## **CS4400 Database Project**

#### **Summer Semester 2016**

#### Version 1.0

#### GTMovie.com

Look at the last page for edits made for each version. Please read the entire description of the project before starting to work on it.

## Purpose of the Project

Analyze, specify, design, implement, document and demonstrate an online system for buying movie tickets at GTMovie.com. You are required to use the classical methodology for database development. The system should be implemented using a relational DBMS that supports standard SQL queries. Class administrators will provide you with information about how to access a collegemanaged MySQL server in order to implement your database and the application. The professors must approve any other alternative implementations. *In no circumstances can you use a tool that automatically generates SQL or automatically maps programming objects into the database. You also cannot use any other software like Access.* Ask professors or TAs if you have doubts in which tools/languages/software are allowed.

#### **Project Phases**

The three phases of the project cover the following work-processes from the Classical Methodology for Database Development (see notes on T-square under resources). Slides on database design methodology will be useful for phases I and II: These slides have been posted on T-square.

#### Groups

Project groups may have 3 or 4 members. Groups of more than 4 or less than 3 will **NOT** be allowed. You are allowed to form groups across the three sections (A & B) of the class. A group may remove a member from further participation in the group when Phase I is turned in or when Phase II is turned in. A written

notification with a proper justification must be provided to the professor and the head TA at that time in hard-copy form.

#### Deliverables

Phase I (Electronic copy and hard copy)

Deadline: June 10

#### The deliverables include:

- 1. A cover page listing all members in the team with their respective sections, GT official email addresses and T-square usernames.
- 2. Enhanced Entity Relationship (EER) Diagram
- 3. Information Flow Diagram
- 4. A list of logical constraints that will be enforced. Do not include any constraints that can be shown in the EER diagram, but rather semantic, business logic related constraints. You are required to include at least three constraints, although a fully-specified system will probably have more than that. Constraints that can be specified directly using ER notation will not count towards the three required. Constraints related to data type are not accepted as constraints.
- 5. Any assumptions made with explanations.

#### Notes:

- 1. The EER must capture the constraints of the system as much as possible whenever applicable, i.e. total participation, super/sub class, weak entities.
- 2. The design of your system must satisfy all the constraints. You are allowed to make up additional assumptions and constraints as long as they do not conflict with the specified constraints and requirements. If possible, those additional assumptions and constraints should be included in the ER diagram. You must list all your assumptions and constraints; otherwise TA would mark your ER diagram wrong since they would not be able to know

you have made your own assumptions.

Each group needs to turn in one hard copy (only one for the entire group), and each group member should upload an electronic copy on T-Square individually. You will receive -5 penalty if you do not submit an electronic copy. Group numbers will be assigned to the groups after they are declared in Phase 1. Please write down your Group Number clearly on all subsequent submissions.

Phase II (Soft copy and hard copy)

Deadline: July 8

#### The deliverables include:

- 1. A cover page listing all members in the team with their respective sections, GT official email addresses and T-square usernames, and group number assigned in phase 1. If you don't write your group number on the cover page, we will deduct 5 points.
- 2. Copy of the ER Diagram (either from phase I (with any revisions) or from the solution provided)
- 3. Copy of the Information Flow Diagram from phase I (either from phase I (with any revisions) or from the solution provided)
- 4. Relational Schema Diagram (Identify primary and foreign keys and show referential integrity using arrows)
- 5. Create Table statements, including domain constraints, integrity constraints, primary keys, and foreign keys.

#### Note:

1. **Only one hard copy** should be turned in for the entire group, and each group member should upload an electronic copy on T-Square individually. You will receive -5 penalty if you do not submit an electronic copy.

Phase III (Soft copy and hard copy)

Electronic Submission Deadline: July 26

Project Demo Dates: July 25, 26

The electronic deliverables include:

- 1. A cover page with the **group number** and the group members' names.
- 2. A text file with all SQL statements for each task (follow the template in the phase II design methodology)

**Note**: A set of SQL statements may be required in order to complete one task. However, in such cases, the last SQL statement should show the output according to the specification. Views and nested queries may be used to support the tasks.

3. For heavy weight option, you also need to submit your source code. You need to develop the entire application as a stand-alone application including the front end, menu options and the control flow. The application must have all functionalities described in this document.

**Note**: Prior to the demo, the TAs will give guidelines for populating the database with data. The database has to be populated with this data set prior to the demo.

You need to submit your electronic copy of phase 3 to T-Square before July 26.

Each group member should upload an electronic copy on T-Square individually. You will receive -5 penalty if you do not submit an electronic copy.

On demo day:

Bring your laptop and make sure you have a text file on your laptop with all your SQL queries just in case your application does not work. More details about demo will be discussed later this semester.

## Grading

The project will consist of three phases (deliverables) as well as a final demo to the TA.

Phase I and Phase II of the project are each worth 10% credit.

