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D. Kumar Cisco M. Wang Q. Wu, Ed. Huawei R. Rahman S. Raghavan Cisco April 2019

A YANG Data Model for Retrieval Methods for the Management of Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) Protocols
That Use Connectionless Communications

Abstract

This document presents a retrieval method YANG data model for connectionless Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) protocols. It provides technology-independent RPC operations for OAM protocols that use connectionless communication. The retrieval methods model herein presented can be extended to include technology-specific details. There are two key benefits of this approach: First, it leads to uniformity between OAM protocols. Second, it supports both nested OAM workflows (i.e., performing OAM functions at different or the same levels through a unified interface) as well as interactive OAM workflows (i.e., performing OAM functions at the same levels through a unified interface).

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

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Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8533.

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1. Introduction

Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) are important networking functions that allow operators to:

- 1. monitor network communications (i.e., reachability verification and Continuity Check)
- 2. troubleshoot failures (i.e., fault verification and localization)
- 3. monitor service-level agreements and performance (i.e., performance management)

An overview of OAM tools is presented in [RFC7276].

Ping and Traceroute [RFC4443], as well as Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) [RFC5880], are well-known fault verification and isolation tools, respectively, for IP networks [RFC792]. Over the years, different technologies have developed similar toolsets for equivalent purposes.

This document presents an on-demand retrieval method YANG data model for OAM protocols that use connectionless communication. This model provides technology-independent RPC operations for OAM protocols that use connectionless communication (i.e., connectionless OAM). It is separated from the generic YANG data model for connectionless OAM [RFC8532] and can avoid mixing the models for the retrieved data from the retrieval procedures. It is expected that retrieval procedures will evolve faster than the data model [RFC8532] and will allow new procedures to be defined for retrieval of the same data defined by the generic YANG data model for connectionless OAM.

2. Conventions Used in This document

The following terms are defined in [RFC6241] and are used in this document:

- o client
- o configuration data
- o server
- o state data

The following terms are defined in [RFC6020] and are used in this document:

- o augment
- o data model
- o data node

The terminology for describing YANG data models is found in [RFC6020].

2.1. Terminology

TP - Test Point

MAC - Media Access Control

RPC - Remote Procedure Call

RPC Operation - A specific Remote Procedure Call

2.2. Tree Diagrams

Tree diagrams used in this document follow the notation defined in [RFC8340].

3. Overview of the Connectionless OAM Retrieval Methods Model

This document describes an on-demand retrieval method YANG data model for OAM protocols that use connectionless communication. This model provides technology-independent retrieval procedures (RPC operations) for connectionless OAM protocols. It provides a flexible way to retrieve the data that is defined by the "ietf-connectionlessoam.yang" module [RFC8532].

3.1. RPC Operation Definitions

The RPC model facilitates issuing commands to a Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF) server (in this case to the device that needs to execute the OAM command) and obtaining a response.

Under the "connectionless-oam-methods" module, we summarize common OAM functions and define two generic RPC operations: 'continuitycheck' and 'path-discovery'. In practice, these RPC operations are activated on demand and are supported by corresponding technologyspecific OAM tools [RFC7276]. For example, for the IP OAM model, the Continuity Check RPC corresponds to the IP Ping [RFC792] [RFC4443],

while the path discovery RPC operation corresponds to IP Traceroute [RFC792] [RFC4443].

Note that the RPC operation presented in this document is the base building block, which is used to derive a model for a technologyspecific OAM (i.e., ICMP Ping [RFC792] [RFC4443] and Label Switched Path (LSP) Ping [RFC8029]). This base building block should be extended with corresponding technology-specific parameters. To facilitate this for future enhancements to data retrieval methods, the RPCs are captured under a separate module.

The generic 'tp-address' grouping is used as data input from different RPCs described in this document. The generic 'pathdiscovery-data' and 'continuity-check-data' groupings defined by the "ietf-connectionless-oam.yang" module [RFC8532] are used as data outputs from different RPCs described in this document. Similar methods, including other RPCs, can retrieve the data using the same data model (i.e., the "ietf-connectionless-oam.yang" module).

```
rpc continuity-check {
 if-feature cl-oam:continuity-check;
 description
    "Continuity Check RPC operation as per RFC 7276.";
 reference
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
  input {
 uses rpc-input-parameters;
 }
output {
 container response-info {
   leaf protocol-id {
      type identityref {
       base protocol-id;
      mandatory true;
      description
       "Protocol used in the Continuity Check. ";
    leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
       type identityref {
       base protocol-id-meta-data;
       }
        description
         "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.";
    leaf status-code {
```

```
type identityref{
      base status-code;
       mandatory true;
        description
          "Status code for Continuity Check RPC operation.";
      leaf status-sub-code {
       type identityref{
       base status-sub-code;
       mandatory true;
        description
          "Status-sub-code for Continuity Check RPC operation.";
     description
        "Status code and status-sub-code for Continuity Check RPC
        operation.";
   uses cl-oam:continuity-check-data;
  }
}
  rpc path-discovery {
   description
      "Path discovery RPC operation as per RFC 7276.";
   reference
      "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
      Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
   input {
   uses rpc-input-parameters;
   }
  output {
   list response-list {
     key "response-index";
      description
       "Path discovery response list.";
      leaf response-index {
       type uint32;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Response index.";
      leaf protocol-id {
        type identityref {
          base protocol-id;
        }
```

```
mandatory true;
        description
          "Protocol used in path discovery. ";
      leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
         type identityref {
         base protocol-id-meta-data;
           description
           "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.";
      }
      leaf status-code {
       type identityref{
        base status-code;
       mandatory true;
        description
          "Status code for path discovery RPC operation. ";
      leaf status-sub-code {
        type identityref{
       base status-sub-code;
     }
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Status-sub-code for path discovery RPC operation. ";
    }
   uses cl-oam:path-discovery-data;
}
```

