8. Deploy the admin cluster

NetApp Solutions

Kevin Hoke
May 24, 2021

Table of Contents

8. Deploy the admin cluster

All Kubernetes clusters deployed as a part of the Anthos solution are deployed from the Anthos admin workstation that you just created. A user logs into the admin workstation using SSH, the public key created in a previous step, and the IP address provided at the end of the VM deployment. An admin cluster controls all actions in an Anthos environment. The admin cluster must be deployed first, and then individual user clusters can be deployed for specific workload needs.

There are specific procedures for deploying clusters that use static IP addresses here, and procedures for environments with DHCP can be found here. In this guide, we use the second set of instructions for ease of deployment.

To deploy the admin cluster, complete the following steps:

1. Log into your admin-workstation using the SSH command prompted at the end of the deployment. After successful authentication, you can list the files in the home directory, which are used to create the admin cluster and additional clusters later on. The directory also includes the copied vCenter cert and the access key for Anthos that was created in earlier steps.

```
[user@rhel7 anthos-install]$ ssh -i ~/.ssh/gke-admin-workstation
ubuntu@10.63.172.10

Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-1001-gkeop x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:     https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:        https://ubuntu.com/advantage
Last login: Fri Jan 29 15:46:35 2021 from 10.249.129.216

ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ ls
admin-cluster.yaml
user-cluster.yaml
vcenter.pem
component-access-key.json
```

2. Use scp to copy the remaining keys for your Anthos account over from the workstation you deployed the admin-workstation from.

```
ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ scp user@rhel7:~/anthos-
install/connect-register-key.json ./
ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ scp user@rhel7:~/anthos-
install/connect-agent-key.json  ./
ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ scp user@rhel7:~/anthos-
install/logging-monitoring-key.json ./
```

3. Edit the admin-cluster.yaml file so that it is specific to the deployed environment. The file is very large, so we will address it by sections.

a. Most of the information is already filled in by default based on the configuration used to deploy the admin-workstation by gkeadm. This first section confirms the information for the version of Anthos being deployed and the vCenter instance it is deployed on. It also allows you to define a local data disk (VMDK) for Kubernetes object data.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: AdminCluster
# (Required) Absolute path to a GKE bundle on disk
bundlePath: /var/lib/gke/bundles/gke-onprem-vsphere-1.6.0-gke.7-
full.tgz
# (Required) vCenter configuration
vCenter:
  address: anthos-vc.cie.netapp.com
  datacenter: NetApp-HCI-Datacenter-01
  cluster: NetApp-HCI-Cluster-01
  resourcePool: Anthos-Resource-Pool
  datastore: VM_Datastore
  # Provide the path to vCenter CA certificate pub key for SSL
verification
  caCertPath: "/home/ubuntu/vcenter.pem"
  # The credentials to connect to vCenter
  credentials:
    username: administrator@vsphere.local
    password: "vSphereAdminPassword"
  # Provide the name for the persistent disk to be used by the
deployment (ending
  # in .vmdk). Any directory in the supplied path must be created
before deployment
  dataDisk: "admin-cluster-disk.vmdk"
```

b. FIll out the networking section next, and select whether you are using static or DHCP mode. If you are using static addresses, you must create an IP-block file based on the instructions linked to above, and add it to the config file.

If static IPs are used in a deployment, the items under the host configuration are global. This includes static IPs for clusters or those used for SeeSaw load balancers, which are configured later.

```
# (Required) Network configuration
network:
# (Required) Hostconfig for static addresseses on Seesaw LB's
  hostConfig:
    dnsServers:
    - "10.61.184.251"
    - "10.61.184.252"
    ntpServers:
    - "0.pool.ntp.org"
    - "1.pool.ntp.org"
    - "2.pool.ntp.org"
    searchDomainsForDNS:
    - "cie.netapp.com"
  ipMode:
    # (Required) Define what IP mode to use ("dhcp" or "static")
    type: dhcp
    # # (Required when using "static" mode) The absolute or relative
path to the yaml file
    # # to use for static IP allocation
    # ipBlockFilePath: ""
  # (Required) The Kubernetes service CIDR range for the cluster.
Must not overlap
  # with the pod CIDR range
  serviceCIDR: 10.96.232.0/24
  # (Required) The Kubernetes pod CIDR range for the cluster. Must
not overlap with
  # the service CIDR range
  podCIDR: 192.168.0.0/16
  vCenter:
    # vSphere network name
    networkName: VM_Network
```

c. Fill out the load balancer section next. This can vary depending on the type of load balancer being deployed.

Seesaw example:

```
loadBalancer:
  # (Required) The VIPs to use for load balancing
  vips:
    # Used to connect to the Kubernetes API
    controlPlaneVIP: "10.63.172.155"
    # # (Optional) Used for admin cluster addons (needed for multi
cluster features). Must
    # # be the same across clusters
```

