

SQL Server 2019 and Azure SQL Database

Intelligent Query Performance

Pedro Lopes, Program Manager, Microsoft Joe Sack, Program Manager, Microsoft





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SQL Server

Relational Engine: Query processing Performance



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Azure SQL Database

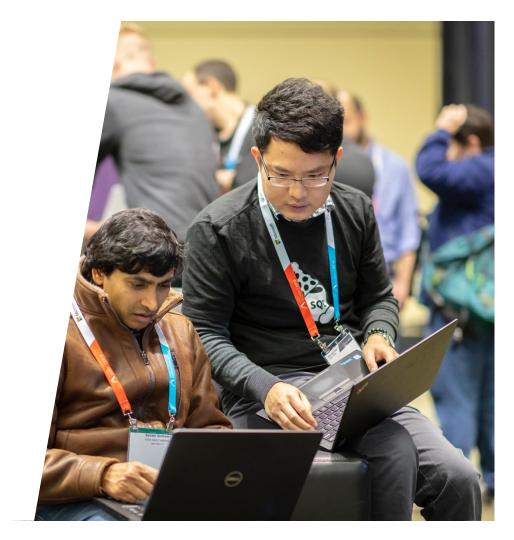
Query processing

Agenda

- 1. The Intelligent Database vision
- 2. Intelligent Query Processing scenarios + Demos



The Intelligent Database vision



Intelligent Database



- Database compatibility level regression protection
- Automatic plan regression correction
- Query Tuning Assistant

Intelligent performance

- Intelligent Query Processing
- Resource governor
- In-Memory Databases
- Auto-Soft NUMA



- Automatic Indexing in SQL DB
- Flexible Scaling
- Integrity Checking
- Intelligent Insights
- Lightweight Query Profiling
- Accelerated Database Recovery



- Advanced Threat Detection
- Data
 Classification
- Vulnerability
 Assessment

Security in-depth 24x7

Anxiety-free upgrades

Management-by-default

Intelligent Database



- Database compatibility level regression protection
- Automatic pregression correction
- Query Tuning Assistant





- Intelligent Query Processing
- Resource governor
- In-Memory Databases
- Auto-Soft



- Automatic Indexing in SQL DB
- Flexible Scaling

Management-by-default

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in-depth

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Anxiety-free upgrades

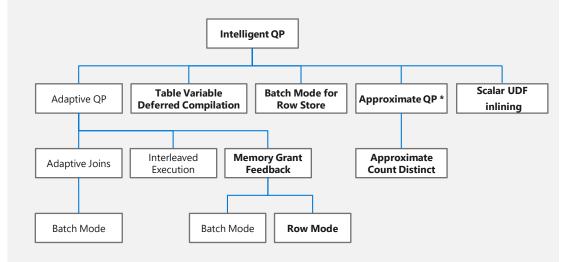
Adapts to the constantly changing world of businesses and data

Intelligent Query Processing with SQL Server

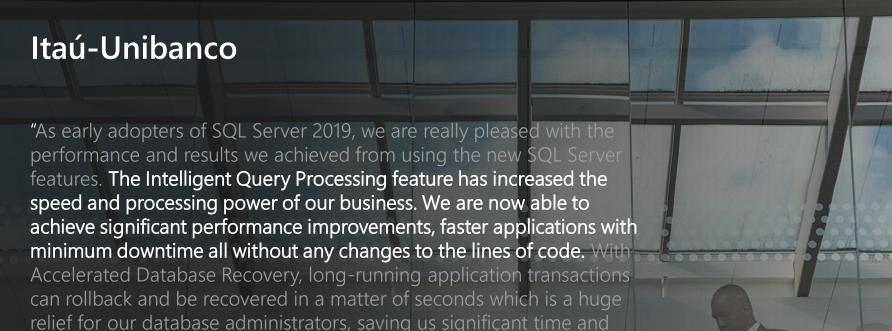
The Intelligent Database

- Available by default on the latest database compatibility level setting
- Delivering broad impact that improves the performance of existing workloads with minimal implementation effort
- Critical parallel workloads improve when running at scale, while remaining adaptive

The Intelligent Query Processing feature family



Bold indicates new and improved features in SQL Server 2019



relief for our database administrators, saving us significant time and resources. We feel safe and can confidently look forward to providing even more satisfaction to our customers."

