Properties of vectors

$1 \quad 12^{th} \text{ Maths}$ - Exercise 10.4.1

1. Find $\left| \overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} \right|$ if $\overrightarrow{a} = \hat{i} - 7\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ and $\overrightarrow{b} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$

2 Solution

Now,

Let
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -7 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ (1)

(2)

The cross product or vector product of A, B is defined as

$$\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{23} & \mathbf{B}_{23} \\ \mathbf{A}_{31} & \mathbf{B}_{31} \\ \mathbf{A}_{12} & \mathbf{B}_{12} \end{vmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$
(3)

Hence

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{23} & \mathbf{B}_{23} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -7 & -2 \\ 7 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -14 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{31} & \mathbf{B}_{31} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -25 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{12} & \mathbf{B}_{12} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -7 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -21 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

(7)

Substituting the values

$$\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -14 & 14 \\ 2 & -25 \\ -2 & -21 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

Since

$$\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{0},\tag{9}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -14 & 14 \\ 2 & -25 \\ -2 & -21 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{10}$$

which can be represented in matrix form as

$$\begin{pmatrix} -14 & 14 \\ 2 & -25 \\ -2 & -21 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} i \\ j \\ k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -19 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{11}$$

Hence

$$\left| \overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b} \right| = \sqrt{0^2 + 19^2 + 19^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{722}$$
(12)

$$=\sqrt{722}\tag{13}$$