



Relative sizes of voxel-level rs-fMRI modules and their constituents

Explosive percolation and anti-fragmentation in fMRI network construction

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TEXAS

The University of Texas at Austin

Outline

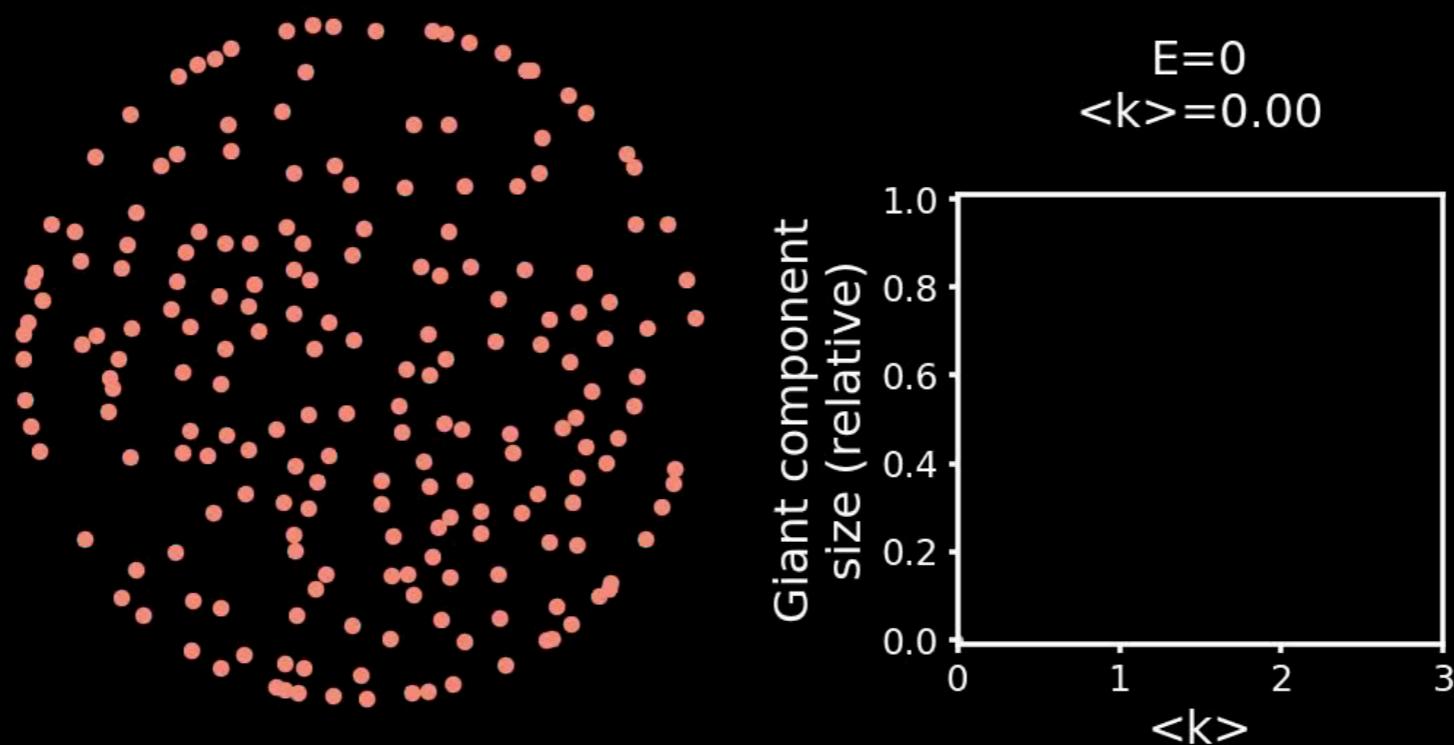
- Explosive percolation
- Thresholded networks
- Anti-fragmentation
- Demonstration (with Jupyter notebook)

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- Explosive percolation
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- Anti-fragmentation
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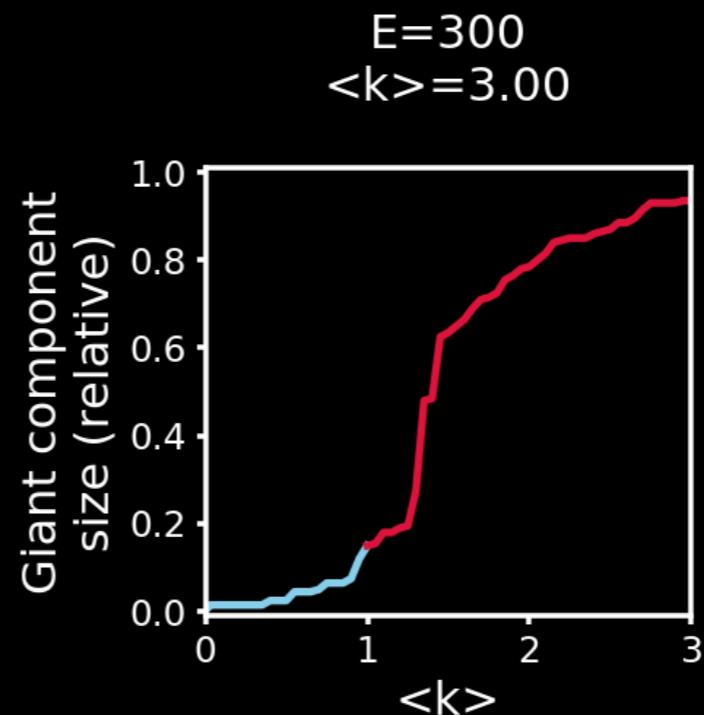
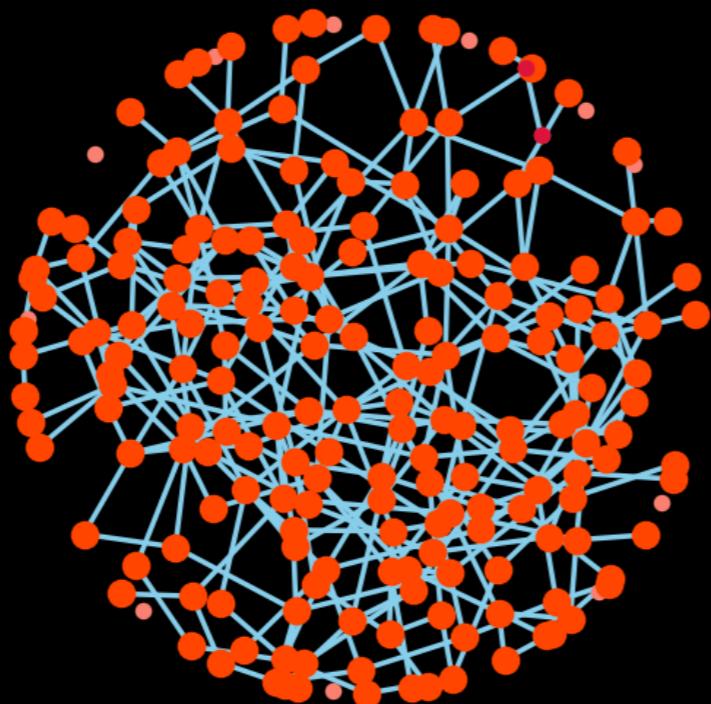
Percolation

- In Erdős-Rényi random network model
 - Edges are added to isolated nodes
 - Randomly, one by one