Snippet of Data Hierarchy Related to RPC Operations

3.2. OAM Retrieval Methods Hierarchy

The complete data hierarchy related to the Connectionless OAM Retrieval Methods YANG data model is presented below.

module: ietf-connectionless-oam-methods

```
rpcs:
  +---x continuity-check {cl-oam:continuity-check}?
    +---w input
       +---w destination-tp
         +---w tp-location-type identityref
          +---w mac-address
          +---w mac-address yang:mac-address
```

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```
+---w ipv4-address
      +---w ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
     +---w ipv6-address
     +---w ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
     +---w tp-attribute
        +---w tp-attribute-type?
              address-attribute-type
        +---w (tp-attribute-value)?
          +--: (ip-prefix)
           +---w ip-prefix?
                      inet:ip-prefix
           +--: (bgp)
            +---w bgp?
                 inet:ip-prefix
           +--: (tunnel)
           +---w tunnel-interface?
                                            uint32
           +--: (pw)
              +---w remote-pe-address?
             inet:ip-address
                                            uint32
            +---w pw-id?
           +--: (vpls)
             +---w route-distinguisher?
             rt:route-distinguisher
             +---w sender-ve-id? uint16
+---w receiver-ve-id? uint16
           +--: (mpls-mldp)
              +---w (root-address)?
                 +--: (ip-address)
                   +---w source-address?
                   inet:ip-address
                   +---w group-ip-address?
                      inet:ip-address
                 +--: (vpn)
                 +---w as-number?
                           inet:as-number
                 +--: (global-id)
                  +---w lsp-id?
                                            string
     +---w system-info
  +---w router-id? rt:router-id
+---w source-interface if:interface-ref
  +---w outbound-interface if:interface-ref
  +---w vrf?
   cl-oam:routing-instance-ref
  +--w session-type? enumeration
+--w count? uint32
+--w ttl? uint8
  +---w ttl?
                             uint8
  +---w packet-size? uint32
+--ro output
```

```
+--ro response-info
  +--ro protocol-id
                               identityref
  +--ro protocol-id-meta-data? identityref
  +--ro status-code identityref
+--ro status-sub-code identityref
+--ro src-test-point
  +--ro ni?
                         routing-instance-ref
  +--ro tp-location-type identityref
  +--ro mac-address
  +--ro mac-address yang:mac-address
  +--ro ipv4-address
  | +--ro ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
  +--ro ipv6-address
  +--ro ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
  +--ro tp-attribute
     +--ro tp-attribute-type?
            address-attribute-type
     +--ro (tp-attribute-value)?
        +--: (ip-prefix)
          +--ro ip-prefix?
                  inet:ip-prefix
        +--: (bgp)
         +--ro bgp?
                   inet:ip-prefix
        +--: (tunnel)
        +--ro tunnel-interface? uint32
        +--: (pw)
           +--ro remote-pe-address?
           inet:ip-address
                                         uint32
         +--ro pw-id?
        +--: (vpls)
          +--ro route-distinguisher?
          rt:route-distinguisher
         +--ro sender-ve-id?
                                         uint16
          +--ro receiver-ve-id?
                                        uint16
        +--: (mpls-mldp)
           +--ro (root-address)?
              +--: (ip-address)
                +--ro source-address?
                inet:ip-address
                +--ro group-ip-address?
                       inet:ip-address
              +--: (vpn)
               +--ro as-number?
                        inet:as-number
              +--: (global-id)
               +--ro lsp-id?
                                string
  +--ro system-info
```

```
+--ro router-id? rt:router-id
  +--ro egress-intf-name? if:interface-ref
+--ro dest-test-point
  +--ro ni? routing-instance-ref
+--ro tp-location-type identityref
  +--ro mac-address
  +--ro mac-address yang:mac-address
  +--ro ipv4-address
  +--ro ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
  +--ro ipv6-address
  +--ro ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
  +--ro tp-attribute
     +--ro tp-attribute-type?
     address-attribute-type
     +--ro (tp-attribute-value)?
       +--: (ip-prefix)
        +--ro ip-prefix?
                  inet:ip-prefix
        +--: (bgp)
         +--ro bgp?
                 inet:ip-prefix
        +--: (tunnel)
        +--ro tunnel-interface? uint32
        +--: (pw)
          +--ro remote-pe-address?
          inet:ip-address
         +--ro pw-id?
                                        uint32
        +--: (vpls)
          +--ro route-distinguisher?
          rt:route-distinguisher
         +--ro sender-ve-id? uint16
+--ro receiver-ve-id? uint16
        +--: (mpls-mldp)
          +--ro (root-address)?
             +--: (ip-address)
               +--ro source-address?
                inet:ip-address
               +--ro group-ip-address?
                      inet:ip-address
              +--: (vpn)
              +--ro as-number?
                      inet:as-number
              +--:(global-id)
                +--ro lsp-id?
                                       string
  +--ro system-info
  +--ro router-id? rt:router-id
  +--ro ingress-intf-name? if:interface-ref
+--ro sequence-number? uint64
```

