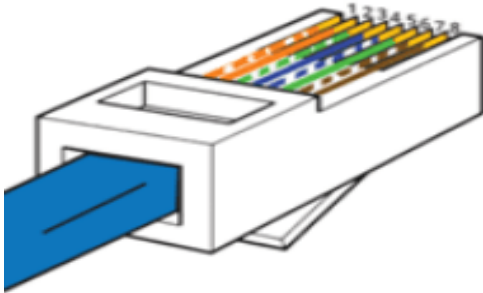


# **LAB 2 CSE 307**

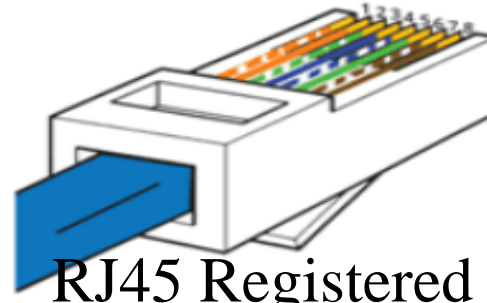
# STRAIGHT-THROUGH

**SIDE ONE**



- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. White Orange | 5. White Blue  |
| 2. Orange       | 6. Green       |
| 3. White Green  | 7. White Brown |
| 4. Blue         | 8. Brown       |

**SIDE TWO**

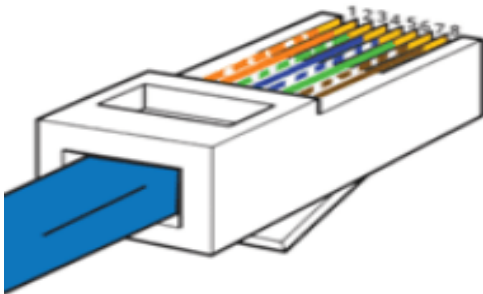


- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. White Orange | 5. White Blue  |
| 2. Orange       | 6. Green       |
| 3. White Green  | 7. White Brown |
| 4. Blue         | 8. Brown       |

RJ45 Registered Jack

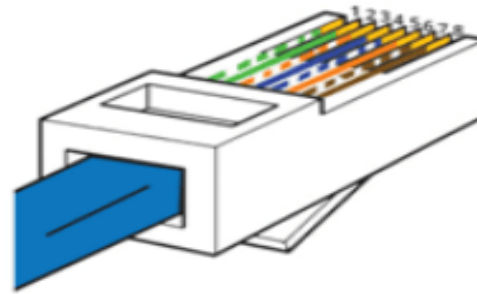
# CROSSOVER

**SIDE ONE**



- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. White Orange | 5. White Blue  |
| 2. Orange       | 6. Green       |
| 3. White Green  | 7. White Brown |
| 4. Blue         | 8. Brown       |

**SIDE TWO**



- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. White Green  | 5. White Blue  |
| 2. Green        | 6. Orange      |
| 3. White Orange | 7. White Brown |
| 4. Blue         | 8. Brown       |

# Uses of cable

|        | HUB       | SWITCH    | ROUTER    | PC        |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| HUB    | Crossover | Crossover | Straight  | Straight  |
| SWITCH | Crossover | Crossover | Straight  | Straight  |
| ROUTER | Straight  | Straight  | Crossover | Crossover |
| PC     | Straight  | Straight  | Crossover | Crossover |

## 568b Straight Through



## 568b Crossover



# Type of IP address

| Class | Start range | End range       | Use                                 |
|-------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| A     | 1.0.0.0     | 127.255.255.255 | For Internet Communication          |
| B     | 128.0.0.0   | 191.255.255.255 | For Internet Communication          |
| C     | 192.0.0.0   | 223.255.255.255 | For Internet Communication          |
| D     | 224.0.0.0   | 239.255.255.255 | Reserved for multicasting           |
| E     | 240.0.0.0   | 255.255.255.255 | Reserved for Research & Experiments |

# Poll

- D class of internet is used for internet communication

A. True

B. False

# Subnet Example

Network address **172.19.0.0** with /16 network mask

| Network | Network | Host | Host |
|---------|---------|------|------|
| 172     | 19      | 0    | 0    |