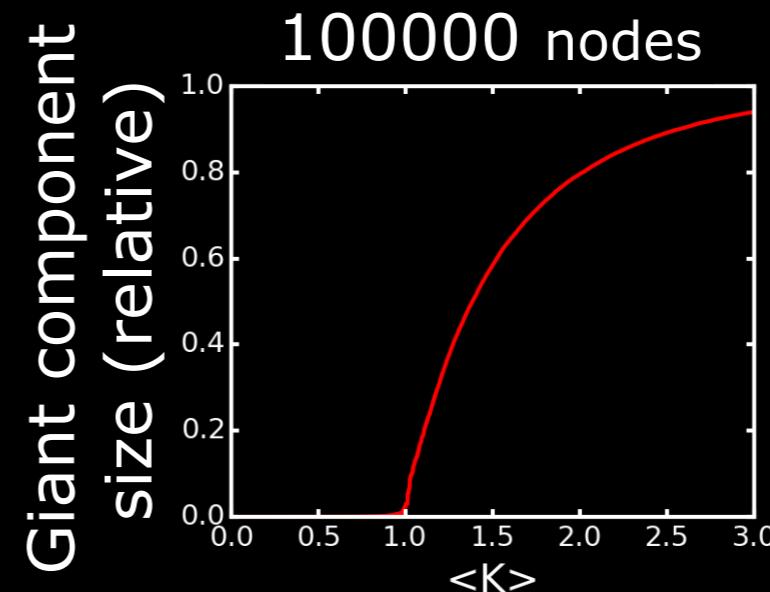
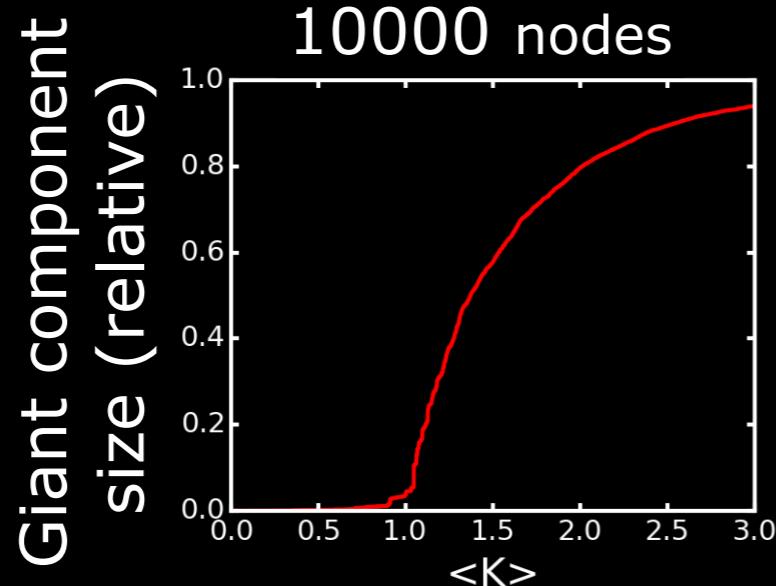
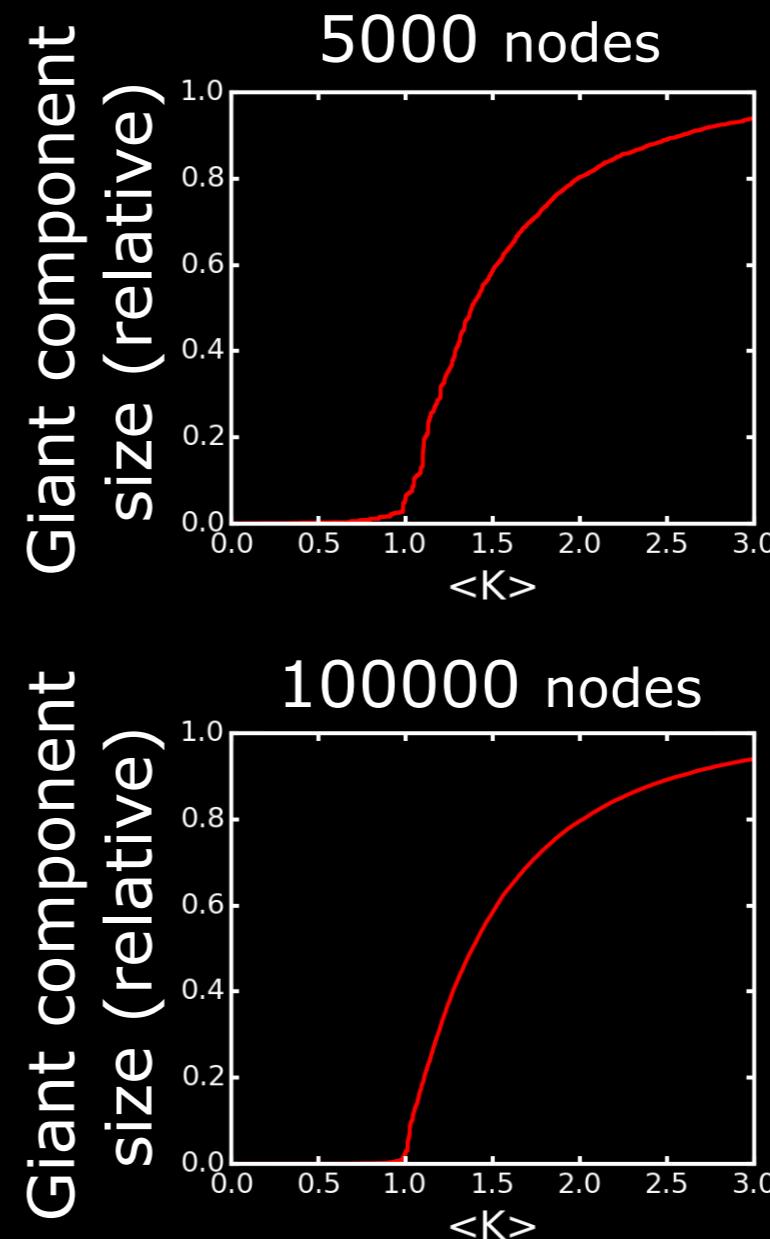
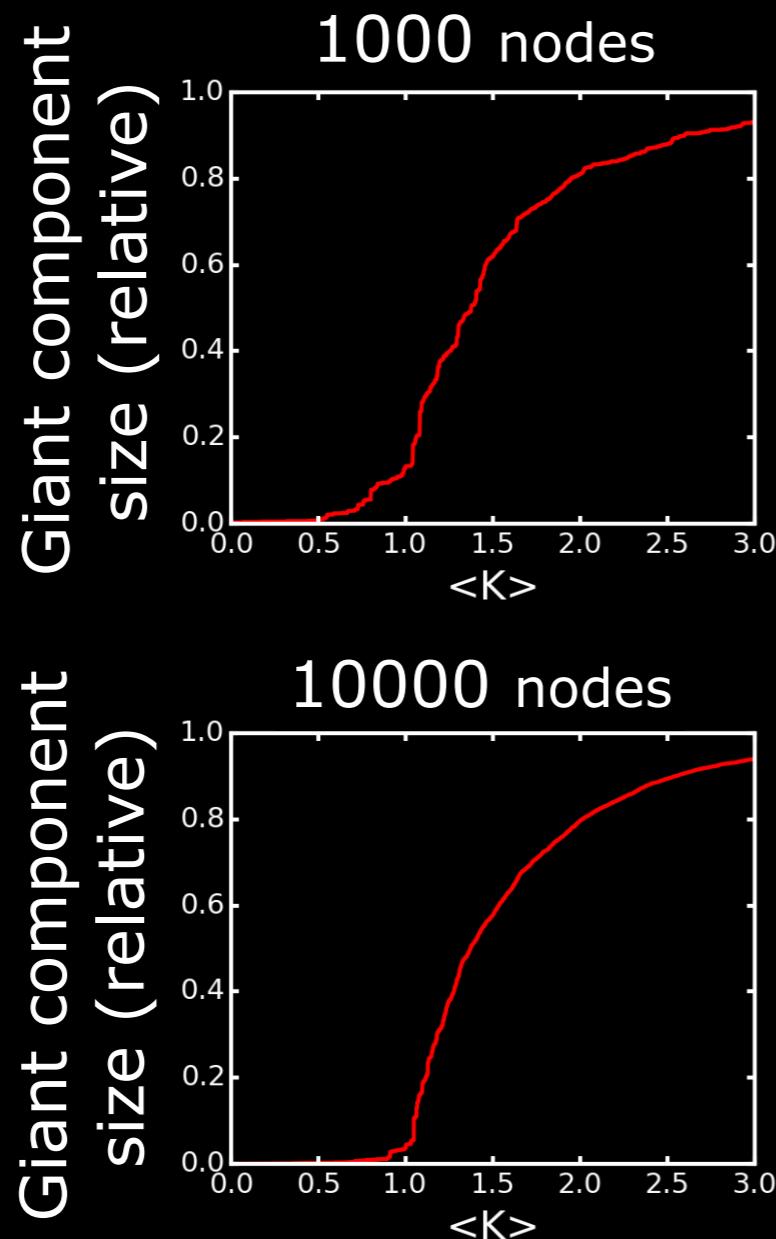
Percolation

- Giant component becomes truly *giant*
 - For $\langle k \rangle$ above 1
- Known as percolation



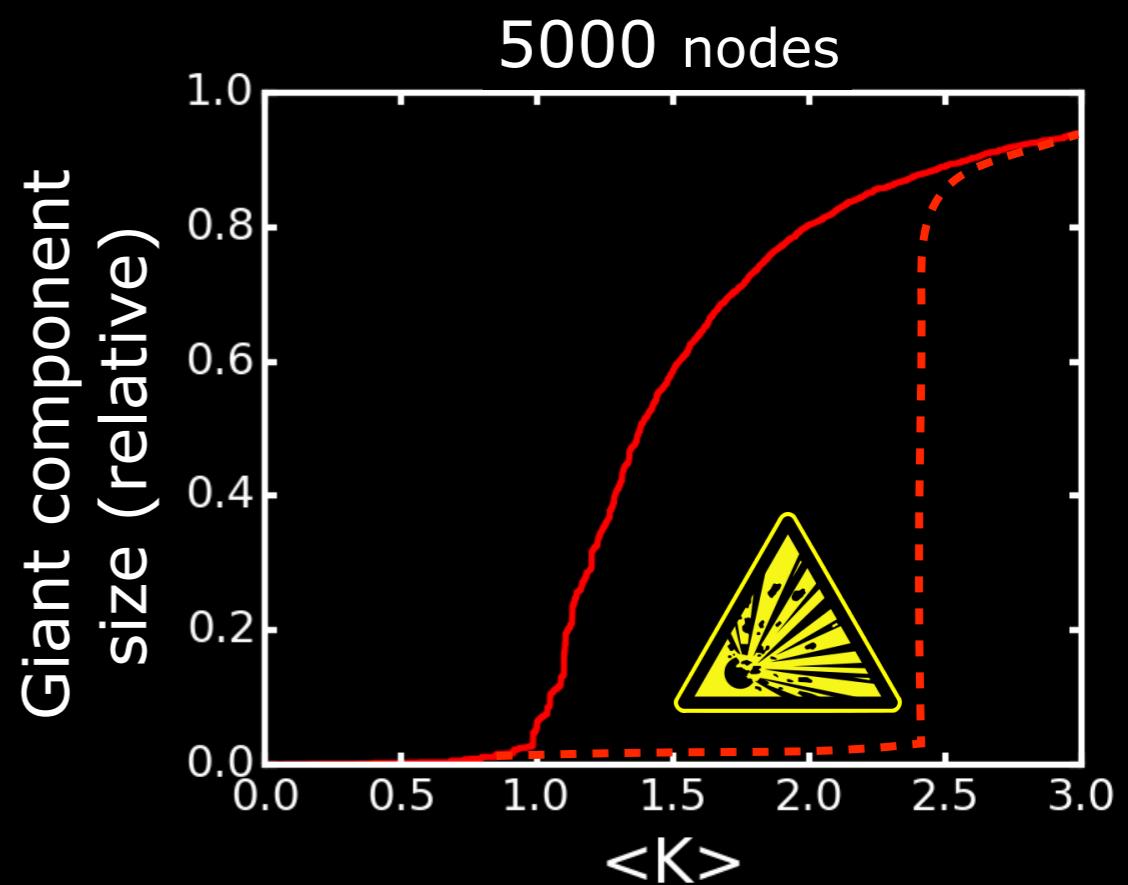
Percolation

- More apparent for large networks



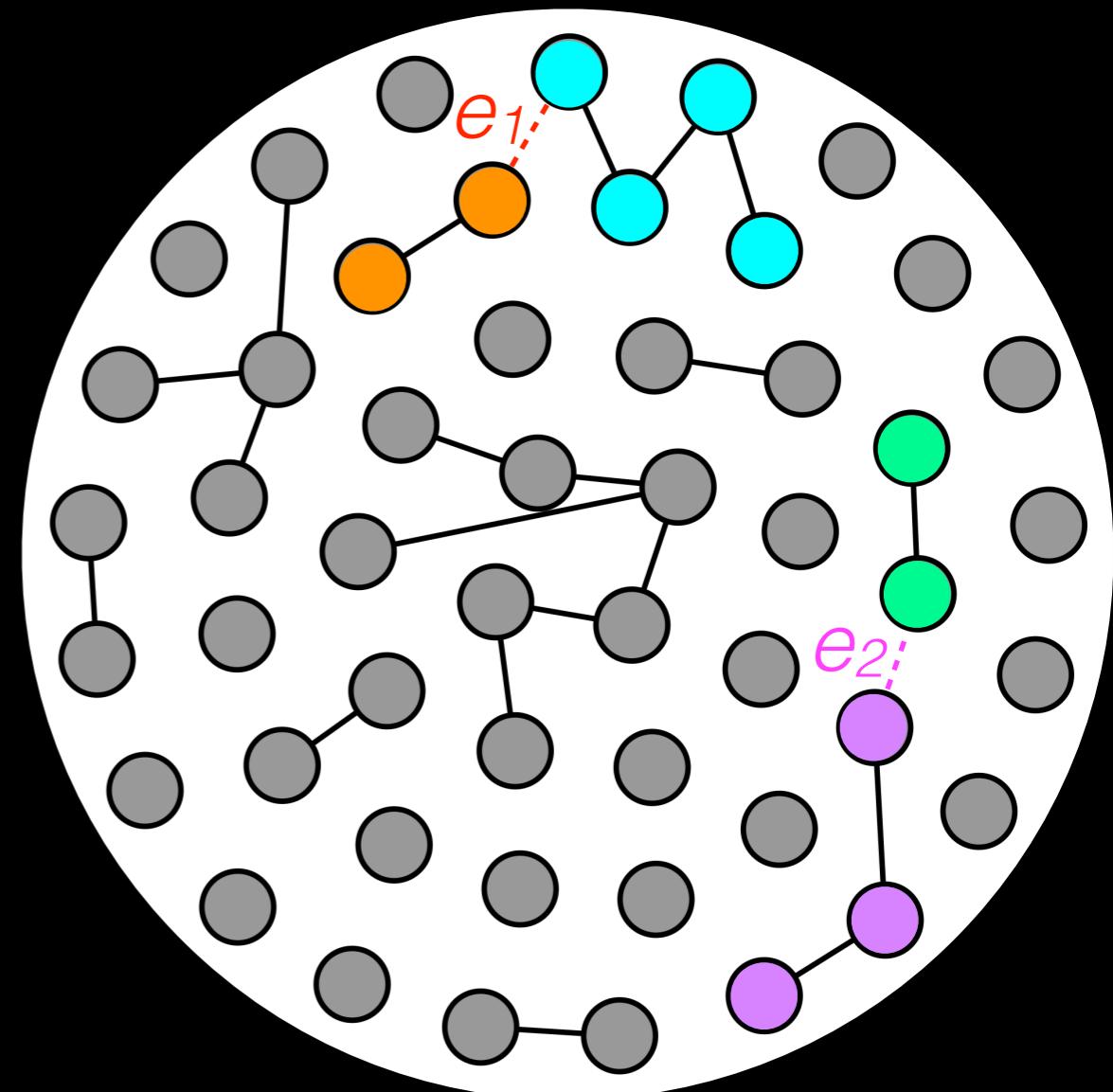
Percolation

- Phase transition
 - Disconnected to connected
 - A gradual process
 - Can it be abrupt?
- ***Explosive percolation***

