

Assignment-8

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Abstract—This assignment deals with row equivalent matrices.

Download tex file from

<https://github.com/satyam463/Assignment-8/blob/main/Assignment%208%20.tex>

1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Prove that the following two matrices are not row equivalent

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ a & -1 & 0 \\ b & c & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.0.1)$$

2 SOLUTION

Call the first matrix \mathbf{A} and the second matrix \mathbf{B} . The matrix \mathbf{A}' is row reduced echelon form of \mathbf{A}

$$\mathbf{A}' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ a & -1 & 0 \\ b & c & 3 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - aR_1]{R_1 \rightarrow R_1/2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ b & c & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\xrightarrow[R_2 \leftarrow -R_2]{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - bR_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & c & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\xrightarrow[R_3 \leftarrow R_3/3]{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - cR_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

Now consider homogeneous equation

$$\mathbf{A}'\mathbf{X} = 0 \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{rank}(\mathbf{A}') + \text{null}(\mathbf{A}')^T = m \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{rank}(\mathbf{A}') = 3 - 0 \quad (2.0.6)$$

Therefore it has trivial solution i.e. (0,0,0)

The matrix \mathbf{B}' is row reduced echelon form of \mathbf{B}

$$\mathbf{B}' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_1]{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 + 2R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$\xrightarrow[R_2 \leftarrow R_2/2]{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow R_1 - R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.9)$$

Now consider homogeneous equation

$$\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X} = 0 \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{rank}(\mathbf{B}') + \text{null}(\mathbf{B}')^T = m \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{rank}(\mathbf{B}') = 3 - 1 = 2 \quad (2.0.12)$$

Therefore it has infinite many solution. Hence both \mathbf{A}' and \mathbf{B}' have different solutions, so it cannot be row equivalent.