







National level Hackathon on Smart and Remunative Farming

March 05, 2022

THEMATIC AREA: AGRICULTURE SECTOR
PROBLEM STATEMENT: POST HARVEST INNOVATIONS
IN AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE CROPS

PROPOSED SOLUTION: POSTHARVEST DISEASE IDENTIFICATION BY CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK (CNN) AND AUGUMENTED BY SYNTHETIC DATA GENERATION BY GENERATIVE ADVERSARIAL NETWORK (GAN)

TEAM ID: NAHEP_CAAST_NAU_AS_142

TEAM MEMBERS: SATHWIKA G

ALFRIN SAMRAJ P

sMrs.G.Lathaselvi (Mentor)

St. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE OF

ENGINEERING

OMR, Chennai-119, Tamilnadu

OBJECTIVE



- To enhance the qualitative and quantitative losses during postharvest by deep learning techniques.
- To detect the post-harvest disease using Conditional GAN and supplemented by synthetic data generation using Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)

BACKGROUND



- Agricultural Sector and Post-Harvest Technology need to adopt strategies to curtail the post-harvest losses.
- Post-Harvest losses are substantially high in developing countries
- Postharvest diseases cause qualitative and quantitative losses of vegetables and make them unfit for human consumption due to potential health risks
- Good postharvest management practices supported by good technologies will maintain the quality of vegetables and reduce quantitative losses
- Post-Harvest management and technology addition, widely accepted and adopted by the farmers, entrepreneurs, start-ups across the country.



LEVEL OF INNOVATION OF SOLUTION

 Using images to determine the health of the leaves rather than physical examination

 When compared to manual labour, the proposed methodology has no effect on the entire plant

 More than the economical feasibility it is more user friendly

TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY



- Digital farming brings increased precision to crop production
- To implement the standardized solution for the farmers

• Farmers can now rely upon ML to assess complex patterns and accurately identify the plant disease

ALIGNMENT WITH CHALLENGES





BUSINESS VALUE & SCALABILITY



BUSINESS VALUE:

- The proposed method could be turned into a farmerfriendly application
- Application maintenance entails constantly updating, modifying, and re-evaluating software applications to correct flaws.

SCALABILITY:

 Providing services in vernacular languages can improve Scalability

POTENTIAL IMPACT



- ✓ Avoids substantial management issues and economic losses in the agriculture
- ✓ At least 10% of global food production is lost due to plant disease
- ✓ Crucial factors => Early detection, Timely mitigation and
 Disease management