```
+--ro hop-cnt?
                                                 uint8
       +--ro session-packet-statistics
          +--ro rx-packet-count? uint32
+--ro tx-packet-count? uint32
+--ro rx-bad-packet? uint32
       +--ro tx-packet-failed? uint32
       +--ro session-error-statistics
         +--ro packet-loss-count?
                                                  uint32
         +--ro loss-ratio? percentage 
+--ro packet-reorder-count? uint32
       +--ro packets-out-of-seq-count? uint32
+--ro packets-dup-count? uint32
+--ro session-delay-statistics
+--ro time-unit-value? identityref
+--ro min-delay-value? uint32
+--ro max-delay-value? uint32
+--ro ayorago-delay-value? uint32
         +--ro average-delay-value? uint32
       +--ro session-jitter-statistics
          +--ro unit-value? identityref
+--ro min-jitter-value? uint32
+--ro max-jitter-value? uint32
           +--ro average-jitter-value? uint32
+---x path-discovery {cl-oam:path-discovery}?
   +---w input
       +---w destination-tp
           +---w tp-location-type identityref
           +---w mac-address
           +---w mac-address yang:mac-address
           +---w ipv4-address
           +---w ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
           +---w ipv6-address
           +---w ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
           +---w tp-attribute
              +---w tp-attribute-type?
                      address-attribute-type
              +---w (tp-attribute-value)?
                  +--: (ip-prefix)
                   +---w ip-prefix?
                               inet:ip-prefix
                  +--: (bgp)
                    +---w bgp?
                                inet:ip-prefix
                  +--: (tunnel)
                                                           uint32
                    +---w tunnel-interface?
                  +--: (pw)
                      +---w remote-pe-address?
                     inet:ip-address
                     +---w pw-id?
                                                            uint32
```

```
+--: (vpls)
              +---w route-distinguisher?
             rt:route-distinguisher
            +---w sender-ve-id? uint16
+---w receiver-ve-id? uint16
           +--: (mpls-mldp)
              +---w (root-address)?
                +--: (ip-address)
                 +---w source-address?
                   inet:ip-address
                  +---w group-ip-address?
                     inet:ip-address
                 +--: (vpn)
                  +---w as-number?
                           inet:as-number
                 +--: (global-id)
                  +---w lsp-id?
                                            string
     +---w system-info
       +---w router-id? rt:router-id
  +---w source-interface if:interface-ref
  +---w outbound-interface if:interface-ref
  +---w vrf?
  cl-oam:routing-instance-ref
  +---w session-type? enumeration +---w max-ttl? uint8
+--ro output
  +--ro response-list* [response-index]
     +--ro response-index uint32
+--ro protocol-id identif
                                  identityref
    +--ro protocol-id-meta-data? identityref
    +--ro status-code identityref
+--ro status-sub-code identityref
  +--ro src-test-point

routing-instance-ref
     +--ro tp-location-type identityref
     +--ro mac-address
     +--ro mac-address yang:mac-address
     +--ro ipv4-address
     +--ro ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
     +--ro ipv6-address
     +--ro ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
     +--ro tp-attribute
       +--ro tp-attribute-type?
        address-attribute-type
        +--ro (tp-attribute-value)?
           +--: (ip-prefix)
           +--ro ip-prefix?
                    inet:ip-prefix
```

```
+--: (bgp)
           +--ro bgp?
                  inet:ip-prefix
        +--: (tunnel)
        +--ro tunnel-interface? uint32
        +--: (pw)
          +--ro remote-pe-address?
           inet:ip-address
         +--ro pw-id?
                                         uint32
        +--: (vpls)
         +--ro route-distinguisher?
           rt:route-distinguisher
         +--ro sender-ve-id?
                                        uint16
         +--ro receiver-ve-id?
                                        uint16
        +--: (mpls-mldp)
          +--ro (root-address)?
             +--: (ip-address)
               +--ro source-address?
                inet:ip-address
               +--ro group-ip-address?
                       inet:ip-address
              +--: (vpn)
               +--ro as-number?
                        inet:as-number
              +--: (global-id)
               +--ro lsp-id?
                                   string
  +--ro system-info
     +--ro router-id? rt:router-id
+--ro dest-test-point
                         routing-instance-ref
  +--ro ni?
  +--ro tp-location-type identityref
  +--ro mac-address
  +--ro mac-address yang:mac-address
  +--ro ipv4-address
  +--ro ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
  +--ro ipv6-address
   +--ro ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
  +--ro tp-attribute
     +--ro tp-attribute-type?
           address-attribute-type
     +--ro (tp-attribute-value)?
       +--: (ip-prefix)
         +--ro ip-prefix?
                  inet:ip-prefix
        +--: (bgp)
          +--ro bgp?
                  inet:ip-prefix
        +--: (tunnel)
```