Edilson Albuquerque, Database Team Manager, Itaú-Unibanco



Memory Grant Feedback (MGF)

Queries may spill to disk or take too much memory based on poor cardinality estimates. Memory misestimations result in spills, and overestimations hurt concurrency

MGF will adjust memory grants based on execution feedback



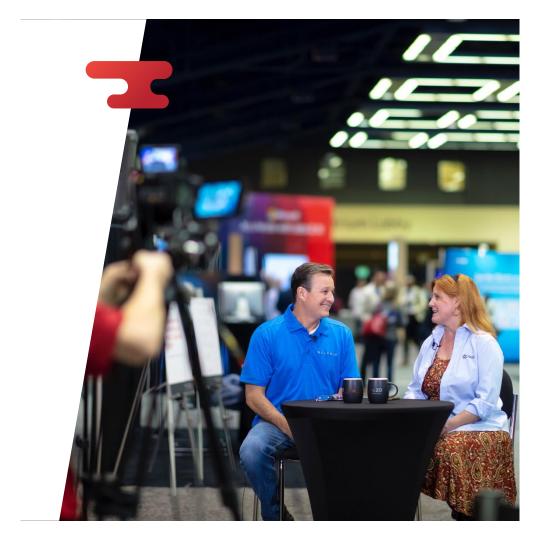
Batch Mode in 140, Row Mode in 150

MGF will remove spills and improve concurrency for repeating queries

- Spills to disk → MGF corrects grant misestimations
- Excessive memory grant → MGF corrects wasted memory, improves concurrency

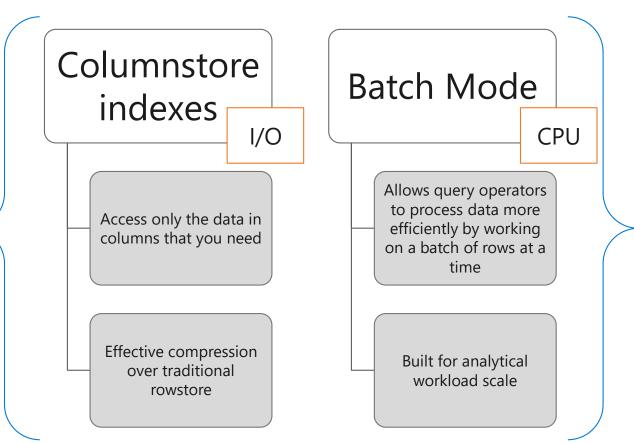
D E M O

Memory Grant Feedback



Batch Mode and Columnstore

Since SQL Server 2012 we've bound these two features together



150 database compatibility level

Batch Mode on Rowstore

Sometimes Columnstore isn't an option:

- OLTP-sensitive workloads
- Vendor support
- Columnstore interoperability limitations

Now get analytical processing CPU-benefits without Columnstore indexes.

Batch mode on rowstore supports:

- On-disk heaps and B-tree indexes and existing batch-capable operators (new scan operator can evaluate batch mode bitmap filters)
- Existing batch mode operators

Batch Mode on Rowstore candidate workloads

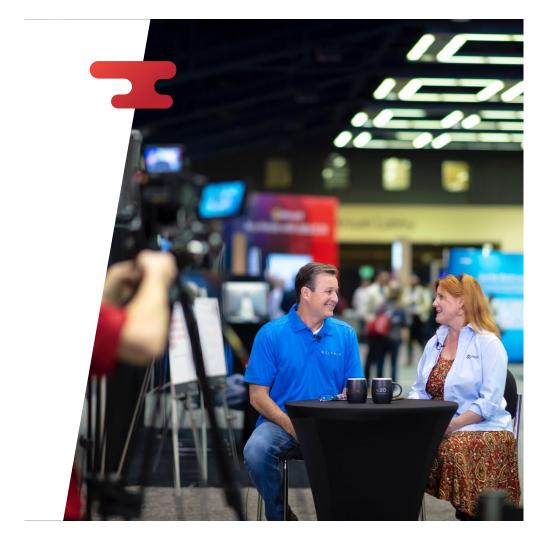
A significant part of the workload consists of analytical queries **AND**

The workload is CPU bound AND

- Creating a columnstore index adds too much overhead to the transactional part of your workload OR
- Creating a columnstore index is not feasible because your application depends on a feature that is not yet supported with columnstore indexes **OR**
- You depend on a feature not supported with columnstore (for example, triggers)

D E M O

Batch Mode on Rowstore



GVC Holdings PLC

"We will continue using In-Memory OLTP to provide wicked-fast solutions for pure caching and persisted hot and cold caching. We are now looking forward to embracing the new Intelligent Query Processing feature in SQL Server 2019 for our typical OLTP workloads, especially batch mode on row store and memory grant feedback."

