(Printed Pages 4)

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Roll No.

B. Tech.-III Sem.

TU-353

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014 E.I. Branch Polymer Science & Technology BT-321 (N)

Time: Three Hours | [Maximum Marks: 100]

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

What are Fibre-reinforced plastics? Give a method for the preparation of such a plastic. Describe its properties and applications.

20

(a) What do you mean by the term crystallinity in polymers? Discuss the effect of crystallinity on the properties of polymers.



- (b) Describe the solution process of polymers. Explain the effect of polymer properties on solution process.
- Mention and discuss important methods for characterization of polymers.
- Differentiate between addition and condensation polymerization processes. Mention the three basic steps involved in addition polymerization. Are these steps common in free radical anionic and cationic addition polymerization? Write clearly the initiation steps for the three types of addition polymerization process.
- Discuss the applications of polymers in the following sectors:
 - (i) Agriculture
 - (ii) Automotive
 - (iii) Space
 - (Iv) Sports

3

- Distinguish between the following pair of terms:
 - (a) Alternate and Random copolymers
 - (b) Anionic and Cationic polymers
 - (c) Nylon 6,6 and Nylon 6,10
 - (d) Thermoplastics and Thermo set polymers
- (a) What is coordination polymerization?
 Discuss the mono metallic mechanism of such polymerization.
 - (b) Write the preparation, properties and uses of
 - (i) Styrene butadiene rubber and
 - (ii) Urea- formaldehyde resins 10
- 8. (a) How do the kinetics of polymerization differ in the bulk and suspension of polymerization method?
 10

	(b)	Explain the number-average and u	weight
		average molecular mass.	10
9.	(a)	Discuss the mechanism of cationic	chain
		growth polymerization process.	10
	(b)	What are composite materials? D	iscuss
		some important types of fibre rein	forced
		composites.	10
10.	Wr	ite an brief essay on sllicones.	20

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(21214)

Roll No.

B.Tech. III Sem.

TU-356

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014

EC, EI, ME Branches

Industrial Psychology

[BT-324(N)]

Time: Two Hours |

[Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- What are the objectives of industrial psychology? Explain the historical foundation of industrial psychology.
- Why psychologists examine individual differences
 ences? How knowing individual differences
 helps in predicting behaviour?

- Describe the different types of intelligence tests useful in assessing human mental abilities.
- "Personality inventerles measure more deeper aspects of personality than rating scales." Justify the statement.
- 5. What is meant by organisational culture? How can healthy organisational culture improve the peformance of employees? 10
- Explain a good leadership. How can it saise the group morale of Industrial employees.10
- Why do Industrial engineering strongly emphasises understanding of workers and their needs in order to raise and improve production? Elaborate.

- What are the negative effects of stress on workers? How can a psychologist play the role in maintaining individual well being. 10
- What are the necessary steps in selection procedure? Describe the major techniques used for employee selection.
- 10. Why employee counselling service is needed in Industry? What is the role of a counsellor in Industry?

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Roll No.

B.Tech. III Sem.

TU-61

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014
E.C. & E.I. Branch
Industrial Psychology
BT-324

Time: Two Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any five questions. All question carry equal marks.

- Describe the scope of industrial psychology.
 Discuss the merit and demerits of Hawthorne experiments.
- Evaluate various theories of motivation. In your opinion which theory of motivation is the best.
- Define stress. Discuss various techniques of stress management.

4.	Discuss merits and demerits of various styles				
	of leadership. 10				
5.	What is meant by work environment? De				
	scribe various characteristics of an effective				
	work environment.				
6.	Define fatigue. Describe various types of fa				
	tigue. 10				
7.	Describe various types of test used in se				
	lecting professionals in a work environment				
	10				
8.	Define reliability. Discuss various methods o				
	reliability. 10				
9.	Define accident. Describe various steps to				
	prevent accident in an industrial situation. 10				
10.	What is meant by perfermance manage				
	ment? Discuss various methods of perfor				
	mance management. 10				

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Roll No.

B.Tech. III Sem.

TU-62

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014 E.C. & E.I. Branches

Science Elective (NANO SCIENCE)

BT-325

Time: Three Hours |

[Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any five questions.