BUDGET REQUIREMENT

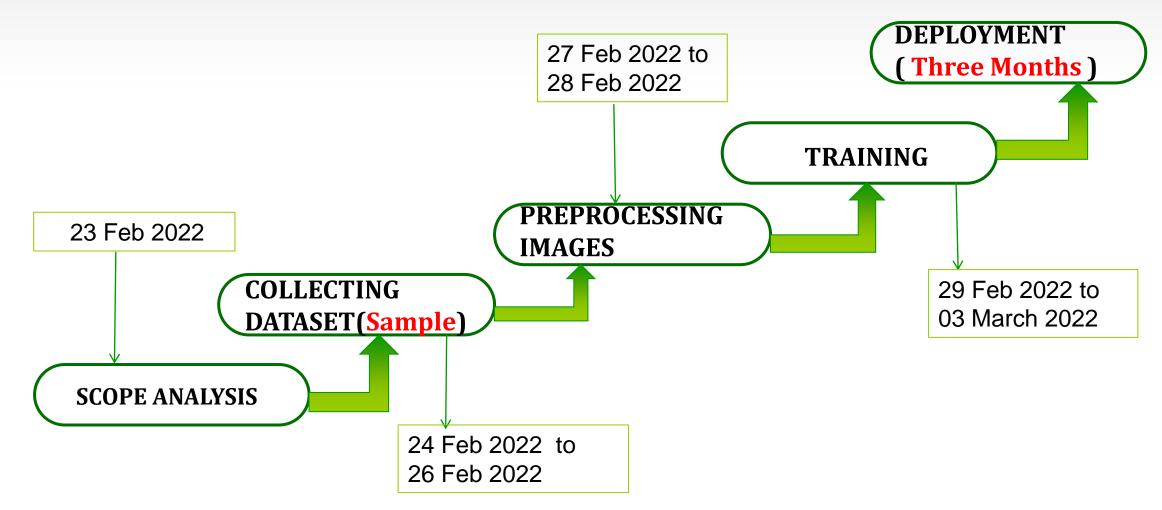


S.no	Items	Amount
1	Stakeholder interaction and data collection	5000
2	GPU Training,compute sources	10000
3	Cloud/Big Data platform	15000
4	Testing the prototype & Deployment	20000
	TOTAL	50000

STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT



DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF THE PROPOSED METHODOLOGY:



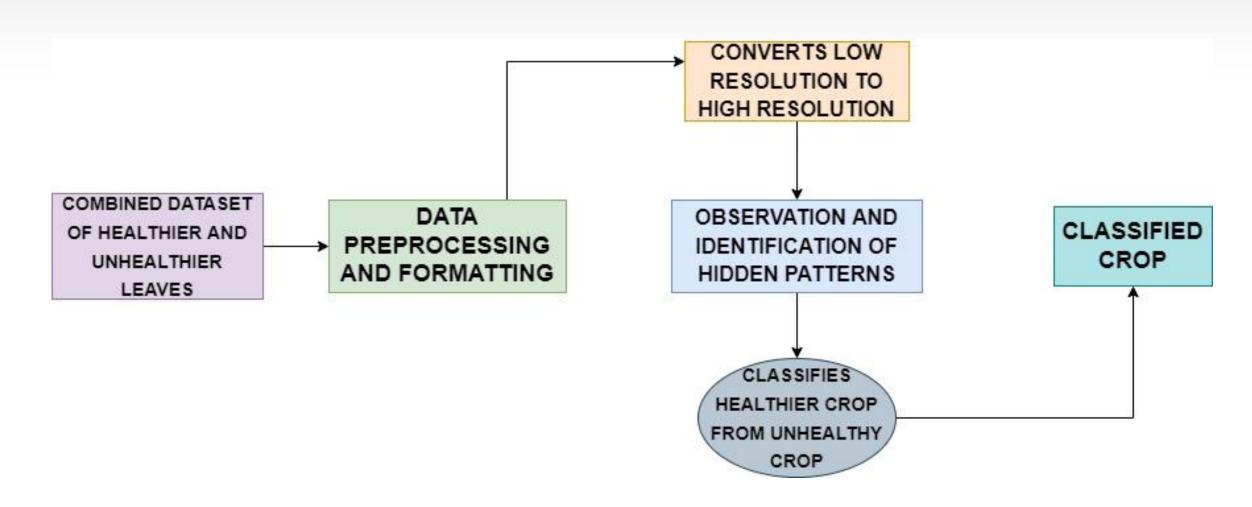
RISK FACTORS



- DATA MANAGEMENT-unbalance of data between generator and discriminator causes overfitting.
- **DATASET AVAILABILITY**-the availability of real-time datasets is limited.
- **TRAINING-** to train the ML model with custom dataset.

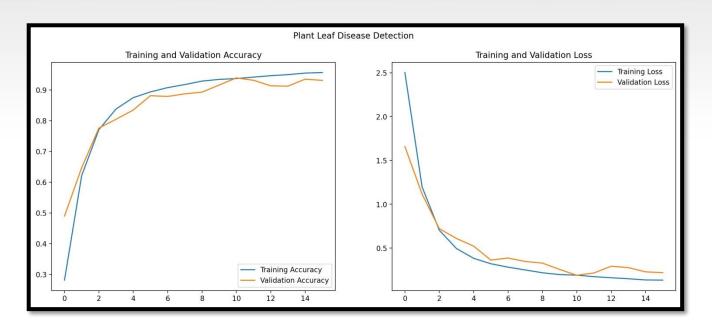
ARCHITECTURE





RESULT





Metrics				
	Train	Validation	Test	
Count of Records	70,295	17,572	33	
Categorical Cross-entropy	0.1908	0.186		
Categorical Accuracy	93.70%	93.91%	93.93%	



