Importing the Dependencies

In [ ]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

In [ ]:

```
# loading the dataset to a Pandas DataFrame
credit_card_data = pd.read_csv('/content/credit_data.csv')
```

In [ ]:

```
# first 5 rows of the dataset
credit_card_data.head()
```

Out[ ]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	V11	V
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	0.090794	-0.551600	0.617
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	-0.166974	1.612727	1.065
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	0.207643	0.624501	0.066
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	-0.054952	-0.226487	0.178
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	0.753074	-0.822843	0.538

In [ ]:

```
credit_card_data.tail()
```

Out[ ]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	
284802	172786.0	-11.881118	10.071785	-9.834783	-2.066656	-5.364473	-2.606837	-4.918215	7.305334	1.914428	4.356170	1.593
284803	172787.0	-0.732789	-0.055080	2.035030	-0.738589	0.868229	1.058415	0.024330	0.294869	0.584800	-0.975926	0.150
284804	172788.0	1.919565	-0.301254	-3.249640	-0.557828	2.630515	3.031260	-0.296827	0.708417	0.432454	-0.484782	0.41
284805	172788.0	-0.240440	0.530483	0.702510	0.689799	-0.377961	0.623708	-0.686180	0.679145	0.392087	-0.399126	1.933
284806	172792.0	-0.533413	-0.189733	0.703337	-0.506271	-0.012546	-0.649617	1.577006	-0.414650	0.486180	-0.915427	1.040

In [ ]:

```
# dataset informations
credit_card_data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
```

```
Data columns (total 31 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count   Dtype  
---  ------  --------------   -----  
 0   Time    284807 non-null  float64
 1   V1      284807 non-null  float64
 2   V2      284807 non-null  float64
 3   V3      284807 non-null  float64
 4   V4      284807 non-null  float64
 5   V5      284807 non-null  float64
 6   V6      284807 non-null  float64
 7   V7      284807 non-null  float64
 8   V8      284807 non-null  float64
 9   V9      284807 non-null  float64
 10  V10     284807 non-null  float64
 11  V11     284807 non-null  float64
 12  V12     284807 non-null  float64
 13  V13     284807 non-null  float64
 14  V14     284807 non-null  float64
 15  V15     284807 non-null  float64
 16  V16     284807 non-null  float64
 17  V17     284807 non-null  float64
 18  V18     284807 non-null  float64
 19  V19     284807 non-null  float64
 20  V20     284807 non-null  float64
 21  V21     284807 non-null  float64
 22  V22     284807 non-null  float64
 23  V23     284807 non-null  float64
 24  V24     284807 non-null  float64
 25  V25     284807 non-null  float64
 26  V26     284807 non-null  float64
 27  V27     284807 non-null  float64
 28  V28     284807 non-null  float64
 29  Amount  284807 non-null  float64
 30  Class   284807 non-null  int64  
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 67.4 MB
```

In [ ]:

```
# checking the number of missing values in each column
credit_card_data.isnull().sum()
```

Out[ ]:

```
Time      0
V1        0
V2        0
V3        0
V4        0
V5        0
V6        0
V7        0
V8        0
V9        0
V10       0
V11       0
V12       0
V13       0
V14       0
V15       0
V16       0
V17       0
V18       0
V19       0
V20       0
V21       0
V22       0
V23       0
V24       0
V25       0
V26       0
V27       0
```

```
V28       0
Amount    0
Class     0
dtype: int64
```

In [ ]:

```
# distribution of legit transactions & fraudulent transactions
credit_card_data['Class'].value_counts()
```

Out[ ]:

```
0    284315
1       492
Name: Class, dtype: int64
```

This Dataset is highly unblanced

0 --> Normal Transaction

1 --> fraudulent transaction

In [ ]:

```
# separating the data for analysis
legit = credit_card_data[credit_card_data.Class == 0]
fraud = credit_card_data[credit_card_data.Class == 1]
```

In [ ]:

```
print(legit.shape)
print(fraud.shape)
```

```
(284315, 31)
(492, 31)
```

In [ ]:

```
# statistical measures of the data
legit.Amount.describe()
```

Out[ ]:

```
count    284315.000000
mean         88.291022
std         250.105092
min           0.000000
25%           5.650000
50%          22.000000
75%          77.050000
max       25691.160000
Name: Amount, dtype: float64
```

In [ ]:

```
fraud.Amount.describe()
```

Out[ ]:

```
count     492.000000
mean      122.211321
std       256.683288
min         0.000000
25%         1.000000
50%         9.250000
75%       105.890000
max      2125.870000
Name: Amount, dtype: float64
```

In [ ]:

```
# compare the values for both transactions
```

```
# compare the values for both transactions
credit_card_data.groupby('Class').mean()
```

Out[ ]:

Class	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	
0	94838.202258	0.008258	-0.006271	0.012171	-0.007860	0.005453	0.002419	0.009637	-0.000987	0.004467	0.009824	0.00
1	80746.806911	-4.771948	3.623778	-7.033281	4.542029	-3.151225	-1.397737	-5.568731	0.570636	-2.581123	-5.676883	3.80

Under-Sampling

Build a sample dataset containing similar distribution of normal transactions and Fraudulent Transactions