- Define the term nanotechnology and give some application of nanotechnology. 20
- (a) Discuss the theory of fermi surface.10
 - (b) Give the concept of effective mass of electron.
- Draw the neat diagram of a device used to form clusters of metal atom. And also expiain electronic magnetic numbers.

4.	Explain the concept of photofragmentation	10
	and also explain coulmbic explosion for sen	ni-
	conducting nanoparticles, 2	0
5.	Explain the technical concept of chemic	a
	vapour deposition (CVD) method with ne	al
	diagram. 2	0
6.	Explain the principle and working of scanning	ng
	tunneling Microscopy. 2	0
7.	What is the sputting? Explain the therm	ıa
	evaporation technique. 2	0
8.	State and explain the synthesis of mu	lt
	walled carbon nanotubes. 2	0
9.	Derive Schrodinger wave equation and e	X-
	plain on it's basis the motion of a free pa	ir-
	ticle in one dimentional box. 2	0
10.	Write short notes on any two : 2×1	0
	(i) Infra red and Raman spectroscopy,	
	(ii) Nano robots	
	(iii) Nano-Biometrics.	

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Roll No.

B.Tech. III Sem.

TU-358

B. Tech. Examination, Dec - 2014 EC, EI, CH Branches Human Values & Professional Ethics BT-326(N)

Time: Two Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any five questions out of the following.

- Critically examine our state today in terms of fulfilment of relationships and physical facilities. What has gone wrong according to you? What is the solution?
- "I will learn and Improve only if I am unhappy. If I become happy, my learning will stop." Explore the validity of this view point.

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3.	What do you mean by the statement "Hu-
	man being is more than just the body"? Dis-
	tinguish between the needs of the self and
	the needs of the body. 10

- "The problem today is that the desires, thoughts and expectations are largely set by pre-conditionings or sensations" Examine this statement.
- Indicate a few feasible steps to promote harmony in the society and co-existence with nature.
- 6. What exactly is implied by the term-nature? What are the four orders in nature? Explain.

10

7. Where is the scope of development in nature? How have we come to wrongly place our developmental programs?

 What is ethical human conduct? Explain it in terms of values, policies and character. 10

 What do you mean by universal human order? What are its implications on the different dimensions of a society?

10. What do you mean by 'Profession'? Why is it required to acquire ethical competence in profession?
10

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Roll No.

B.Tech. III Sem.

TU-67

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014

E.C./E.I.

Human Values & Professional Ethics BT-326

Time: Two Hours |

[Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt all questions. Each question carries equal marks.

 What are self exploration and its purpose?
 Illustrate the process of self exploration with a neat diagram?

OR

What are the basic requirements to ensure happiness and prosperity for human beings? Explain the condition of SVDD, SSDD and SSSS.

'Human body is a self organized unit' Comment? What is your attitude towards the Body and its consequences?

OR

Explain the characteristics and activities of 'I'. Explain with the help of an example how you will ensure harmony in 'I'.

3. Explain the feelings of 'gratitude', 'reverence', 'affection' and 'trust'?

OR

What is meant by comprehensive human goal? Mention its features?

 What are the four orders in nature? Briefly explain them.

OR

Explain the term co-existence? How are units self- organized in space?

5. What do you understand by holistic technology? Also elaborate the criteria of its evaluation?

OR

Write a note on 'competence in professional ethics'.

TU-67\260\2

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(Printed Pages 3)

(21214)

Roll No.

B.Tech. III Sem.

TU-359

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014

EC, EI Branches

Fundamentals of Electronics Devices BT-301(N)

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any five questions. All question carry equal marks.

- (a) What do you mean by Mobility of carrier? How does it depend on temperature and doping Concentration?
 - (b) Explain the basic crystal growth techniques & also explain Elemental and compound Semiconductor.



- 2. (a) What is a photodetector? Describe the working of solar cell. What are the applications of these devices?
 - (b) Describe the characteristics and application of SCR and P-N-P-N diode.
- Explain the following with proper Diagram.
 - (a) Photo Conductivity
 - (b) Luminescense
- (a) What do you mean by zener diode?
 Explain how zener diode maintains constant Voltage across the load.
 - (b) What do you mean by reverseblas break down? Calculate the thermal equilibrium electson and hole concentration in a compensated p-type silicon semiconductor at 300°k in which NA=10¹⁶ Cm⁻³, ND=3×10¹⁵Cm⁻³ and n_i=1.6×10¹⁰ Cm⁻³.

