Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100%

To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

Weekly challenge 3

La	atest Submission Grade 100%	
1.	Both formulas and functions in spreadsheets begin with what symbol?	1 / 1 point
	Colon (:)	
	Equal sign (=)	
	Bracket ([)	
	Hyphen (-)	
	Correct Both formulas and functions in spreadsheets begin with an equal sign.	
2.	Attributes are used in spreadsheets for what purpose?	1/1 point
	Insert data into each column	
	Label the data in each column	
	Add a new column	
	Analyze the data in a row	

3.	Which of the following tasks might be performed using spreadsheets?	1 / 1 point
	Write a sales pitch	
	Cand a new client	
	Maintain information about accounts	
	O Develop communication skills	
	A spreadsheet could be used to maintain information about accounts.	
4.	Formulas are created by the user, whereas functions are preset commands in spreadsheets.	1 / 1 point
	True	
	○ False	
	Correct Formulas are created by the user, whereas functions are preset commands in spreadsheets.	
5.	In the function =MAX(A1:A12), what does A1:A12 represent?	1 / 1 point
	The operator	

Attributes are used to label the type of data in each column in a spreadsheet.

⊘ Correct

	The range	
	The maximum	
	The formula	
	Correct In the function, A1:A12 represents the range. A range is a collection of two or more cells.	
6.	What is the correct spreadsheet formula for multiplying cell H2 times cell H5?	1 / 1 point
	=H2^H5	
	=H2/H5	
	=H2xH5	
	Correct The correct spreadsheet formula for multiplying cells H2 times cell H5 is =H2*H5. The asterisk (*) is the operator for multiplication.	
7.	Fill in the blank: By negatively influencing data collection, can have a detrimental effect on analysis.	1 / 1 point
	bias	
	partiality	
	filtering	
	objectivity	

Correct By negatively influencing data collection, bias can have a detrimental effect on analysis.		
Which of the following are ways that data analysts can add context to their data? Select all that apply.		
Consider where the data came from		
Correct To add context to their data, data analysts ask questions about the data, consider where it came from, and use descriptive column headers.		
Create reports for stakeholders		
Use descriptive column headers		
Correct To add context to their data, data analysts ask questions about the data, consider where it came from, and use descriptive column headers.		

To add context to their data, data analysts ask questions about the data, consider where it came from, and use descriptive column headers.

1 / 1 point

8.

Ask questions about the data

⊘ Correct