# **Tic-Tac-Toe Solver in Python**

#### **Problem Statement**

Tic-Tac-Toe is a classic two-player game where players take turns marking spaces in a 3x3 grid. The objective of this project is to develop an Al-based Tic-Tac-Toe solver using the Minimax algorithm. The Al should always make optimal moves, allowing a human player to compete against it. The game will determine the winner, draw, or continuation based on board states.

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### Introduction

Tic-Tac-Toe is a simple yet strategic game that has been played for centuries in various forms. It is commonly used as an introductory problem in artificial intelligence and game theory because of its small state space and clear winning conditions. The goal of this project is to implement an Al-driven Tic-Tac-Toe solver using Python and the Minimax algorithm. The Minimax algorithm allows the Al to analyze all possible board states and select the optimal move to maximize its chances of winning while minimizing the opponent's chances.

This project is significant because it provides insights into decision-making algorithms, recursion, and optimization techniques. The application of Minimax in Tic-Tac-Toe is a fundamental example of Al-driven gameplay, demonstrating how machines can make rational decisions based on available data. Additionally, the project strengthens problem-solving skills by requiring efficient handling of board states, checking win conditions, and designing an interactive user experience.

By implementing this project, we aim to:

- Create a fully functional Tic-Tac-Toe game that allows human vs. Al gameplay.
- Ensure the AI plays optimally using the Minimax algorithm.
- Provide an interactive experience where users can input moves and receive responses from the AI.
- Gain a deeper understanding of algorithmic game strategies and their real-world applications.

# Methodology

### 1. Board Representation

- The game board is represented as a 3x3 NumPy array.
- Empty spaces are initialized with " ".

### 2. Game Logic

- A function checks for winning conditions (rows, columns, diagonals).
- The board is updated based on the player's input.

### 3. Minimax Algorithm

- The AI evaluates every possible move using Minimax, which assigns scores to board states:
  - o Al win: +1
  - o Human win: -1
  - o Draw: **0**
- The AI recursively searches for the best move by maximizing its score while minimizing the human's score.

#### 4. User Interaction

- The human player selects row and column indices (0-2) to make a move.
- The AI calculates and makes its best move.
- The game ends when a player wins or the board is full (draw).

### CODE

```
import numpy as np
# Tic-Tac-Toe game class
class TicTacToe:
markers."""
       self.board = np.full((3, 3), " ") # Create a 3x3 board filled
       self.human = "X" # Human player marker
   def print board(self):
       for row in self.board:
           print("|".join(row)) # Print row elements separated by '|'
           print("-" * 5) # Print horizontal separator between rows
   def is winner(self, player):
       for i in range(3):
           if all(self.board[i, j] == player for j in range(3)) or \
              all(self.board[j, i] == player for j in range(3)):
       return all(self.board[i, i] == player for i in range(3)) or \
              all(self.board[i, 2 - i] == player for i in range(3))
   def is full(self):
       """Returns True if the board is full and no more moves are
possible."""
       return not any(self.board[i, j] == " " for i in range(3) for j in
range(3))
   def get empty positions(self):
```

```
return [(i, j) for i in range(3) for j in range(3) if
self.board[i, j] == " "]
   def minimax(self, is maximizing):
AI."""
       if self.is winner(self.human):
       if self.is winner(self.ai):
       if self.is full():
       if is maximizing:
           best score = -float("inf")
            for i, j in self.get empty positions():
                self.board[i, j] = self.ai
                score = self.minimax(False) # Call minimax for opponent's
               self.board[i, j] = " " # Undo move
            return best score
           best score = float("inf")
            for i, j in self.get empty positions():
                self.board[i, j] = self.human
                score = self.minimax(True) # Call minimax for AI's turn
               self.board[i, j] = " " # Undo move
            return best score
   def best move(self):
       best score = -float("inf")
       move = None
```

```
# Iterate through all empty positions to find the optimal move
       for i, j in self.get empty positions():
           self.board[i, j] = self.ai # Simulate AI move
           score = self.minimax(False) # Evaluate move using minimax
           self.board[i, j] = " " # Undo move
           if score > best score:
               best score = score # Update best score
               move = (i, j) \# Store the best move
       return move
   def play(self):
       print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe! You are 'X', AI is '0'.")
       while not self.is full(): # Continue until the board is full
           self.print board() # Display current board state
               row, col = map(int, input("Enter row and column (0-2):
").split())
               if self.board[row, col] == " ":
                   self.board[row, col] = self.human # Place human's
                   print("Invalid move, try again.")
           except (ValueError, IndexError):
               print("Invalid input! Enter two numbers between 0 and 2.")
           if self.is winner(self.human):
               self.print board()
               print("You win!")
           if not self.is full():
               ai move = self.best move()
```

## Output

```
Enter row and column (0-2): 2 2
x|o|
 |0|
| |x
Enter row and column (0-2): 2 1
x|o|
 |0|
o|x|x
Enter row and column (0-2): 1 2
x|o|o
 |o|x
0|x|x
AI wins!
```

## **References/Credits**

- Minimax Algorithm: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/minimax-algorithm-in-gametheory-set-1-introduction/
- NumPy Documentation for array operations.
- Python Official Documentation for basic I/O and loop structures.