

CHAPTER-7
COORDINATE GEOMETRY

1 EXERCISE - 7.1

1. Find the distances between the following pairs of points:
 - (a) $(2, 3), (4, 1)$
 - (b) $(-5, 7), (-1, 3)$
 - (c) $(a, b), (-a, -b)$
2. Find the distance between the points $(0, 0)$ and $(36, 15)$, Can you now find the distances between the two towns A and B discussed in Section 7.2 .
3. Determine if the points $(1, 5), (2, 3)$ and $(-2, -11)$ are collinear.
4. Check whether $(5, -2), (6, 4)$ and $(7, -2)$ are the vertices of an isosceles triangle.
5. In a classroom, 4 friends are seated at the points A, B, C and D as shown in Fig. 7.8, Champa and Chameli walk in to the class and after observing for a few minutes Champa asks Chameli, "Don't you think ABCD is a square?" Chameli disagrees, Using distance formula, find which of them is correct.
6. Name the type of quadrilateral formed, if any, by the following points, and give reasons for your answer:
 - (a) $(-1, -2), (1, 0), (-1, 2), (-3, 0)$
 - (b) $(-3, 5), (-3, 1), (0, 3), (-1, -4)$
 - (c) $(4, 5), (7, 6), (4, 3), (1, 2)$
7. Find the point on the x-axis which is equidistant from $(2, -5)$ and $(-2, 9)$.
8. Find the values of y for which the distance between the points $\vec{P}(2, -3)$ and $\vec{Q}(10, y)$ is 10 units.

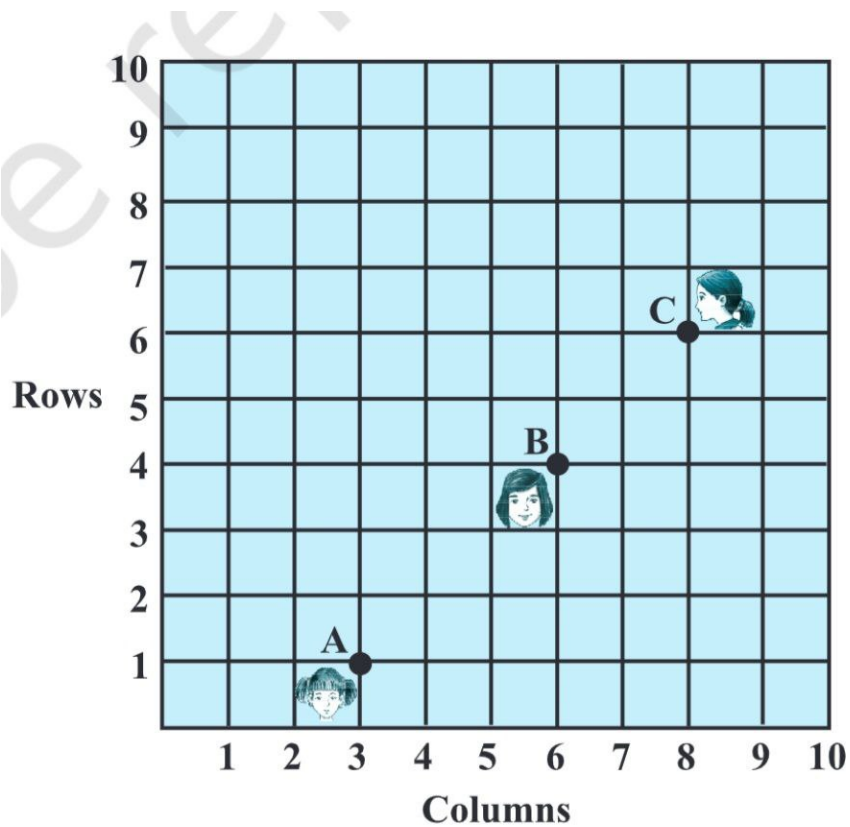


Fig. 7.6

Figure 1:

9. If $\vec{Q}(0, 1)$ is equidistant from $\vec{P}(5, -3)$ and $\vec{R}(x, 6)$, find the values of x . Also find the distances \vec{QR} and \vec{PR} .
10. Find a relation between x and y such that the point (x, y) is equidistant from the point $(3, 6)$ and $(-3, 4)$.