### Practical ML - Prediction Assignment

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## Predict if a physical activity is performed correctly with self-reported data from individuals.

With devices such as Jawbone Up, Nike FuelBand, and Fitbit it is possible to collect a large amount of data about personal activity. People regularly quantify how much of a particular activity they do, but they rarely quantify how well they do it.

In this exercise, 6 participants were asked to perform barbell lifts correctly and incorrectly in 5 different ways. The goal of this project, is to use data from accelerometers on the belt, forearm, arm, and dumbell and predict the manner in which they did the exercise.

Data is from http://web.archive.org/web/20161224072740/htp://http://groupware.les.inf.puc-rio.br/har (http://web.archive.org/web/20161224072740/htp://http://groupware.les.inf.puc-rio.br/har). See citation [1]

Following are steps involved in this exercise:

- 1. Process the data, for use of this project
- 2. Explore the data, and remove variables with no predicting power
- 3. Model selection try different models
- 4. Model examination, to see if we get a good accuracy
- 5. Conclusion on the better ML model that can be used for classification
- 6. Predicting the classification ('classe') on test set using the ML Model.

```
train_data <- read.csv("pml-training.csv", na.strings = c("NA",""))
test_data <- read.csv("pml-testing.csv", na.strings = c("NA", ""))</pre>
```

```
dim(train_data)
```

```
## [1] 19622 160
```

```
names(train_data)
```

```
[1] "X"
##
                                      "user_name"
##
     [3] "raw_timestamp_part_1"
                                      "raw_timestamp_part_2"
##
     [5] "cvtd_timestamp"
                                      "new_window"
                                      "roll belt"
##
     [7] "num window"
     [9] "pitch_belt"
                                      "yaw belt"
##
##
    [11] "total_accel_belt"
                                      "kurtosis_roll_belt"
    [13] "kurtosis_picth_belt"
                                      "kurtosis_yaw_belt"
##
    [15] "skewness_roll_belt"
                                      "skewness_roll_belt.1"
##
##
    [17] "skewness_yaw_belt"
                                      "max_roll_belt"
##
    [19] "max_picth_belt"
                                      "max_yaw_belt"
##
    [21] "min_roll_belt"
                                      "min_pitch_belt"
    [23] "min_yaw_belt"
                                      "amplitude_roll_belt"
##
    [25] "amplitude_pitch_belt"
                                      "amplitude_yaw_belt"
##
    [27] "var_total_accel_belt"
                                      "avg_roll_belt"
##
##
    [29] "stddev_roll_belt"
                                      "var_roll_belt"
##
    [31] "avg_pitch_belt"
                                      "stddev_pitch_belt"
    [33] "var_pitch_belt"
##
                                      "avg_yaw_belt"
##
    [35] "stddev_yaw_belt"
                                      "var_yaw_belt"
    [37] "gyros_belt_x"
                                      "gyros_belt_y"
##
##
   [39] "gyros_belt_z"
                                      "accel_belt_x"
##
    [41] "accel_belt_y"
                                      "accel belt z"
##
   [43] "magnet_belt_x"
                                      "magnet_belt_y"
    [45] "magnet_belt_z"
                                      "roll_arm"
##
    [47] "pitch_arm"
                                      "yaw_arm"
##
                                      "var_accel_arm"
##
   [49] "total_accel_arm"
##
    [51] "avg_roll_arm"
                                      "stddev_roll_arm"
##
    [53] "var_roll_arm"
                                      "avg_pitch_arm"
    [55] "stddev_pitch_arm"
##
                                      "var_pitch_arm"
    [57] "avg_yaw_arm"
                                      "stddev_yaw_arm"
##
    [59] "var_yaw_arm"
                                      "gyros_arm_x"
##
##
    [61] "gyros_arm_y"
                                      "gyros_arm_z"
##
    [63] "accel_arm_x"
                                      "accel_arm_y"
    [65] "accel_arm_z"
##
                                      "magnet_arm_x"
    [67] "magnet_arm_y"
##
                                      "magnet_arm_z"
    [69] "kurtosis_roll_arm"
##
                                      "kurtosis_picth_arm"
##
    [71] "kurtosis_yaw_arm"
