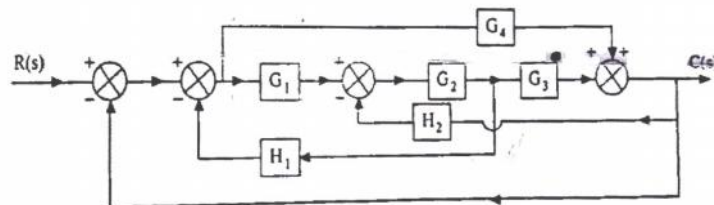


III/IV B.Tech. (Supple) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, JUNE- 2019**First Semester****EC/EE****LINEAR CONTROL SYSTEMS****Time: Three Hours****Maximum marks:60****Answer Question No.1 Compulsory****12X1=12 M****Answer ONE Question from each Unit****4X12=48 M**

1.
 - a) Define system, control system
 - b) Distinguish between linear and nonlinear control system
 - c) State disadvantages and advantages of signal flow graph
 - d) Define the term raise time, settling time.
 - e) What are the conditions of Routh Hurwitz criteria of stability?
 - f) What is the purpose of Nyquist plots.
 - g) Define Phase margin, gain margin
 - h) State the importance of state transmission matrix.
 - i) Define conditionally stable system.
 - j) Define angle of departure, angle of arrival
 - k) Define bandwidth frequency
 - l) What is PID controller?

UNIT-I

2.
 - a) Draw the signal flow graph and derive the transfer function of the system using mason's gain formula.

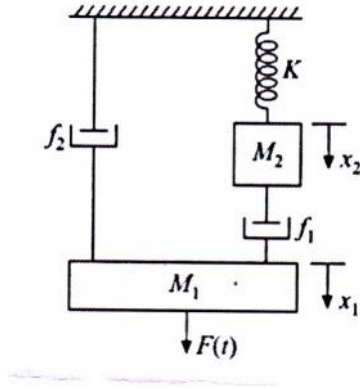


- b) Obtain the transfer function Armature controlled DC motor.

P.T.O

(OR)

3. a) Write the differential equations for mechanical system shown in figure and obtain an analogous electrical circuit in force-voltage analogy.



- b) Explain the working principle of synchro transmitter.

UNIT-II

4. a) Write the expression for time domain specification of a second order control system and indicate with neat sketch? Also how damping ratio affect the time response of second order system.

- b) Determine the range of K for stability

$$S^3 + 2S^4 + 3S^3 + 4S^2 + K(S+1) + S + 5 = 0 \quad \text{for } K > 0.$$

(OR)

5. a) Determine the stability of system represented by the characteristic equation $S^4 + 2S^3 + 8S^2 + 4S + 3 = 0$ by means of Routh criterion.
- b) Determine the step, ramp and parabolic error constant for the following system with unity feedback.

$$\text{i) } G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s^2 + 4s + 200)} \quad \text{ii) } G(s) = \frac{100}{s(1 + 0.1s)}$$

UNIT-III

6. Sketch the bode plot for the transfer function and determine the system gain K for which the gain cross over frequency ω_c to be 5 rad/sec.

$$G(s) = \frac{Ks^2}{(1 + 0.2s)(1 + 0.02s)}$$

P.T.O

(OR)

7. a) What are the advantages of frequency domain analysis?
b) State and explain Nyquist stability criterion to determine the stability of a system?

UNIT-IV

8. Sketch the complete root locus for the system having

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+3)(s^2+3s+4.5)}$$

Determine the range of K for which the system is stable.

(OR)

9. a) Obtain the state space representation of the system whose differential equation is given by $Y_3 + 2Y_2 + 3Y_1 + 6Y_0 = U_2 - U_1 + 2U_0$
b) Find the Eigen value and Eigen vectors of the system represented by state space matrix A. Also derive a diagonal matrix of the system.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