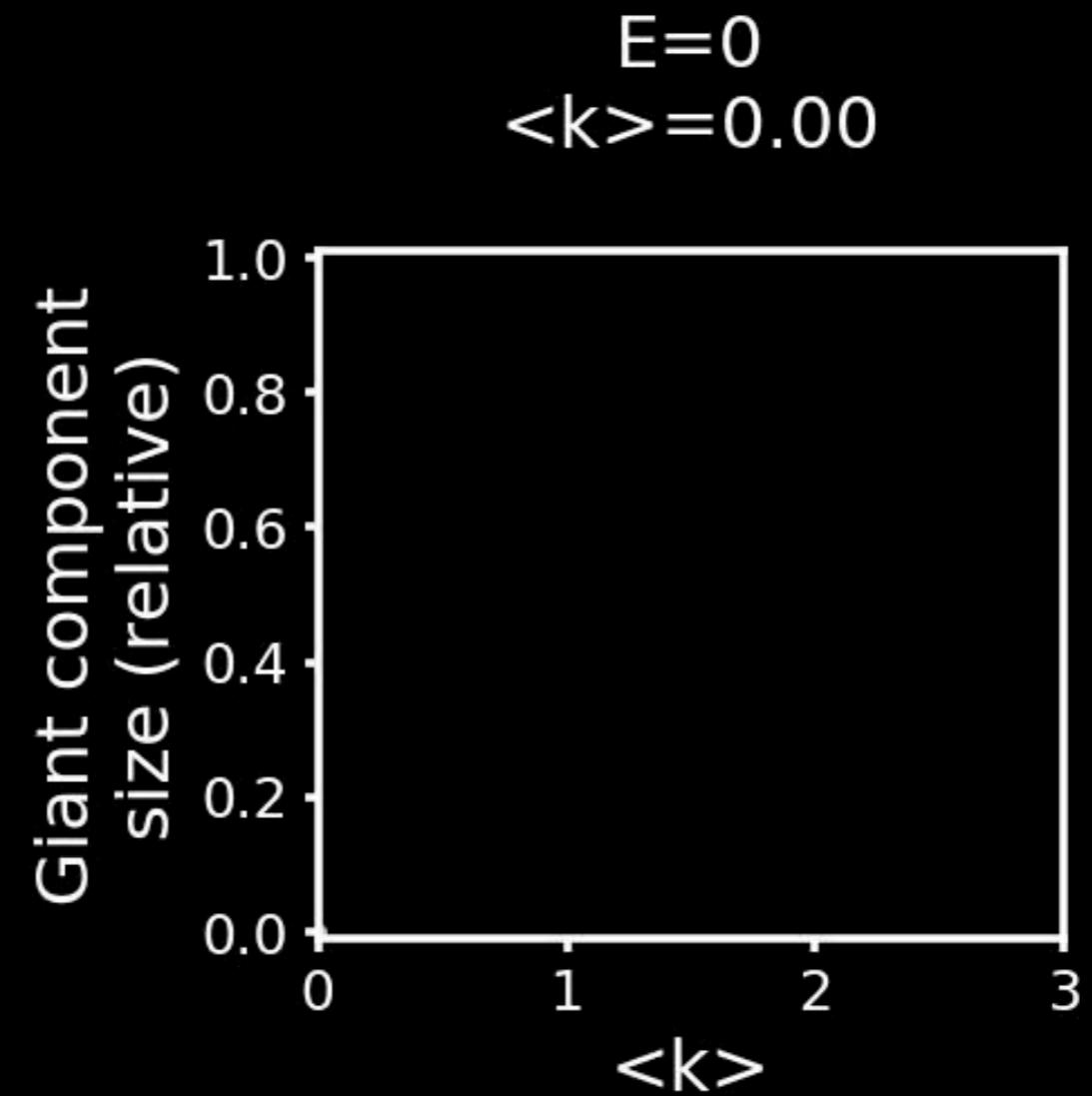
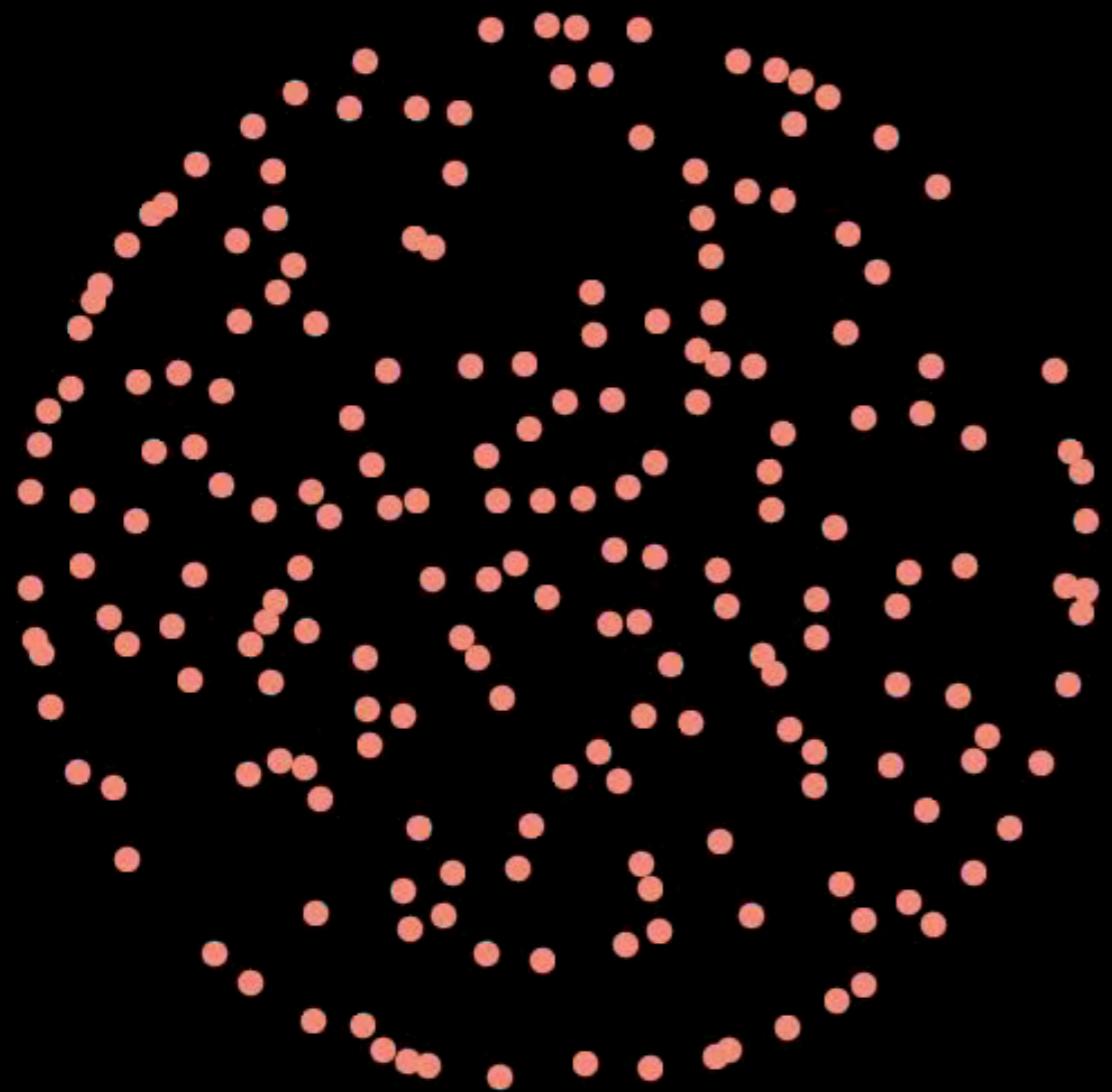


Explosive percolation

- Introduce two random edges at a time
 - Keep the one resulting in smaller connected component
 - Discard the other
 - In this example,
 - We keep e_2 , discard e_1



Explosive percolation



Outline

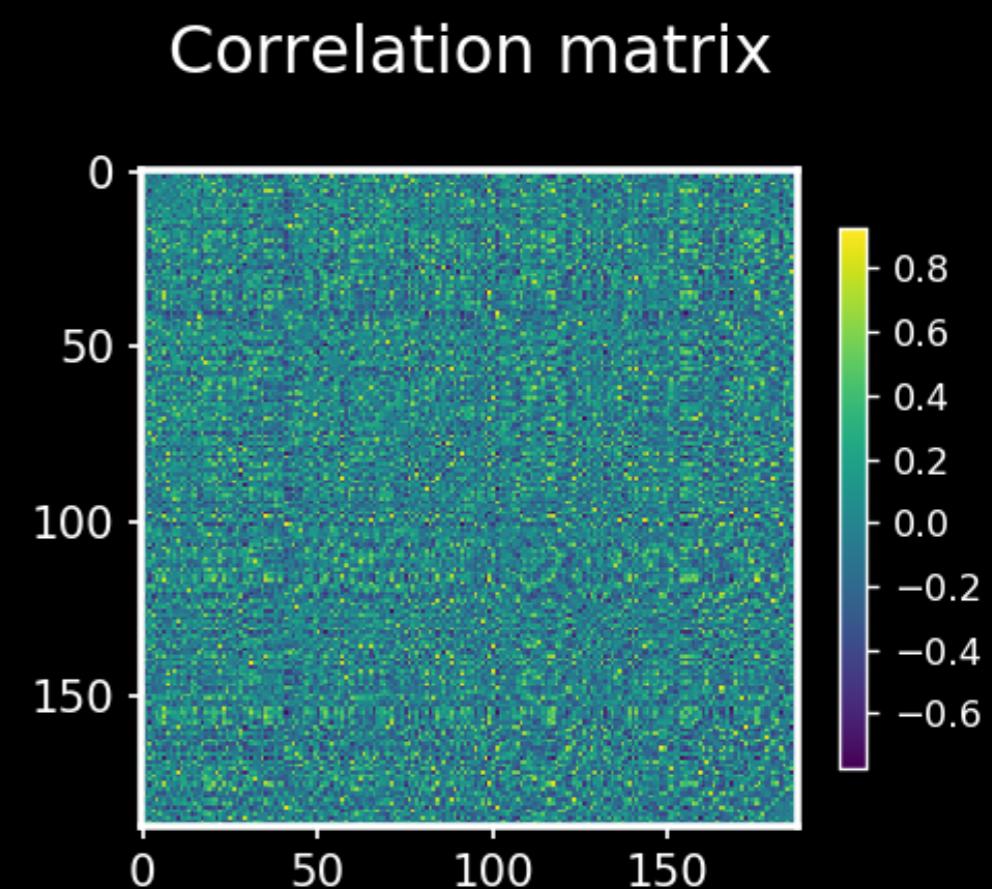
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Thresholded networks

