# Assignment-15

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Abstract—This assignment deals with matrix linear Therefore matrix of relative to the pair  $\beta$ ,  $\beta'$ transformation.

 $T(\beta) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \beta'$ (2.0.7)

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https://github.com/satyam463/Assignment-15/blob/ main/Assignment%2015.tex

### 1 Problem Statement

Let T be the linear operator on  $C^2$  defined by

$$T(x_1, x_2) = (x_1, 0)$$
 (1.0.1)

Let  $\beta$  be the standard ordered basis for  $C^2$  and

$$\beta' = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2\} \tag{1.0.2}$$

be the ordered basis defined by

$$\alpha_1 = (1, i), \alpha_2 = (-i, 2) \tag{1.0.3}$$

What is the matrix of T relative to the pair  $\beta$ ,  $\beta'$ ?

## 2 Solution

Transformation T from  $C^2$  to  $C^2$ . Let

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\beta' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -i \\ i & 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

T is defined by

$$T(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$T\left(\mathbf{x}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \tag{2.0.4}$$

To find relative matrix we will use row reduce augmented matrix.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -i & 1 & 0 \\ i & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -i & 1 & 0 \\ i & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_1 \to R_1 + iR_2]{R_2 \to R_2 - iR_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.6)