- 5. What is a MOSFET? How many types of MOSFETs are there? Point out the basic difference between the FET and BJT?
- 6. Explain the working Principle of IMPATT Diode. How does the electric field and hole construction varies with the input a-c Signal?
- Differentiate between the Direct Semiconductor and Indirect Semiconductor with relevant band diagrams.
- 8. Explain the tunnel diode in detail. What are Its applications?
- Explain the following with Proper diagram:
 - (a) Optical absorption
 - (b) Carrier life time
- (a) Explain the working principle of MESFET
 8. How it is different from MISFET.
 - (b) What do you mean by excess carriers?
 How they are created?

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(Printed Pages 4)

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Roll No.

B. Tech. III Sem.

TU-63

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014

E.C. & E.I. Branches Fundamental of Electronic Devices BT-301

Time: Three Hours | [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any Five of the following.

(a) Explain terms 'space lattice', basis and unit cell as applied to crystal structure.

10

(b) What is a cubic lattice? What are the different space lattices in the cubic system? How many lattices points per unit cell are there in each of these lattices.

10

- (a) Find the packing fraction of simple cubic structure.
 - (b) Find the miller indices of a set of parallel planes which makes intercepts in the ratio of 4a, 3b on the x and y axis and are parallel to z axis. a, b, c are primitive vectors of the lattices.
- (a) What do you mean by optical absorption? Define absorption coefficients.10
 - (b) What is luminescence? Define photoluminescence and Electroluminescence.10
- (a) Explain the zener and avalanche thermal break down mechanism. What will be their thermal coefficients.
 - (b) What do you mean by forward and reverse biased junction? Give the qualitative discription of current flow at the junction.

5.	(a)	Explain the working of a P _N P transistor							istor
		with	the	help	of	its	energy	band	dia-
		gran	٦.						10

- (b) Explain the construction, working and characteristics of MOSFET. 10
- (a) Compare N-channel MOSFET with Pchannel MOSFET.
 - (b) What is a photo diode? Explain its construction and working? 10
- (a) Describe step index fiber and graded index fiber.
 - (b) What is LED? Give its principle of working, construction and its advantages and disadvantages.
 10
- (a) What is a Tunnel diode? Explain the essential differences between a semiconductor junction diode and a Tunnel diode.

(b) Give the construct	
(b) Give the constructional featurn diode along with neat	sketch to
V-I characteries	explain its
(b) Explain the mechanism of ope	10
SCR. SCR.	ration of
10. Explain any four of the following:	10
(a) IGBT the following:	20
(b) Optical fiber	
(c) MISFET	
(d) Zener diode	-2-
(e) Drift current	

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Roll No.

B.Tech. III Sem.

TU-360

B. Tech. Examination, Dec - 2014

EC, EI Branches Signals & Systems

BT-302(N)

Time: Three Hours J

[Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- (a) Define unit impulse function and also state at least three properties of it. 20
 - (b) Draw even and odd parts of the signal depicted in figure given below :



(c) Prove that a signal cannot be both energy and power signal.

2. (a) Explain the following:

20

- (i) Exponential signal
- (II) Signum function
- (iii) Sine function
- (b) Let X₁(t) and X₂(t) be periodic signals with fundamental period T₁ and T₂ respectively. Under what condition is the sum X(t) = X₁(t) + X₂(t) periodic and what is the fundamental period of X(t) if it is periodic.
- (a) The signal X(t) has the Laplace transform X(S) = (S+2)/(S²+4S+5) 20
 Find the Laplace transform of the following signal y(t) = X(2t-1) u(2t-1)
 - (b) Write at least three properties of ROC for z-transform.
 - (c) Find the inverse Laplace of $G(S) = (10S^{2} e^{-S})/(S+1)(S+3)$
- 4. (a) Find the inverse z of