- Resulting from thresholding a (correlation) matrix

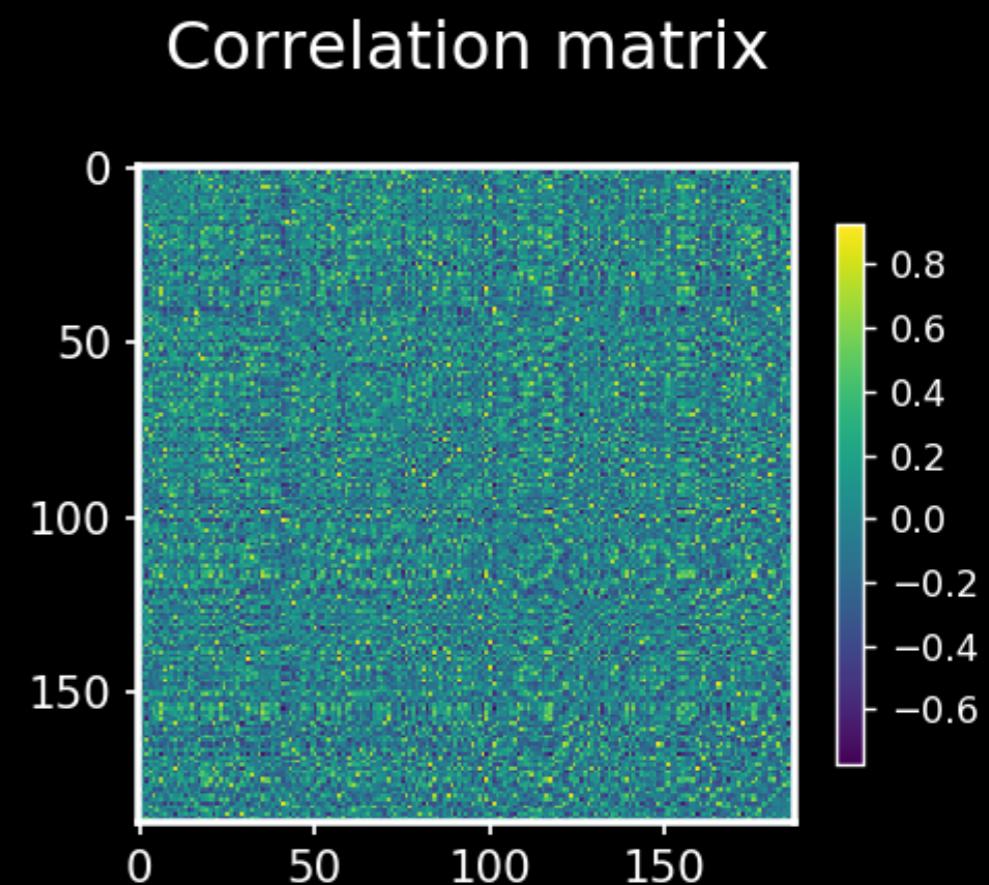
- Strong associations represented as edges
- Just a way to represent associations

→ No physical connections



Thresholded networks

- Same threshold for the entire matrix
 - Known as ***hard thresholding***

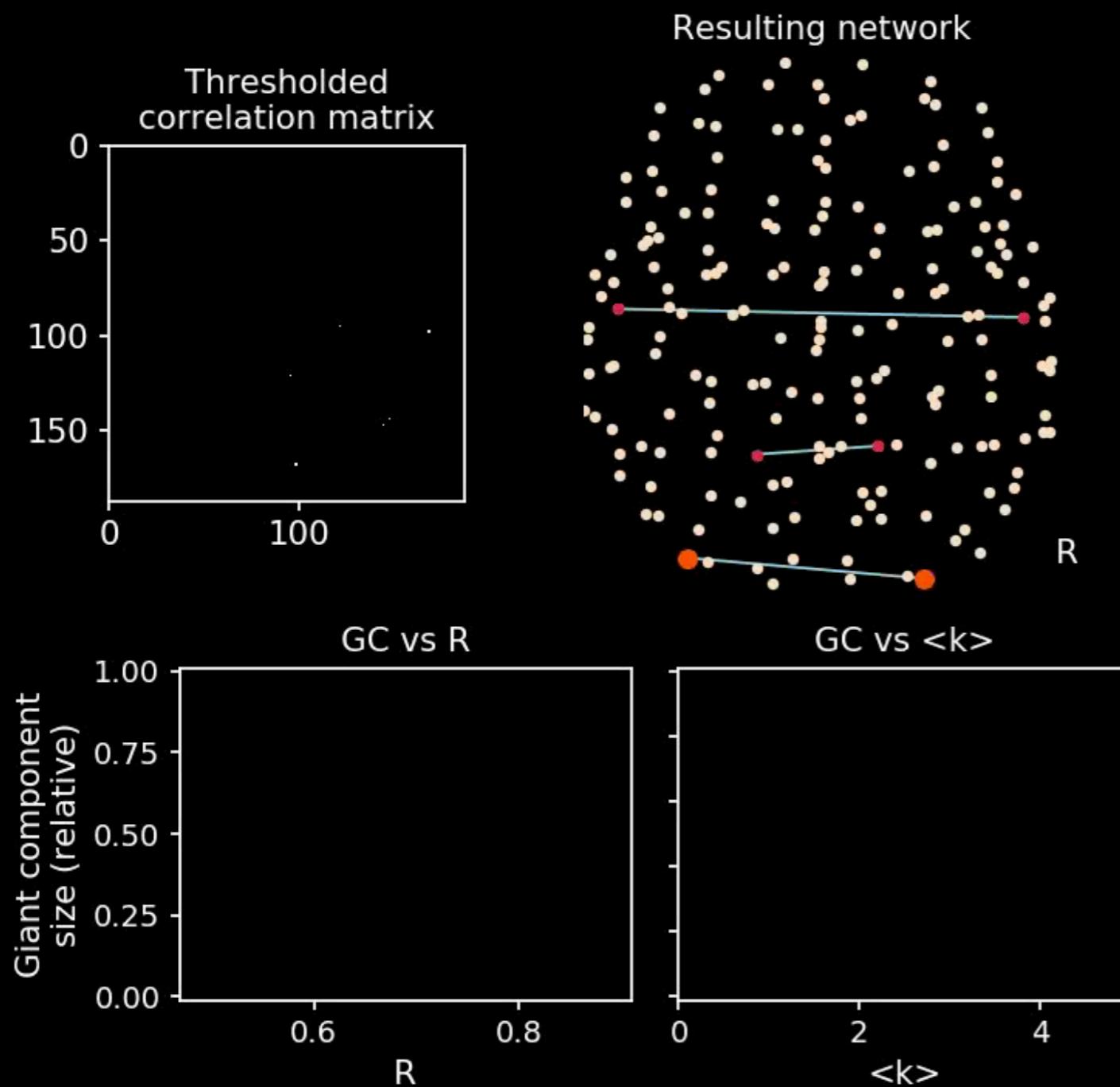


Thresholded networks

- Example: resting-state fMRI (rs-fMRI)
 - Correlation matrix of 188 ROI time courses
 - Threshold R is gradually lowered
- Giant component size recorded

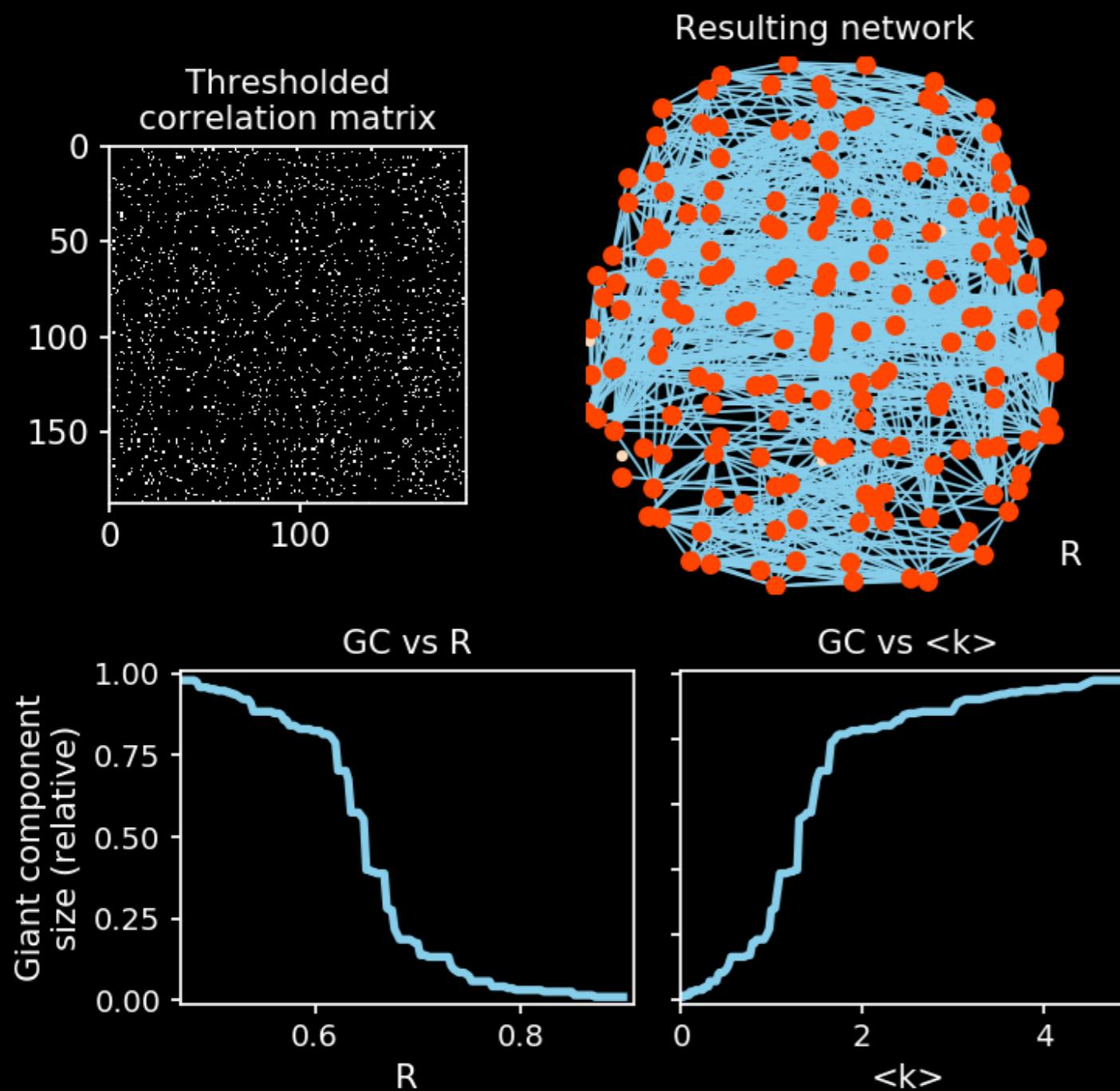
Thresholded networks

Threshold: $R > 0.900$, $E = 3$, $\langle k \rangle = 0.016$



Thresholded networks

Threshold: $R > 0.470$, $E = 921$, $\langle k \rangle = 4.899$



- Giant component grows gradually
- No apparent phase transition
- Any way to induce percolation?

