## Introduction to homotopy type theory: practice exam

## DAT235/DIT577/PhD reading course

## 2023, December 23

• Grade scale:

Fraction of points	$\geq 0$	$\geq 2/5$	$\geq 3/5$	$\geq 4/5$
Grade	U	3	4	5

• Time: 4 hours

• No aids allowed.

- You may use familiar facts from the course book or our discussions without justification, provided they do not already include the statement to be proven or depend on it.
- The axioms of function extensionality and univalence may only be used where stated.

- 1. [4 points] Recall that the type  $\mathbb{N}$  of natural numbers is inductively generated by  $0 : \mathbb{N}$  and  $S(n) : \mathbb{N}$  for  $n : \mathbb{N}$ . Its eliminator (induction) takes a family P over  $\mathbb{N}$  with
  - z: P(0),
  - s(n,x): P(S(n)) for  $n: \mathbb{N}$  and x: P(n),

and gives  $\operatorname{ind}_{P,z,s}(n):P(n)$  for  $n:\mathbb{N}$ .

Justify the definition of  $f: \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$  by pattern matching

$$f(0,b) = S(b)$$

$$f(S(a), 0) = f(a, S(0))$$

$$f(S(a), S(b)) = f(a, f(S(a), b))$$

by translating it a definition using the eliminator instead.

2. [4 points] Let A be a type with an element a. Consider the following type:

$$\sum_{x:A} \sum_{p:a=x} \sum_{q:x=a} p \cdot q = \mathsf{refl}_a$$

Is this type always contractible? If yes, prove so; if no, provide a counterexample.

- 3. [4 points] A type A is a retract of a type B if we have  $s: A \to B$  and  $r: B \to A$  with  $rs \sim id_A$ . Prove that any retract of a contractible type is again contractible.
- 4. [4 points] Consider maps

$$A \xrightarrow{f} B \xrightarrow{g} C \xrightarrow{h} D.$$

Assume that gf and hg are bi-invertible. Show that f, g, h are all bi-invertible.

5. [8 points in total] One of the most technical parts in the setup of homotopy type theory is the proof that bi-invertible maps are contractible. In this problem, we will work through an alternative approach from discussions with David Wärn.

We start with maps  $g: A \to B$  and  $f, h: B \to A$  with  $p: gf \sim id_A$  and  $q: hg \sim id_B$ . Prove the following sequence of claims. You may use all previous problems and parts.

- (a) [2 points] The following maps are bi-invertible:
  - $\operatorname{ap}_{gf}^{a_0,a_1}:(a_0=a_1) \to (g(f(a_0))=g(f(a_1))) \text{ for } a_0,a_1:A,$
  - $\operatorname{ap}_{gh}^{b_0,b_1}:(b_0=b_1)\to (h(g(b_0))=h(g(b_1))) \text{ for } b_0,b_1:B.$

You may use function extensionality here.

- (b) [2 points] The map  $\mathsf{ap}_f^{a_0,a_1}:(a_0=a_1)\to (f(a_0)=f(a_1))$  is bi-invertible for  $a_0,a_1:A.$
- (c) [2 points] For  $a_0: A$ , the type  $\sum_{a_1:A} f(a_0) = f(a_1)$  is contractible.
- (d) [2 points] The map f is contractible.
- 6. [4 points] Define what it means for a universe  $\mathcal{U}$  to be univalent.