20

$$X(z) = \frac{(z^3 - z^2 + z)}{(z - 0.5)(z - 2)(z - 3)}; \ 1 < |z| < 2$$

(b) Determine the signal X(n) whose Z-transform is given by

$$X(z) = log (1 - az^{-1}); |z| > |a|$$

- (a) Differentiate CTFT and DTFT.
 - (b) Determine the CTFT for the rectangular pulse of period T, width t a amplitude A.
 - (c) Consider the rectangular pulse, determine its DTFT for N₁ = 2.

$$X(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & |n| \le N_1 \\ 0 & |n| > N_1 \end{cases}$$

- (a) State and prove Parseval's theorem for Continuous Time Fourier Transform. 20
 - (b) Calculate the Fourier Transform of :

(i)
$$S[n-1] + S[n+1]$$

(ii)
$$S[n+2] - S[n-2]$$

- (a) Write the relation between correlation and convolution.
 - (b) The input-output relation for a CTS is given by

(i)
$$y(t) = x(2t)$$

ii)
$$y(t) = x(t/2)$$

Find whether the system is: Linear or non-linear, Time invariant or time variant, Causal or non-causal.

- (c) Find the energy spectral density of the signal x(t) ≈ e^{-t} u(t)
- 8. (a) Compute and plot y[n] = x[n] * h[n], where $x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 3 < n < 8 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ $h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 4 < n < 15 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
 - (b) State and prove convolution theorem in continuous time domain.
- Determine the impulse response of h[n] for the system described by the second order difference equation.

$$y[n] - 4y[n-1] + 4y[n-2] = x[n]-x[n-1]$$

when $y[-1] = y[-2] = 0$

10 Realize the system given as 20

$$y[n] - \frac{5}{6}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{6}y[n-2] = x[n] + 2x[n-1]$$

using z-transform with minimum number of delay unit, assume initial condition is zero.

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(Printed Pages 4)

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Roll No.

B. Tech. III Sem.

TU-65

B. Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014 EC, EI Branches Electro-Magnetic Field Theory BT-303

Time: Three Hours | [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: (i) Solve any five questions.

- (ii) Use of calculator is permitted.
- 1. (a) Show that the vector fields

$$\overline{A} = \overline{a}_r \frac{\sin 2 \theta}{r^2} + 2 \hat{a}_0 \frac{\sin \theta}{r^2}$$

and $\overline{B} = r \cos \hat{a}_r + r \hat{a}_n$ and everywhere parallel to each other.

- (b) Explain the significance of Del (∇) operator. 5 + 5
- Explain couloumb's law and its importance, relate force with electric field intensity. 10

- Derive the Marwells first and second equation in integral and differential forms.
 - (b) A sphere of radius 4 cm is having a volume charge density of e given by e = in a sphere.
- (a) State and explain Gauss's Law.
 - (b) Derive an expression on the potential at a point outside a hollow sphere having a uniform charge density. 4+6
- (a) Define the following terms with suitable examples.
 - The dielectric material.
 - Polarization

cos2q. Find the total charge Q contained

(iii) The isotropic medium

(iv) Linear Medium

10

- State and explain Ampere's circuital law in integral form. 10
- Define and explain the term magnetic force, magnetic flux density and magnetic pumeability and the units in which each of these quantities measured in MKS unit. 10
- Define the terms and obtain expression for Voltage wave standing wave ratio, reflection coefficient and reflection percentage on a loss free transmission line.
- State and derive magnetic boundary condltions calculate the sey inductance per unit length of infinite long solenoid. 10

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TU-65\60\3

(13%)

10. A 30 m long transmission line with $z_0=50\Omega$ operating at 2MHz is terminated with a load of $Z_L=60+j$ 40 Ω . If the velocity of wave $v=6_L$ on the line find the reflection coeff. T, standing wave ratio, and input impedance.

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Roll No.

B. Tech.-III Sem.

TU-361

B. Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014 EC, EI Branches

Switching Theory & Logic Design BT-303(N)

Time: Two Hours |

[Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any five questions. Each question carry equal marks.

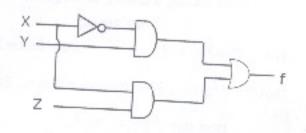
- (a) Design a BCD to Excess-3 code Converter.

 5
 - (b) Simplify the following Boolean function by using the Tabulation method $F = \Sigma \pi (0,1,2,8,10,11,14,15). \ Implement \\ the circuit using NAND gate. 5$





- (a) Prove De Morgan's theorems.
 - (b) Compute the Switching function represented by the gate network of the following figure. Also compute the truth table of the network



- (a) Design a full subtractor using only NAND gates.

 5
 - (b) Implement the following function using a multiplexer: 5 $F(A,B,C) = \Sigma (1,3,5,6)$
- 4. (a) Convert a 'D'flip flop to 'T' flip flop. 5

TU-361\200\2

- (b) What is meant by Race around condition? How it is overcome? 5
- Obtain a static hazard free asynchronous circuit for the following switching function 10
 Σ (0,2,4,5,8,10,14)
- Write a note on any 4 flip flops with its function and truth table.
- Explain any counter design with J-K flip flop.
- Describe the parallel in serial out shift Register and parallel in parallel out shift register with neat logic diagram.
- How many 16k XIRAMs are required to achieve a memory with word capacity of 16K and a word length of eight bits.

1	۲.	4	v	٦	
11	Ò	Λ		į.	
1	9		J	1	
ъ.		J	۴.		

10. (j)	Convert the Gray Code. 110101	to bi-	
	nary form.	2	
(ii)	Express the function $Y = A + \overline{B}C$	In ca-	
	nonical Pos form.	2	
(iii)	Simplify the expression	2	
	AB+AC+ABC(AB+C)=1		
(iv)	Explain the term "universal gate".	2	
(v)	Explain the difference between static	and	
C	lynamic memories.	2	1

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Roll No.

B.Tech.-III Scm.

TU-66

B.Tech. Examination, Dec - 2014

E.C. / E.I.

Fundamental of Network Analysis & Synthesis

BT-304

Time: Three Hours J

f Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt any five questions.

- (a) For a two port network determine the conditions of reciprocity for z, y, T

 Parameters.

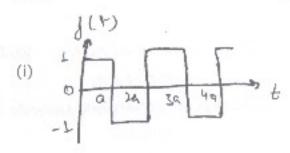
 10
 - (b) An exponential wave form is given by $V_{0}(f)=V_{1}(t)e^{-bt}. \label{eq:V0}$ Sketch the double derivative wave form of this function, 10

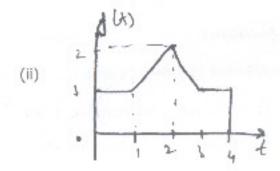


2. (a) State and Prove the Norton's Theorem.

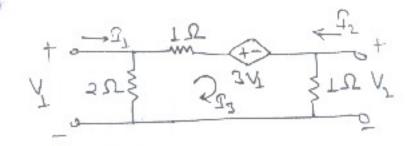
10

(b) Find the laplace of the following function.

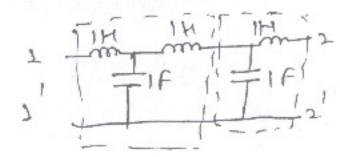




3. (a) Find the y and z parameters for the network give below :



- (b) Define poles and zeroes and also write the properties of transfer function. 10
- (a) Determine the transmission parameters
 of the network given below, using the
 concept of interconnection of two-port
 networks N₁ & N₂ in cascade 10

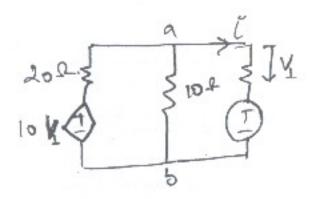


(b) Find the current across ab terminals with the helps of Norton's theorem 10

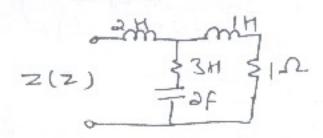
TU-66\60\3







- (a) What are the necessary conditions of stability of a system?
 - (b) Determine the transfer function z(s) of given network. Find out the poles & zeros of z(s) & plot them, on s plane



6. Find the RL Representation of :

- (a) Foster I & II forms
- (b) Cower I & II forms of given impedance function.

$$Z(S) = \frac{S^3 + S^2 + 3S + 4}{S^2 + 6S + 2}$$

- 7. (a) In one port synthesis write the general form & properties of RL impedance function.
 - (b) Test for Positive Real functions.

