```
In [2]:
        # finding the given number is a armstrong number or not
        num = int(input())
        total_sum = 0
        digit_count = 0
        temp = num
        while(num != 0):
            digit_count += 1
            num = num // 10
        digit = 0
        num = temp
        while (num != ∅):
            rem = num % 10
            total_sum += (rem ** digit_count)
            num = num // 10
        if total_sum == temp:
            print("Armstrong")
        else:
            print("Not An Armstrong")
        153
        Armstrong
In [5]: # reversing a string using slicing operation in strings
        str = input()
        str1 = str[::-1]
        print(str1)
        sathvik
        kivhtas
In [6]: # Swapping two numbers without using third variable
        str1 = input()
        str2 = input()
        str1, str2 = str2, str1
        print("After Swapping \n{0}\n{1}".format(str1,str2))
        sathvik
        ias
        After Swapping
        ias
        sathvik
In [7]: # Swapping two strings using third variable
        str1 = input()
        str2 = input()
        temp = str1
        str1 = str2
        str2 = temp
        print("After Swapping \n{0}\n{1}\".format(str1,str2))
        sathvik
        ias
        After Swapping
        ias
        sathvik
```

```
In [4]:
         # program to find whether given number is prime or not
         num = int(input())
         fact = 0
         for i in range (1,num+1):
             if (num % i == 0):
                 fact += 1
         if (fact == 2):
             print("Prime")
         else:
             print("Not Prime")
         13
         Prime
 In [8]: # program to find the string is a pallindrome or not
         str = input()
         str1 = str[::-1]
         if (str == str1):
             print(str,"is a Pallindrome")
         else:
             print(str,"is not a Pallindrome")
         sathvik
         sathvik is not a Pallindrome
In [21]: # finding the fibbonacci series using recursion and functions
         def fibbonacci(num):
             if (num <= 0):
                 return 0
             elif (num == 1):
                  return 1
             else:
                  return fibbonacci(num - 1) + fibbonacci(num - 2)
         num = int(input())
         for i in range(0, num):
             print(fibbonacci(i))
         5
         0
         1
         1
         2
         3
```

```
In [1]:
         # program for printing duplicates in a string
         str = input()
         new_str = ""
         for char in str:
              if char not in new_str:
                  new_str += char
         for char in str:
              if (str.count(char) > 1):
                  print(char)
          kannada
         а
         n
         n
         а
         а
In [30]:
         #program to get user input in a list
         list1 = []
         nums = int(input("Enter the No. of Elements in the Array "))
         for i in range(1, nums + 1):
              ele = int(input())
              list1.append(ele)
          print(list1)
         Enter the No. of Elements in the Array 10
         23
         44
         11
         76
         88
         90
         44
         11
         10
         9
         [23, 44, 11, 76, 88, 90, 44, 11, 10, 9]
In [29]:
         #program to get second largest element in an array
          list1 = []
         nums = int(input("Enter the No. of Elements in the Array "))
         for i in range(1, nums + 1):
              ele = int(input())
              list1.append(ele)
         large_number = max(list1)
         list1.remove(large_number)
          second_large_number = max(list1)
         print("the second largest number is:")
         print(second large number)
         Enter the No. of Elements in the Array 5
         12
         45
         65
         76
         the second largest number is:
         65
```

```
In [28]:
         # program to find the reverse of a number using string slicing operator
         num = int(input("enter the number "))
         str1 = str(num)
         str2 = str1[::-1]
         num1 = int(str2)
         print("the reverse of the given number {0} is".format(num))
         print(num1)
         enter the number 9874
         the reverse of the given number 9874 is
In [27]:
         # program to find the reverse of a number using Arthemetic operations
         num = int(input("enter the number "))
         temp = num
         rev = 0
         while (num != 0):
             rem = num % 10
             rev = rem + rev * 10
             num = num // 10
         print(rev)
         enter the number 153
         351
 In [4]: # program to find the Binary Equivalent for the given decimal Number
         dec_num = int(input("Enter the decimal Number "))
         bin_num = bin(dec_num)
         print(bin num.replace("0b",""))
         Enter the decimal Number 20
         10100
In [26]:
         # program to display floyd Triangle
         integer = int(input("Enter the Integer "))
         value = 1
         for i in range (1, integer + 1):
             for j in range (1, i + 1):
                 print(value,end =" ")
                 value += 1
             print()
         Enter the Integer 5
         2 3
         4 5 6
         7 8 9 10
         11 12 13 14 15
```

```
In [25]:
         # program to display the pattern of diamond
         integer = int(input("enter the Integer value "))
         for i in range (1, integer + 1):
             for sp in range (1,integer - i + 1):
                  print(end=" ")
             for j in range (1, 2 * i):
                 print("*",end="")
             print()
         for i in range (integer - 1, 0, -1):
             for sp in range (1,integer - i + 1):
                 print(end=" ")
             for j in range (1, 2 * i):
                 print("*",end="")
             print()
         enter the Integer value 5
            ***
           *****
           *****
           ****
            ***
In [24]:
         # program to display integer values in diamond shape
         integer = int(input("enter the Integer value "))
         for i in range (1, integer + 1):
             for sp in range (1,integer - i + 1):
                 print(end=" ")
             for j in range (1, 2 * i):
                  print(i,end="")
             print()
         for i in range (integer - 1, 0, -1):
             for sp in range (1,integer - i + 1):
                 print(end=" ")
             for j in range (1, 2 * i):
                 print(i,end="")
             print()
         enter the Integer value 5
             1
            222
           33333
          444444
         55555555
          444444
           33333
            222
             1
```

```
In [23]:
         # program to print the series of incremental subtraction 20 19 17 14 10
         5....
         integer = int(input("Enter the value "))
         value = 20
         for num in range (1, integer+1):
             print(value,end=" ")
             value = value - num
         Enter the value 9
         20 19 17 14 10 5 -1 -8 -16
In [22]: # program to print the series of muliplicable series 12 32 72 152 312....
         integer = int(input("Enter the Value "))
         value = 20
         intial = 12
         for i in range (1, integer+1):
             print (intial,end=" ")
             intial = intial + value
             value = value * 2
         Enter the Value 7
         12 32 72 152 312 632 1272
In [21]: # program to print the series of places sequence 0 2 8 14 24 34....
         integer = int(input("Enter the value "))
         sum_range = 0
         for i in range (1, integer+1):
             if (i % 2 == 1):
                 sum_range = i * i - 1
             else:
                  sum_range = i * i - 2
             print(sum_range,end=" ")
```

Enter the value 9 0 2 8 14 24 34 48 62 80