**Phase III** (20% for heavy-weight or 10% credit for light-weight, depending on option):

**Heavy Weight Option (20 %):** The students would be required to use the embedded SQL feature of MySQL which allows you to embed SQL statements in a standalone application.

**Light Weight option (10%):** The students would be required to demo the SQL queries on the MySQL console. Those who choose the light weight option would be required to take the Final exam.

Note that you can always change your option until the demo starts. Once TA starts to demo your project, you cannot change heavy-weight option to lightweight or vice versa.

**Final Exam (10%):** This would be only taken by students who have opted for the lightweight phase III. Under no circumstances would a heavy weight option student be allowed to take the Final.

#### GTMovie.com

GTMovie.com is an online movie ticket reservation website. There are two types of users: managers and customers.

The following sections contain a functional description of the system along with some mockup screens. Each section would explain a particular functionality and then present an example screen about it. You don't have to follow the UI designs, but your program needs to support all the functionalities. These mockups are just for helping you to understand all the functionalities. A complete reorganization of the user interface is permissible as long as your application supports all the functionality listed below. The sections have been grouped by customer's functionalities and managers' functionalities.

For heavy option, you may implement the project as a traditional standalone application (e.g., using Java GUIs) or as a web application (e.g., using a web scripting language like PHP). There is no restriction on the choice of language (e.g., Java, Python, Javascript). We will also send an announcement about which languages/tools/software/platforms are allowed later this semester. (Do ask the professors for permission if in doubt.)

## 1. Log In

	Login
Username	
Password	
Login	Register

Fig 1: Log in

Fig 1 shows the login screen. All users must login before using this application. A valid username and password combination is required. If the user provides invalid login credentials, an error message should be shown on the screen. If the user does not have an account yet, they can click on the register button to create an account.

#### Note:

- 1. Username is **unique** for every user.
- 2. Since the customers and the managers use the same login screen, you need to check if the user is a customer or a manager.

# 2. New User Registration

Username  Email Address  Password  Confirm Password  Manager Password  Create	New User Registration			
	Username  Email Address  Password  Confirm Password  Manager Password			

Fig 2: New User Registration

After clicking register button in Figure 1, the user will be directed to the new user registration page.

# To register a customer account:

The system needs to verify that all fields (except Manager Password) are filled, Username is available, and Password and Confirm Password are the same. Email address should be valid and unique. An error message should be shown if any of these requirements fails. All these requirements also apply to creating manager accounts.

# To register a manager account:

The user need to have Manager Password in order to create a manager account. (Hence only people who know the manager password can create manager accounts.) The system also needs to check if the manager password is correct.

#### Notes:

# 1. Email is unique.

2. Hint: You could have a 'System Info' entity in the database to store system information, such as the manager password.

#### **Customer Functionalities**

# 1. Now Playing



Figure 3: Now Playing

After logged in as customer, they would be taken to this window which lists out all the movies in theaters now. They can click on a movie to read overview/purchase ticket/ view & give reviews.

#### Note:

You still need to store the information of all movies even if they are not playing in the theaters.

#### 2. Me



Figure 4: Me

On the left upper corner of Now Playing page, there is a Me button. Clicking on this button, customer will be directed to Me page, where they can view order history, saved card and saved theater.

#### 3. Movie



Figure 5: Movie

After clicking on a movie on Now Playing page, the customer will be directed to this page. The release date, rating (G, PG, PG-13, R,NC-17), length, genre, average rating (from reviews) of the movie should be shown on this page.

#### 4. Overview

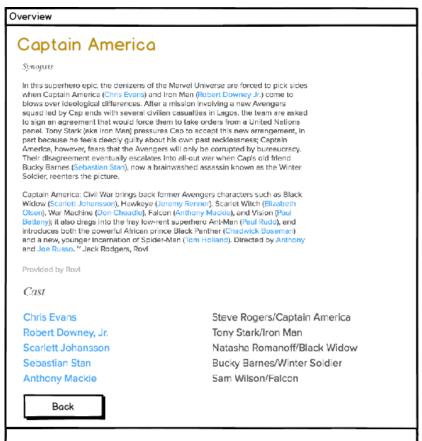


Figure 6: Movie Overview

On this page, the customer can view the synopsis and the cast. For cast, you only need to show five people.

## 5. Review

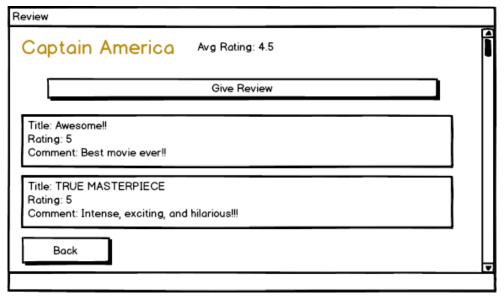


Figure 7: Review

The customer can view reviews on this page. Average rating should be calculated and shown on this page as well. The customer can also give review by clicking the Give Review button.

