

practical-5

May 9, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[2]: import numpy as np
```

```
[3]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[4]: df=pd.read_csv("Social_Network_Ads.csv")
```

```
[5]: df
```

```
[5]:
```

	User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	15624510	Male	19	19000	0
1	15810944	Male	35	20000	0
2	15668575	Female	26	43000	0
3	15603246	Female	27	57000	0
4	15804002	Male	19	76000	0
..
395	15691863	Female	46	41000	1
396	15706071	Male	51	23000	1
397	15654296	Female	50	20000	1
398	15755018	Male	36	33000	0
399	15594041	Female	49	36000	1

[400 rows x 5 columns]

```
[6]: df.shape
```

```
[6]: (400, 5)
```

```
[7]: x=df.iloc[:,2:4]  
y=df.iloc[:,4]
```

```
[8]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2,  
random_state=0)
```

```
[9]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc_x=StandardScaler()
xtrain=sc_x.fit_transform(xtrain)
xtest=sc_x.transform(xtest)
print(xtrain[:3])
print('-'*15)
print(xtest[:3])
```

```
[[ 1.92295008  2.14601566]
 [ 2.02016082  0.3787193 ]
 [-1.3822153  -0.4324987 ]]
-----
[[-0.79895082  0.49460758]
 [-0.02126485 -0.57735906]
 [-0.31289709  0.14694273]]
```

```
[10]: import sklearn
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

```
[11]: logreg=LogisticRegression()
```

```
[12]: logreg.fit(xtrain,ytrain)
y_pred=logreg.predict(xtest)
print(xtest[:10])
print('-'*15)
print(y_pred[:10])
```

```
[[[-0.79895082  0.49460758]
 [-0.02126485 -0.57735906]
 [-0.31289709  0.14694273]
 [-0.79895082  0.26283101]
 [-0.31289709 -0.57735906]
 [-1.09058306 -1.44652121]
 [-0.70174008 -1.59138156]
 [-0.21568634  2.14601566]
 [-1.96547978 -0.05586178]
 [ 0.85363187 -0.78016356]]
-----
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0]
```

```
[13]: print(y_pred[:20])
print(ytest[:20])
```

```
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0]
132    0
309    0
341    0
196    0
```

```

246    0
60     0
155    0
261    1
141    0
214    0
37     0
134    0
113    0
348    0
12     0
59     0
293    0
140    0
206    1
199    0
Name: Purchased, dtype: int64

```

```

[24]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay,
      classification_report, accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score
      cm=confusion_matrix(ytest, y_pred)
      print(cm)

```

```

Cell In[24], line 1
      from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay,
      ~
SyntaxError: trailing comma not allowed without surrounding parentheses

```

```

[26]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay,
      ↪classification_report, accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score,
      ↪f1_score

```

```

[27]: from sklearn.metrics import (
      confusion_matrix,
      ConfusionMatrixDisplay,
      classification_report,
      accuracy_score,
      precision_score,
      recall_score,
      f1_score
      )

```

```

[28]: cm = confusion_matrix(ytest, y_pred)
      print("Confusion Matrix:")
      print(cm)

```

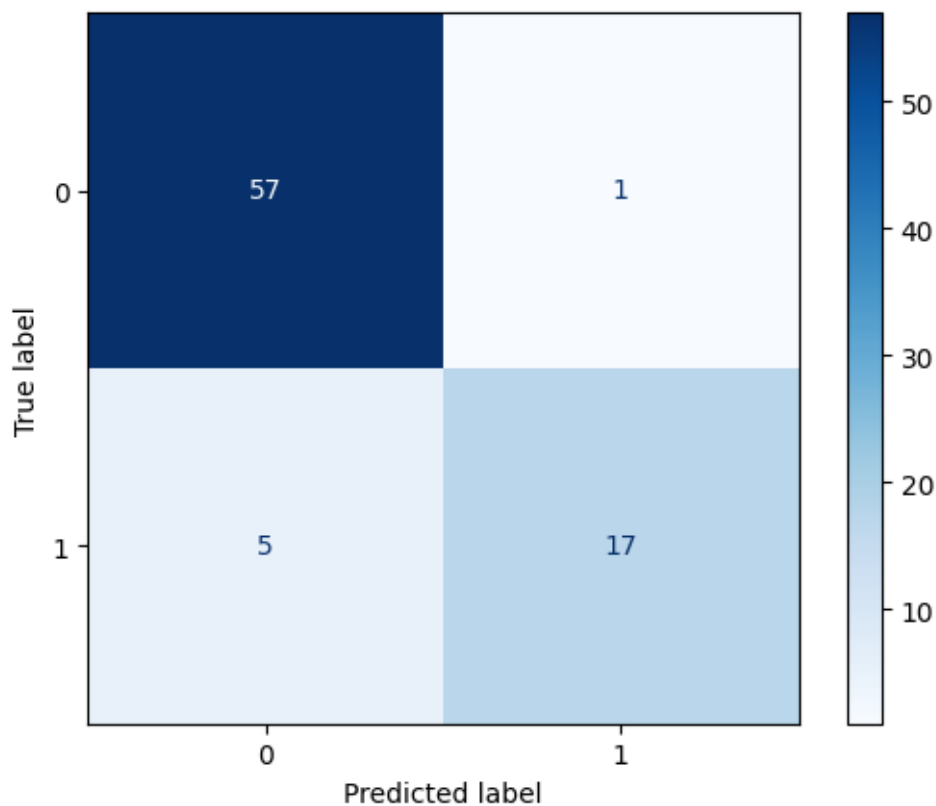
Confusion Matrix:

```
[[57  1]
 [ 5 17]]
```

```
[30]: matrix= confusion_matrix(ytest,y_pred,labels = logreg.classes_)
      print(matrix)
      tp, fn, fp, tn = confusion_matrix(ytest,y_pred,labels=[1,0]).reshape(-1)
```

```
[[57  1]
 [ 5 17]]
```

```
[31]: conf_matrix = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=matrix,
      display_labels=logreg.classes_)
      conf_matrix.plot(cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
      plt.show()
```



```
[32]: #visualizing the training set results
```

```
[33]: from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```

xset, yset = xtrain, ytrain

x1, x2 = np.meshgrid(
    np.arange(start=xset[:, 0].min() - 1, stop=xset[:, 0].max() + 1, step=0.01),
    np.arange(start=xset[:, 1].min() - 1, stop=xset[:, 1].max() + 1, step=0.01)
)

plt.contourf(
    x1, x2,
    logreg.predict(np.array([x1.ravel(), x2.ravel()]).T).reshape(x1.shape),
    alpha=0.6,
    cmap=ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))
)

for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(yset)):
    plt.scatter(
        xset[yset == j, 0],
        xset[yset == j, 1],
        color=ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i),
        label=j
    )

plt.title('Logistic Regression (Training Set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