```
    # # addonsVIP: "10.63.172.153"
  # (Required) Which load balancer to use "F5BigIP" "Seesaw" or
"ManualLB". Uncomment
  # the corresponding field below to provide the detailed spec
  kind: Seesaw
  # # (Required when using "ManualLB" kind) Specify pre-defined
nodeports
  # manualLB:
  #   # NodePort for ingress service's http (only needed for user
cluster)
  #   ingressHTTPNodePort: 0
  #   # NodePort for ingress service's https (only needed for user
cluster)
  #   ingressHTTPSNodePort: 0
  #   # NodePort for control plane service
  #   controlPlaneNodePort: 30968
  #   # NodePort for addon service (only needed for admin cluster)
  #   addonsNodePort: 31405
  # # (Required when using "F5BigIP" kind) Specify the already-
existing partition and
  # # credentials
  # f5BigIP:
  #   address:
  #   credentials:
  #     username:
  #     password:
  #   partition:
  #   # # (Optional) Specify a pool name if using SNAT
  #   # snatPoolName: ""
  # (Required when using "Seesaw" kind) Specify the Seesaw configs
  seesaw:
  # (Required) The absolute or relative path to the yaml file to use
for IP allocation
  #  for LB VMs. Must contain one or two IPs.
  ipBlockFilePath: "admin-seesaw-block.yaml"
  #   (Required) The Virtual Router IDentifier of VRRP for the Seesaw
group. Must
  #   be between 1-255 and unique in a VLAN.
    vrid: 100
  #   (Required) The IP announced by the master of Seesaw group
    masterIP: "10.63.172.151"
  #   (Required) The number CPUs per machine
    cpus: 1
  #   (Required) Memory size in MB per machine
    memoryMB: 2048
  #   (Optional) Network that the LB interface of Seesaw runs in
```

```
(default: cluster
  #   network)
    vCenter:
  #   vSphere network name
      networkName: VM_Network
  #   (Optional) Run two LB VMs to achieve high availability
(default: false)
    enableHA: false
```

d. For a SeeSaw load balancer, you must create an additional external file to supply the static IP information for the load balancer. Create the file `admin-seesaw-block.yaml`, which was referenced in this configuration section.

```
blocks:
  - netmask: "255.255.255.0"
    gateway: "10.63.172.1"
    ips:
    - ip: "10.63.172.152"
      hostname: "admin-seesaw-vm"
```

F5 BigIP Example:

```
# (Required) Load balancer configuration
loadBalancer:
  # (Required) The VIPs to use for load balancing
  vips:
    # Used to connect to the Kubernetes API
    controlPlaneVIP: "10.63.172.155"
    # # (Optional) Used for admin cluster addons (needed for multi
cluster features). Must
    # # be the same across clusters
    # # addonsVIP: "10.63.172.153"
  # (Required) Which load balancer to use "F5BigIP" "Seesaw" or
"ManualLB". Uncomment
  # the corresponding field below to provide the detailed spec
  kind: F5BigIP
  # # (Required when using "ManualLB" kind) Specify pre-defined
nodeports
  # manualLB:
  #   # NodePort for ingress service's http (only needed for user
cluster)
  #   ingressHTTPNodePort: 0
  #   # NodePort for ingress service's https (only needed for user
cluster)
  #   ingressHTTPSNodePort: 0
```

```
  #   # NodePort for control plane service
  #   controlPlaneNodePort: 30968
  #   # NodePort for addon service (only needed for admin cluster)
  #   addonsNodePort: 31405
  # # (Required when using "F5BigIP" kind) Specify the already-
existing partition and
  # # credentials
  f5BigIP:
    address: "172.21.224.21"
    credentials:
      username: "admin"
      password: "admin-password"
    partition: "Admin-Cluster"
  #   # # (Optional) Specify a pool name if using SNAT
  #   # snatPoolName: ""
  # (Required when using "Seesaw" kind) Specify the Seesaw configs
  # seesaw:
    # (Required) The absolute or relative path to the yaml file to
use for IP allocation
    # for LB VMs. Must contain one or two IPs.
    #  ipBlockFilePath: ""
    # (Required) The Virtual Router IDentifier of VRRP for the Seesaw
group. Must
    # be between 1-255 and unique in a VLAN.
    #  vrid: 0
    # (Required) The IP announced by the master of Seesaw group
    #  masterIP: ""
    # (Required) The number CPUs per machine
    #  cpus: 4
    # (Required) Memory size in MB per machine
    #   memoryMB: 8192
    # (Optional) Network that the LB interface of Seesaw runs in
(default: cluster
    # network)
    #   vCenter:
      # vSphere network name
      #     networkName: VM_Network
    # (Optional) Run two LB VMs to achieve high availability
(default: false)
    #   enableHA: false
```

e. The last section of the admin config file contains additional options that can be tuned to fit the specific deployment environment. These include enabling anti-affinity groups if Anthos is being deployed on less than three ESXi servers. You can also configure proxies, private docker registries, and the connections to Stackdriver and Google Cloud for auditing.