# Poll

- IP address contain network address along with host address

A. True

B. False

# Subnet Example

Network address **172.19.0.0** with /16 network mask

| Network | Network | Host | Host |
|---------|---------|------|------|
| 172     | 19      | 0    | 0    |

Using Subnets: subnet mask **255.255.255.0** or /24

| Network | Network | Subnet | Host |
|---------|---------|--------|------|
|---------|---------|--------|------|

Network Mask:  
255.255.0.0 or /16

|          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 11111111 | 11111111 | 00000000 | 00000000 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|

Subnet Mask:  
255.255.255.0 or /24

|          |          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 11111111 | 11111111 | 11111111 | 00000000 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|



- Applying a mask which is larger than the default subnet mask, will divide your network into subnets.
- Subnet mask used here is 255.255.255.0 or /24



# Subnet Example

Class B address **172.19.0.0** with **/16** network mask

Using Subnets: **subnet mask** 255.255.255.0 or **/24**

| Network | Network | Subnet | Hosts |
|---------|---------|--------|-------|
|---------|---------|--------|-------|

|     |    |      |   |
|-----|----|------|---|
| 172 | 19 | 0    | 1 |
| 172 | 19 | 1    | 1 |
| 172 | 19 | 2    | 1 |
| 172 | 19 | 3    | 1 |
| 172 | 19 | etc. | 1 |
| 172 | 19 | 254  | 1 |

**Hosts  
Addresses**

|   |     |
|---|-----|
| → | 254 |
| → | 254 |
| → | 254 |
| → | 254 |
| → | 254 |
| → | 254 |

|     |    |     |      |
|-----|----|-----|------|
| 172 | 19 | 255 | Host |
|-----|----|-----|------|

**Each subnet has  
254 hosts,  $2^8 - 2$**

# Subnet Example

Network address **172.19.0.0** with **/16** network mask

Using Subnets: **subnet mask** 255.255.255.0 or /24

| Network | Network | Subnet | Host |
|---------|---------|--------|------|
| 172     | 19      | 0      | 255  |
| 172     | 19      | 1      | 255  |
| 172     | 19      | 2      | 255  |
| 172     | 19      | 3      | 255  |
| 172     | 19      | etc.   | 255  |
| 172     | 19      | 254    | 255  |
| 172     | 19      | 255    | 255  |

