GOPATH and Code Organization

- Go requires you to organize your code in a specific way.
- Go programmers typically keep all their Go code in a single workspace.
- A workspace is nothing more than a directory in your file system whose path is stored in the environment variable called GOPATH.
- On Windows, it's in %USERPROFILE%\go (For Example: c:\Users\ad\go)
- On Mac & Linux, it's in: ~/go (For Example: /home/john/go)
- You can print out the values of the environment variables by running the go env command.

Go Workspace (GOPATH)

The workspace directory (GOPATH) contains the following 3 subdirectories at its root:

- src: contains the source files for your own or other downloaded packages.
- pkg: contains go package objects a.k.a. package archives. These are non-executable files
 or shared libraries ending in .a
- **bin**: contains compiled and executable Go programs. When you run **go install** on a program directory, Go will put the executable file under this folder

All examples in this course will be in GOPATH\src\master_go_programming (C:\Users\ad\go\src\master_go_programming)

Go Packages

 A package is a project directory containing .go files with the same package statement at the beginning. A package contains many source files each ending in .go extension and belonging to a single directory.

There are 2 types of packages:

- executable packages that generate executable files which can be run. The name of an executable package is predefined and is called main.
- non-executable packages (libraries or dependencies) that are used by other packages and can have any name. They can not be executed, only imported.