

# SMARTWIZ

## GRADE 12 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS AND DESIGN (EGD) EXAM

MARKS: 100

MARKS	

TIME: 2 HOURS

SCHOOL \_\_\_\_\_

CLASS (eg. 4A) \_\_\_\_\_

SURNAME \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

### Instructions for Learners:

- Read all instructions carefully before you begin the exam.
- Write your full name and student number clearly on the answer sheet/book.
- Answer all questions unless otherwise instructed.
- Show all your work/calculations where necessary.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- Use only a blue or black pen. Do not use correction fluid or tape.
- Electronic devices (calculators, cell phones, etc.) are not allowed unless explicitly permitted.
- Raise your hand if you have any questions.
- Do not talk to other learners during the exam.
- Any form of dishonesty will result in immediate disqualification from the exam.

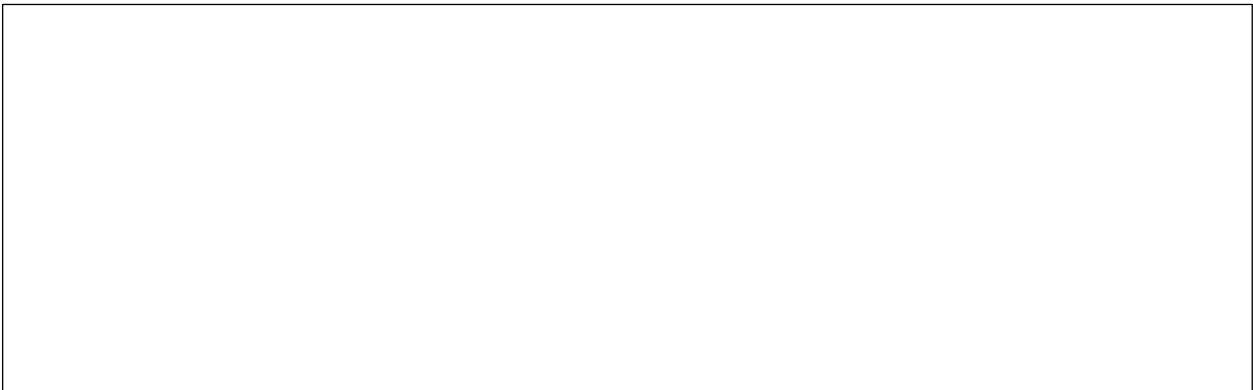
**This exam consists of Five pages, including the cover page.**

# QUESTION 1: PICTORIAL TO ORTHOGRAPHIC [25 marks]

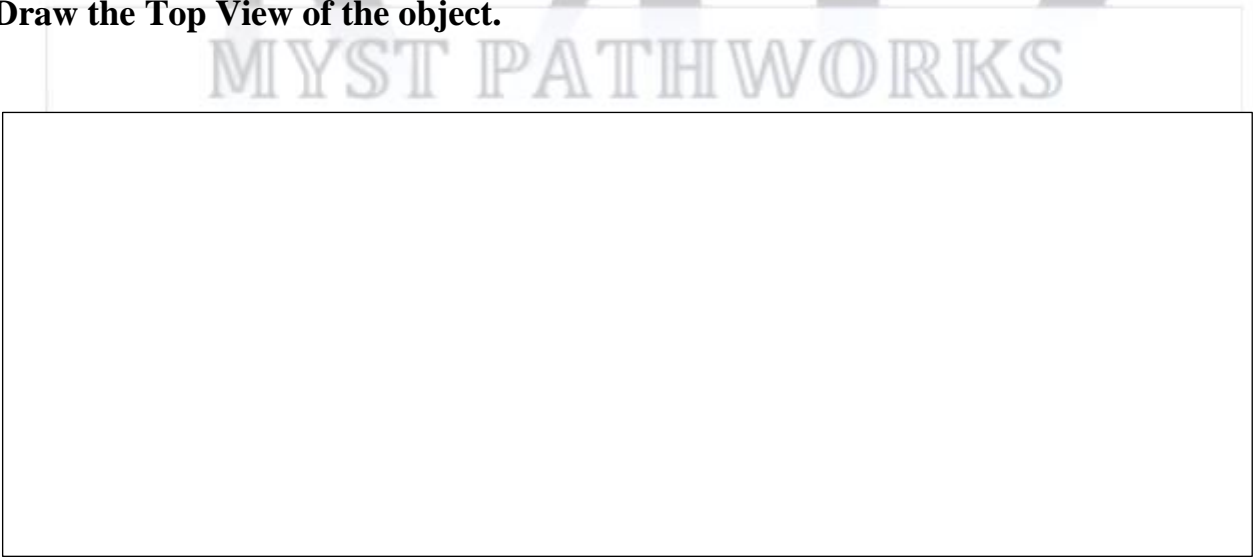
The description below describes a 3D object:

[Visual description:  
A rectangular prism 70 mm long, 40 mm wide, and 30 mm high with a triangular prism cut out from the top surface on the left side. The triangular prism has a base of 40 mm and height of 20 mm.]

## 1.1 Draw the Front View of the object.



## 1.2 Draw the Top View of the object.




## 1.3 Draw the Left Side View of the object.



## QUESTION 2: ISOMETRIC PROJECTION [20 marks]

Draw an isometric view of a **right circular cone** with a base diameter of 40 mm and height 60 mm.

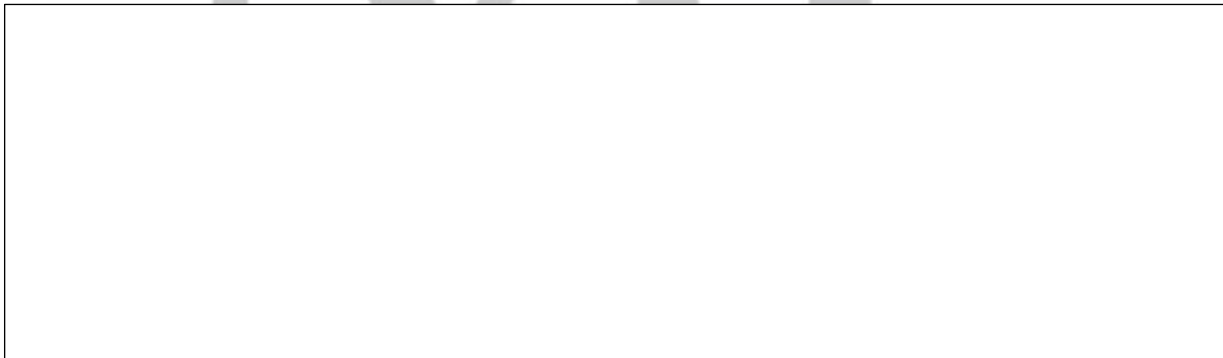
Draw your isometric projection here:



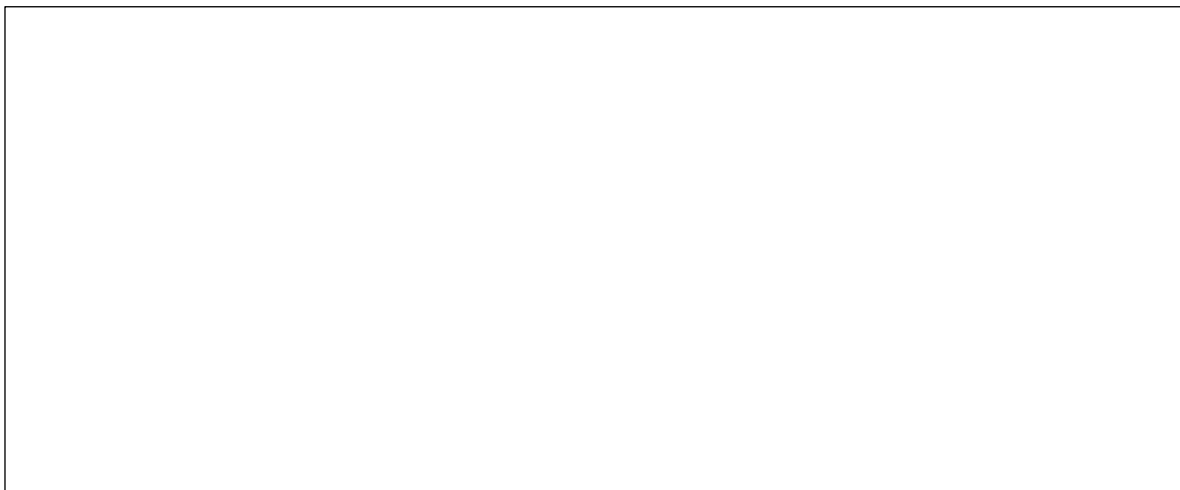
## QUESTION 3: DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES [20 marks]

A **pentagonal prism** has a base edge length of 30 mm and a height of 50 mm.