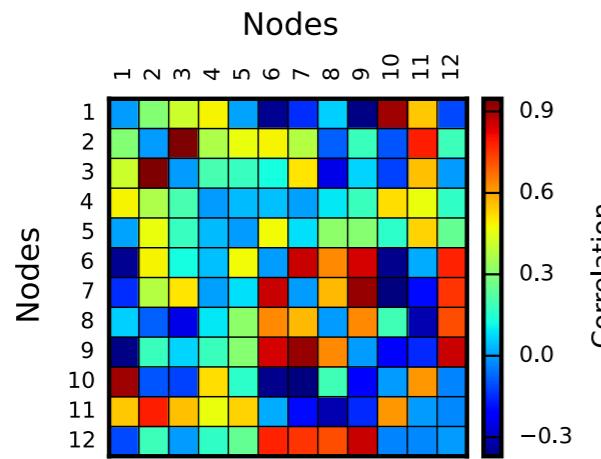
Node-wise thresholding

- Apply a separate threshold
 - To each row of the correlation matrix
 - Top d highest correlation per row → edges

Ruan et al., BMC Systems Bio (2010)
Foti et al., PLoS ONE (2011)
Hayasaka, Physica A (2016)

Node-wise thresholding

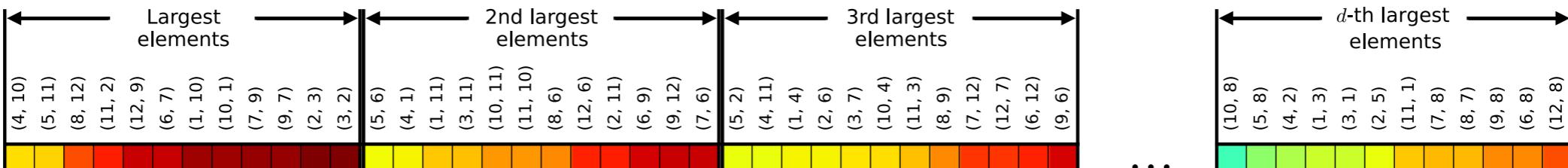
(a) Correlation matrix



(b) Find largest elements in each row

Largest elements	2nd largest elements	3rd largest elements	d -th largest elements
(1, 10)	(1, 11)	(1, 4)	(1, 3)
(2, 3)	(2, 11)	(2, 6)	(2, 5)
(3, 11)	(3, 11)	(3, 7)	(3, 1)
(4, 1)	(4, 1)	(4, 11)	(4, 2)
(5, 11)	(5, 6)	(5, 2)	(5, 8)
(6, 7)	(6, 9)	(6, 12)	(6, 8)
(7, 9)	(7, 6)	(7, 12)	(7, 8)
(8, 6)	(8, 6)	(8, 9)	(8, 7)
(9, 7)	(9, 12)	(9, 6)	(9, 8)
(10, 1)	(10, 11)	(10, 4)	(10, 8)
(11, 2)	(11, 10)	(11, 3)	(11, 1)
(12, 9)	(12, 6)	(12, 7)	(12, 8)

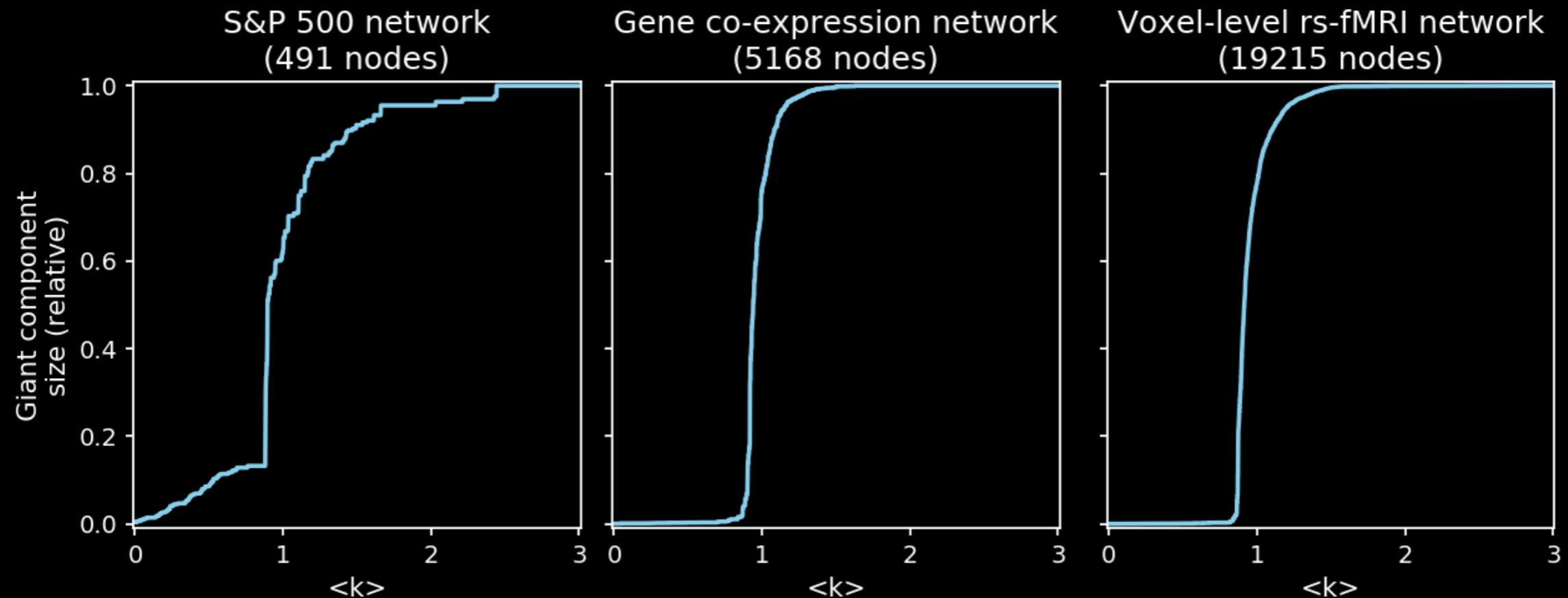
(c) Sort elements within each rank



Edges are added in this order

Node-wise thresholding

Evolution of giant component sizes in
node-wise thresholding networks



Hayasaka, Physica A (2016)

Outline

- Explosive percolation
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Fragmented networks

- Hard thresholding
 - No percolation → does not reach connected state
 - Unless a large number of edges are added
- Lack of phase transition
 - Disconnected components
 - Concentration of edges

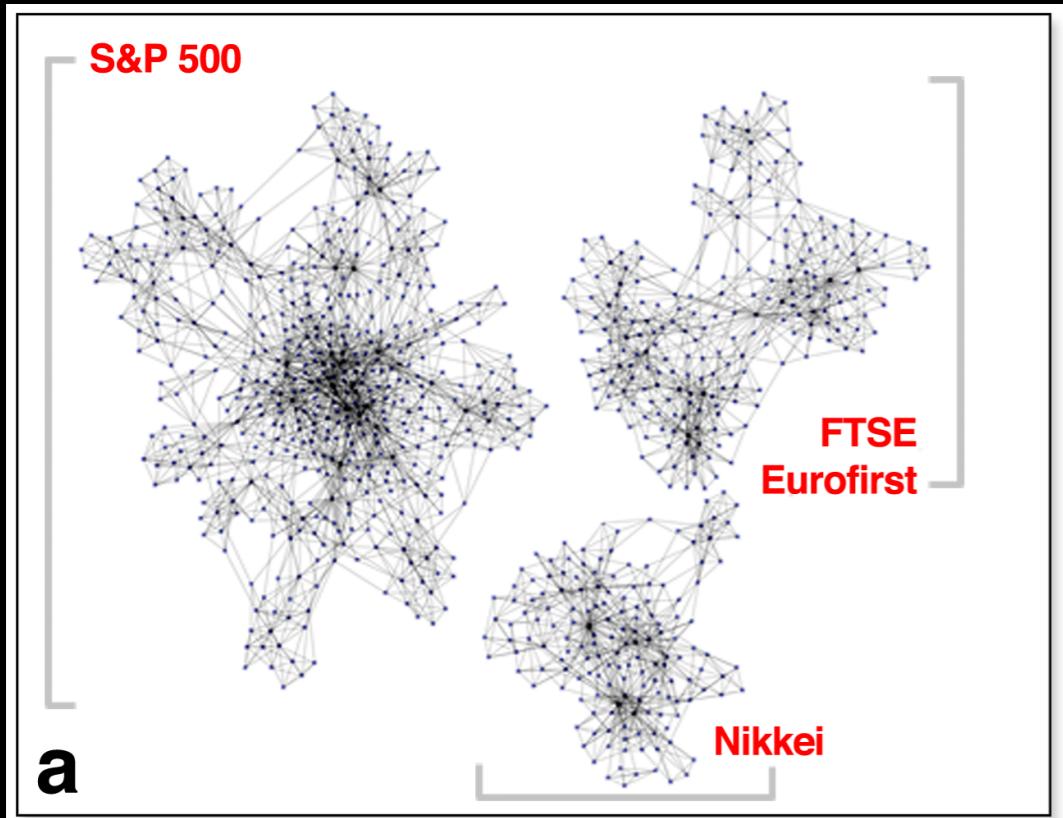
Anti-fragmentation

- Node-wise thresholding
 - Explosive percolation → connected state
→ Even with a small number of edges
 - Virtually no disconnected component
 - No excessive concentration of edges

