```
#importing lib
 import numpy as np
 import pandas as pd
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 import seaborn as sns
df = pd.read excel('/content/E Commerce Dataset.xlsx', sheet name='E
Comm')
df.head()
 {"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df\",\n \"rows\": 5630,\n \"fields\":
 [\n {\n \"column\": \"CustomerID\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 1625,\n \"min\":
 50001,\n \"max\": 55630,\n \"num unique values\": 5630,\
                     \"samples\": [\n 54332,\n 51989,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 2,\n \"samples\": [\n
1\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                                                                                                                                                  0, n
\"std\": 8.557240984165002,\n \"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\":
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"CityTier\",\n \"properties\":
{\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 0,\n
\"min\": 1,\n \"max\": 3,\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n
\"samples\": [\n 3,\n 1\n ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"WarehouseToHome\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 8.53147518676263,\n \"min\": 5.0,\n \"max\": 127.0,\n
\"num unique values\": 34,\n \"samples\": [\n
                                                                                                                                                    14.0,\n
23.0\n    ],\n    \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n    \"description\": \"\"\n    \"properties\": {\n      \"dtype\": \"category\",\n     \"num_unique_values\": 7,\n    \"samples\": [\n     \"Debit Card\",\n    \"UPI\"\n    ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\"\n    \"\n    \"calumn\": \"Candar\",\n    \""\n    \"\n    \n    \"\n    \"\n    \n    \"\n    \"\n    \"\n    \n    \n    \"\n    \n    \n    \"\n    \n    \
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Gender\",\n \"properties\":
                    \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\":
\"samples\": [\n \"Male\",\n \"Female\"\
 {\n
 2,\n
                      ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
```

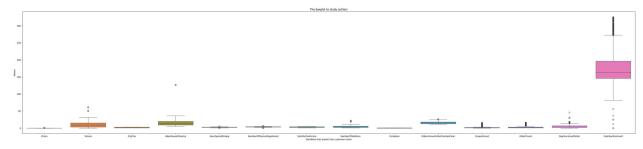
```
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n {\n \"column\":
\"PreferedOrderCat\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 6,\n \"samples\":
[\n \"Laptop & Accessory\",\n \"Mobile\"\
\"samples\": [\n \"Single\",\n \"Divorced\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
}\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"NumberOfAddress\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
2,\n \"min\": 1,\n \"max\": 22,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 15,\n \"samples\": [\n 5,\n
21\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\":
\"Complain\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n \"std\": 0,\n \"min\": 0,\n
\"max\": 1,\n \"num_unique_values\": 2,\n \"samples\":
[\n 0,\n 1\n ],\n \"semantic_type\":
\"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n }\n {\n
\"column\": \"OrderAmountHikeFromlastYear\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 3.6754854627464644,\n
n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 3.6754854627464644,\
n \"min\": 11.0,\n \"max\": 26.0,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 16,\n \"samples\": [\n 11.0,\n
0.0,\n \"max\": 16.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 17,\n \"samples\": [\n 1.0,\n 0.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n \\"column\": \"OrderCount\",\n
```

```
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 2.9396795481512608,\n \"min\": 1.0,\n \"max\": 16.0,\n
\"num unique values\": 16,\n \"samples\": [\n
                                                                     1.0, n