Milos Radivojevic - Senior Database Developer MSSQL, GVC Holdings PLC

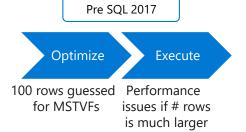




Up to 130 database compatibility level

Interleaved Execution for MSTVFs

Multi-statement table-valued functions (MSTVFs) are treated as a black box by QP and SQL Server uses a fixed optimization guess.



Interleaved Execution for MSTVFs

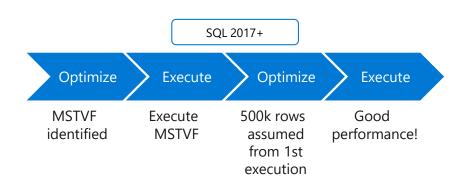
Multi-statement table-valued functions (MSTVFs) are treated as a black box by QP and SQL Server uses a fixed optimization guess.

Optimize Execute

100 rows guessed Performance for MSTVFs issues if # rows is much larger

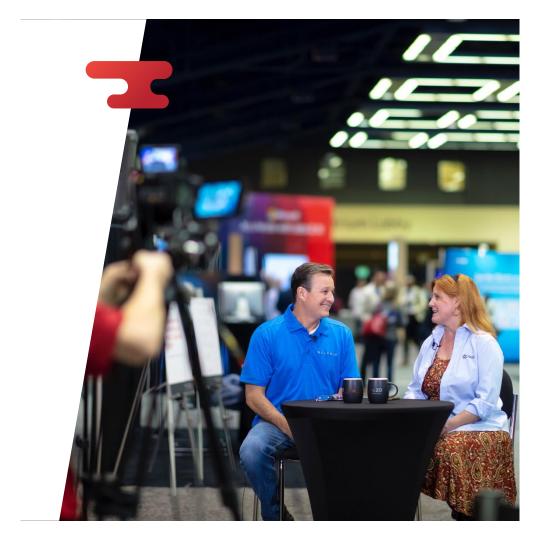
Interleaved Execution will materialize and use row counts for MSTVFs.

Downstream operations will benefit from the corrected MSTVF cardinality estimate.



DEMO

Interleaved Execution for MSTVFs



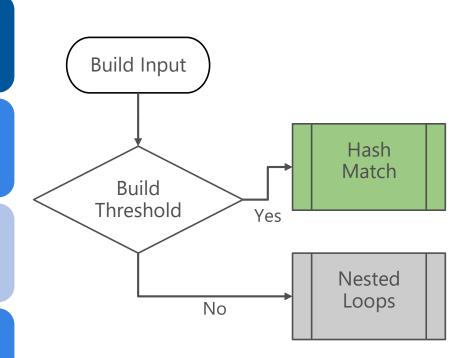
Batch Mode Adaptive Joins (AJ)

If cardinality estimates are skewed, we may choose an inappropriate join algorithm.

AJ will defer the choice of Hash Match or Nested Loops join until after the first join input has been scanned.

Adaptive Buffer is used up to the point where it's needed as the Build Table for HJ, or Outer Table for NLJ – Threshold is dynamic

AJ uses Nested Loops for small inputs, Hash Match for large inputs.