```
[34]: from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

xset, yset = xtest, ytest
x1, x2 = np.meshgrid(
    np.arange(start=xset[:, 0].min() - 1, stop=xset[:, 0].max() + 1, step=0.01),
    np.arange(start=xset[:, 1].min() - 1, stop=xset[:, 1].max() + 1, step=0.01)
)

plt.contourf(
    x1,
    x2,
    logreg.predict(np.array([x1.ravel(), x2.ravel()]).T).reshape(x1.shape),
    alpha=0.6,
    cmap=ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))
)

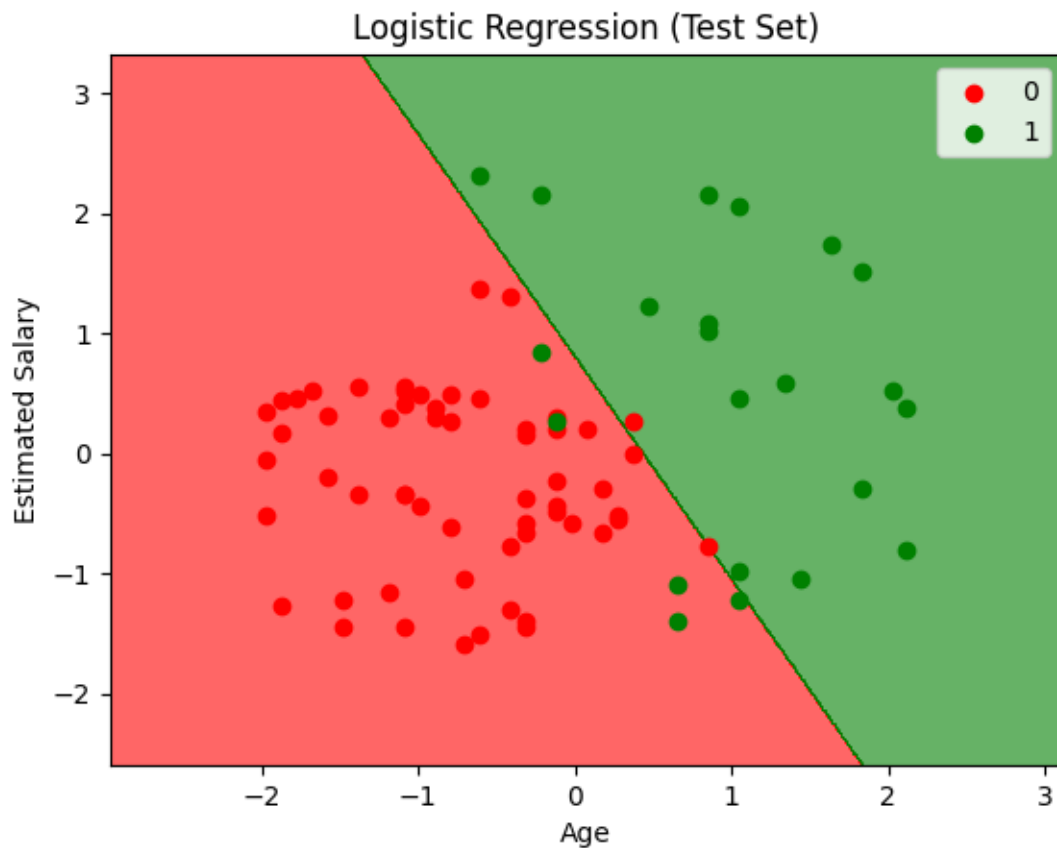
for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(yset)):
    plt.scatter(
```

```

xset[yset == j, 0],
xset[yset == j, 1],
color=ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i),
label=j
)

plt.title('Logistic Regression (Test Set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



```

[35]: print('\nAccuracy: {:.2f}'.format(accuracy_score(ytest,y_pred)))
      print('Error Rate: ',(fp+fn)/(tp+tn+fn+fp))
      print('Sensitivity (Recall or True positive rate) :',tp/(tp+fn))
      print('Specificity (True negative rate) :',tn/(fp+tn))
      print('Precision (Positive predictive value) :',tp/(tp+fp))
      print('False Positive Rate :',fp/(tn+fp))

```

Accuracy: 0.93
Error Rate: 0.075
Sensitivity (Recall or True positive rate) : 0.7727272727272727
Specificity (True negative rate) : 0.9827586206896551
Precision (Positive predictive value) : 0.9444444444444444
False Positive Rate : 0.017241379310344827

[]: