Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 90% To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

Course challenge

Latest Submission Grade 90%

1. Scenario 1, question 1-5

1/1 point

You've just started a new job as a data analyst. You're working for a midsized pharmacy chain with 38 stores in the American Southwest. Your supervisor shares a new data analysis project with you.

She explains that the pharmacy is considering discontinuing a bubble bath product called Splashtastic. Your supervisor wants you to analyze sales data and determine what percentage of each store's total daily sales come from that product. Then, you'll present your findings to leadership.

You know that it's important to follow each step of the data analysis process: ask, prepare, process, analyze, share, and act. So, you begin by defining the problem and making sure you fully understand stakeholder expectations.

One of the questions you ask is where to find the dataset you'll be working with. Your supervisor explains that the company database has all the information you need.

Next, you continue to the prepare step. You access the database and write a query to retrieve data about Splashtastic. You notice that there are only 38 rows of data, representing the company's 38 stores. In addition, your dataset contains five columns: Store Number, Average Daily Customers, Average Daily Splashtastic Sales (Dollars), and Average Total Daily Sales (All Products).

Considering the size of your dataset, you decide a spreadsheet will be the best tool for your project. You proceed by downloading the data from the database. Describe why this is the best choice.

O Spreadsheets are most effective when working with queries.
O Databases can't be used for analysis.
Only spreadsheets let you download and upload data.
Spreadsheets work well for processing and analyzing a small dataset, like the one you're using.
⊘ Correct A spreadsheet is a smart choice when working with a dataset of 38 rows and five columns.

2. Scenario 1 continued

1 / 1 point

You've downloaded the data from your company database and imported it into a spreadsheet. To use the dataset for this scenario, click the link below and select "Use Template."

Course Challenge - Scenario 1

OR

If you don't have a Google account, you can download the template directly from the attachment below.

Course Challenge Dataset - Scenario 1 - Scenario 1_ Pharmacy Data - Part 1

CSV File

Download file

Now, it's time to process the data. As you know, this step involves finding and eliminating errors and inaccuracies that can get in the way of your results. While cleaning the data, you notice that information about Splashtastic is missing in one of the rows. You are unsure of how to proceed, so the best course of action is to ask your supervisor for guidance.

True
 False
 Correct
 The best course of action is to ask your supervisor for guidance. Asking questions helps you learn and avoid mistakes.

3. Scenario 1 continued

1/1 point

Once you've found the missing information, you analyze your dataset.

During analysis, you create a new column F. At the top of the column, you add: Average Percentage of Total Sales - Splashtastic. What is this column label called?

A headline

An attribute

O A title

	○ A reference	
	Correct An attribute is a characteristic or quality of data used to label a column.	
	Scenario 1 continued	
4.	Next, you determine the average total daily sales over the past 12 months at all stores, The range that contains these sales is E2:E39. To do this, you use a function. Fill in the blank to complete the function correctly: =	1/1 point
	AVERAGE	
	SALES	
	O TOTAL	
	○ SUM	
	Correct The function begins with an equal sign (=), then the word AVERAGE. The range is all of column E, represented by E:E.	
5.	Scenario 1 continued	1/1 point
	You've reached the share phase of the data analysis process. It involves creating a data visualization to highlight the Splashtastic sales insights you've discovered.	
	● True	
	○ False	
	Correct The share phase involves creating data visualizations, preparing your presentation, and communicating your findings to stakeholders.	
6.	Scenario 2, questions 6-10	1 / 1 point
	You've been working for the nonprofit National Dental Society (NDS) as a junior data analyst for about two months. The mission of the NDS is to help its members advance the oral health of their patients. NDS members include dentists, hygienists, and dental office support staff.	
	The NDS is passionate about patient health. Part of this involves automatically scheduling follow-up appointments after crown replacement, emergency dental surgery, and extraction procedures. NDS believes the follow-up is an important step to ensure patient recovery and minimize infection.	
	Unfortunately, many patients don't show up for these appointments, so the NDS wants to create a campaign to help its members learn how to encourage their patients to take follow-up appointments seriously. If successful, this will help the NDS achieve its mission of advancing the oral health of all patients.	
	Your supervisor has just sent you an email saying that you're doing very well on the team, and he wants to give you some additional responsibility. He describes the issue of many missed follow-up appointments. You are tasked with analyzing data about this problem and presenting your findings using data visualizations.	
	An NDS member with three dental offices in Colorado offers to share its data on missed appointments. So, your supervisor uses a database query to access the dataset from the dental group. The query instructs the database to retrieve all patient information from the member's three dental offices, located in zip code 81137.	
	The table is dental_data_table, and the column name is zip_code. How do you complete the following query?	
	SELECT * FROM dental_data_table	
	WHERE zip_code = 81137	
	WHERE = 81137	
	WHERE_zip_code = 81137	
	Correct The correct syntax is WHEPE zin code = 81137 WHEPE indicates where to look for information. The column	