              ___],\n \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
6.0\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"DaySinceLastOrder\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 3.6544331967013357,\n \"min\":
               \"max\": 46.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 22,\n
0.0, n
                                               1\overline{3}.0\n ],\n
                            5.0,\n
\"samples\": [\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                      }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"CashbackAmount\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 49.20703617486409,\n \"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 324.99,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 2586,\n \"samples\": [\n
n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df"}
# eda
df.shape
(5630, 20)
df.isnull().sum()
                                     0
CustomerID
Churn
                                     0
                                   264
Tenure
PreferredLoginDevice
                                     0
                                     0
CityTier
                                   251
WarehouseToHome
PreferredPaymentMode
                                     0
Gender
                                     0
                                   255
HourSpendOnApp
NumberOfDeviceRegistered
                                     0
                                     0
PreferedOrderCat
SatisfactionScore
                                     0
                                     0
MaritalStatus
NumberOfAddress
                                     0
                                     0
Complain
OrderAmountHikeFromlastYear
                                   265
CouponUsed
                                   256
OrderCount
                                   258
DaySinceLastOrder
                                   307
CashbackAmount
                                     0
dtype: int64
df.dtypes
CustomerID
                                     int64
Churn
                                     int64
```

```
float64
Tenure
PreferredLoginDevice
                                 object
CityTier
                                  int64
WarehouseToHome
                                float64
PreferredPaymentMode
                                 object
Gender
                                 object
HourSpendOnApp
                                float64
NumberOfDeviceRegistered
                                  int64
PreferedOrderCat
                                 object
SatisfactionScore
                                  int64
MaritalStatus
                                 object
NumberOfAddress
                                  int64
Complain
                                  int64
OrderAmountHikeFromlastYear
                                float64
CouponUsed
                                float64
OrderCount
                                float64
DaySinceLastOrder
                                float64
CashbackAmount
                                float64
dtype: object
#treating null values
df.drop(['CustomerID'],axis=1,inplace=True)
for i in df.columns:
    if df[i].isnull().sum() > 0:
        print(i)
        print('the total null values are:', df[i].isnull().sum())
        print('the datatype is', df[i].dtypes)
        print()
Tenure
the total null values are: 264
the datatype is float64
WarehouseToHome
the total null values are: 251
the datatype is float64
HourSpendOnApp
the total null values are: 255
the datatype is float64
OrderAmountHikeFromlastYear
the total null values are: 265
the datatype is float64
CouponUsed
the total null values are: 256
the datatype is float64
```

```
OrderCount
the total null values are: 258
the datatype is float64
DaySinceLastOrder
the total null values are: 307
the datatype is float64
df['Churn'] = df['Churn'].astype('object')
df['CityTier'] = df['CityTier'].astype('object')
df.describe().transpose()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df\",\n \"rows\": 12,\n \"fields\": [\n
{\n \"column\": \"count\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 137.25711330024083,\n
\"min\": 5323.0,\n \"max\": 5630.0,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 8,\n \"samples\": [\n 5379. 5374.0,\n 5366.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n {\n
                                                                5379.0,\n
\"column\": \"mean\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 49.7219396003961,\n \"min\":
                                                           \"dtype\":
\"std\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 13.551471831285205,\n \"min\": 0.4514079937386503,\n \"max\": 49.20703617486409,\n \"num_unique_values\": 12,\n
\"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 11.0,\n \"num_unique_values\":
4,\n \"samples\": [\n 5.0,\n 0.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                                                    11.0,\n
\"25%\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 41.281906108726346,\n \"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\":
145.77,\n \"num_unique_values\": 7,\n
                                                  \"samples\": [\n
2.0,\n 9.0,\n 1.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"50%\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 45.900833688870335,\n
\"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 163.28,\n \"num_unique_values\": 9,\n \"samples\": [\n 2.0,\n 14.0,\n 15.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
```

```
{\n \"column\":
                                         \"dtype\": \"number\",\n
\"std\": 54.88695093986711,\n \"min\": 1.0,\n \"max\": 196.3925,\n \"num_unique_values\": 10,\n \"samples\": [n 7.0,\n 20.0,\n 1.0\n ],\n
                                                     \"samples\": [\
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"max\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 92.1871910308125,\n
\"min\": 1.0,\n \"max\": 324.99,\n
#treating outliers
for i in df.columns:
   if df[i].isnull().sum() > 0:
       df[i].fillna(df[i].median(),inplace=True)
plt.figure(figsize=(50,10))
sns.boxplot(data=df)
plt.title('The boxplot to study outliers')
plt.xlabel('Variables that predict the customer churn')
plt.ylabel('Values')
Text(0, 0.5, 'Values')
```

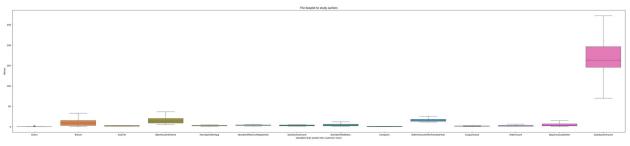


```
'MaritalStatus', 'NumberOfAddress', 'Complain',
    'OrderAmountHikeFromlastYear', 'CouponUsed', 'OrderCount',
    'DaySinceLastOrder', 'CashbackAmount'],
    dtype='object')

for column in df.columns:
    if df[column].dtype != 'object':
        lr,ur=remove_outlier(df[column])
        df[column]=np.where(df[column]>ur,ur,df[column])
    df[column]=np.where(df[column]<lr,lr,df[column])

plt.figure(figsize=(50,10))
sns.boxplot(data=df)
plt.title('The boxplot to study outliers')
plt.xlabel('Variables that predict the customer churn')
plt.ylabel('Values')

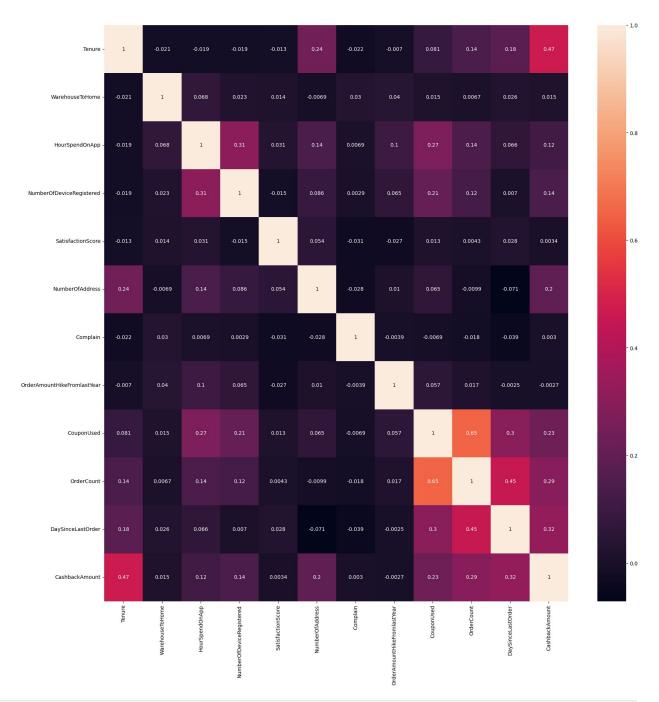
Text(0, 0.5, 'Values')
```



```
#heatmap for feature correlation
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)

<ipython-input-16-974ef1362404>:3: FutureWarning: The default value of
numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it
will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value
of numeric_only to silence this warning.
    sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)

</pr
```



```
df_encoded=df.copy()
df_encoded.head()

{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df_encoded\",\n \"rows\": 5630,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"Churn\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n \"min\": 0,\n
\"max\": 1,\n \"num_unique_values\": 2,\n \"samples\":
[\n 0,\n 1\n ],\n \"semantic_type\":
\"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n
\"column\": \"Tenure\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
```

```
\"number\",\n \"std\": 8.291333812302852,\n \"min\":
0.0,\n \"max\": 33.0,\n \"num_unique values\": 33,\n
\"samples\": [\n 33.0,\n
                                                 3.0\n ],\n
\"semantic type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"PreferredLoginDevice\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 3,\n \"samples\": [\n \"Mobile Phone\",\n \"Phone\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n {\n
\"column\": \"CityTier\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"date\",\n \"min\": 1,\n \"max\": 3,\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n \"samples\": [\n
                                                                    \"dtype\":
                                                                      3,\n
5.0,\n \"max\": 36.5,\n \"num_unique_values\": 33,\n \"samples\": [\n 7.0,\n 14.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"PreferredPaymentMode\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 7,\n \"samples\": [\n \"Deb Card\",\n \"UPI\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n
\"\",\n \"description\. \ \ \ \"\"
\"column\": \"Gender\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"samples\": 2,\n \"samples\":
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 0.9420153271843603,\n
\"min\": 1.5,\n \"max\": 5.5,\n \"num unique values\":
6,\n \"samples\": [\n 3.0,\n 4.0\n ],\
n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
}\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"PreferedOrderCat\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 6,\n \"samples\": [\n
                                                                     \"Laptop
& Accessory\",\n \"Mobile\"\n ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                         }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"SatisfactionScore\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 1.38019445090948,\n \"min\": 1.0,\n \"max\": 5.0,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 5,\n \"samples\": [\n
1.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                                                                      3.0, n
```

```
\"num_unique_values\": 12,\n \"samples\": [\n 12.0,\n
5.0\n     ],\n    \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n    \"description\": \"\"\n     }\n     },\n     {\n    \"column\": \"Complain\",\n    \"properties\": {\n         \"dtype\": \"number\",\n         \"std\": 0.4514079937386503,\n    \"min\":
\mbox{"num\_unique\_values\": 16,\n} \mbox{"samples\": [\n 11.0,\n]}
15.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
0.0,\n \"max\": 3.5,\n \"num_unique_values\": 5,\n \"samples\": [\n 0.0,\n 3.0\n ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n }\n {\n \"column\": \"DaySinceLastOrder\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 3.4391836447048068,\n \"min\":
0.0,\n \"max\": 14.5,\n \"num_unique_values\": 16,\n \"samples\": [\n 5.0,\n 0.0\n ],\n
\"semantic type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"CashbackAmount\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 44.069816584596246,\n \"min\": 69.83625,\n \"max\": 272.32625,\n \"num_unique_values\": 2365,\n \"samples\":
[\n 134.82,\n 150.72\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df_encoded"}
cat=[]
num=[]
for i in df.columns:
  if df[i].dtype=='object':
```

```
cat.append(i)
  else:
    num.append(i)
print('cat = ',cat)
print('num = ',num)
cat = ['Churn', 'PreferredLoginDevice', 'CityTier',
'PreferredPaymentMode', 'Gender', 'PreferedOrderCat', 'MaritalStatus']
num = ['Tenure', 'WarehouseToHome', 'HourSpendOnApp',
'NumberOfDeviceRegistered', 'SatisfactionScore', 'NumberOfAddress',
'Complain', 'OrderAmountHikeFromlastYear', 'CouponUsed', 'OrderCount',
'DaySinceLastOrder', 'CashbackAmount']
#encodina
df encoded = pd.get dummies(df encoded,drop first=True)
<ipython-input-19-0e5b7bbb6500>:2: FutureWarning: In a future version,
the Index constructor will not infer numeric dtypes when passed
object-dtype sequences (matching Series behavior)
  df encoded = pd.get dummies(df encoded,drop first=True)
<ipython-input-19-0e5b7bbb6500>:2: FutureWarning: In a future version,
the Index constructor will not infer numeric dtypes when passed
object-dtype sequences (matching Series behavior)
 df encoded = pd.get dummies(df encoded,drop first=True)
df encoded.head(10)
{"type": "dataframe", "variable name": "df encoded"}
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
#standardisation
scaler = StandardScaler()
features = df encoded[num]
features = scaler.fit transform(features)
scaled df encoded = df encoded.copy()
scaled df encoded[num] = features
scaled df encoded
{"type":"dataframe", "variable name": "scaled df encoded"}
print(scaled df encoded.columns)
Index(['Tenure', 'WarehouseToHome', 'HourSpendOnApp',
       'NumberOfDeviceRegistered', 'SatisfactionScore',
'NumberOfAddress',
       'Complain', 'OrderAmountHikeFromlastYear', 'CouponUsed',
'OrderCount',
       'DaySinceLastOrder', 'CashbackAmount', 'Churn 1',
```

```
'PreferredLoginDevice Mobile Phone',
'PreferredLoginDevice Phone',
       'CityTier 2', 'CityTier 3', 'PreferredPaymentMode COD',
       'PreferredPaymentMode Cash on Delivery',
       'PreferredPaymentMode Credit Card', 'PreferredPaymentMode Debit
Card',
       'PreferredPaymentMode E wallet', 'PreferredPaymentMode UPI',
       'Gender Male', 'PreferedOrderCat Grocery',
       'PreferedOrderCat Laptop & Accessory',
'PreferedOrderCat Mobile',
       'PreferedOrderCat Mobile Phone', 'PreferedOrderCat Others',
       'MaritalStatus_Married', 'MaritalStatus_Single'],
      dtype='object')
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
#train, test split
X = scaled df encoded.drop(['Churn 1'], axis=1)
y = scaled df encoded['Churn 1']
X train, X val, y train, y val = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2,
random state=42)
#lib for DL model building
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import lavers
from tensorflow.keras import regularizers
```

Baseline

```
# Baseline DNN Architecture
baseline model = keras.Sequential([
   layers.Dense(128, activation='relu',
input shape=(X train.shape[1],)),
   layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
   layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
1)
baseline model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                    loss='binary crossentropy',
                    metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
baseline history = baseline model.fit(X train, y train, epochs=20,
batch size=32, validation data=(X val, y val))
Epoch 1/20
- accuracy: 0.8477 - val loss: 0.2887 - val accuracy: 0.8917
```

```
Epoch 2/20
- accuracy: 0.8905 - val loss: 0.2647 - val accuracy: 0.8979
- accuracy: 0.8985 - val loss: 0.2509 - val accuracy: 0.9041
Epoch 4/20
- accuracy: 0.9025 - val loss: 0.2452 - val accuracy: 0.9121
Epoch 5/20
- accuracy: 0.9119 - val loss: 0.2359 - val accuracy: 0.9085
Epoch 6/20
- accuracy: 0.9194 - val loss: 0.2206 - val accuracy: 0.9192
Epoch 7/20
- accuracy: 0.9270 - val loss: 0.2223 - val accuracy: 0.9147
Epoch 8/20
- accuracy: 0.9363 - val loss: 0.1939 - val accuracy: 0.9272
Epoch 9/20
- accuracy: 0.9416 - val loss: 0.1847 - val accuracy: 0.9236
Epoch 10/20
- accuracy: 0.9507 - val_loss: 0.1759 - val_accuracy: 0.9361
Epoch 11/20
- accuracy: 0.9556 - val loss: 0.1625 - val accuracy: 0.9432
Epoch 12/20
- accuracy: 0.9596 - val loss: 0.1623 - val accuracy: 0.9449
Epoch 13/20
- accuracy: 0.9665 - val loss: 0.1480 - val accuracy: 0.9529
Epoch 14/20
- accuracy: 0.9751 - val loss: 0.1476 - val accuracy: 0.9485
Epoch 15/20
- accuracy: 0.9754 - val loss: 0.1419 - val accuracy: 0.9547