**Broadcast  
Addresses**

**255  
Subnets**

**$2^8 - 1$**

**Cannot use last  
subnet as it  
contains broadcast  
address**

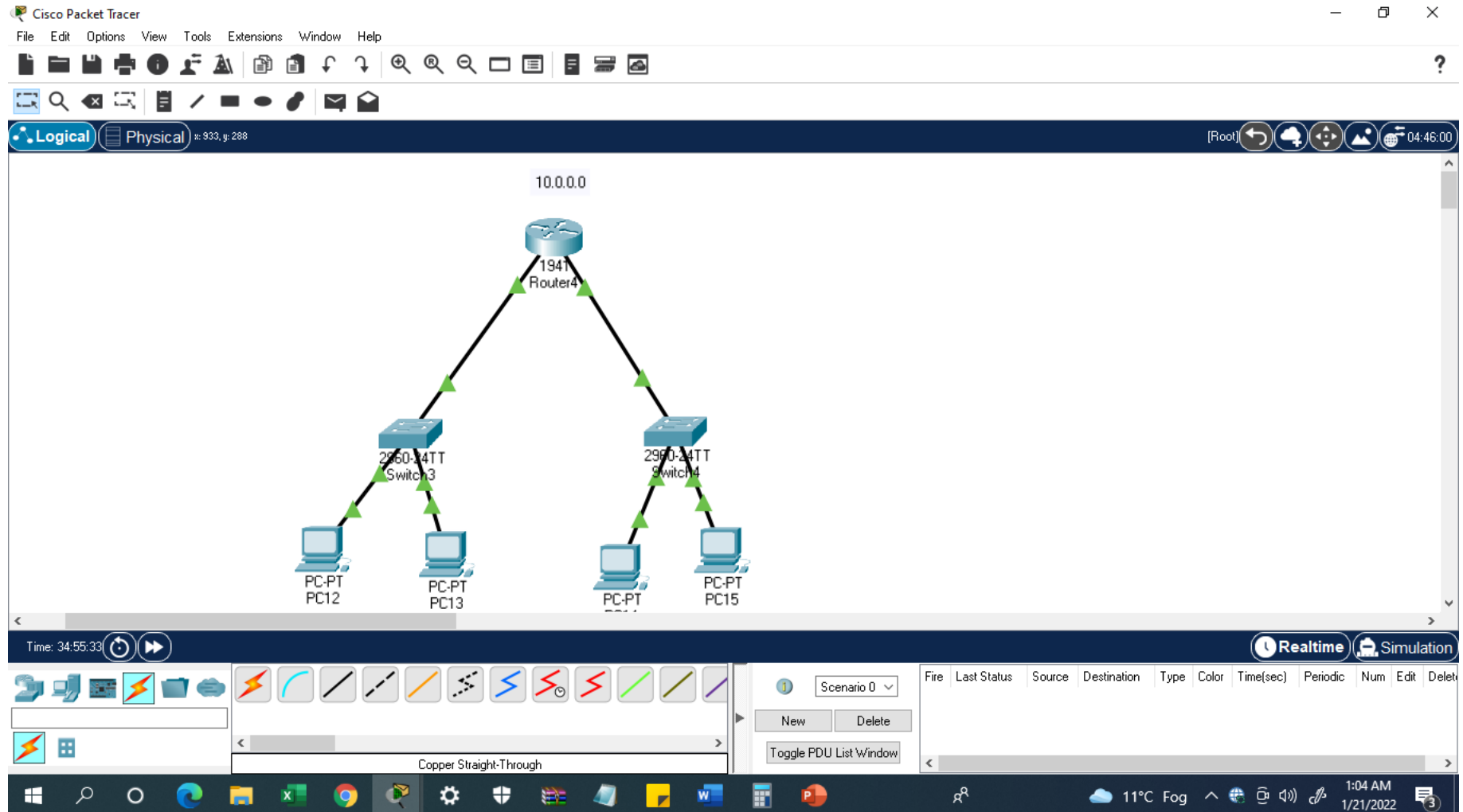
# Poll

- **last subnet Cannot be used as it contains broadcast address**

**A. True**

**B. False**

# Single router network



# CLI Router (command line interface)

- --- System Configuration Dialog ---
- Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog?  
[yes/no]: no
- Press RETURN to get started!
- Router>en
- Router#config terminal (privilege mode)
- Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
- Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1 (or Router(config)#interface g0/1)
- Router(config-if)#ip add 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
- Router(config-if)#no shutdown

- Router#config terminal
- Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
- Router(config)#interface g0/0
- Router(config-if)#ip add 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
- Router(config-if)#no shutdown

# FLSM subnetting (fixed length subnet mask)

- Step 1: decide total number of sub net required , lets say 2
- Step 2: calculate required subnet bits for example in assumed case

255.255.255. 10000000 (2<sup>8</sup>= 256 formula used)

- Step 3: calculate subnet mask by converting this binary number to decimal for eg.

**10000000 =128 hence mask will be: 255.255.255.128**

- Step 4: Find range by subtracting calculated mask from maximum possible number 255.255.255.255

