0)

            {

                strcpy(temp,names[i]);

                strcpy(names[i],names[j]);

                strcpy(names[j],temp);

            }

    printf("\n names in alphabetical order");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)

        printf("\n%s",names[i]);
```

```
    getch();  
}
```

OUTPUT:

How many names?5

Enter the 5 names one by one and

priya

anu

young

devi

sathiya

names in alphabetical order

anu

devi

priya

sathiya

young

9A.CALL BY VALUE

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<conio.h>
```

```
void swap(int i, int j)
```

```
{  
  
    int t=i;  
  
    i=j;  
  
    j=t;  
  
    printf("After swaping. a: %d, b: %d\n", i, j);  
  
}
```

```
void main()
```

```
{  
  
    int a,b;  
  
    void swap(int,int);  
  
    clrscr();  
  
    printf("Enter two numbers to swap : \n");  
  
    scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);  
  
    printf("Before swaping. a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
  
    swap(a,b);  
  
    getch();  
  
}
```


OUTPUT:

Enter two numbers to swap: 26 32

Before swaping. a: 26, b: 32

After swaping. a: 32, b: 26

9B.CALL BY RREFERENCE

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<conio.h>
```

```
void swap(int *i,int *j)
```

```
{
```

```
    int t=*i;
```

```
    *i=*j;
```

```
    *j=t;
```

```
}
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a,b;
```

```
    clrscr();
```

```
    printf("Enter two numbers to swap : \n");
```

```
    scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
```

```
    printf("Before swaping. a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);
```

```
    swap(&a,&b);
```

```
    printf("After swaping. a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);
```

```
    getch();
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter two numbers to swap: 21 32

Before swaping. a: 21, b: 32

After swaping. a: 32, b: 21

10. Students mark list using Structures

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

union student
{
    int sno,m1,m2,m3,m4,m5,m6,tot;

    char name[10],grade;

    float avg;
}s[10];

void main()
{
    float avg;

    int tot,n,i;

    clrscr();

    printf("Enter the Number of student to process...");

    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Enter student number, Name and 6 subjects marks....\n");

    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {

        printf("Enter the details of student[%d]\n",i);

        scanf("%d%s%d%d%d%d%d",&s[i].sno,s[i].name,&s[i].m1,&s[i].m2,&s[i].m3,&s[i].m4,&s[i].m5,&s[i].m6);

        s[i].tot=s[i].m1+s[i].m2+s[i].m3+s[i].m4+s[i].m5+s[i].m6;

        s[i].avg=s[i].tot/6;

        if(s[i].m1<35||s[i].m2<35||s[i].m3<35||s[i].m4<35||s[i].m5<35||s[i].m6<35)

            s[i].grade='F';
```

```

        else
        {
            if(s[i].avg>=75)
                s[i].grade='A';
            else if(s[i].avg<75 && s[i].avg>=60)
                s[i].grade='B';
            else if(s[i].avg<60 && s[i].avg>=50)
                s[i].grade='C';
            else if(s[i].avg<50 && s[i].avg>=35)
                s[i].grade='D';
        }
    }

    printf("Student Marks Lists are...\n\n");

    printf("S.No\tSNAME\tTOTAL\tAVERAGE\t GRADE\n");
    printf("-----\n");

    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t%s\t%d\t%f%4c",s[i].sno,s[i].name,s[i].tot,s[i].avg,s[i].grade);
        printf("\n");
    }

    getch();
}

/* OUTPUT

```

Enter the Number of student to process...

2

Enter student number, Name and 6 subjects marks....

Enter the details of student[1]

1

Ravi

78

63

56

72

85

54

Enter the details of student[2]

2

Jai

85

74

63

56

64

30

Student Marks Lists are...

S.No	SNAME	TOTAL	AVERAGE	GRADE
------	-------	-------	---------	-------

1	Ravi	408	68.000000	B
---	------	-----	-----------	---

2	Jai	372	62.000000	F
---	-----	-----	-----------	---

