Thermodynamics (MEL2020) Indian Institute of Technology Jodhpur

Assignment-6 Date: 17th February 2022

Maximum points: 1 Instructions:

- Answer all the questions
- Please write your solutions/explanations on a paper with your handwriting
- Scan all pages as a single pdf file and upload in google classroom before 20-02-22
- This will give you **1 point** towards your total evaluation,
- Late submission lead to deduction of half mark. (This is Very Important)
- 1. A frictionless piston-cylinder device initially contains 50 L of saturated liquid refrigerant-134a. The piston is free to move, and its mass is such that it maintains a pressure of 500 kPa on the refrigerant. The refrigerant is now heated until its temperature rises to 70°C. Calculate the work done during this process. (0.2 P)
- 2. A mass of 2.4 kg of air at 150 kPa and 12°C is contained in a gas-tight, frictionless piston-cylinder device. The air is now compressed to a final pressure of 600 kPa. During the process, heat is transferred from the air such that the temperature inside the cylinder remains constant. Calculate the work input during this process. (0.2 P)
- 3. A fixed mass of saturated water vapor at 300 kPa is isothermally cooled until it is a saturated liquid. Calculate the amount of heat rejected during this process, in kJ/kg. (0.2 P)
- 4. Air is contained in a cylinder device fitted with a piston-cylinder. The piston initially rests on a set of stops, and a pressure of 300 kPa is required to move the piston. Initially, the air is at 100 kPa and 27°C and occupies a volume of 0.4 m3. Determine the amount of heat transferred to the air, in kJ, while increasing the temperature to 1200 K. Assume air has constant specific heats evaluated at 300 K. (0.4 P)