```
In [137]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
   import nltk
   import re
   import random
   import csv
   import gensim
   from wordcloud import WordCloud #To display text data
```

In [138]: from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer #To tokenise our
 from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad\_sequences #To pad t
 from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential #model used
 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Embedding, LSTM, Conv1D, MaxPool
 from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split
 from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report, accuracy\_score

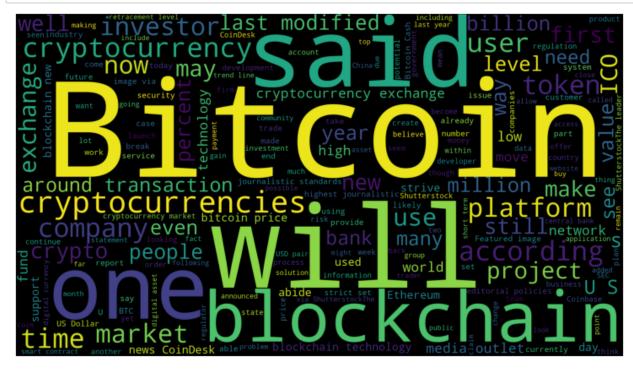
```
In [139]: real_news = pd.read_csv("crypto_news_parsed_2018_validation.csv")
```

## In [140]: real\_news.head()

#### Out[140]:

	url	title	text	html	year	author	s
0	https://www.ccn.com/paris- hiltons-hotel-mogul	Paris Hilton's Hotel Mogul Father to Sell \$38	A group of journalists who left The Denver Pos	A group of journalists who left The Denver	2018	Lester Coleman	accepts_I
1	https://www.ccn.com/playboy- sues-cryptocurrenc	Playboy Sues Cryptocurrency Company for Breach	Playboy Enterprises, the parent company of Pla	Playboy Enterprises, the parent company of 	2018	Jimmy Aki	accepts_I
2	https://www.ccn.com/microsoft-reboots-bitcoin	Microsoft Restores Bitcoin Payments after Temp	Hardware and software giant Microsoft reported	Hardware and software giant Microsoft repor	2018	Francisco Memoria	accepts_l
3	https://www.ccn.com/japans- gmo-launches-app-to	Japan's GMO Launches App to Reward Gamers in B	GMO Internet, a leading Japanese Internet serv	GMO Internet, a leading Japanese Internet s	2018	Lester Coleman	accepts_l
4	https://www.ccn.com/japanese- building-in-tokyo	547 Bitcoins: \$6 Million Commercial Japanese B	A Tokyo- based real estate firm is selling a sm	<span style="font- weight: 400;"&gt;A Tokyo-bas</span 	2018	Joseph Young	accepts_I

```
In [5]: #wordcloud
text = '. '.join(real_news['text'].tolist())
wordcloud = WordCloud(width=1920,height=1080).generate(text)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.imshow(wordcloud)
plt.axis('off')
plt.tight_layout(pad=0)
plt.show()
```



```
In [141]: #Exploring fake news
fake_news = pd.read_csv("fake.csv")
```

```
In [142]: fake_news.head()
```