**3.1 Draw the front elevation and plan view of the prism.**



**3.2 Draw the development (net) of the pentagonal prism.**

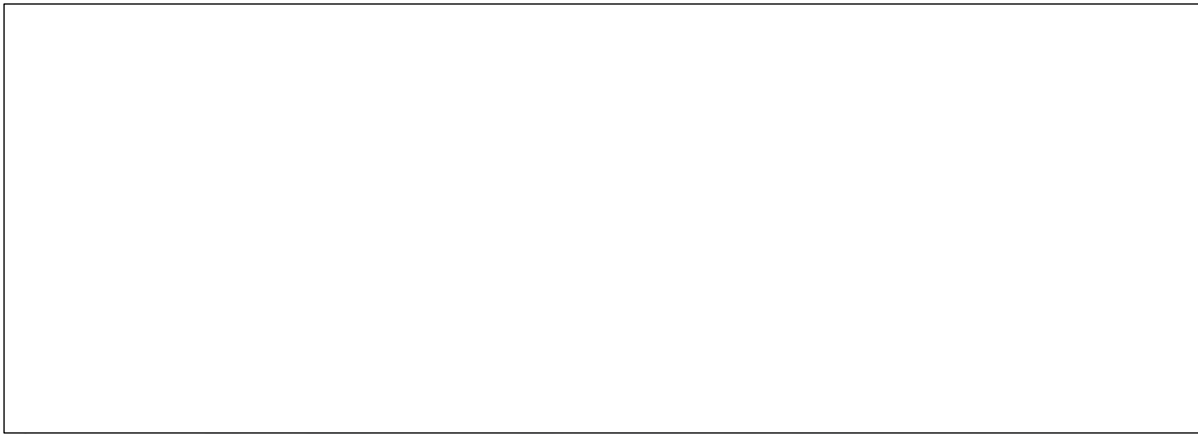


## QUESTION 4: SECTIONAL VIEWS [15 marks]

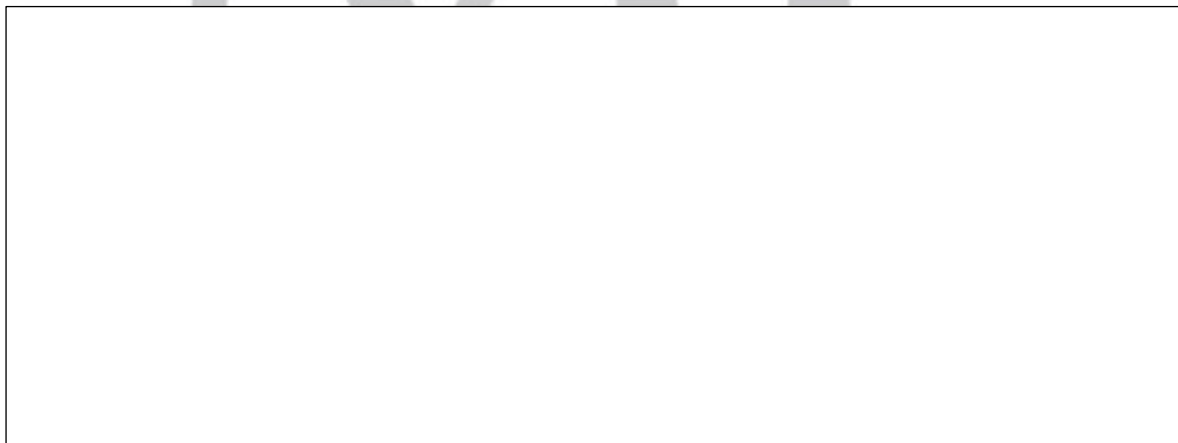
The figure below shows a rectangular block with a cylindrical hole drilled through the centre from top to bottom.

- Block dimensions: 80 mm long, 50 mm wide, 40 mm high.
- Hole diameter: 20 mm.

### 4.1 Draw the front elevation showing the hole in section.



### 4.2 Draw the top view of the block showing the hole.



## QUESTION 5: TECHNICAL DRAWING THEORY [20 marks]

Answer briefly:

### 5.1 What is the purpose of sectional views in technical drawings?

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**5.2 Explain the difference between full section and half section drawings.**

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**5.3 What is the importance of scale in technical drawings?**

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 **END OF EXAM**

**TOTAL : 100**



## MEMO

### QUESTION 1: PICTORIAL TO ORTHOGRAPHIC [25 marks]

- **Front View:**
    - Correct rectangle base 70 mm long  $\times$  30 mm high.
    - Triangular cut-out clearly shown on the top left (base 40 mm, height 20 mm). (8 marks)
  - **Top View:**
    - Correct rectangle 70 mm long  $\times$  40 mm wide.
    - Triangular cut-out shown at the left side of the top surface. (9 marks)
  - **Left Side View:**
    - Correct height (30 mm) and width (40 mm).
    - Triangular cut visible in correct position. (8 marks)
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### QUESTION 2: ISOMETRIC PROJECTION [20 marks]

- Correct isometric cone shape.
  - Base drawn as an ellipse with correct proportions (diameter 40 mm).
  - Height (60 mm) shown properly. (20 marks)
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### QUESTION 3: DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES [20 marks]

- **3.1 Front elevation:** Correct pentagon with base edges 30 mm and height 50 mm.
  - **Plan view:** Correct pentagonal shape base (5 sides, 30 mm edges). (8 marks)
  - **3.2 Development:**
    - Accurate layout of 5 rectangular faces (height 50 mm  $\times$  base edge 30 mm).
    - Two pentagons for top and bottom correctly drawn. (12 marks)
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### QUESTION 4: SECTIONAL VIEWS [15 marks]

- **4.1 Front elevation in section:**
    - Block dimensions 80 mm  $\times$  40 mm correctly shown.
    - Hole (20 mm diameter) shown as a rectangle with hatch lines indicating sectioning. (8 marks)
  - **4.2 Top view:**
    - Rectangle 80 mm  $\times$  50 mm.
    - Circular hole (20 mm diameter) in centre. (7 marks)
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## QUESTION 5: TECHNICAL DRAWING THEORY [20 marks]

- **5.1 Purpose of sectional views:**
    - To show internal features of an object that cannot be seen in external views. (6 marks)
  - **5.2 Difference between full and half sections:**
    - Full section: Object cut fully along a plane, showing the entire internal profile.
    - Half section: Only half of the object is cut and the other half remains as an external view. (7 marks)
  - **5.3 Importance of scale:**
    - Ensures the drawing fits on paper and represents the object proportionally.
    - Allows accurate measurement and communication of size. (7 marks)
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✓ END OF MEMO

TOTAL : 100

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