Epoch 16/20
- accuracy: 0.9805 - val loss: 0.1419 - val accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 17/20
- accuracy: 0.9860 - val loss: 0.1263 - val accuracy: 0.9600
Epoch 18/20
```

Dropout

```
# Dropout DNN Architecture
dropout model = keras.Sequential([
  layers.Dense(128, activation='relu',
input shape=(X train.shape[1],)),
  layers.Dropout(0.5),#0.5 dropout rate
  layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
  layers.Dropout(0.5),#0.5 dropout rate
  layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
1)
dropout model.compile(optimizer='adam',
               loss='binary crossentropy',
               metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the dropout model
dropout_history = dropout_model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20,
batch_size=32, validation_data=(X_val, y_val))
Epoch 1/20
- accuracy: 0.8113 - val loss: 0.3265 - val accuracy: 0.8668
Epoch 2/20
- accuracy: 0.8595 - val loss: 0.2912 - val accuracy: 0.8908
Epoch 3/20
- accuracy: 0.8752 - val loss: 0.2776 - val accuracy: 0.9014
Epoch 4/20
- accuracy: 0.8777 - val loss: 0.2705 - val accuracy: 0.9023
Epoch 5/20
- accuracy: 0.8830 - val loss: 0.2625 - val accuracy: 0.9050
Epoch 6/20
- accuracy: 0.8819 - val loss: 0.2595 - val accuracy: 0.9023
Epoch 7/20
- accuracy: 0.8899 - val loss: 0.2534 - val accuracy: 0.9147
```

```
Epoch 8/20
- accuracy: 0.8914 - val loss: 0.2483 - val accuracy: 0.9139
Epoch 9/20
- accuracy: 0.8965 - val loss: 0.2438 - val accuracy: 0.9174
Epoch 10/20
- accuracy: 0.8970 - val loss: 0.2456 - val accuracy: 0.9165
Epoch 11/20
- accuracy: 0.9034 - val loss: 0.2398 - val accuracy: 0.9165
Epoch 12/20
- accuracy: 0.9010 - val loss: 0.2370 - val accuracy: 0.9192
Epoch 13/20
- accuracy: 0.9067 - val loss: 0.2341 - val accuracy: 0.9227
Epoch 14/20
- accuracy: 0.9019 - val loss: 0.2334 - val accuracy: 0.9192
Epoch 15/20
- accuracy: 0.9130 - val loss: 0.2243 - val accuracy: 0.9192
Epoch 16/20
- accuracy: 0.9079 - val_loss: 0.2284 - val_accuracy: 0.9210
Epoch 17/20
- accuracy: 0.9107 - val loss: 0.2194 - val accuracy: 0.9272
Epoch 18/20
- accuracy: 0.9143 - val loss: 0.2152 - val accuracy: 0.9272
Epoch 19/20
- accuracy: 0.9145 - val loss: 0.2206 - val accuracy: 0.9183
Epoch 20/20
- accuracy: 0.9141 - val_loss: 0.2194 - val_accuracy: 0.9272
```

Layer wise dropout

```
# Layer-wise Dropout DNN Architecture
layer_wise_dropout_model = keras.Sequential([
    layers.Dense(128, activation='relu',
input_shape=(X_train.shape[1],)),
    layers.Dropout(0.2),#0.2
    layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    layers.Dropout(0.3),#0.3
```

```
layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
1)
layer wise dropout model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                   loss='binary crossentropy',
                   metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the layer-wise dropout model
layer wise dropout history = layer wise dropout model.fit(X train,
y train, epochs=20, batch size=32, validation data=(X val, y val))
Epoch 1/20
- accuracy: 0.8408 - val loss: 0.2920 - val accuracy: 0.8908
Epoch 2/20
- accuracy: 0.8777 - val_loss: 0.2697 - val_accuracy: 0.9005
Epoch 3/20
- accuracy: 0.8803 - val loss: 0.2651 - val accuracy: 0.9023
Epoch 4/20
- accuracy: 0.8914 - val loss: 0.2491 - val accuracy: 0.9112
Epoch 5/20
- accuracy: 0.8950 - val loss: 0.2430 - val accuracy: 0.9112
Epoch 6/20
- accuracy: 0.8979 - val loss: 0.2395 - val accuracy: 0.9165
Epoch 7/20
- accuracy: 0.9036 - val_loss: 0.2319 - val_accuracy: 0.9139
Epoch 8/20
- accuracy: 0.9072 - val loss: 0.2328 - val accuracy: 0.9192
Epoch 9/20
- accuracy: 0.9083 - val loss: 0.2290 - val accuracy: 0.9227
Epoch 10/20
- accuracy: 0.9181 - val loss: 0.2206 - val accuracy: 0.9254
Epoch 11/20
- accuracy: 0.9194 - val loss: 0.2131 - val accuracy: 0.9272
Epoch 12/20
- accuracy: 0.9254 - val loss: 0.2066 - val accuracy: 0.9281