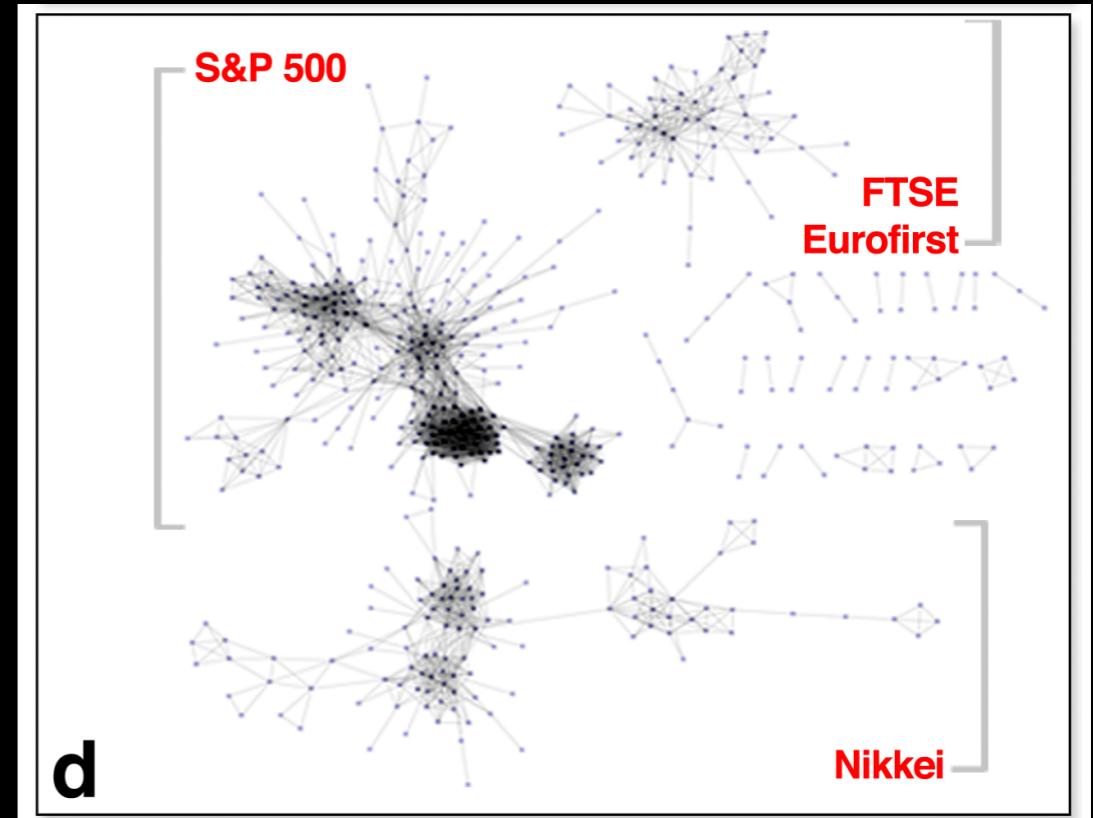
Exhibit 1

Stock market correlation network

Node-wise thresholding



Hard thresholding

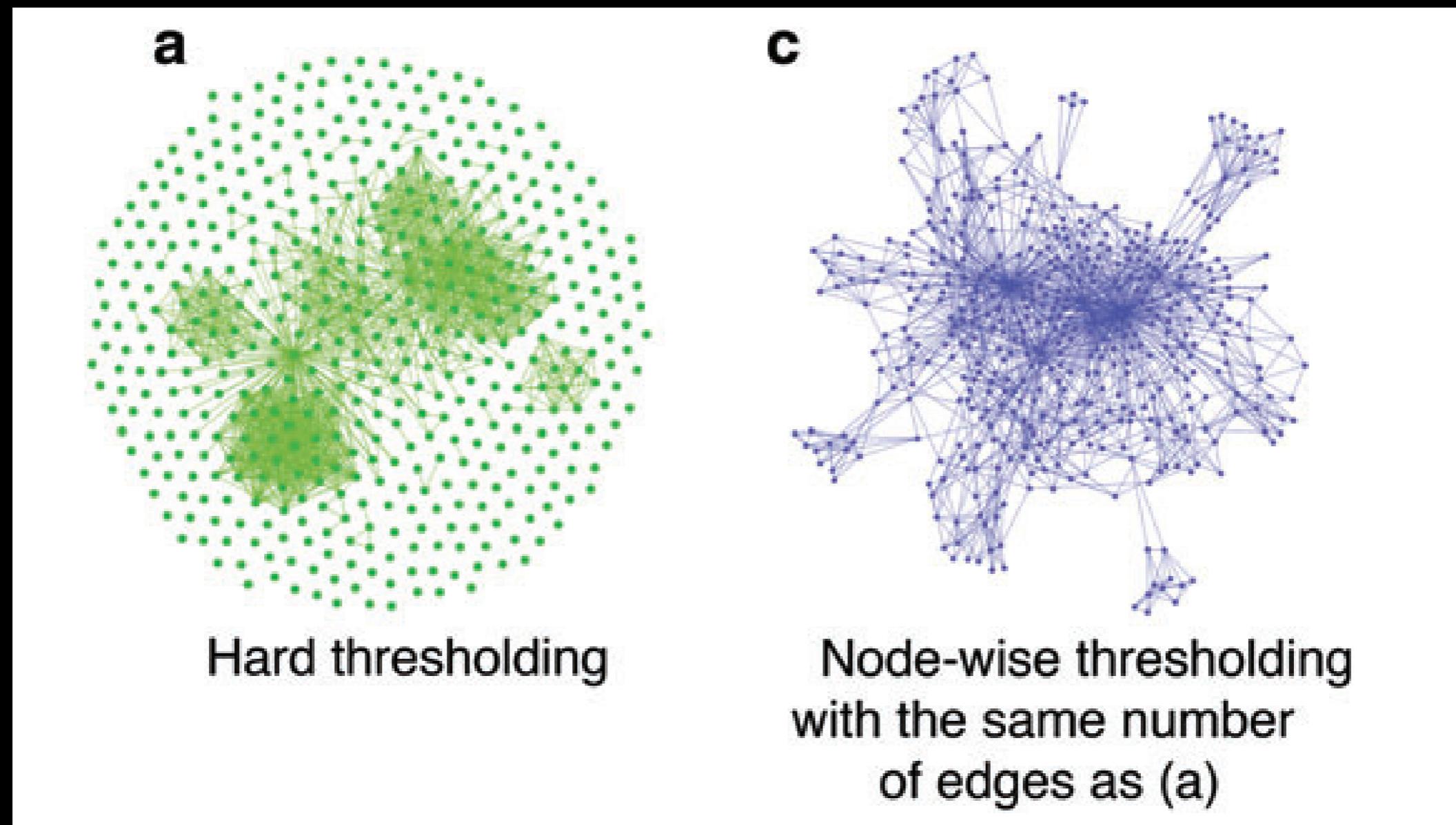


Same
number
of edges

Foti et al., PLoS ONE (2011)

Exhibit 2

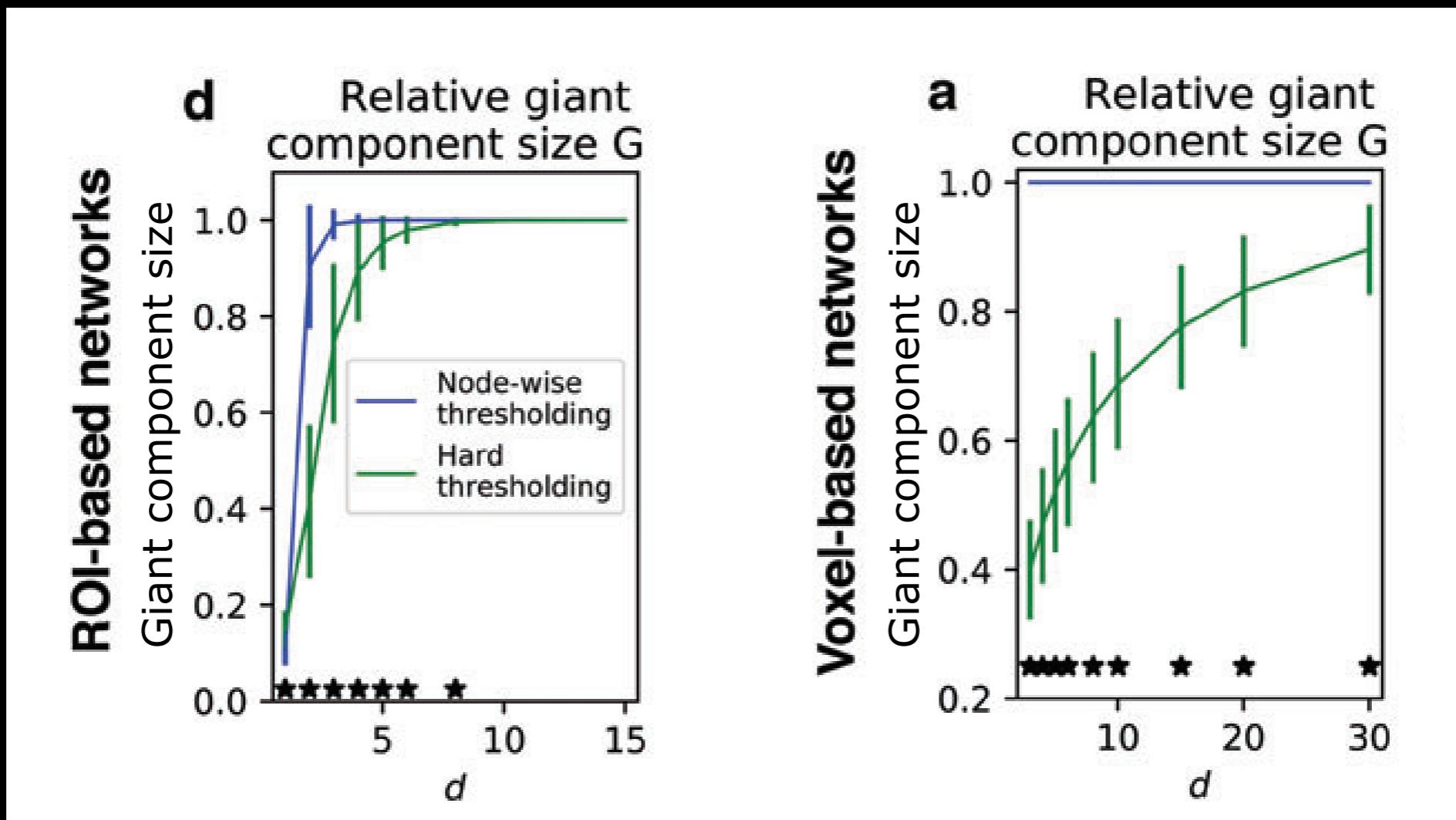
S&P 500 correlation network



Hayasaka, Brain Connectivity (2017)

