

## Activity-9

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a)  $n=20$

$k=18$

$p \rightarrow 90\% = 0.9$

$$= \binom{20}{18} (0.9)^{18} (1-0.9)^{(20-18)}$$

$$= \frac{20!}{(20-18)!18!} (0.9)^{18} (1-0.9)^{(20-18)}$$

$$= 0.285$$

b)  $P(x \geq 17) = P(x=17) + P(x=18) + P(x=19) + P(x=20)$

$$= 0.8670$$

$$= 86.70\%$$

c)  $P(x \geq 17)$  where low, the model would be unreliable & require retraining.

→ At high probability (86.7%) means the model performs well & may not need immediate improvement.

a)  $y$  - Binomial ( $n=50, p=0.2$ )

$$P(Y=10) = \binom{50}{10} (0.2)^{10} (0.8)^{40}$$

$$P(Y=10) = 0.1398 = 13.98\%$$

b)  $P(Y \leq 15) = \sum_{k=0}^{15} P(Y=k) = 0.9692 (96.92\%)$

c) If dropout is increased to 0.3 the probability

of exactly 10 neurons being dropped decreases

$$P(Y=10) = 0.0386 (3.86\%)$$