Number of Fraudulent Transactions --> 492

In [ ]:

```
legit_sample = legit.sample(n=492)
```

Concatenating two DataFrames

In [ ]:

```
new_dataset = pd.concat([legit_sample, fraud], axis=0)
```

In [ ]:

```
new_dataset.head()
```

Out[ ]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	V
203131	134666.0	-1.220220	-1.729458	-1.118957	-0.266099	0.823338	-0.098556	-0.407751	0.563010	-1.007790	0.261245	0.8416
95383	65279.0	-1.295124	0.157326	1.544771	-2.468209	-1.683113	-0.623764	-0.371798	0.505656	-2.243475	0.856381	0.4021
99706	67246.0	-1.481168	1.226490	1.857550	2.980777	-0.672645	0.581449	-0.143172	0.302713	-0.624670	1.452271	0.9407
153895	100541.0	-0.181013	1.395877	1.204669	4.349279	1.330126	1.277520	1.568221	-0.633374	-0.860482	1.483849	0.0405
249976	154664.0	0.475977	-0.573662	0.480520	-2.524647	-0.616284	-0.361317	-0.347861	-0.108238	-1.876507	0.871271	1.2011

In [ ]:

```
new_dataset.tail()
```

Out[ ]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	V
279863	169142.0	-1.927883	1.125653	-4.518331	1.749293	-1.566487	-2.010494	-0.882850	0.697211	-2.064945	-5.587794	2.1157
280143	169347.0	1.378559	1.289381	-5.004247	1.411850	0.442581	-1.326536	-1.413170	0.248525	-1.127396	-3.232153	2.8584
280149	169351.0	-0.676143	1.126366	-2.213700	0.468308	-1.120541	-0.003346	-2.234739	1.210158	-0.652250	-3.463891	1.7949

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	V1
281144	169966.0	-3.113832	0.585864	5.399730	1.817092	-0.840618	2.943548	2.208002	1.058733	-1.632333	5.245984	1.9335
281674	170348.0	1.991976	0.158476	-2.583441	0.408670	1.151147	-0.096695	0.223050	-0.068384	0.577829	-0.888722	0.4911

In [ ]:

```
new_dataset['Class'].value_counts()
```

Out[ ]:

```
1    492
0    492
Name: Class, dtype: int64
```

In [ ]:

```
new_dataset.groupby('Class').mean()
```

Out[ ]:

Class	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	
0	96783.638211	-0.053037	0.055150	-0.036786	-0.046439	0.077614	-0.023218	-0.000703	-0.057620	-0.053438	0.006904	0.00
1	80746.806911	-4.771948	3.623778	-7.033281	4.542029	-3.151225	-1.397737	-5.568731	0.570636	-2.581123	-5.676883	3.80

Splitting the data into Features & Targets

In [ ]:

```
X = new_dataset.drop(columns='Class', axis=1)
Y = new_dataset['Class']
```

In [ ]:

```
print(X)
```

```
            Time         V1        V2  ...       V27       V28  Amount
203131  134666.0 -1.220220 -1.729458  ...  0.173995 -0.023852  155.00
95383    65279.0 -1.295124  0.157326  ...  0.317321  0.105345   70.00
99706    67246.0 -1.481168  1.226490  ... -0.546577  0.076538   40.14
153895  100541.0 -0.181013  1.395877  ... -0.229857 -0.329608  137.04
249976  154664.0  0.475977 -0.573662  ...  0.058961  0.012816   19.60
...          ...       ...       ...  ...       ...       ...     ...
279863  169142.0 -1.927883  1.125653  ...  0.292680  0.147968  390.00
280143  169347.0  1.378559  1.289381  ...  0.389152  0.186637    0.76
280149  169351.0 -0.676143  1.126366  ...  0.385107  0.194361   77.89
281144  169966.0 -3.113832  0.585864  ...  0.884876 -0.253700  245.00
281674  170348.0  1.991976  0.158476  ...  0.002988 -0.015309   42.53

[984 rows x 30 columns]
```

In [ ]:

```
print(Y)
```

```
203131    0
95383     0
99706     0
153895    0
249976    0
         ..
279863    1
280143    1
```

```
280149    1
281144    1
281674    1
Name: Class, Length: 984, dtype: int64
```

Split the data into Training data & Testing Data

In [ ]:

```
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, stratify=Y, ran
dom_state=2)
```

In [ ]:

```
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

```
(984, 30) (787, 30) (197, 30)
```

Model Training

Logistic Regression

In [ ]:

```
model = LogisticRegression()
```

In [ ]:

```
# training the Logistic Regression Model with Training Data
model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

Out[ ]:

```
LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class_weight=None, dual=False, fit_intercept=True,
                   intercept_scaling=1, l1_ratio=None, max_iter=100,
                   multi_class='auto', n_jobs=None, penalty='l2',
                   random_state=None, solver='lbfgs', tol=0.0001, verbose=0,
                   warm_start=False)
```

Model Evaluation

Accuracy Score

In [ ]:

```
# accuracy on training data
X_train_prediction = model.predict(X_train)
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_train_prediction, Y_train)
```

In [ ]:

```
print('Accuracy on Training data : ', training_data_accuracy)
```

```
Accuracy on Training data :  0.9415501905972046
```

In [ ]:

```
# accuracy on test data
X_test_prediction = model.predict(X_test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_test_prediction, Y_test)
```

In [ ]:

```
print('Accuracy score on Test Data : ', test_data_accuracy)
```

```
Accuracy score on Test Data :  0.9390862944162437
```