255.255.255.255

255.255.255.128

-----

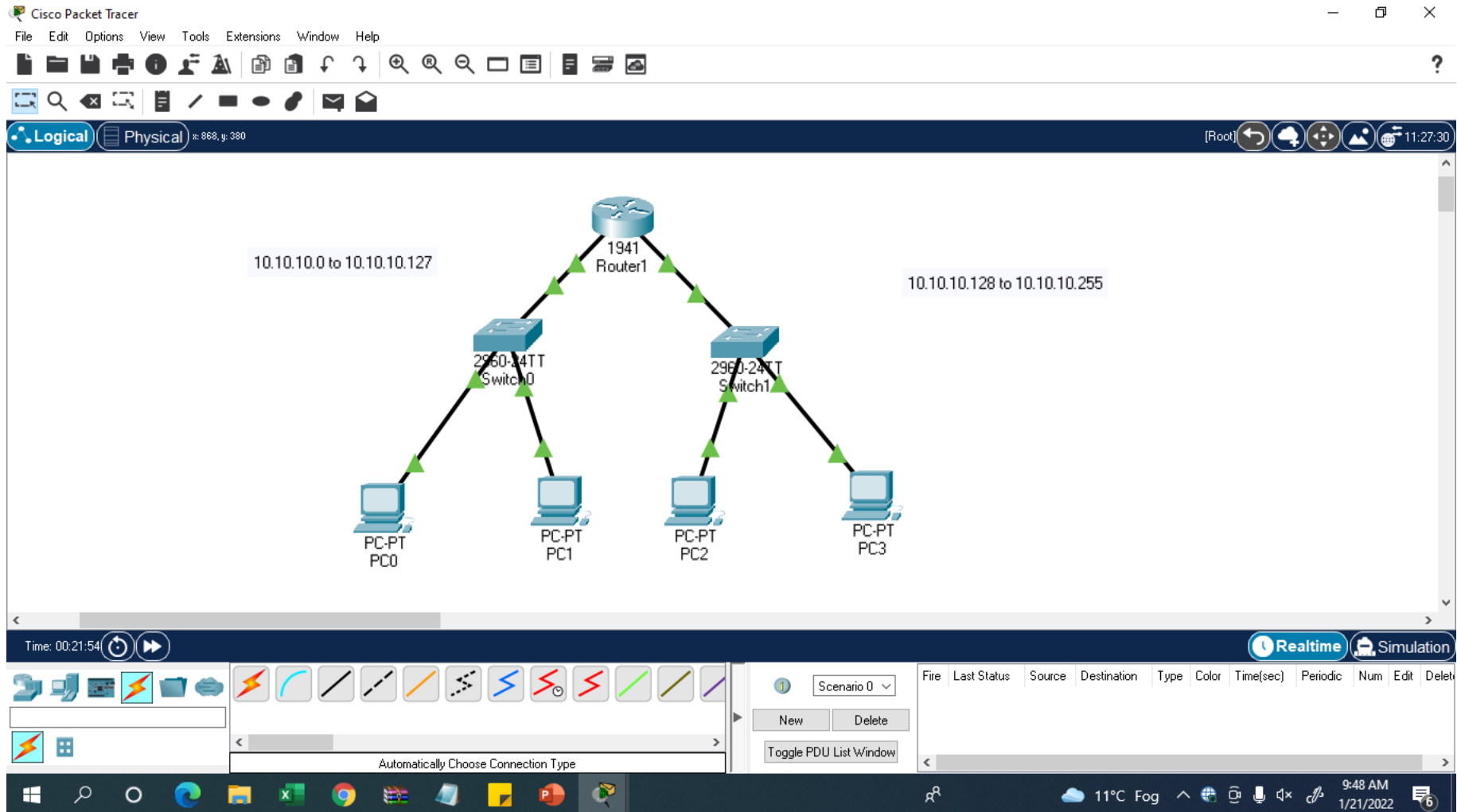
0.0.0.127

**Range will be**

**10.10.10.0 to 10.10.0.127**

**And**

**10.10.10.128 to 10.10.10.255**





# Sample of pc setting

PC12

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Default Gateway 10.10.10.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::201:43FF:FE63:8B13

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

☐ Top

Copper Straight-Through

Toggle PDU List Window

PC5

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.3

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Default Gateway 10.10.10.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::20D:BDFF:FEBA:E0D8

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

# Sample of pc setting

PC14

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.130

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Default Gateway 10.10.10.129

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::230:F2FF:FE41:2553

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

☐ Top

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.131

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Default Gateway 10.10.10.129