7. Scenario 2 continued

0 / 1 point

The dataset your supervisor retrieved and imported into a spreadsheet includes a list of patients, their demographic information, dental procedure types, and whether they attended their follow-up appointment. To use the dataset for this scenario, click the link below and select "Use Template."

name is zip_code. And the database is being asked to return only records matching zip code 81137.

f١	ou don't have a	Google account	. vou can download	the template directly	from the attachment below.

Course Challenge Dataset - Scenario 2	Download file ↓
	• • •
The patient demographic information includes data such as age and gender. As you're learning responsibility as a data analyst to make sure your analysis is fair. Which aspect of patient doget in the way of fairness?	. ,
The dataset indicates which dental procedure the patients had performed.	
The dataset includes people who all live in the same zip code.	
The dataset represents people who are single.	
The dataset contains patient identification numbers.	

8. Scenario 2 continued

1 / 1 point

As you're reviewing the dataset, you notice that there are a disproportionate number of senior citizens. So, you investigate further and find out that this zip code represents a rural community in Colorado with about 800 residents. In addition, there's a large assisted-living facility in the area. Nearly 300 of the residents in the 81137 zip code live in the facility.

You recognize that's a sizable number, so you want to find out if age has an effect on a patient's likelihood to attend a follow-up dental appointment. You analyze the data, and your analysis reveals that older people tend to miss follow-ups more than younger people.

So, you do some research online and discover that people over the age 60 are 50% more likely to miss dentist appointments. Sometimes this is because they're on a fixed income. Also, many senior citizens lack transportation to get to and from appointments.

With this new knowledge, you write an email to your supervisor expressing your concerns about the dataset. He agrees with your concerns, but he's also impressed with what you've learned and thinks your findings could be very important to the project. He asks you to change the business task. Now, the NDS campaign will be obut educating dental offices on the challenges faced by senior citizens and finding ways to help them access quality dental care.

Changing the business task involves which of the following?

Using a database instead of a spreadsheet

Defining the new question or problem to be solved

Conducting a gap analysis

Creating a graphical representation of the data

⊘ Correct

A business task is the question or problem data analysis answers for a business.

9. Scenario 2 continued

1/1 point

You continue with your analysis. In the end, your findings support what you discovered during your online research: As people get older, they're less likely to attend follow-up dental visits.

But you're not done yet. You know that data should be combined with human insights in order to lead to true data-driven decision-making. So, your next step is to share this information with people who are familiar with the problem. They'll help verify the results of your data analysis.

Fill in the blank: The people who are familiar with a problem and help verify the results of data analysis are

data scientists

subject-matter experts

stakeholderscustomers

✓ Corre

 $Subject-matter\ experts\ look\ at\ the\ results\ of\ data\ analysis\ to\ identify\ any\ inconsistencies,\ make\ sense\ of\ the\ gray\ areas,\ and\ eventually\ validate\ the\ choices\ being\ made.$

10, Scenario 2 continued 1/1 point

The subject-matter experts are impressed by your analysis. The team agrees to move to the next step: data visualization. You know it's important that stakeholders at NDS can quickly and easily understand that older people are less likely to attend important follow-up dental appointments. This will help them create an effective campaign for morphore.

It's time to create your presentation to stakeholders. It will include a data visualization that demonstrates the trend of people being less likely to attend follow-up appointments as they get older. Which type of chart will be most effective?

A pie chart		
A line chart		
A doughnut chart		
O A table		

⊘ Correct

A line chart is effective for tracking trends over time, such as people attending fewer follow-up appointments as they get older.