

**GEETHANJALI INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**

(AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION)

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QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)**Subject Name: Software Project Management****Subject Code: 22A0522C****Course & Branch : B.Tech & DS****Year & Semester: III B.Tech II Semester****Regulation: RG22****Unit-1**

S.No	2 Marks Questions (Short)	[BT Level][CO][Marks]
1	Define software and project	L1, CO1, 2 M
2	Define software project management	L1, CO1, 2 M
3	What is an incremental software development model?	L1, CO1, 2 M
4	List various layered technology layers.	L1, CO1, 2 M
5	List various software development life cycle phases	L1, CO1, 2 M
6	What is the purpose of the requirement analysis phase?	L1, CO1, 2 M
7	What is one major disadvantage of the waterfall model?	L1, CO1, 2 M
8	List the phases of the waterfall model.	L1, CO1, 2 M
9	Give two examples of evolutionary process models.	L1, CO1, 2 M
10	What is the main characteristic of the Concurrent model?	L1, CO1, 2 M

S.No	Descriptive Questions (Long)	[BT Level] [CO][Marks]
1	(a) Explain the scope of software engineering and its importance in modern computing.	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) What are the economic aspects of software engineering? How does software development contribute to business growth?	L2, CO1, 6 M
2	(a) Discuss the historical evolution of software engineering and its impact on current practices.	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) Describe the different aspects of software maintenance and their significance.	L2, CO1, 6 M
3	(a) Explain the concept of layered technology in software engineering with a diagram.	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) Describe the different phases of the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) with a suitable diagram.	L2, CO1, 6 M

4	(a) Explain the Waterfall model with a neat diagram. What are its advantages and disadvantages?	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) Explain the working of the Incremental model with a suitable diagram. How does it improve over the Waterfall model?	L2, CO1, 6 M
5	(a) Describe the Evolutionary model of software development. How does it help in reducing project risks?	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) Explain in detail about V-model.	L2, CO1, 6 M
6	Compare the Waterfall, Prototyping and Spiral model. List the features of each model, advantages and disadvantages and a type of application where the model will be acceptable.	L2, CO1, 12 M
7	(a) Explain the Concurrent development model with a diagram. How does it handle parallel development?	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) Explain the Spiral Model of software development with a neat diagram. Why is it considered a risk-driven model?	L2, CO1, 6 M
8	(a) Explain the role of specification and design in software engineering. Why are they crucial in the development process?	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) Discuss the importance of team programming in software engineering. What challenges does it address?	L2, CO1, 6 M
9	How does the Spiral Model differ from the Waterfall and Incremental models in terms of flexibility and risk handling?	L2, CO1, 12 M
10.	(a) Explain the role of software processes, methods, and tools in software engineering.	L2, CO1, 6 M
	(b) Compare Incremental and Evolutionary process models. Which one is more suitable for modern software development?	L2, CO1, 6 M

Unit-2

S.No	2 Marks Questions (Short)	[BT Level][CO][Marks]
1	What is agility in software development?	L1, CO2, 2 M
2	What are the four key values of the Agile Manifesto?	L1, CO2, 2 M
3	What are the five XP values?	L1, CO2, 2 M
4	What are the different types of Agile methodologies?	L1, CO2, 2 M
5	What is Pair Programming in XP?	L1, CO2, 2 M
6	What is agile modeling?	L1, CO2, 2 M
7	What is the purpose of the Agile Unified Process (AUP)?	L1, CO2, 2 M
8	What are the four key factors of the management spectrum in software project management?	L1, CO2, 2 M
9	What is the role of a project manager in software development?	L1, CO2, 2 M
10	What is the difference between a software developer and a software tester?	L1, CO2, 2 M

S.No	Descriptive Questions (Long)	[BT Level][CO][Marks]
1	(a) Explain the principles of the Agile Manifesto. How do they influence software development?	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) What is agility in software development? Explain how agile processes improve software development.	L2, CO2, 6 M
2	(a) What is Agile Modeling (AM)? How does it support agile development?	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) What are the five core values of Extreme Programming (XP)? Explain their importance.	L2, CO2, 6 M
3	(a) Explain the Adaptive Software Development (ASD) model. How does it differ from other agile models?	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) What is the Dynamic Systems Development Method (DSDM)? Explain its key principles.	L2, CO2, 6 M
4	(a) Explain the key principles of Lean Software Development (LSD) and how it reduces waste.	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) Describe the Feature-Driven Development (FDD) model. How does it focus on feature-based planning?	L2, CO2, 6 M
5	Explain the management spectrum in software project management. What are its four key factors?	L2, CO2, 12 M
6	(a) Discuss the role of people in software project management. How do team dynamics impact success?	L2, CO2, 6 M

	(b) What is Industrial XP? How does it extend traditional XP practices for larger-scale projects?	L2, CO2, 6 M
7	(a) What is Scrum? Describe its key components, such as roles, artifacts, and events.	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) Describe the Crystal methodology in Agile development. How does it differ from other Agile models?	L2, CO2, 6 M
8	(a) Describe the Agile Unified Process (AUP). How is it an adaptation of the Rational Unified Process (RUP)?	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) Discuss the role of people in software project management. Why is team management critical for project success?	L2, CO2, 6 M
9	(a) Explain the XP process. How does it promote flexibility and continuous improvement?	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) Discuss the XP debate. What are the major criticisms and advantages of Extreme Programming?	L2, CO2, 6 M
10	(a) Explain the four P's of the management spectrum (People, Product, Process, and Project). Why are they important?	L2, CO2, 6 M
	(b) How does defining a product clearly impact project success? Discuss key factors to consider in software product management.	L2, CO2, 6 M

