Convex Optimization

1 12^{th} Maths - Chapter 6

This is Problem-1(i) from Exercise 6.5

1. Detrmine whether the function $f(x) = (2x - 1)^2 + 3$ is convex or not. **Solution:** A single variable function f is said to be convex if

$$f[\lambda x_1 + (1 - \lambda) x_2] \le \lambda f(x_1) + (1 - \lambda) f(x_2),$$
 (1)

for $0 < \lambda < 1$ and $x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}$.

For a generic quadratic function $ax^2 + bc + c$, let us determine the sufficient condition for it to be convex. Let

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c (2)$$

Substituting LHS of inequality from (1) in (2)

$$f[\lambda x_1 + (1 - \lambda) x_2] = f[x_2 + \lambda (x_1 - x_2)]$$

$$= a[x_2 + \lambda (x_1 - x_2)]^2 b[x_2 + \lambda (x_1 - x_2)] + c$$

$$= ax_2^2 + a\lambda^2 x_1^2 + a\lambda^2 x_2^2 - 2a\lambda^2 x_1 x_2$$

$$+ 2a\lambda x_1 x_2 - 2a\lambda x_2^2 + bx_2 + b\lambda x_1 - b\lambda x_2 + c \quad (3)$$

Substituting RHS of inequality from (1) in (2)

$$\lambda f(x_1) + (1 - \lambda) f(x_2) = a\lambda x_1^2 + b\lambda x_1 + \lambda c + (1 - \lambda) (ax_2^2 + bx_2 + c) = a\lambda x_1^2 + b\lambda x_1 + ax_2^2 + bx_2 + c - a\lambda x_2^2 - b\lambda x_2$$
(4)

Combining (3) and (4) with inequality and simplifying

$$a\lambda^{2}x_{1}^{2} + a\lambda^{2}x_{2}^{2} - 2a\lambda^{2}x_{1}x_{2} + 2a\lambda x_{1}x_{2} - 2a\lambda x_{2}^{2} \le a\lambda x_{1}^{2} - a\lambda x_{2}^{2}$$
 (5)

$$a\lambda^{2}x_{1}^{2} + a\lambda^{2}x_{2}^{2} - 2a\lambda^{2}x_{1}x_{2} + 2a\lambda x_{1}x_{2} - a\lambda x_{2}^{2} - a\lambda x_{1}^{2} \leq 0$$

$$x_{1}^{2}(a\lambda^{2} - a\lambda) + x_{2}^{2}(a\lambda^{2} - a\lambda) - 2x_{1}x_{2}(a\lambda^{2} - a\lambda) \leq 0$$

$$(a\lambda^{2} - a\lambda)(x_{1} - x_{2})^{2} \leq 0$$

$$a\lambda(1 - \lambda)(x_{1} - x_{2})^{2} \geq 0 \quad (6)$$

For the inequality in (6) to be true,

$$a \ge 0 :: \lambda, 1 - \lambda \ge 0, (x_1 - x_2)^2 \ge 0$$
 (7)

However, $a \neq 0$, since it is a quadratice function. Hence a > 0, for f(x) to be convex.

The given function is

$$f(x) = (2x - 1)^2 + 3 (8)$$

$$=4x^2 + 4x + 4 (9)$$

$$\therefore a = 4, > 0 \tag{10}$$

Hence, the function in equation (8) is convex.

The figure is as shown in Fig1

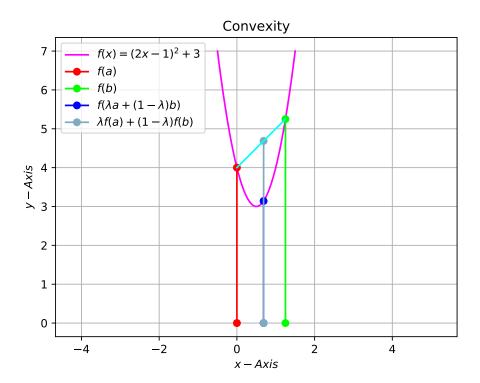


Figure 1