```
antiAffinityGroups:
  # Set to false to disable DRS rule creation
  enabled: false
# (Optional) Specify the proxy configuration
proxy:
  # The URL of the proxy
  url: ""
  # The domains and IP addresses excluded from proxying
  noProxy: ""
# # (Optional) Use a private Docker registry to host GKE images
# privateRegistry:
#   # Do not include the scheme with your registry address
#   address: ""
#   credentials:
#     username: ""
#     password: ""
#   # The absolute or relative path to the CA certificate for this
registry
#   caCertPath: ""
# (Required): The absolute or relative path to the GCP service
account key for pulling
# GKE images
gcrKeyPath: "/home/ubuntu/component-access-key.json"
# (Optional) Specify which GCP project to connect your logs and
metrics to
stackdriver:
  projectID: "anthos-dev"
  # A GCP region where you would like to store logs and metrics for
this cluster.
  clusterLocation: "us-east1"
  enableVPC: false
  # The absolute or relative path to the key file for a GCP service
account used to
  # send logs and metrics from the cluster
  serviceAccountKeyPath: "/home/ubuntu/logging-monitoring-key.json"
# # (Optional) Configure kubernetes apiserver audit logging
# cloudAuditLogging:
#   projectid: ""
#   # A GCP region where you would like to store audit logs for this
cluster.
#   clusterlocation: ""
#   # The absolute or relative path to the key file for a GCP service
account used to
#   # send audit logs from the cluster
#   serviceaccountkeypath: ""
```

The deployment detailed in this document is a minimum configuration for validation that requires the disabling of anti-affinity rules. NetApp recommends leaving this option set to true in production deployments.

By default, Anthos on VMware uses a pre-existing, Google-owned container image registry that requires no additional setup. If you choose to use a private Docker registry for deployment, then you must configure that registry separately based on instructions found here. This step is beyond the scope of this deployment guide.

4. When edits to the admin-cluster.yaml file are complete, be sure to check for proper syntax and spacing.

```
ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ gkectl check-config –config admin-
cluster.yaml
```

5. After the configuration check has passed and any identified issues have been remedied, you can then stage the deployment of the cluster. Since we have already checked the validation of the config file, we can skip those steps by passing the `--skip-validation-all` flag.

```
ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ gkectl prepare --config admin-
cluster.yaml --skip-validation-all
```

6. If you are using a SeeSaw load balancer, you must create one before deploying the cluster itself (otherwise skip this step).

```
ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ gkectl create loadbalancer --config
admin-cluster.yaml
```

7. You can now stand up the admin cluster. This is done with the `gkectl create` admin command, which can use the `--skip-validation-all` flag to speed up deployment.

```
ubuntu@gke-admin-200915-151421:~$ gkectl create admin --config admin-
cluster.yaml --skip-validation-all
```

8. When the cluster is deployed, it creates the kubeconfig file in the local directory. This file can be used the check the status of the cluster using kubectl or run diagnostics with gkectl.

```
ubuntu@gke-admin-ws-200915-151421:~ $ kubectl get nodes --kubeconfig
kubeconfig
NAME                                   STATUS   ROLES    AGE
VERSION
gke-admin-master-gkvmp                 Ready    master   5m
v1.18.6-gke.6600
gke-admin-node-84b77ff5c7-6zg59        Ready    <none>   5m
v1.18.6-gke.6600
gke-admin-node-84b77ff5c7-8jdmz        Ready    <none>   5m
v1.18.6-gke.6600
ubuntu@gke-admin-ws-200915-151421:~$ gkectl diagnose cluster --
kubeconfig kubeconfig
Diagnosing admin cluster "gke-admin-gkvmp"...- Validation Category:
Admin Cluster VCenter
Checking Credentials...SUCCESS
Checking Version...SUCCESS
Checking Datacenter...SUCCESS
Checking Datastore...SUCCESS
Checking Resource pool...SUCCESS
Checking Folder...SUCCESS
Checking Network...SUCCESS- Validation Category: Admin Cluster
Checking cluster object...SUCCESS
Checking machine deployment...SUCCESS
Checking machineset...SUCCESS
Checking machine objects...SUCCESS
Checking kube-system pods...SUCCESS
Checking storage...SUCCESS
Checking resource...System pods on UserMaster cpu resource request
report: total 1754m nodeCount 2 min 877m max 877m avg 877m tracked
amount in bundle 4000m
System pods on AdminNode cpu resource request report: total 2769m
nodeCount 2 min 1252m max 1517m avg 1384m tracked amount in bundle 4000m
System pods on AdminMaster cpu resource request report: total 923m
nodeCount 1 min 923m max 923m avg 923m tracked amount in bundle 4000m
System pods on UserMaster memory resource request report: total
4524461824 nodeCount 2 min 2262230912 max 2262230912 avg 2262230912
tracked amount in bundle 8192Mi
System pods on AdminNode memory resource request report: total 6876Mi
nodeCount 2 min 2174Mi max 4702Mi avg 3438Mi tracked amount in bundle
16384Mi
System pods on AdminMaster memory resource request report: total 465Mi
nodeCount 1 min 465Mi max 465Mi avg 465Mi tracked amount in bundle
16384Mi
SUCCESS
Cluster is healthy.
```

Next: Deploy user clusters.