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::2D0:BCFF:FE2B:7912

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

☐ Top

Automatically Choose Connection Type

Toggle PDU List Window

# Router setting

Router4

Physical Config CLI Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

ROUTING

Static

RIP

SWITCHING

VLAN Database

INTERFACE

GigabitEthernet0/0

GigabitEthernet0/1

GigabitEthernet0/0

Port Status ☒ On  
Bandwidth ☐ 1000 Mbps ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps ☒ Auto  
Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex ☒ Auto  
MAC Address 0050.0F4B.D001  

IP Configuration

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.1  
Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Tx Ring Limit 10

Equivalent IOS Commands

```

Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.129 255.255.255.128
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.129 255.255.255.128
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#

```

☐ Top

Router4

Physical Config CLI Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

ROUTING

Static

RIP

SWITCHING

VLAN Database

INTERFACE

GigabitEthernet0/0

GigabitEthernet0/1

GigabitEthernet0/1

Port Status ☒ On  
Bandwidth ☐ 1000 Mbps ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps ☒ Auto  
Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex ☒ Auto  
MAC Address 0050.0F4B.D002  

IP Configuration

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.129  
Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Tx Ring Limit 10

Equivalent IOS Commands

```

Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.1 255.0.0.0
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.128
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.129 255.255.255.128
Router(config-if)#ip address 10.10.10.129 255.255.255.128
Router(config-if)#
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#

```

☐ Top

# VLSM subnetting (variable length subnet mask)

- Step 1: decide total number of sub net required , lets say 2
- Step 2: calculate required network bits for example in assumed case network one need 64 IP's and rest IP's belong to network two  
 $32 - 6 = 26$  bits  
( $2^n$  formula used and 32 is (8.8.8.8 total no of bits ))
- Step 3: calculate subnet mask by converting this binary number to decimal for eg.

$11000000 = 192$  hence mask will be: 255.255.255.192

- Step 4: Find range by subtracting calculated mask from maximum possible number 255.255.255.255

255.255.255.255

255.255.255.192

-----

0.0.0.63

**Range will be**

**10.10.10.0 to 10.10.0.63**

# VLSM subnetting

- Step 1: decide total number of sub net required , lets say 2
- Step 2: calculate required network bits for example is assumed case network one need **30 IP's** and rest IP's belong to network two  
**32-5=27 bits**
- ( $2^n$  formula used and 32 is (8.8.8.8 total no of bits ))
- Step 3: calculate subnet mask by converting this binary number to decimal for eg.

**11100000** =224 hence mask will be: **255.255.255.224**

- Step 4: Find range by subtracting calculated mask from maximum possible number 255.255.255.255 (

255.255.255.255

255.255.255.224

-----

0.0.0.31

**Range will be**

**10.10.10.64 to 10.10.0.95**

Cisco Packet Tracer

File Edit Options View Tools Extensions Window Help

Logical Physical x: 926, y: 378 [Root] 17:50:00

10.10.10.0 to 10.10.10.63  
subnet mask  
255.255.255.192

10.10.10.64 to 10.10.10.95  
subnet mask  
255.255.255.224

1941 Router1

2960-24TT Switch0

2960-24TT Switch1

PC-PT PC0

PC-PT PC1

PC-PT PC2

PC-PT PC3

Time: 00:33:59

Realtime Simulation

Scenario 0

New Delete

Toggle PDU List Window

Fire Last Status Source Destination Type Color Time(sec) Periodic Num Edit Delete

Automatically Choose Connection Type

11°C Fog 10:00 AM 1/21/2022

PC0

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.192

Default Gateway 10.10.10.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::2E0:F9FF:FE62:A8B9

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

Top

PC1

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.3

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.192

Default Gateway 10.10.10.1

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::20C:85FF:FED1:7E81

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

Top

PC2

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.66

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.224

Default Gateway 10.10.10.65

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::2E0:8FFF:FE9E:90C5

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

PC3

Physical Config **Desktop** Programming Attributes

IP Configuration

Interface FastEthernet0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP ☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.10.10.67

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.224

Default Gateway 10.10.10.65

DNS Server 0.0.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic ☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address FE80::208:BEFF:FED9:AA0D

Default Gateway

DNS Server

802.1X

☐ Use 802.1X Security

Authentication MD5

Username

Password

☐ Top