D E M O

Adaptive Joins

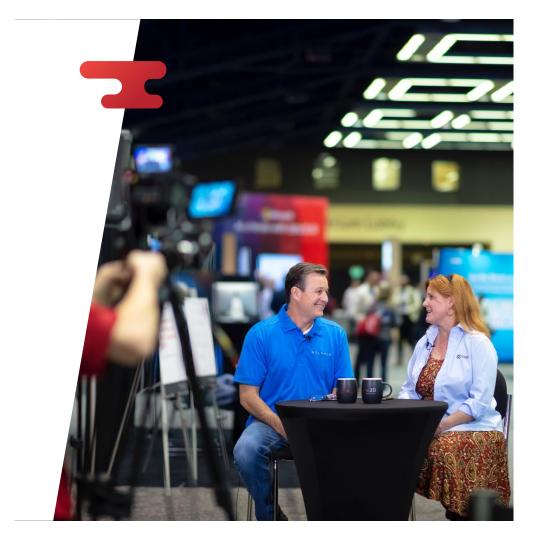


Table Variable Deferred Compilation

Legacy behavior

| Area | Temporary Tables | Table Variables |
|---|---|---|
| Manual stats creation and update | Yes | No |
| Indexes | Yes | Only inline index definitions allowed. |
| Constraints | Yes | Only PK, uniqueness and check constraints. |
| Automatic stats creation | Yes | No |
| Creating and using a temporary object in a single batch | Compilation of a statement that references a temp table that doesn't exist is deferred until the first execution of the statement | A statement that references a table variable is compiled along with all other statements before any statement that populates the TV is executed, so compilation sees it as "1". |

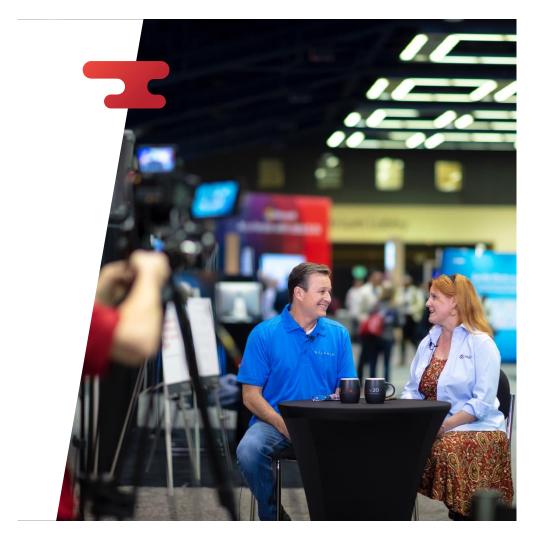
Table Variable Deferred Compilation

Azure SQL Database and SQL Server 2019 behavior

| Area | Temporary Tables | Table Variables |
|---|---|---|
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| Creating and using a temporary object in a single batch | Compilation of a statement that references a temp table that doesn't exist is deferred until the first execution of the statement | Compilation of a statement that references a table variable that doesn't exist is deferred until the first execution of the statement |

DEMO

Table Variable Deferred Compilation



APPROX_COUNT_DISTINCT When approximate is good enough...

Provides approximate COUNT DISTINCT for big data scenarios with the benefit of high performance and a **(very) low memory** footprint.



Dashboard scenarios and trend analysis against big data sets with many distinct values (for example, distinct orders counts over a time period) – and many concurrent users where exact values are not necessary.



Data science big data set exploration. Need to understand data distributions quickly and exact values are not paramount.



Not banking applications or anywhere an exact value is required!

D E M O

Approximate QP



T-SQL Scalar User-Defined Functions (UDFs)

User-Defined Functions that are implemented in Transact-SQL and return a single data value are referred to as **T-SQL Scalar User-Defined Functions**

T-SQL UDFs are an elegant way to achieve code reuse and modularity across SQL queries

Some computations (such as complex business rules) are easier to express in imperative UDF form

UDFs help in building up complex logic without requiring expertise in writing complex SQL queries

T-SQL Scalar UDF performance issues!

Iterative invocation: Invoked once per qualifying row. Repeated context switching – and even worse for UDFs that have T-SQL queries that access data

Lack of costing: Scalar operators are not costed (realistically)

Interpreted execution: Each statement itself is compiled, and the compiled plan is cached. Although this caching strategy saves some time as it avoids recompilations, each statement executes in isolation. No cross-statement optimizations are carried out.

Serial execution: SQL Server does not allow intra-query parallelism in queries that invoke Scalar UDFs. In other words, Scalar UDFs are parallelism inhibitors.

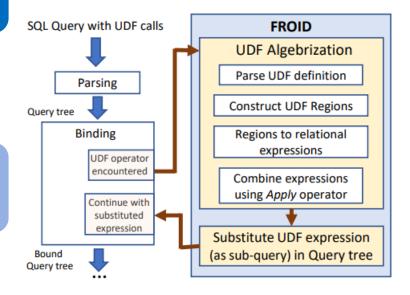
T-SQL Scalar UDF Inlining

Enable the benefits of UDFs without the performance penalty!