Epoch 13/20
- accuracy: 0.9274 - val_loss: 0.2046 - val_accuracy: 0.9272
```

```
Epoch 14/20
- accuracy: 0.9325 - val loss: 0.1916 - val accuracy: 0.9343
Epoch 15/20
- accuracy: 0.9343 - val loss: 0.1966 - val accuracy: 0.9298
Epoch 16/20
- accuracy: 0.9349 - val loss: 0.1860 - val accuracy: 0.9343
Epoch 17/20
- accuracy: 0.9398 - val loss: 0.1941 - val accuracy: 0.9361
Epoch 18/20
- accuracy: 0.9356 - val loss: 0.1842 - val accuracy: 0.9361
Epoch 19/20
- accuracy: 0.9460 - val loss: 0.1739 - val accuracy: 0.9396
Epoch 20/20
- accuracy: 0.9458 - val loss: 0.1815 - val accuracy: 0.9352
```

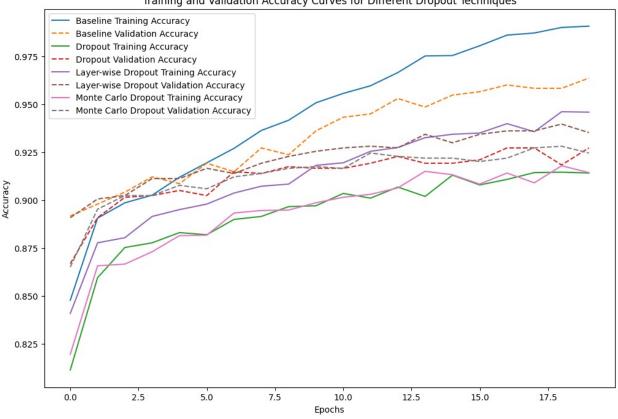
Monte Carlo dropout

```
# Monte Carlo Dropout DNN Architecture
monte carlo dropout model = keras.Sequential([
   layers.Dense(128, activation='relu',
input shape=(X train.shape[1],)),
   layers.Dropout(0.5),
   layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
   layers.Dropout(0.3),
   layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
1)
monte carlo dropout model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                          loss='binary crossentropy',
                          metrics=['accuracy'])
monte carlo dropout history = monte carlo dropout model.fit(X train,
y train, epochs=20, batch size=32, validation data=(X val, y val))
Epoch 1/20
- accuracy: 0.8195 - val loss: 0.3139 - val accuracy: 0.8650
Epoch 2/20
- accuracy: 0.8657 - val loss: 0.2867 - val accuracy: 0.8952
Epoch 3/20
- accuracy: 0.8666 - val loss: 0.2768 - val accuracy: 0.9023
```

```
Epoch 4/20
- accuracy: 0.8730 - val loss: 0.2666 - val accuracy: 0.9023
- accuracy: 0.8814 - val loss: 0.2594 - val accuracy: 0.9076
Epoch 6/20
- accuracy: 0.8817 - val loss: 0.2596 - val accuracy: 0.9059
Epoch 7/20
- accuracy: 0.8932 - val loss: 0.2499 - val accuracy: 0.9121
Epoch 8/20
- accuracy: 0.8945 - val_loss: 0.2481 - val_accuracy: 0.9139
Epoch 9/20
- accuracy: 0.8948 - val loss: 0.2433 - val accuracy: 0.9165
Epoch 10/20
- accuracy: 0.8985 - val loss: 0.2372 - val accuracy: 0.9174
Epoch 11/20
- accuracy: 0.9014 - val loss: 0.2339 - val accuracy: 0.9165
Epoch 12/20
- accuracy: 0.9030 - val_loss: 0.2335 - val_accuracy: 0.9245
Epoch 13/20
- accuracy: 0.9063 - val loss: 0.2254 - val accuracy: 0.9227
Epoch 14/20
- accuracy: 0.9150 - val loss: 0.2283 - val accuracy: 0.9218
Epoch 15/20
- accuracy: 0.9132 - val loss: 0.2244 - val accuracy: 0.9218
Epoch 16/20
- accuracy: 0.9083 - val loss: 0.2229 - val accuracy: 0.9201
Epoch 17/20
- accuracy: 0.9141 - val loss: 0.2144 - val accuracy: 0.9218
Epoch 18/20
- accuracy: 0.9090 - val loss: 0.2105 - val accuracy: 0.9272
Epoch 19/20
- accuracy: 0.9179 - val loss: 0.2094 - val accuracy: 0.9281
Epoch 20/20
```

```
- accuracy: 0.9143 - val loss: 0.2055 - val accuracy: 0.9245
# Visualize training and validation accuracy/loss curves for all
models
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
# Baseline model
plt.plot(baseline history.history['accuracy'], label='Baseline
Training Accuracy, linestyle='-')
plt.plot(baseline history.history['val accuracy'], label='Baseline
Validation Accuracy', linestyle='--')
# Dropout model
plt.plot(dropout history.history['accuracy'], label='Dropout Training
Accuracy', linestyle='-')
plt.plot(dropout history.history['val accuracy'], label='Dropout
Validation Accuracy', linestyle='--')
# Layer-wise dropout model
plt.plot(layer wise dropout history.history['accuracy'], label='Layer-
wise Dropout Training Accuracy', linestyle='-')
plt.plot(layer_wise_dropout_history.history['val_accuracy'],
label='Layer-wise Dropout Validation Accuracy', linestyle='--')
# Monte Carlo dropout model
plt.plot(monte carlo dropout history.history['accuracy'], label='Monte
Carlo Dropout Training Accuracy', linestyle='-')
plt.plot(monte carlo dropout history.history['val accuracy'],
label='Monte Carlo Dropout Validation Accuracy', linestyle='--')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.vlabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy Curves for Different