                                      "skewness_roll_arm"
    [73] "skewness_pitch_arm"
##
                                      "skewness_yaw_arm"
##
    [75] "max roll arm"
                                      "max picth arm"
##
    [77] "max_yaw_arm"
                                      "min_roll_arm"
    [79] "min_pitch_arm"
                                      "min_yaw_arm"
##
##
    [81] "amplitude_roll_arm"
                                      "amplitude_pitch_arm"
##
    [83] "amplitude_yaw_arm"
                                      "roll dumbbell"
    [85] "pitch dumbbell"
                                      "yaw dumbbell"
##
##
    [87] "kurtosis_roll_dumbbell"
                                      "kurtosis_picth_dumbbell"
##
    [89] "kurtosis_yaw_dumbbell"
                                      "skewness_roll_dumbbell"
##
    [91] "skewness_pitch_dumbbell"
                                      "skewness_yaw_dumbbell"
##
   [93] "max_roll_dumbbell"
                                      "max_picth_dumbbell"
    [95] "max_yaw_dumbbell"
                                      "min_roll_dumbbell"
##
##
    [97] "min_pitch_dumbbell"
                                      "min_yaw_dumbbell"
    [99] "amplitude_roll_dumbbell"
                                      "amplitude_pitch_dumbbell"
##
## [101] "amplitude_yaw_dumbbell"
                                      "total_accel_dumbbell"
## [103] "var_accel_dumbbell"
                                      "avg_roll_dumbbell"
## [105] "stddev_roll_dumbbell"
                                      "var_roll_dumbbell"
## [107] "avg_pitch_dumbbell"
                                      "stddev_pitch_dumbbell"
## [109] "var_pitch_dumbbell"
                                      "avg_yaw_dumbbell"
## [111] "stddev_yaw_dumbbell"
                                      "var_yaw_dumbbell"
## [113] "gyros_dumbbell_x"
                                      "gyros_dumbbell_y"
```

```
## [115] "gyros_dumbbell_z"
                                      "accel dumbbell x"
## [117] "accel_dumbbell_y"
                                      "accel_dumbbell_z"
## [119] "magnet_dumbbell_x"
                                      "magnet_dumbbell_y"
## [121] "magnet_dumbbell_z"
                                      "roll_forearm"
## [123] "pitch_forearm"
                                      "yaw_forearm"
## [125] "kurtosis_roll_forearm"
                                      "kurtosis_picth_forearm"
## [127] "kurtosis_yaw_forearm"
                                      "skewness_roll_forearm"
## [129] "skewness_pitch_forearm"
                                      "skewness_yaw_forearm"
## [131] "max_roll_forearm"
                                      "max_picth_forearm"
## [133] "max_yaw_forearm"
                                      "min_roll_forearm"
## [135] "min pitch forearm"
                                      "min yaw forearm"
## [137] "amplitude_roll_forearm"
                                      "amplitude_pitch_forearm"
## [139] "amplitude_yaw_forearm"
                                      "total_accel_forearm"
## [141] "var_accel_forearm"
                                      "avg_roll_forearm"
## [143] "stddev_roll_forearm"
                                      "var_roll_forearm"
## [145] "avg_pitch_forearm"
                                      "stddev_pitch_forearm"
## [147] "var_pitch_forearm"
                                      "avg_yaw_forearm"
## [149] "stddev_yaw_forearm"
                                      "var_yaw_forearm"
## [151] "gyros_forearm_x"
                                      "gyros_forearm_y"
## [153] "gyros_forearm_z"
                                      "accel_forearm_x"
## [155] "accel_forearm_y"
                                      "accel_forearm_z"
## [157] "magnet_forearm_x"
                                      "magnet_forearm_y"
## [159] "magnet_forearm_z"
                                      "classe"
# Remove variables like timestamp that offer little or no predicting power
train_data <- train_data[,colSums(is.na(train_data)) == 0]</pre>
trainData <- train_data[, -c(1:7)]</pre>
test_data <- test_data[,colSums(is.na(test_data)) == 0]</pre>
testData <- test_data[, -c(1:7)]</pre>
library(caret)
## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: ggplot2
set.seed(7826)
inTrain <- createDataPartition(trainData$classe, p = 0.7, list = FALSE)</pre>
train <- trainData[inTrain, ]</pre>
valid <- trainData[-inTrain, ]</pre>
```

