

Properties of vectors

1 12th Maths - Exercise 10.4.10

1. The area of a parallelogram whose adjacent sides are represented by the vectors $\mathbf{a} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 2\hat{i} - 7\hat{j} + \hat{k}$

2 Solution

Now,

$$\text{Let } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -7 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

(2)

The cross product or vector product of \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B} is defined as

$$\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{23} & \mathbf{B}_{23} \\ \mathbf{A}_{31} & \mathbf{B}_{31} \\ \mathbf{A}_{12} & \mathbf{B}_{12} \end{vmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

Hence

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{23} & \mathbf{B}_{23} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -7 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1 + 21) = 20 \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{31} & \mathbf{B}_{31} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (6 - 1) = 5 \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{12} & \mathbf{B}_{12} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & -7 \end{vmatrix} = (-7 + 2) = -5 \quad (6)$$

(7)

which can be represented in matrix form as

$$\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 20 \\ 5 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (8)$$

Hence

$$\|\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}\| = \sqrt{20^2 + 5^2 - 5^2} \quad (9)$$

$$= 15\sqrt{2} \quad (10)$$