## **Binary Tree: Interview Questions and Practice**

## **Problems**

- 1. Inorder Tree Traversal
- 2. Preorder Tree Traversal
- 3. Postorder Tree Traversal
- 4. Check if two binary trees are identical or not
- 5. Print bottom view of a binary tree
- 6. Print top view of a binary tree
- 7. In-place convert a binary tree to its sum tree
- 8. <u>Determine whether the given binary tree nodes are</u>
  cousins of each other
- 9. Print cousins of a given node in a binary tree
- 10. Check if a binary tree is a sum tree or not

- 11. <u>Combinations of words formed by replacing given</u>
  <u>numbers with corresponding alphabets</u>
- 12. <u>Determine whether a binary tree is a subtree of another</u>
  <u>binary tree</u>
- 13. Find the diameter of a binary tree
- 14. Check if a binary tree is symmetric or not
- 15. Convert a binary tree to its mirror
- 16. Determine if a binary tree can be converted to another
  by doing any number of swaps of children
- 17. Find the Lowest Common Ancestor (LCA) of two nodesin a binary tree
- 18. Print all paths from the root to leaf nodes of a binary tree
- 19. Find ancestors of a given node in a binary tree
- 20. <u>Find distance between given pairs of nodes in a binary</u> tree

- 21. Find the diagonal sum of a binary tree
- 22. <u>Sink nodes containing zero to the bottom of a binary</u>
  tree
- 23. Convert a binary tree to a full tree by removing half nodes
- 24. Truncate a binary tree to remove nodes that lie on a path having a sum less than `k`
- 25. Find maximum sum root to leaf path in a binary tree
- 26. Check if a binary tree is height-balanced or not
- 27. Convert binary tree to Left-child right-sibling binary tree
- 28. Print all paths from leaf to root node of a binary tree
- 29. <u>Iteratively print the leaf to root path for every leaf node</u>
  in a binary tree
- 30. Build a binary tree from a parent array

- 31. Find all nodes at a given distance from leaf nodes in a binary tree
- 32. Count all subtrees having the same value of nodes in a binary tree
- 33. Find the maximum difference between a node and its descendants in a binary tree
- 34. Find the maximum sum path between two leaves in a binary tree
- 35. Construct a binary tree from inorder and preorder traversal
- 36. <u>Construct a binary tree from inorder and postorder</u>
  <u>traversals</u>
- 37. Construct a binary tree from inorder and level order sequence
- 38. <u>Construct a full binary tree from the preorder sequence</u> with leaf node information

- 39. Construct a full binary tree from a preorder and postorder sequence
- 40. Find postorder traversal of a binary tree from its inorder and preorder sequence
- 41. Set next pointer to the inorder successor of all nodes in a binary tree
- 42. <u>Find preorder traversal of a binary tree from its</u>
  <u>inorder and postorder sequence</u>
- 43. Find the difference between the sum of all nodes

  present at odd and even levels in a binary tree
- 44. Clone a binary tree with random pointers
- 45. <u>Threaded Binary Tree Overview and Implementation</u>
- 46. Determine if a binary tree satisfies the height-balanced property of a red-black tree
- 47. Construct an ancestor matrix from a binary tree

- 48. <u>Find all possible binary trees having the same inorder</u>
  traversal
- 49. Perform boundary traversal on a binary tree
- 50. <u>Check if each node of a binary tree has exactly one</u> child
- 51. Evaluate a Binary Expression Tree
- 52. Construction of an expression tree
- 53. Fix children-sum property in a binary tree
- 54. Maximum path sum in a binary tree
- 55. Create a mirror of an m-ary tree
- 56. Print a two-dimensional view of a binary tree
- 57. Construct a binary tree from an ancestor matrix
- 58. Determine whether a given binary tree is a BST or not
- 59. Find inorder successor for the given key in a BST
- 60. Fix a binary tree that is only one swap away from becoming a BST

- 61. Find the size of the largest BST in a binary tree
- 62. Print binary tree structure with its contents in C++
- 63. <u>Maximum Independent Set Problem</u>
- 64. Huffman Coding Compression Algorithm
- 65. Construct a Cartesian tree from an inorder traversal
- 66. Calculate the height of a binary tree with leaf nodes forming a circular doubly linked list
- 67. <u>Link nodes present in each level of a binary tree in the</u> form of a linked list
- 68. Convert a ternary tree to a doubly-linked list
- 69. Extract leaves of a binary tree into a doubly-linked list
- 70. Find the vertical sum of a binary tree
- 71. In-place convert a binary tree to a doubly-linked list
- 72. Check whether the leaf traversal of given binary trees is the same or not

- 73. <u>Efficiently print all nodes between two given levels in a binary tree</u>
- 74. Calculate the height of a binary tree
- 75. Delete a binary tree
- 76. Level order traversal of a binary tree
- 77. Spiral order traversal of a binary tree
- 78. Reverse level order traversal of a binary tree
- 79. Print all nodes of a perfect binary tree in a specific order
- 80. Print left view of a binary tree
- 81. Find the next node at the same level as the given node
  in a binary tree
- 82. Check if a binary tree is a complete binary tree or not
- 83. Print diagonal traversal of a binary tree
- 84. Print corner nodes of every level in a binary tree
- 85. <u>Invert Binary Tree</u>

- 86. <u>Convert a binary tree into a doubly-linked list in spiral</u>

  <u>order</u>
- 87. Check if a binary tree is a min-heap or not
- 88. Invert alternate levels of a perfect binary tree
- 89. Perform vertical traversal of a binary tree
- 90. Compute the maximum number of nodes at any level
  in a binary tree
- 91. Print right view of a binary tree
- 92. Find the minimum depth of a binary tree
- 93. <u>Depth-First Search (DFS) vs Breadth-First Search</u>
  (BFS)
- 94. Print nodes of a binary tree in vertical order