# Classification Tree with k-fold cross validation:

We build a Classification Tree model with a 5 fold cross validation and fit the training data on to the model. We then print the results for review.

```
## CART
##
## 13737 samples
     52 predictor
##
      5 classes: 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E'
##
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (5 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 10990, 10990, 10990, 10989, 10989
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
            Accuracy Kappa
   ср
## 0.03102 0.5260
                       0.38038
## 0.05954 0.3935
                       0.16982
## 0.11586 0.3168
                       0.04946
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was cp = 0.03102.
```

Plot the tree for visual inspection.

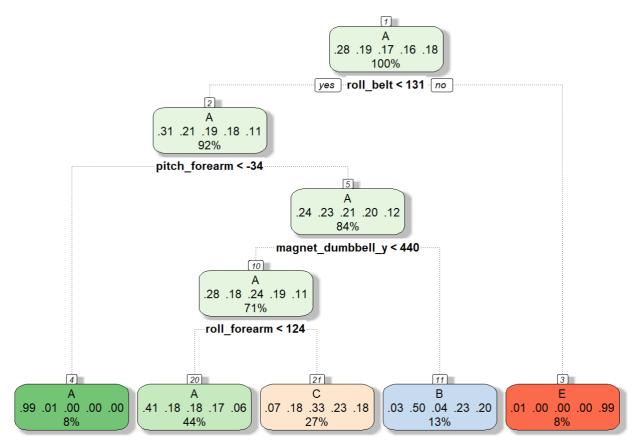
```
## Warning: package 'rpart.plot' was built under R version 4.0.2

## Warning: package 'rattle' was built under R version 4.0.2

## Loading required package: tibble

## Loading required package: bitops

## Rattle: A free graphical interface for data science with R.
## Version 5.4.0 Copyright (c) 2006-2020 Togaware Pty Ltd.
## Type 'rattle()' to shake, rattle, and roll your data.
```



Rattle 2020-Jul-12 15:32:17 Dhuruv

Now we run the validation dataset through the model to see what the prediction looks like using the Classification tree.

```
# predict outcomes using validation set
predict_rpart <- predict(fit_rpart, valid)
predict_rpart</pre>
```

```
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
[556] A A A A C C C C C C A A A A A C C C A C C C C C C C C C A A A A A
##
[630] A A A C C C C C A A A A A A A A A A C C C C C C C A A A A A A A A A A
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
## [1148] A A A A A C A A A A A A A A C C C A A A A A C A A A A C C C C A A
## [1555] A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A C C C C C C A A A A A A A C C C C C
## [1851] C C A A A A A A C C C C C C C C C A A A A C C C C C C C A A A A
## [1888] A A A A C C C C C C C A A A A A A A C C C C C C A A A A A C C
```

```
## [2221] B B B A A A A A A A A B B B B B A A A A A A A A A A A A A B B B B
## [3738] A A A A C C C C C C C C C C C C A A A A A A C C C C C C A C C
## [3886] A A A A C C C C C C C C C C C C A A A A A C A A C A A A A A C C C
## [4108] C A A A A A A C A A A A C C C C C C A A A A A A A A A A C C C C C
```

```
## [4256] C A A A A A A C C C C C C C A A A A C C C A A A A A A A A A A A C C C C
## [4774] C C C C C A A A A C C C C A A A A C C C C A A A C C C C A A A C C C C A A A A C A
## [5477] C B B B B B B C C C C C C C B B B B C C C C C C B B B C C C C C C B B C A A
## [5884] E E
## Levels: A B C D E
```

(conf\_rpart <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(valid\$classe), predict\_rpart))</pre>