(i)
$$F(S) = \frac{2S^2 + 2S + 1}{S^3 + 2S^2 + S + 2}$$

(ii)
$$F(S) = \frac{(S+2)(S+4)}{(S+1)(S+3)}$$

- (a) Explain the working of OPAMP as an integrator.
 - (b) for the circuit shown in given fig. Find the output voltage V_{out}.10

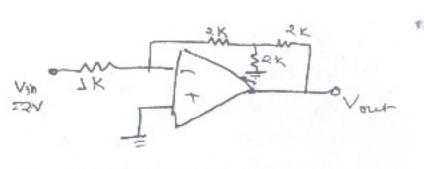
TU-66\60\5

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TU-66\60\4







- (a) Write the characteristics of an ideal OPAMP.
 - (b) Explain the working of (V-I) & (I-V) converters using OPAMP.
- 10. (a) The characteristics equation of a control system is given by
 S⁴ + 12S³ + 69S² + 198S + (200 + K) = 0
 By applying the Routh criterion, discuss the stability of the system as a function of K. Determine the values of K which will cause sustained oscillations in the system.

(b) Define unit step function, unit ramp function and unit impulse function. 10

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Roll No.

B.Tech.-III Sem.

TU-362

B.Tech. Examination, Dec. 2014

EC, EI Branches

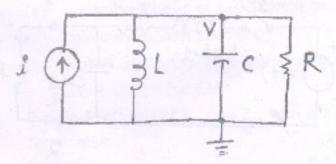
Network Analysis & Synthesis

BT-304(N)

Time: Three Hours | [Maximum Marks: 100

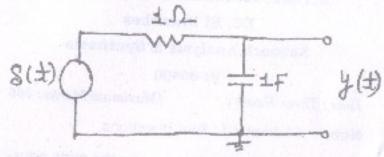
Note: Attempt any five questions.

- 1. For the network shown, write the node equation in terms of : 20
 - (a) differential equations and
 - (b) complex frequency form

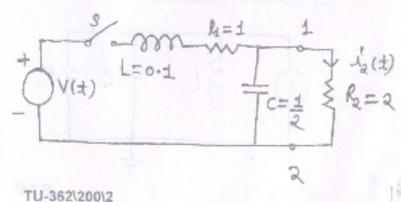




- (a) Explain the unit Impulse function with proper mathematical expressions and associated waveforms.
 - (b) Find y(t) for the network shown in Figure below:



In the network shown in Figure that is given below, the switch closes at t=0. It is given that V(t) = 0.1 e^{-7t} and all initial currents and voltages are zero. Find the current i₂(t) by Norton's theorem.



Find the transfer function for the above network. Also find 3-dB frequency for it.

- (b) Explain and derive relationship between Z-parameter and Y-parameter in Two-PORT NETWORK. 10
- 5. (a) Investigate that the given polynomial is Hurwitz or net. 10 $F(s) = s^4 + s^3 + 5s^2 + 3s + 4$
 - (b) Explain positive real functions in detail.

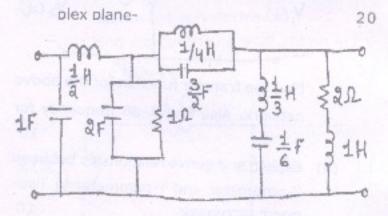
 10

(a) Explain synthesis of L-C Driving point
 Immittances with example. 10

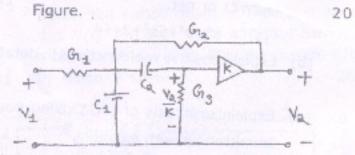
- (b) Explain properties of R-L Impedances and R-C Admittances. 10
- 7. Explain Synthesis of Y_{21} and Z_{21} with a $1-\Omega$ Termination.

TU-362\200\3

For the network shown, find by in ispection the zeros of transmission and plot on a com-



9. Find $V_2(s)/V_1(s)$ for the network shown in



Represent the given transfer function in block diagram.

$$H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{V(s)} = \frac{b_1 s + b_0}{s^2 + a_1 s + a_0}$$

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