## 6. Give Review

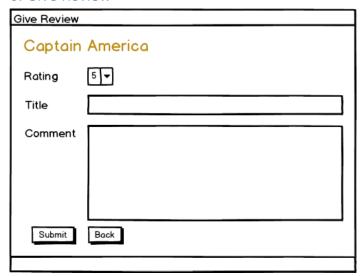


Figure 8: Give Review

The customer can select a rating from 1 to 5 (1 being very bad and 5 being very good).

# Note:

- 1. Customer can leave the comment part blank, but the title and rating fields must be filled.
- 2. Customer can only give reviews to movies that they have already watched (which means the system needs to check if the customer has purchased a ticket for this movie, and the status of the order should be 'completed'. The status of orders will be discussed later.)

# 7. Buy Ticket

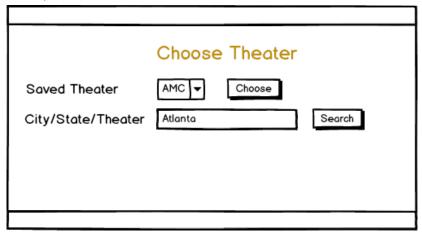


Figure 9: Choose Theater

The customer can either choose a theater from their preferred theater list (will be discussed later) or search a theater.

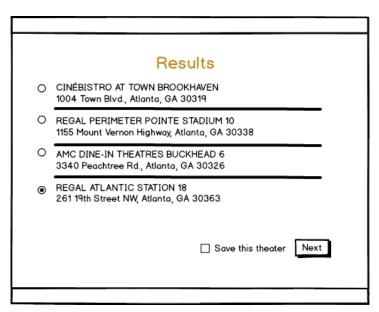
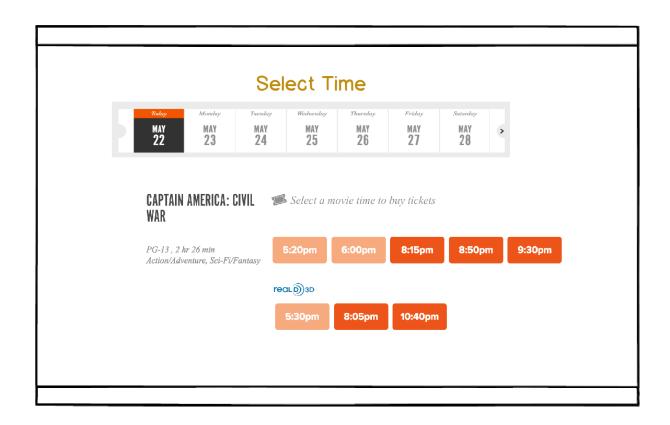


Figure 10: Search Theater Results

The customer can search a theater by name/city/state. This page shows the results. If the customer wants to save a theater into their preferred theater list, they can check the "save this theater" checkbox, so that they do not need to search for this theater every time.



# Figure 11: Select Time

After selecting the theater, the customer can select the movie time. They can purchase a ticket up to 7 days ahead.

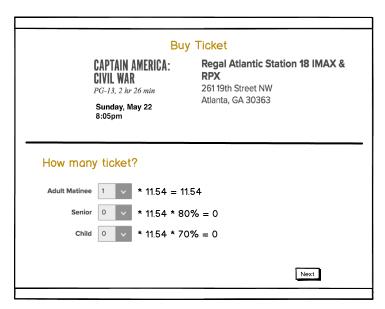


Figure 12: Ticket

There are three types of tickets: adult, senior and child. Seniors can enjoy 20% off discount and children can enjoy 30% off discount.

**Hint:** You can store the discount information in 'system info' entity, so that you don't need to store the price three times.

	Bu	y Ticket		
<b>C</b> P	APTAIN AMERICA: IVIL WAR G-13, 2 hr 26 min Sunday, May 22 :05pm	Regal Atlantic Station 18 IMAX & RPX 261 19th Street NW Atlanta, GA 30363		
Payment In	formation			
Use a saved card 1234 🔻 Buy Ticket				
Jse a saved car	rd 1234 <b>▼</b> B	uy Ticket		
		uy Ticket		
Use a new co	ard	uy Ticket		
Use a saved car  Use a new co		uy Ticket		
Use a new co	ard	uy Ticket		
Use a new co	Alier Hu	uy Ticket		
Use a new co	Alier Hu 1234 5678 9012 2541 123	uy Ticket		

Figure 13: Payment Information

The customer can either use a saved card or enter a new card. If the customer wants to use a new card, all fields need to be filled and the expiration date should be greater than today. They can check "save this card for later use" checkbox to save this card into their saved card list.