```
+--ro tunnel-interface? uint32
          +--: (pw)
              +--ro remote-pe-address?
             inet:ip-address
           +--ro pw-id?
                                                   uint32
          +--: (vpls)
            +--ro route-distinguisher?
             rt:route-distinguisher
            +--ro sender-ve-id?
                                                 uint16
                                                uint16
            +--ro receiver-ve-id?
          +--: (mpls-mldp)
             +--ro (root-address)?
                 +--: (ip-address)
                   +--ro source-address?
                    inet:ip-address
                   +--ro group-ip-address?
                            inet:ip-address
                 +--: (vpn)
                  +--ro as-number?
                             inet:as-number
                 +--: (global-id)
                   +--ro lsp-id?
                                          string
   +--ro system-info
     +--ro router-id? rt:router-id
+--ro sequence-number? uint64
+--ro hop-cnt?
                                        uint8
+--ro session-packet-statistics
  +--ro rx-packet-count? uint32
+--ro tx-packet-count? uint32
+--ro rx-bad-packet? uint32
 +--ro tx-packet-failed? uint32
+--ro session-error-statistics
 +--ro packet-loss-count? uint32
+--ro loss-ratio? percentage
+--ro packet-reorder-count? uint32
  +--ro packets-out-of-seq-count? uint32
+--ro packets-dup-count? uint32
+--ro session-delay-statistics
+--ro time-unit-value? identityref
+--ro min-delay-value? uint32
+--ro max-delay-value? uint32
  +--ro average-delay-value? uint32
+--ro session-jitter-statistics
 +--ro unit-value? identityref
+--ro min-jitter-value? uint32
+--ro max-jitter-value? uint32
  +--ro average-jitter-value? uint32
+--ro path-verification
```

```
+--ro flow-info?
  string
  +--ro session-path-verification-statistics
     +--ro verified-count? uint32
     +--ro failed-count? uint32
+--ro path-trace-info
  +--ro path-trace-info-list* [index]
                                 uint32
     +--ro index
     +--ro ni?
            routing-instance-ref
     +--ro tp-location-type
                                 identityref
     +--ro mac-address
     +--ro mac-address yang:mac-address
     +--ro ipv4-address
     +--ro ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
     +--ro ipv6-address
     +--ro ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
     +--ro tp-attribute
       +--ro tp-attribute-type?
        address-attribute-type
        +--ro (tp-attribute-value)?
          +--: (ip-prefix)
            +--ro ip-prefix?
                     inet:ip-prefix
           +--: (bgp)
            +--ro bgp?
                    inet:ip-prefix
           +--: (tunnel)
             +--ro tunnel-interface?
                     uint32
           +--: (pw)
             +--ro remote-pe-address?
             inet:ip-address
             +--ro pw-id?
                    uint32
           +--: (vpls)
             +--ro route-distinguisher?
              rt:route-distinguisher
             +--ro sender-ve-id?
                    uint16
             +--ro receiver-ve-id?
                    uint16
           +--: (mpls-mldp)
             +--ro (root-address)?
                +--: (ip-address)
                 +--ro source-address?
                   inet:ip-address
                  +--ro group-ip-address?
```

```
inet:ip-address
            +--: (vpn)
            +--ro as-number?
                     inet:as-number
            +--: (global-id)
              +--ro lsp-id?
                     string
+--ro system-info
+--ro router-id? rt:router-id
+--ro timestamp-type? identityref
+--ro timestamp-64bit
  +-ro timestamp-sec? uint32
  +--ro timestamp-nanosec? uint32
+--ro timestamp-80bit {ptp-long-format}?
  +--ro timestamp-sec? uint64
  +--ro timestamp-nanosec? uint32
+--ro ntp-timestamp-32bit
   {ntp-short-format}?
  +--ro timestamp-sec? uint16
  +--ro timestamp-nanosec? uint16
+--ro icmp-timestamp-32bit {icmp-timestamp}?
+--ro timestamp-millisec? uint32
+--ro ingress-intf-name?
      if:interface-ref
+--ro egress-intf-name?
if:interface-ref
+--ro queue-depth? uint32
+--ro transit-delay? uint32
+--ro app-meta-data? uint64
```

Data Hierarchy of OAM Retrieval Methods

4. OAM Retrieval Methods YANG Module

```
<CODE BEGINS> file
      "ietf-connectionless-oam-methods@2019-04-16.yang"
module ietf-connectionless-oam-methods {
  namespace
    "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-connectionless-oam-methods";
  prefix cloam-methods;
  import ietf-interfaces {
   prefix if;
  import ietf-connectionless-oam {
   prefix cl-oam;
```

```
organization
  "IETF LIME Working Group";
contact
  "WG Web: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/lime>
  WG List: <mailto:lmap@ietf.org>
  Deepak Kumar <dekumar@cisco.com>
  Qin Wu <bill.wu@huawei.com>
  Srihari Raghavan <rihari@cisco.com>
  Michael Wang <wangzitao@huawei.com>
  Reshad Rahman <rrahman@cisco.com>";
description
  "This YANG module defines the RPC operations for
  connectionless OAM to be used within the IETF
   in a protocol-independent manner. It is
   assumed that each protocol maps corresponding
  abstracts to its native format. Each protocol
  may extend the YANG data model defined here to
  include protocol-specific extensions.
   Copyright (c) 2019 IETF Trust and the persons identified as
  authors of the code. All rights reserved.
  Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or
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   set forth in Section 4.c of the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions
   Relating to IETF Documents
   (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info).
   This version of this YANG module is part of RFC 8533; see
   the RFC itself for full legal notices.";
revision 2019-04-16 {
  description
    "Initial revision.";
  reference
    "RFC 8533: Retrieval Methods YANG Data Model for the Management
    of Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM)
    Protocols That Use Connectionless Communications";
}
identity protocol-id {
 description
    "This is the base identity for a generic protocol
    ID. The protocol registry can be found at
    https://www.iana.org/protocols.";
}
```

}

identity protocol-id-internet {

identity protocol-id-proprietary {

"Identity for Internet Protocols.";

base protocol-id; description

base protocol-id;