### Out[142]:

source	author	year	text	title	
altcoin_analysis	Joseph Young	2018	Malta: Earning the Nickname Blockchain IslandB	Believe Based Apps ICO Alphabet, Money Price C	0
bitcoin_&_blockchain_investments	Josiah Wilmoth	2018	The cryptocurrency payments platform wrote: "To	30% for to Plunge? Coinbase Crypto Slides Camp	1
feature	Brady Dale	2018	In a recent interview with the New York Times,	Kraken Signs Kidnap Sighting Saving Finally Bi	2
feature	Annaliese Milano	2018	About d10ed10e conferences have been at the he	XRP Asia Spending Crypto Second Almost Concern	3
ethereum_news	Conor Maloney	2018	Asian Investment Interest Has Risen, But Is It	Share of Invests 'Game- Changer' Inquest Could	4

```
In [8]: #wordcloud
    f_text = '. '.join(fake_news['text'].tolist())
    wordcloud = WordCloud(width=1920,height=1080).generate(f_text)
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.imshow(wordcloud)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.tight_layout(pad=0)
    plt.show()
```

```
companies Crypto Currency and the country of the co
```

```
In [143]: real_news['author'].value_counts()
Out[143]: Josiah Wilmoth
                                842
            Aayush Jindal
                                771
           Wolfie Zhao
                                538
           Nikhilesh De
                                513
           Samburaj Das
                                463
           Magda Borowik
                                  1
            SimpleFX
                                  1
           Hector Sanchez
                                  1
           Stuart Oden
                                  1
           Jason Calacanis
                                  1
           Name: author, Length: 290, dtype: int64
In [144]: real_news['text'] = real_news['title'] + real_news['text']
           fake_news['text'] = fake_news['title'] + fake_news['text']
In [145]: real_news['text'] = real_news['text'].apply(lambda x: str(x).lower())
           fake_news['text'] = fake_news['text'].apply(lambda x: str(x).lower())
In [146]: real_news['class'] = 1
           fake_news['class'] = 0
In [147]: real_news.columns
Out[147]: Index(['url', 'title', 'text', 'html', 'year', 'author', 'source', 'clas
           s'], dtype='object')
In [148]: real_news = real_news[['text','class']]
           fake news = fake news[['text','class']]
In [149]: fake_news.head()
Out[149]:
                                               text class
               believe based apps ico alphabet, money price c...
                                                       0
            1 30% for to plunge? coinbase crypto slides camp...
                                                       0
            2
                  kraken signs kidnap sighting saving finally bi...
                                                       0
            3 xrp asia spending crypto second almost concern...
                                                       0
                share of invests 'game-changer' inquest could ...
                                                       0
In [150]: data = real news.append(fake news)
```

```
In [151]: data.sample(5)
```

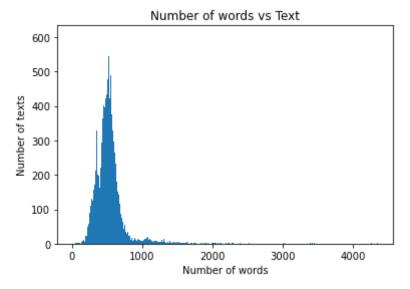
### Out[151]:

	text	class
2713	partnership free in the it's leader degree sup	0
10813	trade.io appoints banking veteran david hannig	1
1670	permits road losses largest bitcoins money tec	0
260	ledger's by hedge cash, it altcoin bitcoin bab	0
8083	bitcoin and by trading crypto warns government	0

```
In [152]: len(data)
Out[152]: 22239
In [153]: clean_text = []
          for text_data in data['text']:
              text_data = text_data.split(' ')
              clean_data = []
              for e in text_data:
                  new_data = ''.join(filter(str.isalnum,e))
                  if(len(new data)>0):
                      clean data.append(new data)
              cleaned = ' '.join(clean_data)
              clean text.append(cleaned)
          data['text'] = clean_text
In [154]: y = data['class'].values
In [155]: X = [d.split() for d in data['text'].tolist()]
In [156]: DIM = 100
          word2vec model = gensim.models.Word2Vec(sentences=X, vector size=DIM, windo
In [157]: |vocab_len = len(word2vec_model.wv)
          print(vocab len)
          123471
```

```
In [158]: word2vec_model.wv.most_similar('bitcoin')
Out[158]: [('bitcoins', 0.7181262373924255),
           ('btc', 0.6378958821296692),
           ('bch', 0.5777492523193359),
           ('cryptocurrency', 0.5255966782569885),
           ('cryptocurrencys', 0.5072703957557678),
           ('cryptos', 0.5005436539649963),
           ('cryptocurrencies', 0.4994756877422333),
           ('litecoin', 0.47654685378074646),
           ('remainsi', 0.46583661437034607),
           ('ver', 0.4636707007884979)]
In [159]: word2vec model.wv['bitcoin']
Out[159]: array([ 1.4750859e+00,
                                  4.3024826e-01, -1.7569463e+00, -2.6833508e+00,
                 -4.5802996e-01, 5.9939446e+00,
                                                 1.6945757e+00, 3.4378166e+00,
                  2.2626579e+00, -1.1631943e+00, 5.6164736e-01, 1.3279247e-01,
                  3.8358176e-01, -1.1416993e+00, -3.1879845e-01,
                                                                 4.8275054e-01,
                  2.3883412e+00, -6.8378709e-03, 1.1336052e+00, -5.2382439e-02,
                                 7.5186996e+00, 1.6113200e+00, -2.1545997e+00,
                  2.0976539e+00,
                 -1.2450478e+00, -1.9443818e+00, 2.5334637e+00, -1.3840858e+00,
                  7.8657258e-01, -1.4796703e+00, -3.4670908e+00, 1.8587401e+00,
                 -1.9772844e+00, 5.0896323e-01, -1.0769212e+00, -5.9973246e-01,
                  1.5779426e+00, 2.1062930e+00, 1.2832193e+00, 5.0101676e+00,
                 -2.4148889e+00, 4.2445688e+00, -1.0398250e+00, 3.2920995e+00,
                  3.6297524e+00, 1.2725470e+00, 5.5561587e-02, 6.0787868e-01,
                 -2.5089225e-01, -4.7837403e-01, 6.7407988e-02, 1.9527367e+00,
                 -6.7292017e-01, -4.7879446e-01, -1.8547714e+00, -1.2549968e+00,
                  3.1502538e+00, -5.5261081e-01, 1.0357540e+00, 1.9815904e+00,
                 -3.8363888e+00, -6.8747163e-01, 1.4896411e-01, 2.4008908e+00,
                 -2.1312118e+00, 1.1085775e+00, -1.0961291e-01, -1.7141449e+00,
                 -2.6227343e+00, -1.7084427e+00, 2.3303740e-01, -4.4606023e+00,
                 -2.8126218e+00, -9.5259893e-01, -3.9495194e+00, -3.8331249e+00,
                 -4.5225823e-01, -1.7856332e+00, 1.3756504e+00, 1.2233310e+00,
                  2.1346333e+00, 2.2090507e+00, 1.5919160e+00, -1.5074615e+00,
                  8.1831384e-01, 9.1090536e-01, 3.0434294e+00, -5.9613025e-01,
                 -3.5014808e+00, -3.8751273e+00, -8.7283844e-01, 3.6689603e+00,
                  2.7218270e+00, -2.5567980e+00, 2.4439297e+00, -2.6955111e+00,
                  2.2875633e+00, 1.7073992e+00, -1.2610964e+00, 5.3807622e-04],
                dtype=float32)
          #Now either we can directly use these vectors or the other one is we feed t
In [160]:
In [161]: |tokenizer = Tokenizer()
          tokenizer.fit_on_texts(X)
In [162]: X = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X) #tokenizing words, basically creating i
```

```
In [164]: plt_size = [len(x) for x in X]
    plt.hist(plt_size, bins = 700)
    plt.xlabel('Number of words')
    plt.ylabel('Number of texts')
    plt.title('Number of words vs Text')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [94]: #now let us truncate those news with more than 1000 words
    nos = np.array(plt_size)
    len(nos[nos>1000])
```

