

SMARTWIZ

GRADE11 ISIZULU EXAM

AMAMAKI: 100

MARKS

ISIKHATHI: Amahora angu-2

SIKOLE _____

IKILASI (isb. 4A) _____

ISIBONGO _____

IGAMA _____

Imiyalelo Kubafundi:

- Funda yonke imiyalelo ngokucophelela ngaphambi kokuthi uqale ukuhlolwa.
- Bhala igama lakho nenombolo yomfundi ngokucacile ephepheni lependulo/ncwadi.
- Phendula yonke imibuzo ngaphandle uma kunikezwe eminye imiyalelo.
- Khombisa wonke umsebenzi wakho/izibalo lapho kudingekile.
- Bhala kahle nangokucacile.
- Sebenzisa kuphela ipeni eliluhlaza okwesibhakabhaka noma elimnyama. Ungasebenzisi ifluid yokulungisa noma itheyiphu.
- Azivumelekile izisetshenziswa zikagesi (izibali, omakhalekhukhwini, njll.) ngaphandle uma kuvunyelwe ngokusobala.
- Phakamisa isandla uma unemibuzo.
- Ungakhulumi nabanye abafundi ngesikhathi sokuhlolwa.
- Noma yiluphi uhlobo lobuqili luzoholela ekuxoshweni ekuhlolweni.

Lolu hlolo lunamakhasi ayisithupha kuhlanganise nekhasi elingaphandle.

Isigaba A: Ukuqonda Okuqukethwe (30 amamaki)

Funda lesi sihloko bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

Isigcawu:

"Izinkinga ezihlobene nempilo zomphakathi zihlala zithinta izigidi zabantu. Umphakathi kufanele uqaphele futhi ulungise izinkinga ezifana nezifo ezithathelwana, izimo zokuhlala ezingalungile, kanye nomnotho ophansi. Imiphumela yalezi zinkinga ingaba yingozi kakhulu uma izixazululo ezisheshayo nezisebenzayo zingatholakali. Kodwa-ke, imiphakathi eminingi isadinga ukufundiswa ngendlela yokuhlala impilo enhle ukuze kugwemeke izinkinga ezithinta impilo yabo."

Imibuzo:

1. **Yini umqondo ophambili wesigcawu? (5 amamaki)**

[Ipendulo]

2. **Yiziphi izinkinga zomphakathi ezikhuluma ngazo kulesi sigcawu? (5 amamaki)**

[Ipendulo]

3. **Yini ebalulekile ukuze kuphumelele izixazululo zezinkinga zomphakathi? (5 amamaki)**

[Ipendulo]

4. **Humusha lesi sitatimende sisuka esiZulwini siya esiNgisini:**

- o "Izinkinga ezihlobene nempilo zomphakathi zihlala zithinta izigidi zabantu." (5 amamaki)

[Ipendulo]

5. **Chaza ukuchaza impilo enhle nokuhlala ngendlela efanele kulesi sigcawu. (5 amamaki)**
[Impendulo]

Isigaba B: Ulimi noHlelo (25 amamaki)

- 1. Gcwalisa izikhala ngokusebenzisa ifomu efanele legama elinikeziwe. (10 amamaki)**

- a) Uma (hamba) _____ emsebenzini, kuzoba khona izinkinga.
 b) Sithandazela (phumelela) _____ esivivinyweni esilandelayo.
 c) Ukephi (phuza) _____ amanzi uma ephuza iziphuzo ezihlanzekile.
 d) Abafundi (fundisa) _____ izifundo ezinzima.
 e) Imishado (enza) _____ izimpilo zethu zibe ngcono.

- 2. Lungisa lezi zisho ezilandelayo. (5 amamaki)**

- a) Ukephi uya esitolo ezinsukwini zonke.
 b) Umphakathi uhamba ngendlela efanele yokuphila.
 c) Amadoda amathathu afunda izincwadi zomlando.
 d) Abantu abadala bahlala ngokuhlakanipha.
 e) Izinja zihlala endaweni engcolile kuphela.

