## Assignment-14

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 $\begin{subarray}{c} Abstract — This assignment deals with linear transformation. \end{subarray}$ 

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https://github.com/satyam463/Assignment-14/blob/main/Assignment%2014.tex

## 1 Problem Statement

Let T be the unique linear operator on  $C^3$  for which

$$T(\epsilon_1) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & i \end{pmatrix}, T(\epsilon_2) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, T(\epsilon_3) = \begin{pmatrix} i & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(1.0.1)$$

Is T invertible?

## 2 Solution

Let  $\epsilon_i$  is basis for  $C^3$  such that  $T(\epsilon_i)$  is basis for  $C^3$ . consider the row reduced matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & i \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ i & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_3 \to R_3 - R_2]{R_3 \to R_3 - iR_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & i \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.1)

Therefore the rank = no. of pivot columns = 2 (less than no. of columns). Thus these are not linearly independent. Hence T is not invertible.