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction
               Α
                    В
                        C
                                  Ε
##
          A 1510
                   27 134
##
           B 464 410
                      265
                                 0
           C 467
                   37 522
##
                                 0
##
          D 432 163 369
                             0
                                  0
           E 164 144 293
##
                             0 481
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                Accuracy : 0.4967
##
                  95% CI: (0.4838, 0.5095)
      No Information Rate: 0.5161
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.9986
##
##
##
                   Kappa: 0.3425
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                      Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
## Sensitivity
                      0.4972 0.52497 0.3298 NA 0.99380
## Specificity
                       0.9424 0.85717 0.8828 0.8362 0.88872
## Pos Pred Value
                       0.9020 0.35996 0.5088
                                                   NA 0.44455
## Neg Pred Value
                      0.6374 0.92183 0.7816
                                                   NA 0.99938
## Prevalence
                       0.5161 0.13271 0.2690 0.0000 0.08224
## Detection Rate
                     0.2566 0.06967 0.0887 0.0000 0.08173
## Detection Prevalence 0.2845 0.19354 0.1743 0.1638 0.18386
## Balanced Accuracy
                       0.7198 0.69107
                                        0.6063
                                                    NA 0.94126
```

```
(accuracy_rpart <- conf_rpart$overall[1])</pre>
```

```
## Accuracy
## 0.4966865
```

The sensitivity is poor (accuracy rate of ~ 0.5) and thus classification tree does not predict very well.

#### Random Forest

Now, We build a Random Forest model with a 5 fold cross validation and fit the training data on to the model. We then print the results for review.

```
## Random Forest
##
## 13737 samples
##
      52 predictor
       5 classes: 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E'
##
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (5 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 10991, 10990, 10990, 10988, 10989
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
    mtry Accuracy Kappa
##
    2
          0.9913
                    0.9889
    27
          0.9921
                     0.9900
##
##
    52
          0.9840
                    0.9797
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was mtry = 27.
```

```
# predict outcomes using validation set
predict_rf <- predict(fit_rf, valid)
# Show prediction result
(conf_rf <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(valid$classe), predict_rf))</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
           Reference
## Prediction
                        C
                             D
               Α
                                 Ε
##
          A 1671
                    2
##
          В
               4 1134
                        1
                             0
                                 0
               0
                    8 1013
                             5
##
          C
                                 0
##
          D
               0
                    0
                       16 947
                                 1
          Ε
##
               0
                   1
                      1
                             9 1071
##
## Overall Statistics
##
##
                Accuracy : 0.9917
                  95% CI: (0.989, 0.9938)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.2846
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                   Kappa: 0.9895
##
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : NA
##
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                     Class: A Class: B Class: C Class: D Class: E
## Sensitivity
                      0.9976 0.9904 0.9825 0.9854
                                                        0.9981
## Specificity
                       0.9993
                               0.9989 0.9973 0.9965
                                                        0.9977
## Pos Pred Value
                      0.9982 0.9956 0.9873 0.9824
                                                        0.9898
## Neg Pred Value
                      0.9991 0.9977 0.9963 0.9972
                                                        0.9996
## Prevalence
                      0.2846 0.1946 0.1752 0.1633
                                                        0.1823
                     0.2839 0.1927 0.1721 0.1609
## Detection Rate
                                                        0.1820
## Detection Prevalence 0.2845
                               0.1935 0.1743 0.1638
                                                        0.1839
## Balanced Accuracy 0.9984
                               0.9947
                                        0.9899
                                                0.9910
                                                        0.9979
```

```
(accuracy_rf <- conf_rf$overall[1])</pre>
```

```
## Accuracy
## 0.9916737
```

Random forest is a better classifier with better accuracy compared to classification tree.

We will now do the predictions for the testing set using random forest.

```
(predict(fit_rf, testData))
```

```
## [1] B A B A A E D B A A B C B A E E A B B B
## Levels: A B C D E
```

```
R.version
```

```
##
## platform
                 x86_64-w64-mingw32
## arch
                 x86_64
## os
                 mingw32
                 x86_64, mingw32
## system
## status
## major
                 0.0
## minor
## year
                 2020
## month
                 04
## day
                 24
                 78286
## svn rev
## language
                 R
## version.string R version 4.0.0 (2020-04-24)
## nickname
                 Arbor Day
```

#### References:

[1] Velloso, E.; Bulling, A.; Gellersen, H.; Ugulino, W.; Fuks, H. Qualitative Activity Recognition of Weight Lifting Exercises. Proceedings of 4th International Conference in Cooperation with SIGCHI (Augmented Human '13). Stuttgart, Germany: ACM SIGCHI, 2013.