- 3. Khetha izisho ezilungile kumishwana engezansi. (5 amamaki)**

- a) Izinja _____ izithelo ezivela epulazini.
 b) Amadoda _____ izincwadi ezehlukeneyo.
 c) Mina noSindi _____ ukukwenza umsebenzi.
 d) Ukudla _____ ngesikhathi kuyasiza empilweni.
 e) Ukephi _____ ukugibela ibhayisikili.

- 4. Bhala isigaba esifushane ngesiZulu ngalezi zihloko:**

- *Uhlobo lwezokudla ezithokozisa kakhulu. (5 amamaki)*
[Impendulo]

Isigaba C: Ukubhala (25 amamaki)

Khetha isihloko esisodwa bese ubhala umbhalo onamagama angu-150-200.

1. *Izifundo ezibalulekile ekukhuleni komuntu.*
2. *Umehluko phakathi kwemfundo yendabuko nemfundo yesimanje.*
3. *Izinzuzo zokuphila impilo enempilo.*
4. *Indima yobuholi kumphakathi.*

Imihlahlandlela:

- Faka isingeniso, umzimba, nesiphetho.
- Sebenzisa imishwana enembile, ethokozisayo, futhi eqondile.

Isigaba D: Izincwadi (20 amamaki)

Phendula imibuzo elandelayo ngokusekelwe encwadini noma izinkondlo ofunde kuzo eklasini.

1. **Chaza inhloso yencwadi noma inkondlo ofunde kuyo. (10 amamaki)**
[Impendulo]

2. **Hlonipha noma chaza izimfanelo ezibalulekile zomlingiswa oyinhloko encwadini/inkondlo. (10 amamaki)**
[Impendulo]

Phelela Umphumela

TOTAL : 100



MEMO

Isigaba A: Ukuqonda Okuqukethwe (30 amamaki)

Imibuzo:

1. **Yini umqondo ophambili wesigcawu? (5 amamaki)**

Impendulo:

Umqondo ophambili wesigcawu uthi izinkinga zomphakathi ezihlobene nempilo zithinta izigidi zabantu. Kubalulekile ukuthi imiphakathi ifunde indlela yokuphila kahle nokuhlala impilo enempilo ukuze kugwenywe izinkinga ezinjalo.

2. **Yiziphi izinkinga zomphakathi ezikhuluma ngazo kulesi sigcawu? (5 amamaki)**

Impendulo:

Izinkinga ezikhuluma ngazo kulesi sigcawu zifaka phakathi:

- Izifo ezithathelwana
- Izimo zokuhlala ezingalungile
- Umnotho ophansi

3. **Yini ebalulekile ukuze kuphumelele izixazululo zezinkinga zomphakathi? (5 amamaki)**

Impendulo:

Ukuphumelela kwezixazululo zomphakathi kudinga ukufundisa imiphakathi ngendlela yokuphila impilo enempilo, ukusebenzisa izinsiza ezifanele zokwelapha, kanye nokuhlinzeka ngemiphumela esheshayo nezisebenzayo.

4. **Humusha lesi sitatimende sisuka esiZulwini siya esiNgisini:**

- "Izinkinga ezihlobene nempilo zomphakathi zihlala zithinta izigidi zabantu." (5 amamaki)

Impendulo:

"Health-related issues in the community always affect millions of people."

5. **Chaza ukuchaza impilo enhle nokuhlala ngendlela efanele kulesi sigcawu. (5 amamaki)**

Impendulo:

Impilo enhle ibalulekile ngoba isiza ekugwemeni izinkinga ezihlobene nemiphakathi. Ukuphila kahle kusho ukuhlakanipha ngezokudla, ukuzivocavoca, kanye nokuphila ngendlela enempilo. Lokhu kuzoba nomthelela omuhle ekuthuthukiseni impilo yomphakathi.

