Circles

$1 \quad 11^{th} \text{ Maths}$ - Chapter 10

This is Problem-3 from Exercise 10.4

1. Find the centre of a circle passing though the points (6, -6), (3, -7) and (3, 3).

Solution: The equation of the crcle is given by

$$\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 + 2\mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{u} + f = 0 \tag{1}$$

where

$$\mathbf{u} = -\mathbf{c} \text{ and} \tag{2}$$

$$f = \|\mathbf{c}\|^2 - r^2 \tag{3}$$

Given points are

$$\mathbf{x_1} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{x_2} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{x_3} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (4)

Substituting points from (4) into (1)

$$(6^2 + (-6)^2) + 2(6 - 6)\mathbf{u} + f = 0 \implies 2(6 - 6)\mathbf{u} + f = -72 (5)$$

$$(3^2 + (-7)^2) + 2(3 - 7)\mathbf{u} + f = 0 \implies 2(3 - 7)\mathbf{u} + f = -58 (6)$$

$$(3^2 + 3^2) + 2(3 \quad 3)\mathbf{u} + f = 0 \implies 2(3 \quad 3)\mathbf{u} + f = -18(7)$$

Representing the above system of equations in matrix form

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -14 & 1 \\ 12 & -12 & 1 \\ 6 & 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u} \\ f \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -58 \\ -72 \\ -18 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

The augmented matrix is expressed as

$$\begin{pmatrix}
6 & -14 & 1 & | & -58 \\
12 & -12 & 1 & | & -72 \\
6 & 6 & 1 & | & -18
\end{pmatrix}$$
(9)

Performing sequence of row operations to transform into an Echelon form

$$\stackrel{R_2 \to R_2 - 2R_1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -14 & 1 & | & -58 \\ 0 & 16 & -1 & | & 44 \\ 6 & 6 & 1 & | & -18 \end{pmatrix}$$
(10)

$$\stackrel{R_2 \to R_2 - 2R_1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -14 & 1 & | & -58 \\ 0 & 16 & -1 & | & 44 \\ 6 & 6 & 1 & | & -18 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{R_3 \to R_3 - R_1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -14 & 1 & | & -58 \\ 0 & 16 & -1 & | & 44 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & | & 40 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(10)$$

So,
$$\frac{20}{16}f = -15$$
 (13)

$$f = -12 \tag{14}$$

$$16u_2 - f = 44 \tag{15}$$

$$16u_2 + 12 = 44 \tag{16}$$

$$u_2 = 2 \tag{17}$$

$$6u_1 - 14u_2 + f = -58 (18)$$

$$6u_1 - 28 - 12 = -58 (19)$$

$$6u_1 = -18 (20)$$

$$u_1 = -3 \tag{21}$$

Since $\mathbf{u} = -\mathbf{c}$,

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{22}$$

(3)
$$\implies r^2 = (3^2 + (-2)^2) + 12$$
 (23)

$$r = 5 \tag{24}$$

Therefore, the equation of the circle is

$$(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25 (25)$$

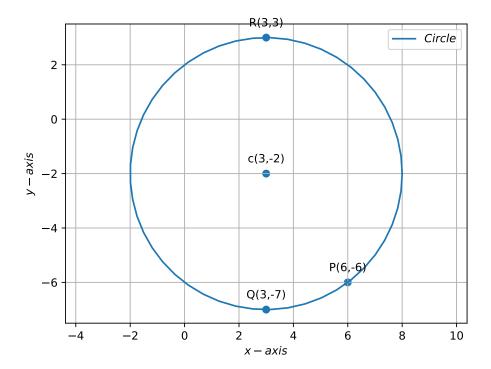


Figure 1