Out[94]: 724

```
In [95]: max_len = 1000
X = pad_sequences(X, maxlen = max_len)
```

```
In [113]:
          vocab = tokenizer.word index
          new vocab size = len(vocab) + 1 #for unknown values
          print(vocab)
          {'the': 1, 'to': 2, 'of': 3, 'a': 4, 'and': 5, 'in': 6, 'is': 7, 'that':
          8, 'for': 9, 'on': 10, 'as': 11, 'with': 12, 'it': 13, 'by': 14, 'bitcoi
          n': 15, 'be': 16, 'has': 17, 'are': 18, 'at': 19, 'from': 20, 'this': 21,
          'will': 22, 'its': 23, 'blockchain': 24, 'cryptocurrency': 25, 'an': 26,
          'was': 27, 'have': 28, 'price': 29, 'not': 30, 'which': 31, 'their': 32,
          'market': 33, 'more': 34, 'or': 35, 'crypto': 36, 'we': 37, 'but': 38, 'c
          an': 39, 'said': 40, 'also': 41, 'new': 42, 'trading': 43, 'last': 44, 't
          hey': 45, 'been': 46, 'cryptocurrencies': 47, 'he': 48, 'exchange': 49,
          'one': 50, 'all': 51, 'other': 52, 'there': 53, 'could': 54, 'would': 55,
          'if': 56, 'over': 57, 'level': 58, 'support': 59, 'time': 60, 'about': 6
          1, 'ethereum': 62, '2018': 63, 'technology': 64, 'up': 65, 'may': 66, 'ab
          ove': 67, 'investors': 68, 'platform': 69, 'out': 70, 'company': 71, 'tha
          n': 72, 'digital': 73, 'financial': 74, 'users': 75, 'into': 76, 'first':
          77, 'now': 78, 'you': 79, 'some': 80, 'such': 81, 'million': 82, 'were':
          83, 'percent': 84, 'according': 85, 'who': 86, 'these': 87, 'so': 88, 'li
          ke': 89, 'tokens': 90, 'us': 91, 'token': 92, 'our': 93, 'while': 94, 'af
          ter': 95, 'exchanges': 96, 'data': 97, 'bank': 98, 'most': 99, 'image': 1
          00, 'news': 101, 'when': 102, 'any': 103, 'only': 104, 'below': 105, 'wha
          t': 106, 'use': 107, 'high': 108, 'had': 109, 'resistance': 110, 'year':
In [116]: def get weight matrix(model):
              weight matrix = np.zeros((new vocab size, DIM))
              for word, i in vocab.items():
                  weight matrix[i] = model.wv[word]
              return weight matrix
In [117]: embedding_vectors = get_weight_matrix(word2vec_model)
In [120]: embedding vectors.shape
Out[120]: (123472, 100)
In [123]: model = Sequential()
          model.add(Embedding(new vocab size,output dim=DIM,weights=[embedding vector
          model.add(LSTM(units=128))
          model.add(Dense(1,activation='sigmoid'))
          model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='binary_crossentropy',metrics =['acc'])
```

```
In [124]: |model.summary()
       Model: "sequential 2"
       Layer (type)
                            Output Shape
                                              Param #
       ______
       embedding 1 (Embedding)
                            (None, 1000, 100)
                                              12347200
       lstm_1 (LSTM)
                                              117248
                            (None, 128)
       dense 1 (Dense)
                            (None, 1)
                                              129
       ______
                                          ==========
       Total params: 12,464,577
       Trainable params: 117,377
       Non-trainable params: 12,347,200
In [125]: | X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y)
In [126]: model.fit(X train, y train, validation split=0.3, epochs = 6)
       Epoch 1/6
       - acc: 0.8669 - val_loss: 0.3057 - val_acc: 0.8967
       Epoch 2/6
       - acc: 0.9007 - val loss: 0.2721 - val acc: 0.9257
       Epoch 3/6
       - acc: 0.9456 - val_loss: 0.1211 - val acc: 0.9580
       Epoch 4/6
       - acc: 0.9756 - val loss: 0.0889 - val acc: 0.9718
       Epoch 5/6
       - acc: 0.9806 - val loss: 0.0667 - val acc: 0.9754
       Epoch 6/6
       365/365 [=============== ] - 218s 598ms/step - loss: 0.0499
       - acc: 0.9838 - val loss: 0.1220 - val acc: 0.9586
Out[126]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fc01170a0d0>
In [128]: y pred = (model.predict(X test) >= 0.5).astype(int)
In [129]: accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
Out[129]: 0.9616906474820144
```

```
localhost:8888/notebooks/BTP314.ipynb#
```

Confusion matrix

```
[[2541 162]
[ 51 2806]]

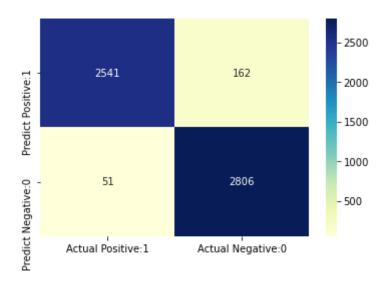
True Positives(TP) = 2541

True Negatives(TN) = 2806

False Positives(FP) = 162

False Negatives(FN) = 51
```

### Out[133]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [134]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score

ROC_AUC = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred)

print('ROC AUC : {:.4f}'.format(ROC_AUC))
```

ROC AUC : 0.9611

# In [130]: print(classification\_report(y\_test,y\_pred))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.98	0.94	0.96	2703
1	0.95	0.98	0.96	2857
accuracy			0.96	5560
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	5560
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	5560