 Goal of the Scalar UDF Inlining feature is to improve performance for queries that invoke scalar UDFs where UDF execution is the main bottleneck

With SQL 2019/DB Compat 150:

 Using query rewriting techniques, UDFs are transformed into equivalent relational expressions that are "inlined" into the calling query



T-SQL Scalar UDF Inlining

Table 1: Relational algebraic expressions for imperative statements (using standard T-SQL notation from [33])

| Imperative Statement (T-SQL) | Relational expression (T-SQL) | |
|--|--|--|
| DECLARE $\{@var\ data_type\ [=expr]\}[, \dots n];$ | SELECT $\{expr null \text{ AS } var\}[, \dots n];$ | |
| SET $\{@var = expr\}[, \dots n];$ | SELECT $\{expr \ AS \ var\}[, \dots n];$ | |
| SELECT $\{@var1 = prj_expr1\}[, \dots n]$ FROM $sql_expr;$ | {SELECT prj_expr1 AS $var1$ FROM sql_expr }; [,n] | |
| IF $(pred_expr)$ $\{t_stmt; [\dots n]\}$ ELSE $\{f_stmt; [, \dots n]\}$ | SELECT CASE WHEN pred_expr THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS pred_val; | |
| If $(prealexpr)$ $\{i_simi, [n]\}$ ELSE $\{j_simi, [,n]\}$ | $\left \{ \text{SELECT CASE WHEN } pred_val = 1 \text{ THEN } t_stmt \text{ ELSE } f_stmt; \} [\dots n] \right $ | |
| $RETURN\ expr;$ | SELECT $expr$ AS $returnVal$; | |

Scalar UDF Inlining non-starters

Non-inlineable constructs:

- Invoking any intrinsic function that is either time-dependent (such as GETDATE()) or has side effects (such as NEWSEQUENTIALID())
- Referencing table variables or table-valued parameters
- Referencing scalar UDF call in its GROUP BY clause
- Natively compiled (interop is supported)
- Used in a computed column or a check constraint definition we've received lots of feedback on this scenario for this one
- References user-defined types
- Used in a partition function

Mediterranean Shipping Company

"With the combination of Intelligent Query Processing in SQL Server 2019 as the second generation of Adaptive Query Processing as well as Memory-Optimized TempDB Metadata, we are now able to achieve incredible performance in a more predictable way for all our business-critical processes. We are really happy with SQL Server 2019; key features such as scalar UDF Inlining and Table Variable Deferred Compilation enhance our developers' productivity and empower MSC in providing improved solutions for our customers."

Javier Villegas, Global Database Administrator & Design Coordinator Mediterranean Shipping Company





D E M O

Scalar UDF Inlining



What's next?

The features we saw today are in SQL Server 2019 and Azure SQL Database*

We continue working on intelligent query processing features as we speak – share your scenarios with us!

Please email <u>IntelligentQP@microsoft.com</u>

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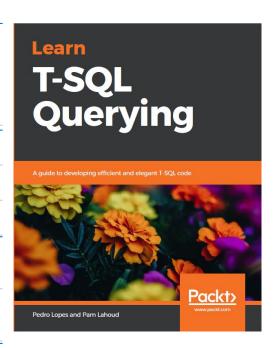
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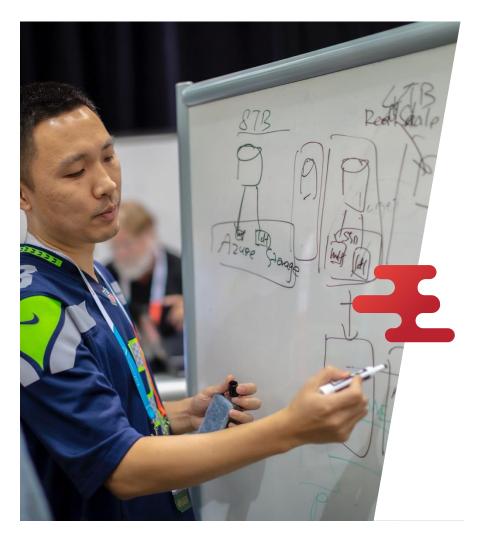
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Thank You

Joe Sack & Pedro Lopes

- @SQLPedro
- @JoeSackMSFT