```
description
      "Identity for proprietary protocols (e.g.,
      IP SLA).";
  }
  identity protocol-id-sfc {
   base protocol-id;
   description
      "Identity for Service Function Chaining.";
  identity protocol-id-mpls {
   base protocol-id;
   description
      "The MPLS protocol.";
  identity protocol-id-mpls-tp {
   base protocol-id;
   description
      "The MPLS-TP protocol.";
  identity protocol-id-twamp {
   base protocol-id;
   description
      "The Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)
      protocol.";
  }
  identity protocol-id-bier {
   base protocol-id;
   description
     "The Bit Index Explicit Replication (BIER)
      protocol.";
  }
  identity status-code {
   description
      "This is base identity for a status code.";
Kumar, et al.
                            Standards Track
                                                                [Page 18]
```

```
}
identity success-reach {
 base status-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the destination being verified
    is reachable (see RFC 7276).";
  reference
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
identity fail-reach {
 base status-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the destination being verified
    is not reachable (see RFC 7276).";
  reference
   "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
}
identity success-path-verification {
 base status-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the path verification is performed
    successfully (see RFC 7276).";
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
}
identity fail-path-verification {
 base status-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the path verification fails
    (see RFC 7276).";
  reference
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
}
identity status-sub-code {
 description
    "IdentityBase status-sub-code.";
}
identity invalid-cc {
```

```
base status-sub-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the Continuity Check message is invalid
    (see RFC 7276).";
  reference
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
}
identity invalid-pd {
 base status-sub-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the path discovery message is invalid
     (see RFC 7276).";
  reference
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
identity protocol-id-meta-data {
 description
    "This is the base identity for metadata that corresponds
    to the protocol ID.";
identity protocol-internet-number {
 base protocol-id-meta-data;
  description
    "Internet Protocol number for standard
    Internet Protocols (IANA-assigned Internet
    Protocol numbers) to help in protocol processing.
    The Protocol Numbers registry can be found at
    https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers.";
}
grouping rpc-input-parameters {
 container destination-tp {
   uses cl-oam:tp-address;
   description
      "Destination test point.";
  leaf source-interface {
   type if:interface-ref;
   mandatory true;
   description
      "Source interface.";
  leaf outbound-interface {
```

```
type if:interface-ref;
   mandatory true;
   description
      "Outbound interface.";
  leaf vrf {
   type cl-oam:routing-instance-ref;
    description
      "Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) instance.";
 description
    "Grouping for RPC input parameters";
rpc continuity-check {
  if-feature "cl-oam:continuity-check";
 description
    "Continuity Check RPC operation as per RFC 7276.";
  reference
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
  input {
   uses rpc-input-parameters;
   uses cl-oam:session-type {
     description
        "If session-type is specified, then session-type
            must be set to on demand";
    leaf count {
      type uint32 {
        range "0..4294967295" {
          description
            "The overall number of packets to be transmitted
            by the sender. The value of the count will be set
             to zero (0) on creation and will thereafter
             increase monotonically until it reaches a maximum
             value of 2^32-1 (4294967295 decimal), when it wraps
             around and starts increasing again from zero.";
        }
      }
      default "5";
      description
        "Specifies the number of
        packets that will be sent. By
        default, the packet number is
        set to 5.";
    leaf ttl {
```

```
type uint8;
    default "255";
    description
      "Time to live (TTL) used to limit the lifetime
      of data packets transmitted in the network
       to prevent looping. The TTL value is decremented
       for every hop that the packet traverses. If the
       TTL is zero, the data packet will be discarded.";
  leaf packet-size {
   type uint32 {
     range "64..10000";
   default "64";
   description
      "Packet size of the Continuity Check message, in octets.
      By default, the packet size is set to 64 octets.";
  }
}
output {
  container response-info {
    leaf protocol-id {
      type identityref {
       base protocol-id;
     mandatory true;
      description
        "Protocol used in the Continuity Check message.
         This could be a standard protocol (e.g.,
         TCP/IP protocols, MPLS, etc.) or a proprietary
         protocol as identified by this field.";
    leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
      type identityref {
       base protocol-id-meta-data;
      description
        "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.
         For example, this could be the Internet Protocol
         number for standard Internet Protocols used for
         help with protocol processing.";
    leaf status-code {
      type identityref {
       base status-code;
     mandatory true;
      description
```

