Convex Optimization

$1 \quad 12^{th} \text{ Maths}$ - Chapter 6

This is Problem-1(i) from Exercise 6.5

1. Detrmine whether the function $f(x) = (2x - 1)^2 + 3$ is convex or not. **Solution:** A single variable function f is said to be convex if

$$f\left[\lambda a + (1 - \lambda)b\right] \le \lambda f(a) + (1 - \lambda)f(b), \tag{1}$$

for $0 < \lambda < 1$. The given function is

$$f(x) = (2x - 1)^2 + 3 (2)$$

Consider two points a, b on x-axis.

$$a = 0 (3)$$

$$b = 1.25 \tag{4}$$

$$\lambda = 0.45 \tag{5}$$

Substituting above values in Equation (1)

$$f[\lambda a + (1 - \lambda)b] = f[0.45(0) + (1 - 0.45)1.25]$$
(6)

$$= f\left[0.6875\right] = 3.141\tag{7}$$

$$\lambda f(a) + (1 - \lambda) f(b) = 0.45 f(0) + (1 - 0.45) f(1.25)$$
 (8)

$$= 0.45(4) + (0.55)(5.25) = 4.6875$$
 (9)

$$(1) \implies 3.141 \le 4.6875 \tag{10}$$

 \because The above inequality holds true, the given equation is convex. The figure is as shown in Fig1

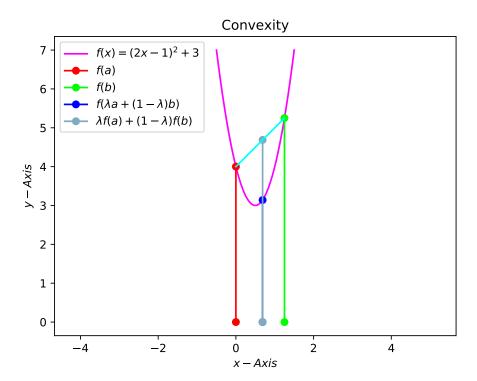


Figure 1