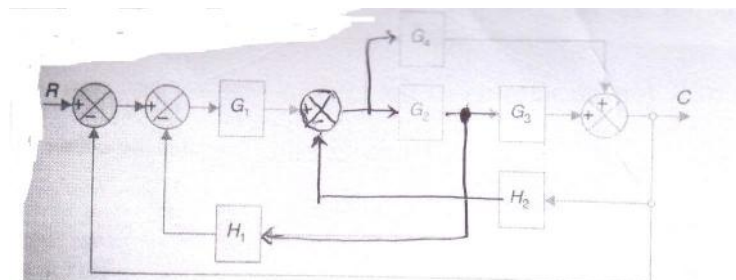


III/IV B.Tech. (Supple) DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, JUNE- 2019**First Semester****EC/EE****LINEAR CONTROL SYSTEMS****Time: Three Hours****Maximum marks:70****Answer Question No.1 Compulsory****14X1=14 M****Answer ONE Question from each Unit****4X14=56 M**

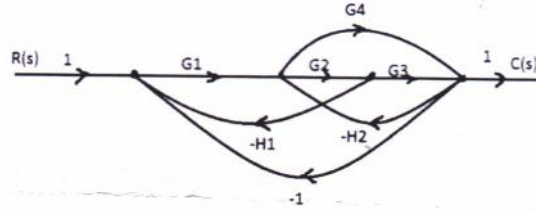
1.
 - a) What are the limitations of transfer function approach?
 - b) State disadvantages of the block diagram reduction technique?
 - c) Define critical damped system?
 - d) Define conditionally stable system?
 - e) Write a note on angle of departure, angle of arrival
 - f) What are the advantages of Negative Feedback?
 - g) What are different types of Controller?
 - h) Define Dominant Poles
 - i) What are the advantages of Bode Plots?
 - j) Define Controllability
 - k) What is zero input stability
 - l) What are Compensating networks?
 - m) Write the significance of root locus?
 - n) What is damping factor?

UNIT-I

2.
 - a) Obtain the transfer function of the closed loop control system shown in figure using block body reduction technique.

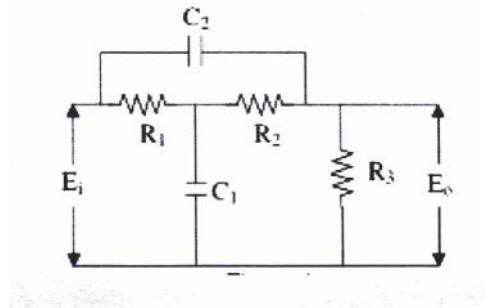


- b) Deduce the transfer function of signal flow graph shown in figure using Masson's gain formula.



(OR)

3. a) Obtain $\frac{E_o(s)}{E_i(s)}$ of the below electrical system shown in figure



- b) Explain the working of Synchronous transmitter and receiver pair

UNIT-II

4. a) Write the expression for time domain specification of a second order control system and indicate with neat sketch? Also how damping ratio affect the time response of second order system.
- b) Determine the step, ramp and parabolic error constant for the following system with unity feedback.

$$\text{i) } G(s) = \frac{K}{S(S^2 + 4S + 200)} \quad \text{ii) } G(s) = \frac{100}{S(1 + 0.1S)}$$

(OR)

5. a) Using Routh-Hurwitz Criteria comment on the stability of given system represented by characteristic equation $2s^6 + 2s^5 + 3s^4 + 3s^3 + 2s^2 + s + 1 = 0$. Find the number of roots in the right half of S-plane.

P.T.O

- b) Find the range of K for the stability of the system with characteristic equation $S^4 + 3S^3 + 3S^2 + 2S + K = 0$ by Routh-Hurwitz criterion.

UNIT-III

6. a) What are the advantages of frequency domain analysis over time domain analysis? explain
- b) Draw the Bode plot and obtain gain and phase cross over frequency of the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{20}{s(1+3s)(1+4s)}$

(OR)

7. a) Explain the Nyquist stability criteria. What are the advantages of Nyquist plots?
- b) Determine the stability of system $G(s)H(s) = \frac{5}{S(1+0.2S)(1+S)}$ using stability criteria and draw the plot.

UNIT-IV

8. a) Construct state model for the following differential equation $3y_4 + 5y_3 + 6y_2 + 7y_1 + 4y_0 = 3u_0$
- b) Determine the state controllability and Observability of the system using Kalman's test.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = [1 \quad 0 \quad 1]$$

(OR)

9. a) Discuss the effect of adding pole or zero on time domain specification of control system in detail?
- b) Sketch the root locus for the unity feedback system whose open loop transfer function is

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+4)(s^2+4s+20)}$$