```
"Status code for Continuity Check RPC operation.
           This could be a basic status code (e.g., destination
           is reachable or destination is not reachable; see RFC 7276)
           or some customized status code as identified by this
           field.";
       reference
          "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
           Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
      leaf status-sub-code {
       type identityref {
         base status-sub-code;
       mandatory true;
       description
          "An optional status-sub-code for Continuity Check
          RPC operation. If the basic status code is destination
           reachable, this status-sub-code doesn't need to be
           specified. If the basic status code is destination
           unreachable, the status-sub-code can be used to specify
           the detailed reasons. This could be a basic
           sub-status-code (such as an invalid Continuity Check) or
           other error codes specific to the protocol under use for
           the Continuity Checks. For example, if ICMP is the
           protocol under use, the error codes defined in RFC 4443
           can be used to specify the reasons specific to ICMP.
           This technology-specific status-sub-code can be
           defined in technology-specific models.";
       reference
          "RFC 4443: The IETF Administrative Oversight Committee
           (IAOC) Member Selection Guidelines and Process.";
      description
        "Status code and status-sub-code for Continuity Check RPC
        operation.";
   uses cl-oam:continuity-check-data;
  }
}
rpc path-discovery {
 if-feature "cl-oam:path-discovery";
 description
    "Path discovery RPC operation as per RFC 7276.";
    "RFC 7276: An Overview of Operations, Administration, and
    Maintenance (OAM) Tools";
  input {
```

```
uses rpc-input-parameters;
 uses cl-oam:session-type {
   description
      "If session-type is specified, then session-type
       must be set to on demand";
  }
  leaf max-ttl {
   type uint8;
   default "255";
   description
      "Maximum TTL indicates the maximum number of hops that
      a packet is permitted to travel before being discarded
      by a router. By default, the maximum TTL is set to
       255.";
  }
}
output {
 list response-list {
   key "response-index";
   description
      "Path discovery response list.";
    leaf response-index {
     type uint32;
     mandatory true;
      description
        "Response index.";
   leaf protocol-id {
      type identityref {
       base protocol-id;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Protocol used in path discovery. This could be a
        standard protocol (e.g., TCP/IP protocols, MPLS, etc.)
         or a proprietary protocol as identified by
         this field.";
    leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
      type identityref {
       base protocol-id-meta-data;
      }
      description
        "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.
         For example, this could be the Internet Protocol
         number for standard Internet Protocols used for
         help with protocol processing.";
    }
```

```
leaf status-code {
         type identityref {
           base status-code;
         mandatory true;
         description
            "Status code for Continuity Check RPC operation.
            This could be a basic status code (e.g., destination
            is reachable or destination is not reachable) or some
             customized status code as identified by this field.";
        leaf status-sub-code {
         type identityref {
           base status-sub-code;
         mandatory true;
         description
            "An optional status-sub-code for Continuity Check
            RPC operation. If the basic status code is destination
             reachable, this status-sub-code doesn't need to be
             specified. If the basic status code is destination
             unreachable, the status-sub-code can be used to specify
             the detailed reasons. This could be a basic
             sub-status-code (such as an invalid Continuity Check) or
             other error codes specific to the protocol under use for
             Continuity Checks. For example, if ICMP is the protocol
             under use, the error codes defined in RFC 4443
             can be used to specify the reasons specific to ICMP.
             This technology-specific status-sub-code can be defined
             in technology-specific models.";
         reference
            "RFC 4443: The IETF Administrative Oversight Committee
             (IAOC) Member Selection Guidelines and Process.";
      }
     uses cl-oam:path-discovery-data;
  }
}
<CODE ENDS>
```

5. Security Considerations

The YANG module specified in this document defines a schema for data that is designed to be accessed via network management protocols such as NETCONF [RFC6241] or RESTCONF [RFC8040]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH) [RFC6242]. The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [RFC8446].

The Network Configuration Access Control Model (NACM) [RFC8341] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.

Some of the RPC operations in this YANG module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control access to these operations. These are the operations and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o continuity-check: Generates Continuity Check.
- o path-discovery: Generates path discovery.

These operations are used to retrieve the data from the device that needs to execute the OAM command. Unauthorized source access to some sensitive information in the above data may be used for network reconnaissance or lead to denial-of-service attacks on both the local device and the network.

6. IANA Considerations

This document registers a URI in the "IETF XML Registry" [RFC3688]. The following registration has been made:

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-connectionless-oam-methods Registrant Contact: The IESG. XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.

This document registers a YANG module in the "YANG Module Names" registry [RFC6020].

name: ietf-connectionless-oam-methods

namespace:

urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-connectionless-oam-methods

prefix: cloam-methods reference: RFC 8533

7. References

7.1. Normative References

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7.2. Informative References

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- [RFC5880] Katz, D. and D. Ward, "Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)", RFC 5880, DOI 10.17487/RFC5880, June 2010, https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5880>."
- [RFC7276] Mizrahi, T., Sprecher, N., Bellagamba, E., and Y. Weingarten, "An Overview of Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) Tools", RFC 7276, DOI 10.17487/RFC7276, June 2014, https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7276.
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- [RFC8340] Bjorklund, M. and L. Berger, Ed., "YANG Tree Diagrams", BCP 215, RFC 8340, DOI 10.17487/RFC8340, March 2018, <https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8340>.
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- [YANG-Push]

Clemm, A., Voit, E., Prieto, A., Tripathy, A., Nilsen-Nygaard, E., Bierman, A., and B. Lengyel, "Subscription to YANG Datastores", Work in Progress, draft-ietf-netconfyang-push-22, February 2019.

Appendix A. Extending Connectionless OAM Method Module Example

The following is an example of extensions possible to the "ietf-connectionless-oam-methods" YANG data model defined in this document.

The snippet below depicts an example of augmenting the "ietf-connectionless-oam-methods" YANG data model with ICMP ping attributes:

