

17BCE0581

SATYAM SINGH CHAUHAN

**OPERATING SYSTEMS
CSE2005**

AIM:

Memory Management

Algorithm:

First Fit

- 1- Input memory blocks with size and processes with size.
- 2- Initialize all memory blocks as free.
- 3- Start by picking each process and check if it can be assigned to current block.
- 4- If size-of-process \leq size-of-block if yes then assign and check for next process.
- 5- If not then keep checking the further blocks.

Best Fit

- 1- Input memory blocks and processes with sizes.
- 2- Initialize all memory blocks as free.
- 3- Start by picking each process and find the minimum block size that can be assigned to current process i.e., find $\min(\text{blockSize}[1], \text{blockSize}[2], \dots, \text{blockSize}[n]) > \text{processSize}[\text{current}]$, if found then assign it to the current process.
- 5- If not then leave that process and keep checking the further processes.

Worst Fit

- 1- Input memory blocks and processes with sizes.
- 2- Initialize all memory blocks as free.
- 3- Start by picking each process and find the maximum block size that can be assigned to current process i.e., find $\max(\text{blockSize}[1], \text{blockSize}[2], \dots, \text{blockSize}[n]) > \text{processSize}[\text{current}]$, if found then assign it to the current process.
- 5- If not then leave that process and keep checking

the further processes.

CODE

First-fit:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{ int bsize[10], psize[10], bno, pno, flags[10], allocation[10], i, j;
  for(i = 0; i < 10; i++)
  { flags[i] = 0; allocation[i] = -1;
  }
  printf("Enter no. of blocks: "); scanf("%d", &bno);
  printf("\nEnter size of each block: "); for(i = 0; i < bno; i++) scanf("%d",
  &bsize[i]);
  printf("\nEnter no. of processes: "); scanf("%d", &pno);
  printf("\nEnter size of each process: "); for(i = 0; i < pno; i++) scanf("%d",
  &psize[i]); for(i = 0; i < pno; i++) //allocation as per first fit for(j = 0; j <
  bno; j++) if(flags[j] == 0 && bsize[j] >= psize[i])
  { allocation[j] = i; flags[j] = 1; break;
  }
  //display allocation details printf("\nBlock no.\tsize\t\tprocess no.\t\tsize");
  for(i = 0; i < bno; i++)
  {
  printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t", i+1, bsize[i]); if(flags[i] == 1)
  printf("%d\t\t%d", allocation[i]+1, psize[allocation[i]]); else printf("Not
  allocated");
  }
}
```

OUTPUT

```
$ vi firstfit.c
$ cc firstfit.c
$ ./a.out
```

```

Enter size of each block: 100
500
200
300
600

Enter no. of processes: 4

Enter size of each process: 212
417
112
426

```

Block no.	size	process no.	size
1	100	Not allocated	
2	500	1	212
3	200	3	112
4	300	Not allocated	

CODE

Best-fit :

```

#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
int fragment[20],b[20],p[20],i,j,nb,np,temp,lowest=9999; static int
barray[20],parray[20];
printf("\n\t\tMemory Management Scheme - Best Fit"); printf("\nEnter the number
of blocks:"); scanf("%d",&nb); printf("Enter the number of processes:");
scanf("%d",&np);
printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:-\n"); for(i=1;i<=nb;i++)
{ printf("Block no.:%d:",i); scanf("%d",&b[i]);
}
printf("\nEnter the size of the processes :-\n"); for(i=1;i<=np;i++)
{
printf("Process no.:%d:",i); scanf("%d",&p[i]);
}
for(i=1;i<=np;i++)
{
for(j=1;j<=nb;j++)
{ if(barray[j]!=1)
{ temp=b[j]-p[i]; if(temp>=0) if(lowest>temp)
{ parray[i]=j; lowest=temp;
}
}
}
fragment[i]=lowest; barray[parray[i]]=1; lowest=10000;
}
printf("\nProcess_no\tProcess_size\tBlock_no\tBlock_size\tFragment");
for(i=1;i<=np && parray[i]!=0;i++)
printf("\n%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d",i,p[i],parray[i],b[parray[i]],fragment[i]);
}

```

OUTPUT

```
./a.out
Enter the number of blocks:5
Enter the number of processes:4
```

```
Enter the size of the blocks:-
Block no.1:100
Block no.2:500
Block no.3:200
Block no.4:300
Block no.5:600
```

```
Enter the size of the processes :-
Process no.1:212
Process no.2:417
Process no.3:112
Process no.4:426
```

Process_no	Process_size	Block_no	Block_size	Fragment
1	212	4	300	88
2	417	2	500	83
3	112	3	200	88

CODE

Worst-fit:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{ int fragments[10], blocks[10], process[10]; int m, n, number_of_blocks,
number_of_files, temp, top = 0; static int block_arr[10], file_arr[10];
printf("\nEnter the Total Number of Blocks:\t"); scanf("%d",&number_of_blocks);
printf("Enter the Total Number of process:\t"); scanf("%d",&number_of_files);
printf("\nEnter the Size of the Blocks:\n"); for(m = 0; m < number_of_blocks;
m++)
{
printf("Block No.[%d]:\t", m + 1); scanf("%d", &blocks[m]);
}
printf("Enter the Size of the process:\n"); for(m = 0; m < number_of_files; m++)
{
printf("process No.[%d]:\t", m + 1); scanf("%d", &process[m]);
}
for(m = 0; m < number_of_files; m++)
{
for(n = 0; n < number_of_blocks; n++)
{
if(block_arr[n] != 1)
{
temp = blocks[n] - process[m]; if(temp >= 0)
{ if(top < temp)
{ file_arr[m] = n; top = temp;
```

```

}
}
}
fragments[m] = top; block_arr[file_arr[m]] = 1; top = 0;
}
}
printf("\nFile Number\tFile Size\tBlock Number\tBlock Size\tFragment"); for(m =
0; m < number_of_files; m++)
{
printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d", m, process[m], file_arr[m],
blocks[file_arr[m]], fragments[m]);
} printf("\n"); return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

cc worst-fit.c
./a.out

Enter the Total Number of Blocks:      5
Enter the Total Number of process:     4

Enter the Size of the Blocks:
Block No.[1]:  100
Block No.[2]:  500
Block No.[3]:  200
Block No.[4]:  300
Block No.[5]:  600
Enter the Size of the process:
process No.[1]: 212
process No.[2]: 417
process No.[3]: 112
process No.[4]: 426

File Number   File Size   Block Number   Block Size   Fragment
0             212       4             600         388
1             417       0             100          0
2             112       2             200          0
3             426       0             100          0

```