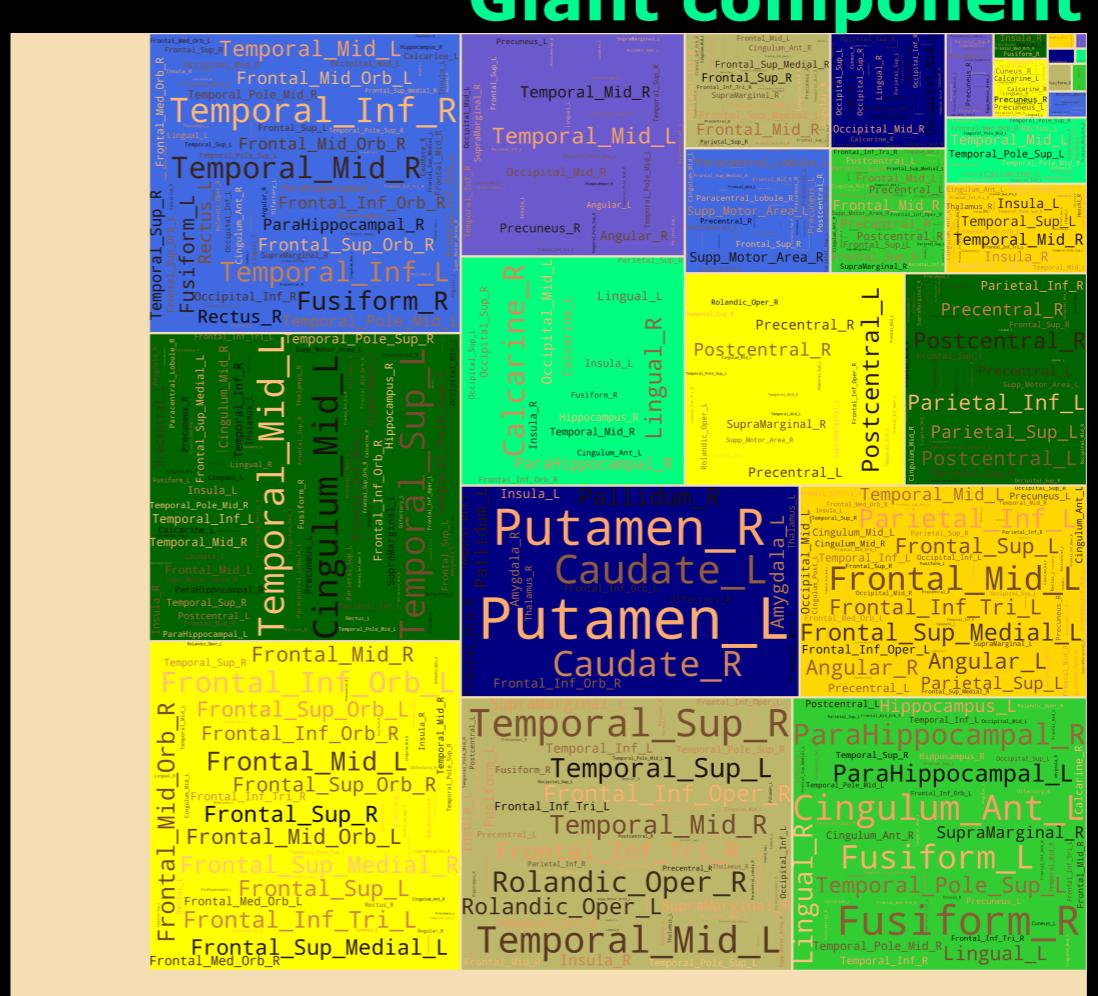
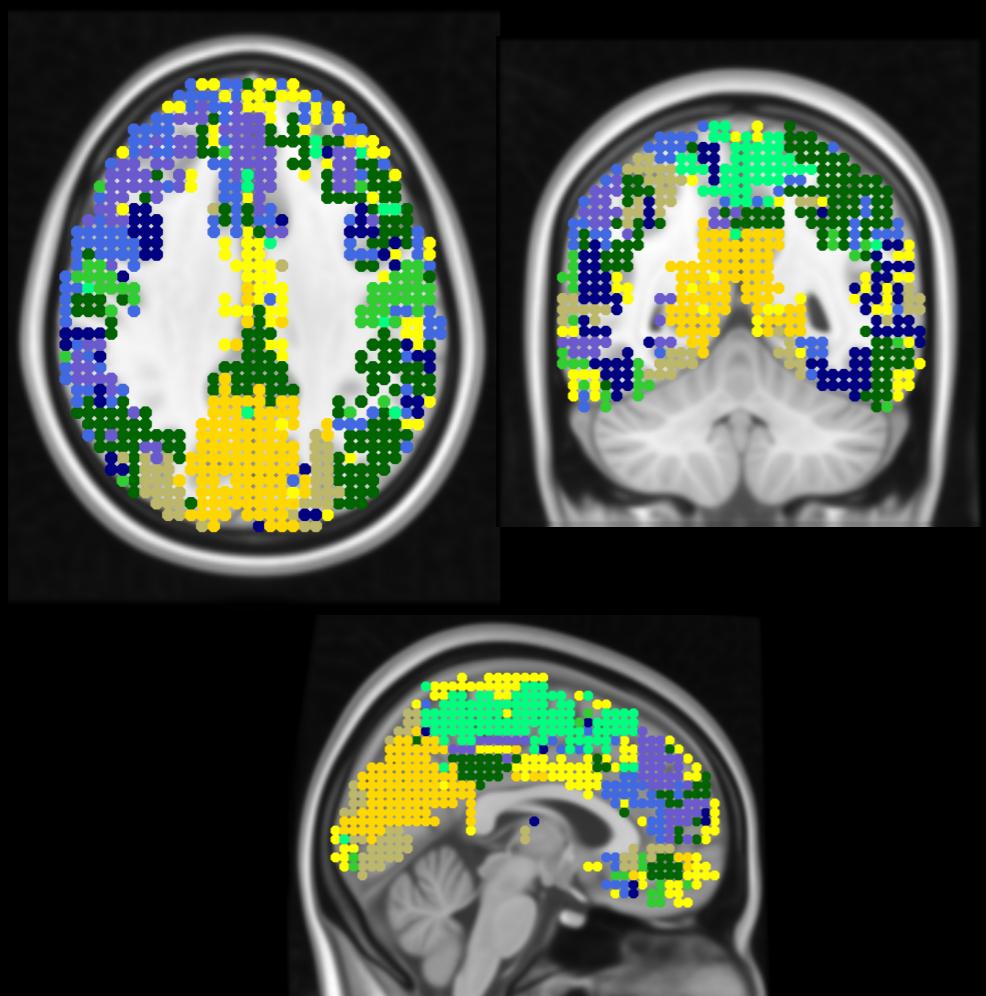
Exhibit 3

rs-fMRI networks from N=123 subjects



Modules from hard thresholding

Modular partition of voxel-level rs-fMRI network (representative subject, formed at d=10)