```
augment "/cloam-methods:continuity-check"
+"/cloam-methods:output"{
 container session-rtt-statistics{
  leaf min-rtt{
   type uint32;
 description
 "This minimum ping round-trip-time (RTT) received.";
  leaf max-rtt{
   type uint32;
 description
 "This maximum ping RTT received.";
  leaf avg-rtt{
   type uint32;
 description
  "The current average ping RTT.";
  }
  description
  "This container presents the ping RTT statistics.";
  }
}
```

A.1. Example of New Retrieval Procedures Model

As discussed in the Introduction section of this document, the new retrieval procedures can be defined for retrieval of the same data defined by the base YANG data model for connectionless OAM protocols. This appendix demonstrates how the base connectionless OAM data model can be extended to support persistent data retrieval besides on-demand retrieval procedures defined in Section 3, i.e., first retrieve a persistent-id based on the destination test point location information, and then retrieve the export details based on persistent-id. Internet Protocol Flow Information Export (IPFIX) [RFC7011] or YANG-Push [YANG-Push] are currently outlined here as data export options. Additional export options can be added in the future.

The YANG module "example-cl-oam-persistent-methods" shown below is intended as an illustration rather than a real definition of an RPC operation model for persistent data retrieval. For the sake of brevity, this module does not obey all the guidelines specified in [RFC8407].

```
module example-cl-oam-persistent-methods {
  namespace "http://example.com/cl-oam-persistent-methods";
  prefix pcloam-methods;
  import ietf-interfaces {
   prefix if;
  import ietf-connectionless-oam {
   prefix cl-oam;
  import ietf-yang-types {
   prefix yang;
  }
  identity export-method {
    description
      "Base identity to represent a conceptual
      export-method.";
  }
  identity ipfix-export {
   base export-method;
    description
      "IPFIX-based export. Configuration provided
       separately.";
  }
  identity yang-push-export {
    base export-method;
    description
      "YANG-Push from draft-ietf-netconf-yang-push.";
  identity protocol-id {
    description
      "A generic protocol identifier.";
  identity status-code {
    description
      "Base status code.";
  }
```

```
identity success-reach {
 base status-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the destination being verified
    is reachable.";
}
identity fail-reach {
 base status-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the destination being verified
    is not reachable";
}
identity success-path-verification {
 base status-code;
 description
   "Indicates that the path verification is performed
    successfully.";
identity fail-path-verification {
 base status-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the path verification fails.";
identity status-sub-code {
 description
    "Base status-sub-code.";
}
identity invalid-cc {
 base status-sub-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the Continuity Check message is
     invalid.";
}
identity invalid-pd {
 base status-sub-code;
 description
    "Indicates that the path discovery message is invalid.";
typedef export-method {
 type identityref {
   base export-method;
```

```
description
    "Export method type.";
typedef change-type {
  type enumeration {
   enum create {
      description
        "Change due to a create.";
   enum delete {
     description
       "Change due to a delete.";
   enum modify {
     description
        "Change due to an update.";
   }
  }
 description
    "Different types of changes that may occur.";
}
rpc cc-get-persistent-id {
 if-feature "cl-oam:continuity-check";
 description
    "Obtains Continuity Check persistent identification
    given mapping parameters as input.";
  input {
   container destination-tp {
     uses cl-oam:tp-address;
     description
        "Destination test point.";
   }
   uses cl-oam:session-type;
   leaf source-interface {
     type if:interface-ref;
     description
       "Source interface.";
   leaf outbound-interface {
     type if:interface-ref;
      description
        "Outbound interface.";
   leaf vrf {
     type cl-oam:routing-instance-ref;
```

```
description
      "VRF instance.";
}
output {
 container error-code {
   leaf protocol-id {
     type identityref {
       base protocol-id;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Protocol used. This could be a standard
        protocol (e.g., TCP/IP protocols, MPLS, etc.)
         or a proprietary protocol as identified by
         this field.";
    }
    leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
     type uint64;
      description
        "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.
        For example, this could be the Internet Protocol
         number for standard Internet Protocols used for
         help with protocol processing.";
    leaf status-code {
      type identityref {
       base status-code;
      mandatory true;
      description
       "Status code.";
   leaf status-sub-code {
      type identityref {
       base status-sub-code;
      mandatory true;
      description
       "Sub code for the Continuity Check.";
   description
      "Status code and sub code.";
  leaf cc-persistent-id {
   type string;
   description
      "Id to act as a cookie.";
```

```
}
  }
}
rpc cc-persistent-get-export-details {
 if-feature "cl-oam:continuity-check";
  description
    "Given the persistent ID, gets the configuration
     options and details related to the configured data
     export.";
  input {
   leaf cc-persistent-id {
     type string;
     description
       "Persistent ID for use as a key in search.";
   }
  }
  output {
   container error-code {
     leaf protocol-id {
        type identityref {
          base protocol-id;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Protocol used. This could be a standard
           protocol (e.g., TCP/IP protocols, MPLS, etc.)
           or a proprietary protocol as identified by
           this field.";
      }
      leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
        type uint64;
        description
          "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.
          For example, this could be the Internet Protocol
           number for standard Internet Protocols used for
           help with protocol processing.";
      leaf status-code {
        type identityref {
         base status-code;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Status code.";
      leaf status-sub-code {
        type identityref {
```