Dropout Techniques')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and Validation Accuracy Curves for Different Dropout Techniques



```
# metrics
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, f1_score, roc_curve,
roc auc score
# Predictions for each model
baseline probs = baseline model.predict(X val)
dropout probs = dropout model.predict(X val)
layer_wise_dropout_probs = layer wise dropout model.predict(X val)
monte carlo dropout probs = monte carlo dropout model.predict(X val)
# Convert probabilities to binary predictions
baseline preds = (baseline probs > 0.5).astype(int)
dropout preds = (dropout probs > 0.5).astype(int)
layer wise dropout preds = (layer wise dropout probs >
0.5).astype(int)
monte carlo dropout preds = (monte carlo dropout probs >
0.5).astype(int)
# Accuracy scores
baseline accuracy = accuracy score(y val, baseline preds)
dropout accuracy = accuracy score(y val, dropout preds)
layer wise dropout accuracy = accuracy score(y val,
layer wise dropout preds)
monte carlo dropout accuracy = accuracy score(y val,
```

```
monte carlo dropout preds)
# F1 scores
baseline f1 = f1 score(y val, baseline preds)
dropout f1 = f1 score(y val, dropout_preds)
layer wise_dropout_f1 = f1_score(y_val, layer_wise_dropout_preds)
monte_carlo_dropout_f1 = f1_score(y_val, monte_carlo_dropout_preds)
# ROC curves and AUC scores
baseline auc = roc auc score(y val, baseline preds)
dropout auc = roc_auc_score(y_val, dropout_preds)
layer wise dropout auc = roc auc score(y val,
layer wise dropout preds)
monte carlo dropout auc = roc auc score(y val,
monte carlo dropout preds)
36/36 [======== ] - Os 2ms/step
36/36 [=======] - 0s 3ms/step
36/36 [======== ] - 0s 2ms/step
# Print performance metrics
print("Accuracy Scores:")
print(f"Baseline: {baseline accuracy:.4f}")
print(f"With Dropout: {dropout accuracy:.4f}")
print(f"With Layer-wise Dropout: {layer wise dropout accuracy:.4f}")
print(f"With Monte Carlo Dropout: {monte carlo dropout accuracy:.4f}\
n")
print("F1 Scores:")
print(f"Baseline: {baseline f1:.4f}")
print(f"With Dropout: {dropout f1:.4f}")
print(f"With Layer-wise Dropout: {layer wise dropout f1:.4f}")
print(f"With Monte Carlo Dropout: {monte carlo dropout f1:.4f}\n")
print("ROC AUC Scores:")
print(f"Baseline: {baseline auc:.4f}")
print(f"With Dropout: {dropout auc:.4f}")
print(f"With Layer-wise Dropout: {layer_wise dropout auc:.4f}")
print(f"With Monte Carlo Dropout: {monte carlo dropout auc:.4f}\n")
Accuracy Scores:
Baseline: 0.9636
With Dropout: 0.9272
With Layer-wise Dropout: 0.9352
With Monte Carlo Dropout: 0.9245
F1 Scores:
Baseline: 0.8839
With Dropout: 0.7303
```

```
With Layer-wise Dropout: 0.7908
With Monte Carlo Dropout: 0.7352
ROC AUC Scores:
Baseline: 0.9152
With Dropout: 0.7957
With Layer-wise Dropout: 0.8592
With Monte Carlo Dropout: 0.8094
# Plot ROC curves
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_val, baseline_preds)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'Baseline (AUC = {baseline auc:.2f})')
fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_val, dropout_preds)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'Dropout (AUC = {dropout auc:.2f})')
fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_val, layer_wise_dropout_preds)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'Layer-wise Dropout (AUC =
{layer wise dropout auc:.2f})')
fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_val, monte_carlo_dropout_preds)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'Monte Carlo Dropout (AUC =
{monte carlo dropout auc:.2f})')
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], linestyle='--', color='r', label='Random')
Guessing')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('ROC Curves for Different Dropout Techniques')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