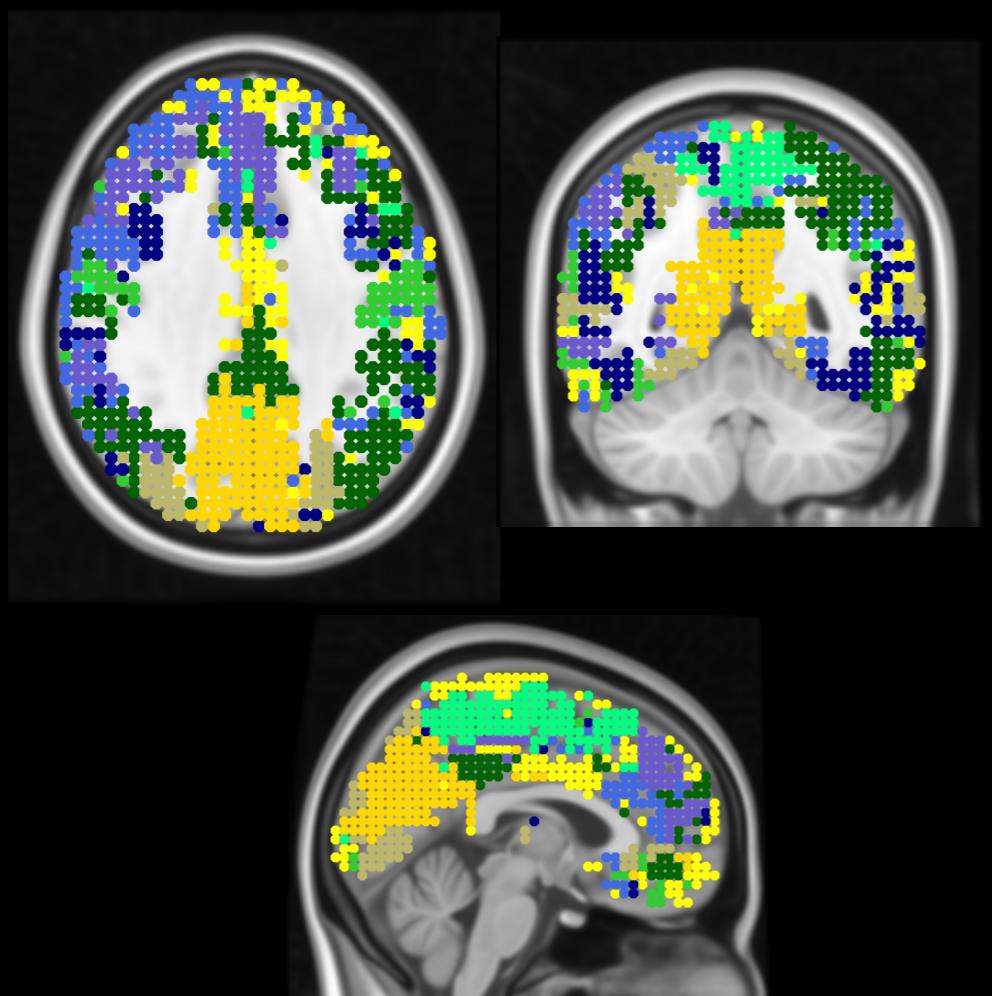


Disconnected components

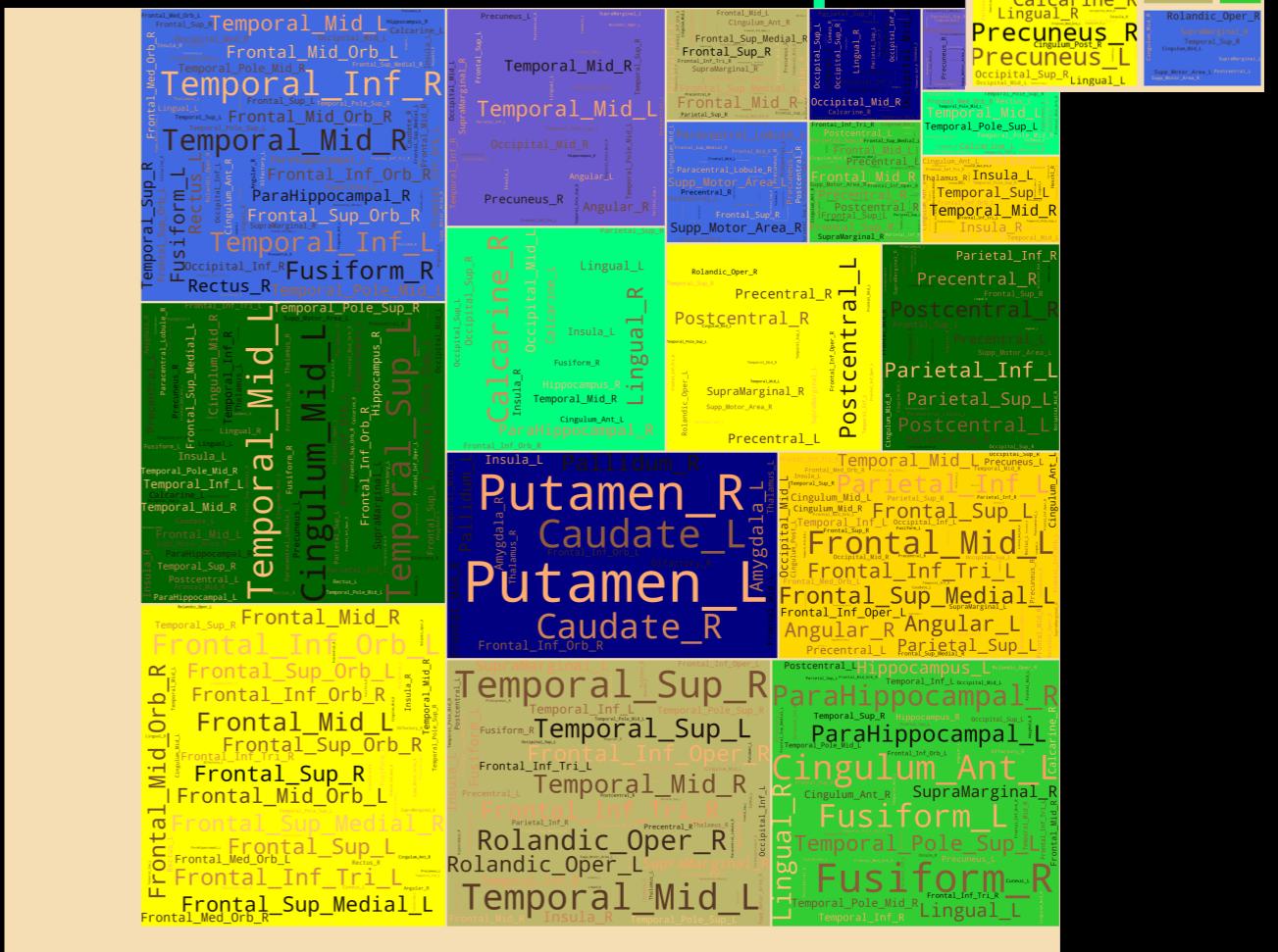
Relative sizes of modules and their constituents

Modules from hard thresholding

Modular partition of voxel-level rs-fMRI network
(representative subject, formed at $d=10$)



Giant component



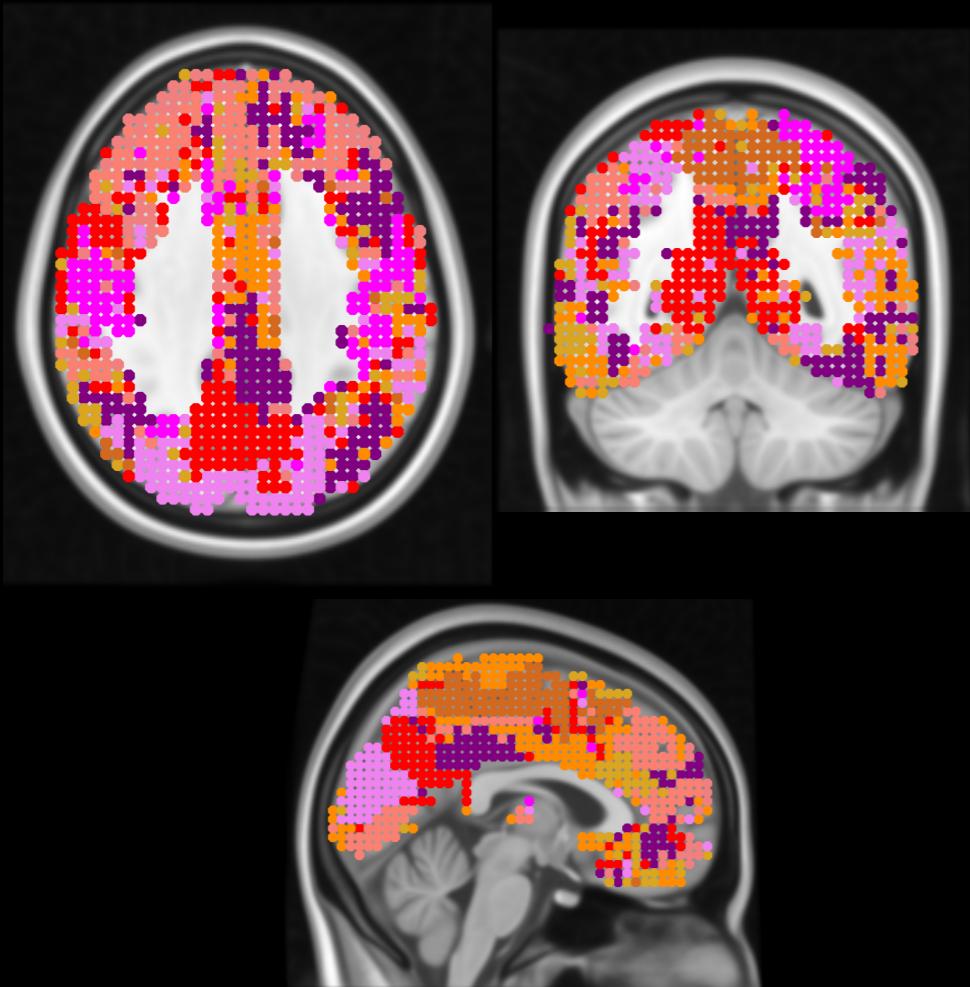
Disconnected components

Relative sizes of modules and their constituents

Micro modules

Modules from node-wise thresholding

Modular partition of voxel-level rs-fMRI network
(representative subject, formed at d=10)

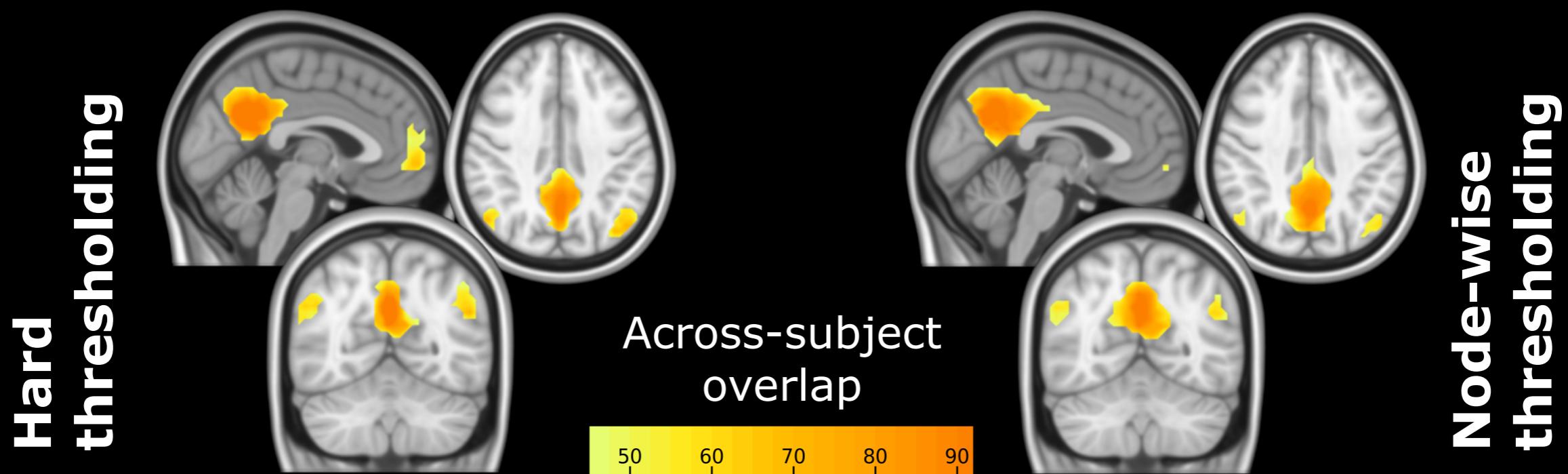


Relative sizes of modules and their constituents

Consistency of modules

Overlap of modules across N=123 subjects
voxel-level rs-fMRI network
(formed at $d=10$)

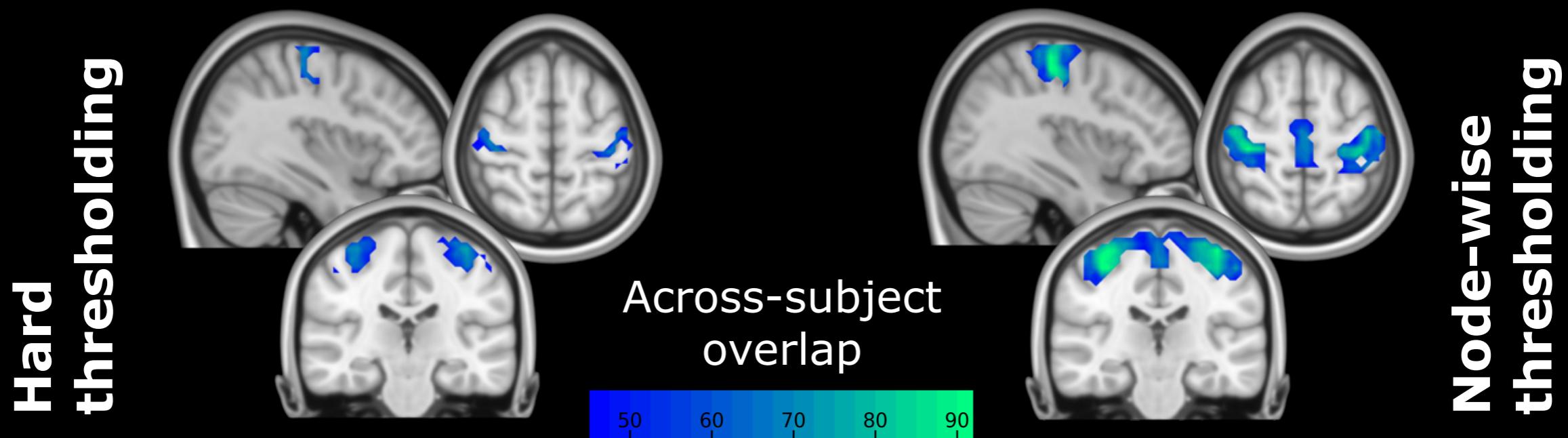
Default mode network module



Consistency of modules

Overlap of modules across N=123 subjects
voxel-level rs-fMRI network
(formed at d=10)

Sensory-motor module



Take home messages

Hard thresholding	Node-wise thresholding
Gradual growth, no percolation	Percolation during formation
Some disconnected components	No disconnected components
Possible micro modules	No micro modules
Limited consistency in some modules	Consistent modules

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Github Repo

- Codes, data, some figures, slides (PDF), and notes

sathayas/NetNeurosci2019

- Link from
 - Web: sathayas.github.io
 - Twitter: @sathayas42