```
base status-sub-code;
      mandatory true;
      description
       "Sub code for the Continuity Check.";
   description
      "Status code and sub code.";
 leaf data-export-method {
   type export-method;
   description
     "Type of export in use.";
 choice cc-trigger {
   description
      "Necessary conditions for
      periodic or on-change trigger.";
   case periodic {
      description
        "Periodic reports.";
      leaf period {
       type yang:timeticks;
        description
          "Time interval between reports.";
      leaf start-time {
       type yang:date-and-time;
       description
          "Timestamp from which reports were started.";
      }
    }
    case on-change {
      description
        "On-change trigger and not periodic.";
      leaf all-data-on-start {
       type boolean;
        description
          "Full update done on start or not.";
      leaf-list excluded-change {
       type change-type;
        description
          "Changes that will not trigger an update.";
      }
   }
  }
}
```

```
}
rpc pd-get-persistent-id {
  if-feature "cl-oam:path-discovery";
  description
    "Obtains persistent path discovery identification.";
  input {
    container destination-tp {
     uses cl-oam:tp-address;
     description
        "Destination test point.";
    }
    uses cl-oam:session-type;
    leaf source-interface {
     type if:interface-ref;
     description
        "Source interface.";
    leaf outbound-interface {
     type if:interface-ref;
      description
        "Outbound interface.";
    leaf vrf {
     type cl-oam:routing-instance-ref;
      description
        "VRF";
    }
  }
  output {
    list response-list {
     key "response-index";
      description
        "Path discovery response list.";
      leaf response-index {
        type uint32;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Response index.";
      leaf protocol-id {
        type identityref {
          base protocol-id;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Protocol used. This could be a standard
           protocol (e.g., TCP/IP protocols, MPLS, etc.)
```

```
or a proprietary protocol as identified by
           this field.";
      }
      leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
        type uint64;
        {\tt description}
          "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.
          For example, this could be the Internet Protocol
           number for standard Internet Protocols used for
           help with protocol processing.";
      }
      leaf status-code {
       type identityref {
         base status-code;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Status code for persistent path discovery
           information.";
      leaf status-sub-code {
        type identityref {
         base status-sub-code;
        mandatory true;
        description
          "Sub code for persistent path discovery
           information.";
      }
      leaf pd-persistent-id {
        type string;
        description
          "Id to act as a cookie.";
      }
    }
  }
}
rpc pd-persistent-get-export-details {
 if-feature "cl-oam:path-discovery";
 description
    "Given the persistent ID, gets the configuration
    options and details related to the configured data
     export.";
  input {
    leaf cc-persistent-id {
     type string;
     description
```

```
"Persistent ID for use as a key in search.";
  }
}
output {
 list response-list {
   key "response-index";
   description
      "Path discovery response list.";
    leaf response-index {
      type uint32;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Response index.";
    leaf protocol-id {
      type identityref {
       base protocol-id;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Protocol used. This could be a standard
        protocol (e.g., TCP/IP protocols, MPLS, etc.)
        or a proprietary protocol as identified by
        this field.";
    leaf protocol-id-meta-data {
      type uint64;
      description
        "An optional metadata related to the protocol ID.
        For example, this could be the Internet Protocol
         number for standard Internet Protocols used for
        help with protocol processing.";
   leaf status-code {
      type identityref {
       base status-code;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Status code for persistent path discovery
        creation.";
    }
    leaf status-sub-code {
      type identityref {
       base status-sub-code;
      mandatory true;
      description
```

```
"Sub code for persistent path discovery
             creation.";
        }
        leaf data-export-method {
          type export-method;
          description
            "Type of export.";
        choice pd-trigger {
          description
            "Necessary conditions
             for periodic or on-change
             trigger.";
          case periodic {
            description
              "Periodic reports.";
            leaf period {
              type yang:timeticks;
              description
                "Time interval between reports.";
            leaf start-time {
              type yang:date-and-time;
              description
                "Timestamp from which reports are started.";
          case on-change {
            description
              "On-change trigger and not periodic.";
            leaf all-data-on-start {
              type boolean;
              description
                "Full update done on start or not.";
            leaf-list excluded-change {
              type change-type;
              description
                "Changes that will not trigger an update.";
         }
       }
     }
   }
 }
}
```

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Authors' Addresses

Deepak Kumar CISCO Systems 510 McCarthy Blvd. Milpitas, CA 95035 United States of America

Email: dekumar@cisco.com

Michael Wang Huawei Technologies, Co., Ltd 101 Software Avenue, Yuhua District Nanjing 210012 China

Email: wangzitao@huawei.com

Qin Wu (editor) Huawei 101 Software Avenue, Yuhua District Nanjing, Jiangsu 210012 China

Email: bill.wu@huawei.com

Reshad Rahman CISCO Systems 2000 Innovation Drive Kanata, Ontario K2K 3E8 Canada

Email: rrahman@cisco.com

Srihari Raghavan CISCO Systems Tril Infopark Sez, Ramanujan IT City Neville Block, 2nd floor, Old Mahabalipuram Road Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600113 India

Email: srihari@cisco.com