Unit-3

S.No	2 Marks Questions (Short)	[BT Level][CO][Marks]
1	Define Lines of Code (LOC) metric.	L1, CO3, 2 M
2	What is a Function Point (FP) in software measurement?	L1, CO3, 2 M
3	What are software process metrics?	L1, CO3, 2 M
4	What is the difference between size-oriented and function-oriented metrics?	L1, CO3, 2 M
5	Define Defect Removal Efficiency (DRE).	L1, CO3, 2 M
6	What is meant by software quality metrics?	L1, CO3, 2 M
7	What is Process-Based Estimation?	L1, CO3, 2 M
8	What is software project planning?	L1, CO3, 2 M
9	Define software scope in project management.	L1, CO3, 2 M
10	Define Problem-Based Estimation	L1, CO3, 2 M

S.No	Descriptive Questions (Long)	[BT Level][CO][Marks]
1	Compare size-oriented and function-oriented software metrics with examples.	L2, CO3, 12 M

2	Explain LOC (Lines of Code) and Function Point (FP) metrics. How are they used in software measurement?	L2, CO3, 12 M
3	How can software quality be measured? Discuss different software quality metrics.	L2, CO3, 12 M
4	Explain the concept of software sizing and its role in project estimation.	L2, CO3, 12 M
5	Compare Problem-Based Estimation and Process-Based Estimation with examples.	L2, CO3, 12 M
6	How does Process-Based Estimation work? Explain with an example	L2, CO3, 12 M
7	What is software scope? Why is it important in project estimation?	L2, CO3, 12 M
8	Discuss different types of resources required for a software project.	L2, CO3, 12 M
9	Describe how decomposition techniques help in accurate project estimation.	L3, CO3, 12 M
10	Describe software project estimation and its significance in project management	L2, CO3, 12 M

Unit-4

S.No	2 Marks Questions (Short)	[BT Level][CO][Marks]
1	What is COCOMO II model?	L1, CO4, 2 M
2	What is an empirical estimation model?	L1, CO4, 2 M
3	How does COCOMO II differ from COCOMO I?	L1, CO4, 2 M
4	What is a story point in Agile estimation?	L1, CO4, 2 M
5	Define velocity in Agile project management.	L1, CO4, 2 M
6	What is a Make/Buy decision in software engineering?	L1, CO4, 2 M
7	Why is effort distribution important in software project management?	L1, CO4, 2 M
8	What is a task set in project scheduling?	L1, CO4, 2 M
9	What is a timeline chart in project scheduling?	L1, CO4, 2 M
10	What is Earned Value Analysis (EVA)?	L1, CO4, 2 M

S.No	Descriptive Questions (Long)	[BT Level] [CO][Marks]
1	Explain the structure of empirical estimation models with examples.	L2, CO4, 12 M

2	Describe the COCOMO II model and its different modes of estimation.	L2, CO4, 12 M
3	Compare COCOMO I and COCOMO II models.	L3, CO4, 12 M
4	How is software estimation done in Agile development? Explain any two Agile estimation techniques.	L3, CO4, 12 M
5	What is a Make/Buy decision in software engineering? What factors influence it?	L2, CO4, 12 M
6	Explain the relationship between people and effort in software project scheduling.	L2, CO4, 12 M
7	What is a task set? Explain its role in software project scheduling with an example.	L2, CO4, 12 M
8	What is a timeline chart in project scheduling? How is it used to manage software projects?	L3, CO4, 12 M
9	Explain Earned Value Analysis (EVA) and how it helps in project tracking.	L2, CO4, 12 M
10	Describe the process of defining a task network and its significance in project planning.	L3, CO4, 12 M

Unit-5

S.No	2 Marks Questions (Short)	[BT Level][CO][Marks]
1	What are the four main risk strategies in risk management?	L1, CO5, 2 M
2	What are software risks?	L1, CO5, 2 M
3	What is risk projection?	L1, CO5, 2 M
4	What is risk refinement?	L1, CO5, 2 M
5	What are the components of the RMMM plan?	L1, CO6, 2 M
6	What is Software Configuration Management (SCM)?	L1, CO6, 2 M
7	What is a baseline in Software Configuration Management?	L1, CO6, 2 M
8	What is the role of an SCM repository?	L1, CO6, 2 M
9	What is version control in SCM?	L1, CO6, 2 M
10	What is status reporting in SCM?	L1, CO6, 2 M

S.No	Descriptive Questions (Long)	[BT Level] [CO][Marks]
1	Explain the four main risk strategies in risk management with examples.	L2, C05, 12 M
2	What are software risks? Classify and explain different types of software risks.	L2, C05, 12 M
3	What is risk refinement? Explain how risk refinement helps in effective risk management.	L3, C05, 12 M
4	Describe the process of risk identification in software engineering. What are the different techniques used for identifying risks?	L2, C05, 12 M
5	What are the key components of the RMMM plan? Explain its significance in software project management.	L2, C05, 12 M
6	What are the key elements of a Configuration Management System? Explain each element in detail.	L2, C05, 12 M
7	Describe the role of the SCM repository. What are its key features and contents?	L2, C05, 12 M
8	What is version control in SCM? Explain different types of version control systems with examples.	L3, C05, 12 M
9	What is a configuration audit in SCM? Explain the types and significance of configuration audits.	L3, C06, 12 M
10	What is status reporting in SCM? Explain how it helps in software development and maintenance.	L2, C06, 12 M

Signature of the Staff :

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