Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100%

To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

Weekly challenge 2

Latest Submission Grade 100%

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1.	Which of the following statements describes an algorithm?	1 / 1 point		
	A method for recognizing the current problem or situation and identifying the options			
	A tool that enables data analysts to spot something unusual			
	A process or set of rules to be followed for a specific task			
	A technique for focusing on a single topic or a few closely related ideas			
	Correct A process or set of rules to be followed for a specific task describes an algorithm.			
2.	Fill in the blank: If a data analyst is measuring qualities and characteristics, they are considering data.	1 / 1 point		
	qualitative			
	unbiased			

	cleaned	
	O quantitative	
	Correct If a data analyst is measuring qualities and characteristics, they are considering qualitative data.	
3.	In data analytics, reports use data that doesn't change once it's been recorded. Which of the following terms describes this type of data?	1 / 1 point
	Comprehensive	
	O Real-time	
	Static	
	Correct Static data is data that doesn't change once it's been recorded.	
4.	Which data-summarization tool do data analysts use to sort, reorganize, group, count, total, or average data?	1 / 1 point
	O A report	
	A function	
	A pivot table	
	A dashboard	
	⊘ Correct	

5.	A metric is a single, quantifiable type of data that can be used for what task?	1 / 1 point
	Sorting and filtering data	
	Setting and evaluating goals	
	Cleaning data	
	O Defining a problem type	
	Correct A metric is a single, quantifiable type of data used when setting and evaluating goals.	
6.	Fill in the blank: A goal is measurable and evaluated using single, quantifiable data.	1 / 1 point
	finite	
	Conceptual	
	metric	
	benchmark	
	Correct A metric goal is measurable and evaluated using single, quantifiable data.	

To sort, reorganize, group, count, total or average data, data analysts use a pivot

table.

7. 1 / 1 point

	Fill in the blank: Return on investment compares the cost of an investment to the of that investment.	
	O purpose	
	net profit	
	future success	
	timing	
	Correct Return on investment compares the cost of an investment to the net profit gained from that investment.	
8.	A data analyst is using data from a short time period to solve a problem related to someone's day-to-day decisions. They are most likely working with small data.	1 / 1 point
	True	
	Correct A data analyst using data from a short time period to solve a problem related to someone's day-to-day decisions is most likely working with small data.	