## Code Summary: Inheritance Pattern

To apply the Inheritance Pattern to documents in a collection, you can use the aggregation framework.

This first example updates all book documents with a new "product type" field to identify the shape of the ebook, printed book, and audiobook documents. The pipeline also adds a product\_id field for all documents and makes shared attributes more consistent. It does this by changing desc and details fields to description and by converting the author field to an array. Finally, it replaces the existing documents in the same collection.

```
var apply inheritance pattern to books pipeline = [
    $project: {
      id: "$ id",
      product id: "$product id",
      product type: {
        $ifNull: ["$product type", "Unspecified"],
      description: {
        $ifNull: [
          "$desc",
          "$description",
          "$details",
          "Unspecified",
       ],
      authors: {
        $ifNull: [
          "$authors",
          ["$author"],
          "Unspecified",
       ],
      publisher: "$publisher",
      language: "$language",
      pages: "$pages",
      catalogues: "$catalogues",
      eformats: "$eformats",
      isbn10: "$isbn10",
```

```
isbn13: "$isbn13",
    narrator: "$narrator",
    length_minutes: "$length_minutes",
},
},

{
    $merge: {
        into: "books",
        on: "_id",
        whenMatched: "replace",
        whenNotMatched: "discard",
     },
},
]

db.books.aggregate(apply_inheritance_pattern_to_books_pipeline)
```

The next pipeline changes all documents with a product type of "unspecified" with a minute length greater than zero to "audiobook" and saves them to the collection.

```
var cleanup audiobook entries in book pipeline = [
{
$match: {
$and: [{ product type: "Unspecified" }, {
length minutes: { $gte: 0 } }],
} ,
},
{
$set: { product type: "audiobook" },
} ,
{
$merge: {
 into: "books",
on: " id",
whenMatched: "replace",
whenNotMatched: "discard",
},
},
];
db.books.aggregate(cleanup audiobook entries in book pipeline)
;
```

Finally, we ran the following command to find one of the updated documents in order to view the changes.

```
db.books.find({ _id: 3 })
[
          _id: 3,
          product_id: 54538756,
          product_type: 'audiobook',
          description: 'The complete book of MongoDB by its
employees',
          authors: [ 'Eoin Brazil' ],
          publisher: "O'Reilly",
          language: 'English',
          narrator: 'Eoin Brazil',
          length_minutes: 1200
     }
]
```