

## **Python Advance Assignment-1**

Q1. What is the purpose of Python's OOP?

Ans- It aims to implement real-world entities like inheritance, polymorphisms, encapsulation, etc. in the programming.

Q2. Where does an inheritance search look for an attribute?

Ans- The inheritance search is simply a search of the tree from bottom to top looking for the lowest occurrence of an attribute name.

Q3. How do you distinguish between a class object and an instance object?

Ans- A class is the building block that leads to Object-Oriented Programming. It is a user-defined data type.

An object is an instance of a class. All data members and member functions of the class can be accessed with the help of objects. Instance object is also called as constructor whereas class object are normal objects of a class.

Q4. What makes the first argument in a class's method function special?

Ans- The object itself is passed as the first argument to the corresponding function.

Q5. What is the purpose of the `__init__` method?

Ans:- "`__init__`" is a reserved method in python classes. It is called as a constructor in object oriented terminology.

Q6. What is the process for creating a class instance?

Ans:- An object is an instance of a class. All data members and member functions of the class can be accessed with the help of objects.

Q7. What is the process for creating a class?

Ans:- A class is the building block that leads to Object-Oriented Programming. It is a user-defined data type.

Q8. How would you define the superclasses of a class?

Ans:- The class from which a class inherits is called the parent or superclass. A class which inherits from a superclass is called a subclass, also called heir class or child class. Superclasses are sometimes called ancestors as well