Isigaba B: Ulimi noHlelo (25 amamaki)

1. **Gcwalisa izikhala ngokusebenzisa ifomu efanele legama elinikeziwe. (10 amamaki)**

- a) Uma (hamba) **ngihamba** emsebenzini, kuzoba khona izinkinga.
- b) Sithandazela (phumelela) **phumelele** esivivinyweni esilandelayo.
- c) Ukephi (phuza) **uphuza** amanzi uma ephuza iziphuzo ezihlanzekile.
- d) Abafundi (fundisa) **befunda** izifundo ezinzima.
- e) Imishado (enza) **enza** izimpilo zethu zibe ngcono.

2. Lungisa lezi zisho ezilandelayo. (5 amamaki)

- a) Ukephi uya esitolo ezinsukwini zonke. → **Ukephi uya esitolo njalo.**
- b) Umphakathi uhamba ngendlela efanele yokuphila. → **Umphakathi uhamba ngendlela enempilo.**
- c) Amadoda amathathu afunda izincwadi zomlando. → **Amadoda amathathu afunda izincwadi ezithokozisayo.**
- d) Abantu abadala bahlala ngokuhlakanipha. → **Abantu abadala bahlala ngezindlela zokuhlakanipha.**
- e) Izinja zihlala endaweni engcolile kuphela. → **Izinja zihlala ezindaweni eziphilayo.**

3. Khetha izisho ezilungile kumishwana engezansi. (5 amamaki)

- a) Izinja **zithanda** izithelo ezivela epulazini.
- b) Amadoda **athanda** izincwadi ezehlukeneyo.
- c) Mina noSindi **sithanda** ukukwenza umsebenzi.
- d) Ukudla **kudla** ngesikhathi kuyasiza empilweni.
- e) Ukephi **uphuza** ukugibela ibhayisikili.

4. Bhala isigaba esifushane ngesiZulu ngalezi zihloko:

Uhlobo lwezokudla ezithokozisa kakhulu. (5 amamaki)

Impendulo:

Ukudla okuthokozisayo kubandakanya izinkwa ezinamanzi, imifino ekhishwe kumasiko, kanye nezithelo ezihlanzekile. Lokhu kuhlobene nempilo, ngoba ukudla okunjalo kusebenza ekwandiseni amandla omzimba. Ukudla okufana nemifino ye-tribe, izithelo ezimnandi, neziphuzo ezithokozisayo kusiza ekuthuthukiseni impilo yomuntu.

Isigaba C: Ukubhala (25 amamaki)

Khetha isihloko esisodwa bese ubhala umbhalo onamagama angu-150-200.

1. *Izifundo ezibalulekile ekukhuleni komuntu.*
2. *Umehluko phakathi kwemfundo yendabuko nemfundo yesimanje.*
3. *Izinzuzo zokuphila impilo enempilo.*
4. *Indima yobuholi kumphakathi.*

Impendulo:

(Lokhu kuzohluka ngokuya ngesihloko esikhethiwe, kodwa kufanele kugxile ekuthuthukiseni izimiso zomphakathi, izinzuzo zokuphila impilo enempilo, noma ukubaluleka kwemfundo.)

Isigaba D: Izincwadi (20 amamaki)

Phendula imibuzo elandelayo ngokusekelwe encwadini noma izinkondlo ofunde kuzo eklasini.

1. **Chaza inhloso yencwadi noma inkondlo ofunde kuyo.** (10 amamaki)

Impendulo:

Inhloso yencwadi noma inkondlo oyiqondayo yayingokuchaza izifundo ezibalulekile zomphakathi, njengokuphila impilo enempilo, ukunakekelwa kwezempilo, kanye nomphakathi ojolise ekuzameni ukubhekana nezinkinga zomphakathi.

2. **Hlonipha noma chaza izimfanelo ezibalulekile zomlingiswa oyinhloko encwadini/inkondlo.** (10 amamaki)

Impendulo:

Umlandeli oyinhloko kungenzeka abe nobuqotho, uhlakaniphile, futhi enomdlandla ekuphumeleleni izinhloso zempilo. Lokhu kuboniswa lapho edlula ezinkingeni ezihlobene nomphakathi futhi eholabanye ekuphumeleleni kwezinkinga zempilo.

Phelela Umphumela

TOTAL : 100