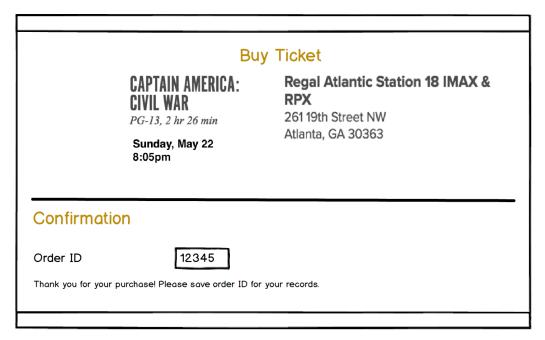


Figure 14: Confirmation

A unique order ID should be generated.

# 8. Order History

Customer will be directed to this page by clicking on "My Order History" link on Me page.



Figure 15: Order History

Customer can view all their orders or search for an order by entering the order ID.

#### 9. View Order Detail/ Cancel Order



Figure 16: Order Detail/Cancel Order

Customer can view the detail of the order or cancel it on this page. You need to show all information as shown on the mockup screen except the poster. A \$5 cancellation fee will be deducted from the refund. You should update the total cost accordingly. The customer cannot cancel the order once the movie has started.

For example, the total cost of this order (see mockup) is \$11.54. If the customer wants to cancel this order, the total cost would become \$11.54-\$5 = \$6.54.

#### Note:

1. A cancelled order should not be removed from the database, but the system needs to know if an order has been cancelled or not. (See 'status' on 'Order History' page. 'unused' means the movie has not started, 'cancelled' means the order has been cancelled, 'completed' means the customer has used the ticket. Only 'unused' order can be cancelled.)

#### 10. My Payment Information

Customer can view/delete their saved cards on this page.

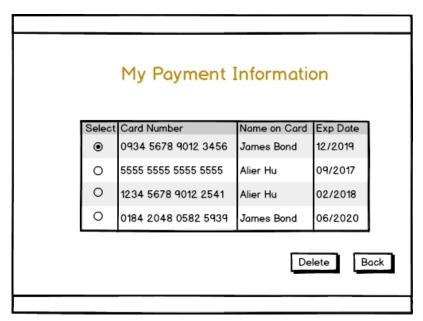


Figure 17: My Payment Information

# 11. My Preferred Theater

Customer can view/delete their preferred cards on this page.

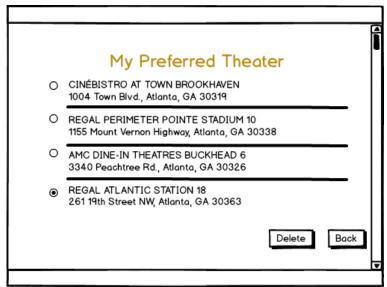


Figure 18: My Preferred Theater

Manager Functionalities

# 1. Choose Functionality (manager view)

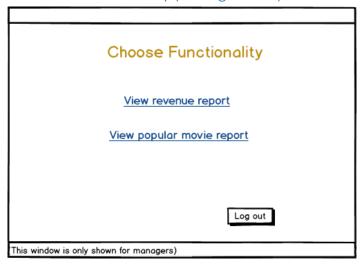


Figure 19: Choose Functionality (manager view)

If user have logged in as manager, they should be taken to this window. Hint:

1. You need to consider whether these reports should be stored in the database.

# 2. View Revenue Report

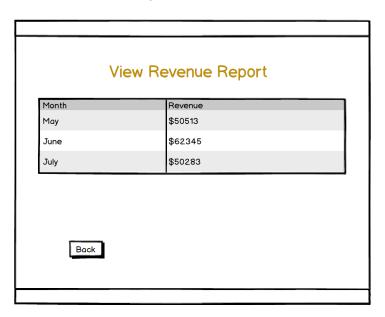


Figure 20: View Revenue Report

This report shows the total revenue of each month.

## Note:

- 1. For this report, you only need to show three months.
- 2. Do not hardcode the reports. You need to write SQL statements for generating reports. This applies to all reports.

# 3. View Popular Movie Report

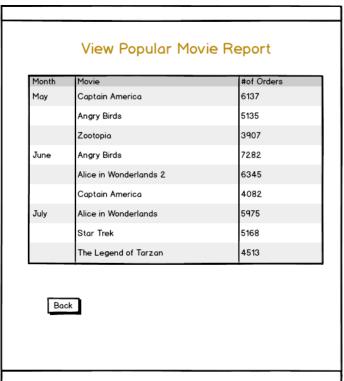


Figure 21: View Popular Movie Report

This report shows the top 3 most popular movies (calculated by number of orders) of each month.

#### Note:

- 1. Similarly to the previous report, you only need to show three months.
- 2. Do not include cancelled orders.

# **Document Version Info**

Version	Notes	Date
1.0	EO final version	5/6/2016
1.1	Туро	6/2/2016