Multiple Choice Questions Related To Testing Knowledge about Time and Space Complexity Of A Program

m tutorial

admin	Jan '18		Λ
Hi fellow programmers,			Answer Key
We are trying to create a multiple and time complexity of the programming to greate a multiple and time complexity of the programming and would like to Q1.	grams related questions. we collected. Please feel ese questions. Any tions. Please also feel Qs that you would like to interesting questions ed during the	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	B C B B C D C C C
Average case time complexity of quicksort?		(10)	
A. $\mathcal{O}(n)$ B. $\mathcal{O}(n\log n)$ C. $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$ D. $\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	O(nlogn)	(11)	A
		(13)	C
Q2.		(14)	B
Worst case time complexity of quicksort?		(15)	В
A. $\mathcal{O}(n)$ B. $\mathcal{O}(n\log n)$ C. $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$ D. $\mathcal{O}(n^3)$	0 (n ²)	(16) (17) (18)	B C D
		1	
Q3.		(19)	B
Time complexity of binary search?		(22)	B
A. $\mathcal{O}(1)$ B. $\mathcal{O}(\log n)$ C. $\mathcal{O}((\log n)^2)$	o (logn)	(21)	C

```
Q4.
   def f()
        ans = 0
        for i = 1 to n:
             for j = 1 to log(i):
                  ans += 1
        print(ans)
 Time Complexity of this program:
                                     (B) O(nlogn)
 A. \mathcal{O}(n)
 B. \mathcal{O}(n \log n)
 C. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
 D. \mathcal{O}(n^3)
 Q5.
  def f():
       a = 0
                                        (C) O(n+m)
       for i = 1 to n:
            a += i;
       b = 0
       for i = 1 to m:
           b += i;
Time Complexity of this program:
A. \mathcal{O}(n)
B. \mathcal{O}(m)
C. \mathcal{O}(n+m)
D. \mathcal{O}(n*m)
Q6.
def f():
     a = 0
     for i = 1 to n:
          a += random.randint();
          b = 0
          for j = 1 to m:
               b += random.randint();
```

D. $\mathcal{O}(n)$

```
Time Complexity of this program:
                                            (D) 0(n*m)
A. \mathcal{O}(n)
B. \mathcal{O}(m)
C. \mathcal{O}(n+m)
D. \mathcal{O}(n*m)
Q7.
 def f():
      int a[n][n]
      // Finding sum of elements of a matrix
      sum = 0
      for i = 1 to n:
                                                      (c) 0 (n2)
           for j = i to n:
                 sum += a[i][j]
       print(sum)
Time Complexity of this program:
A. \mathcal{O}(n)
B. \mathcal{O}(n \log n)
C. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
D. \mathcal{O}(n^3)
 Q8.
                                                            (c) 0 (n2)
  def f():
       int a[n][n]
       sum = 0
       // Finding sum of elements of a matrix
       for i = 1 to n:
            for j = i to n:
                  sum += a[i][j]
       print(sum)
        for i = 1 to n:
             sum -= a[i][i]
 Time Complexity of this program:
 A. \mathcal{O}(n)
 B. \mathcal{O}(n \log n)
 C. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
 D. \mathcal{O}(n^3)
```

```
Q9.
def f():
    ans = 0
    for i = 1 to n:
         for j = n to i:
             ans += (i * j)
    print(ans)
```

Time Complexity of this program:

```
A. \mathcal{O}(n)
                                     (C) O(n2)
B. \mathcal{O}(n \log n)
C. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
D. \mathcal{O}(n^3)
```

Q10.

```
def f():
    int a[N + 1][M + 1][K + 1]
    sum = 0
    for i = 1 to N:
        for j = i to M:
            for k = j to K:
                sum += a[i][j]
    print(sum)
```

Time Complexity of this program:

```
A. \mathcal{O}(N+M+K)
                                 (B) O(N*M*K)
B. \mathcal{O}(N * M * K)
C. \mathcal{O}(N * M + K)
D. \mathcal{O}(N+M*K)
```

Q11.

```
def f(n):
   ans = 0
                            (A) O(logn)
   while (n > 0):
       ans += n
       n /= 2;
   print(ans)
```

Time Complexity of this program:

A. $\mathcal{O}(\log n)$

```
B. \mathcal{O}(n)
B. \mathcal{O}(n \log n)
C. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
Q12.
 // Find the sum of digits of a number in it
 def f(n):
      ans = 0
      while (n > 0):
                                                 (C) 0 (log 10 )
           ans += n % 10
           n /= 10;
      print(ans)
Time Complexity of this program:
A. \mathcal{O}(\log_2 n)
B. \mathcal{O}(\log_3 n)
C. \mathcal{O}(\log_{10} n)
D. \mathcal{O}(n)
Q13.
 def f():
                                                   (c) 0 (m logn)
      ans = 0
      for (i = n; i >= 1; i /= 2):
           for j = m to i:
                ans += (i * j)
      print(ans)
Time Complexity of this program:
A. \mathcal{O}(n+m)
B. \mathcal{O}(n*m)
C. \mathcal{O}(m \log n)
D. \mathcal{O}(n \log m)
Q14.
def f():
                                                       (B) O(logn logn)
      ans = 0
      for (i = n; i >= 1; i /= 2):
           for (j = 1; j \ll m; j \ll 2)
                ans += (i * j)
```

```
print(ans)
 Time Complexity of this program:
 A. \mathcal{O}(n*m)
  B. \mathcal{O}(\log m \log n)
 C. \mathcal{O}(m \log n)
 D. \mathcal{O}(n \log m)
 Q15.
  // Finding gcd of two numbers a, b.
  def gcd(a, b):
       if (a < b) swap(a, b)
       if (b == 0) return a;
       else return gcd(b, a % b)
                                            (B) O(logn)
 Time Complexity of this program:
 Let n = \max\{a, b\}
 A. O(1)
 B. \mathcal{O}(\log n)
 C. \mathcal{O}(n)
 D. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
 Q16.
 // Binary searching in sorted array for fin-
 def exists(a, x):
      // Check whether the number x exists in
      lo = 0, hi = len(a) - 1
                                                              (B) O(logn)
      while (lo <= hi):
           mid = (lo + hi) / 2
           if (a[mid] == x): return x:
           else if (a[mid] > x): hi = mid - 1;
           else lo = mid + 1;
      return -1; // Not found.
Time Complexity of this program:
Let n = len(a)
A. O(1)
B. \mathcal{O}(\log n)
C. \mathcal{O}(n)
```

```
D. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
```

```
Q17.
```

```
// Given a sorted array a, find the number of occurrence of number x in the entire array.
```

```
def count_occurrences(a, x, lo, hi):
    if lo > hi: return 0
    mid = (lo + hi) / 2;
    if a[mid] < x: return count_occurrences
    if a[mid] > x: return count_occurrences
    return 1 + count_occurrences(a, x, lo, return 1);
```

// in the main function, we call it as $count_occurrences(a, x, 0, len(a) - 1)$

Time Complexity of this program:

```
Let n = len(a)
A. \mathcal{O}(1)
```

B. $\mathcal{O}(\log n)$ C. $\mathcal{O}(n)$

D. $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$

Q18.

```
// Finding fibonacci numbers.
def f(n):
    if n == 0 or n == 1: return 1
    return f(n-1) + f(n-2)
```

(2°)

(c) 0(n)

Time Complexity of this program:

```
A. \mathcal{O}(\log n)
B. \mathcal{O}(n)
```

C. $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$

D. $\mathcal{O}(2^n)$

Q19.

Create array memo[n + 1]

// Finding fibonacci numbers with memoizati

```
def f(n):
      if memo[n] != -1: return memo[n]
      if n == 0 or n == 1: ans = 1
      else: ans = f(n-1) + f(n-2)
      memo[n] = ans
      return ans
 // In the main function.
 Fill the memo array with all values equal to
 ans = f(n)
Time Complexity of this program:
                                             (B) O(m)
A. \mathcal{O}(\log n)
B. \mathcal{O}(n)
\mathcal{C}. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
D. \mathcal{O}(2^n)
Q20.
 def f(a):
                                                   (13) O(n)
      n = len(a)
      j = 0
      for i = 0 to n - 1:
          while (j < n \text{ and } a[i] < a[j]):
               j += 1
Time Complexity of this program:
A. \mathcal{O}(\log n)
B. \mathcal{O}(n)
C. \mathcal{O}(n \log n)
D. \mathcal{O}(n^2)
Q21.
                                                (C) O(nlogn)
 def f():
      ans = 0
      for i = 1 to n:
           for j = i; j <= n; j += i:
               ans += 1
      print(ans)
Time Complexity of this program:
              B. O(n) C. O(nlogn) D. O(n2)
A. \mathcal{O}(\log n)
```