

## ASSIGNMENT-5(HEXA)

### Task-1:

By:Satyendra Singh Rathore

1. Create the database named "TicketBookingSystem"
2. Write SQL scripts to create the mentioned tables with appropriate data types, constraints, and relationships.
  - Venue
  - Event
  - Customers
  - Booking
3. Create an ERD (Entity Relationship Diagram) for the database.
4. Create appropriate Primary Key and Foreign Key constraints for referential integrity.

```
4 • create database TicketBookingSystem;
5 • use TicketBookingSystem;
6
7 • CREATE TABLE venue (
8     venue_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
9     venue_name VARCHAR(255),
10    address VARCHAR(255)
11 );

12 • CREATE TABLE event (
13     event_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
14     event_name VARCHAR(255),
15     event_date DATE,
16     event_time TIME,
17     venue_id INT,
18     total_seats INT,
19     available_seats INT,
20     ticket_price DECIMAL(10, 2),
21     event_type ENUM('Movie', 'Sports', 'Concert'),
22     booking_id INT);
23 • alter table event modify column event_type text;
```

```

25 • CREATE TABLE customer (
26     customer_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
27     customer_name VARCHAR(255),
28     email VARCHAR(255),
29     phone_number VARCHAR(20),
30     booking_id INT);
31
32
33 • CREATE TABLE booking (
34     booking_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
35     customer_id INT,
36     event_id INT,
37     num_tickets INT,
38     total_cost DECIMAL(10, 2),
39     booking_date DATE,
40     FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customer(customer_id),
41     FOREIGN KEY (event_id) REFERENCES event(event_id)
42 );
43
44 • alter table customer add FOREIGN KEY (booking_id) REFERENCES booking(booking_id);
45 • alter table event
46     add FOREIGN KEY (venue_id) REFERENCES venue(venue_id),
47     add FOREIGN KEY (booking_id) REFERENCES booking(booking_id);
48
49 • desc booking;
50 • desc customer;
51 • desc event;
52 • desc venue;

```

< Result Grid Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap

	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	booking_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	customer_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
	event_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
	num_tickets	int	YES		NULL	
	total_cost	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	
	booking_date	date	YES		NULL	

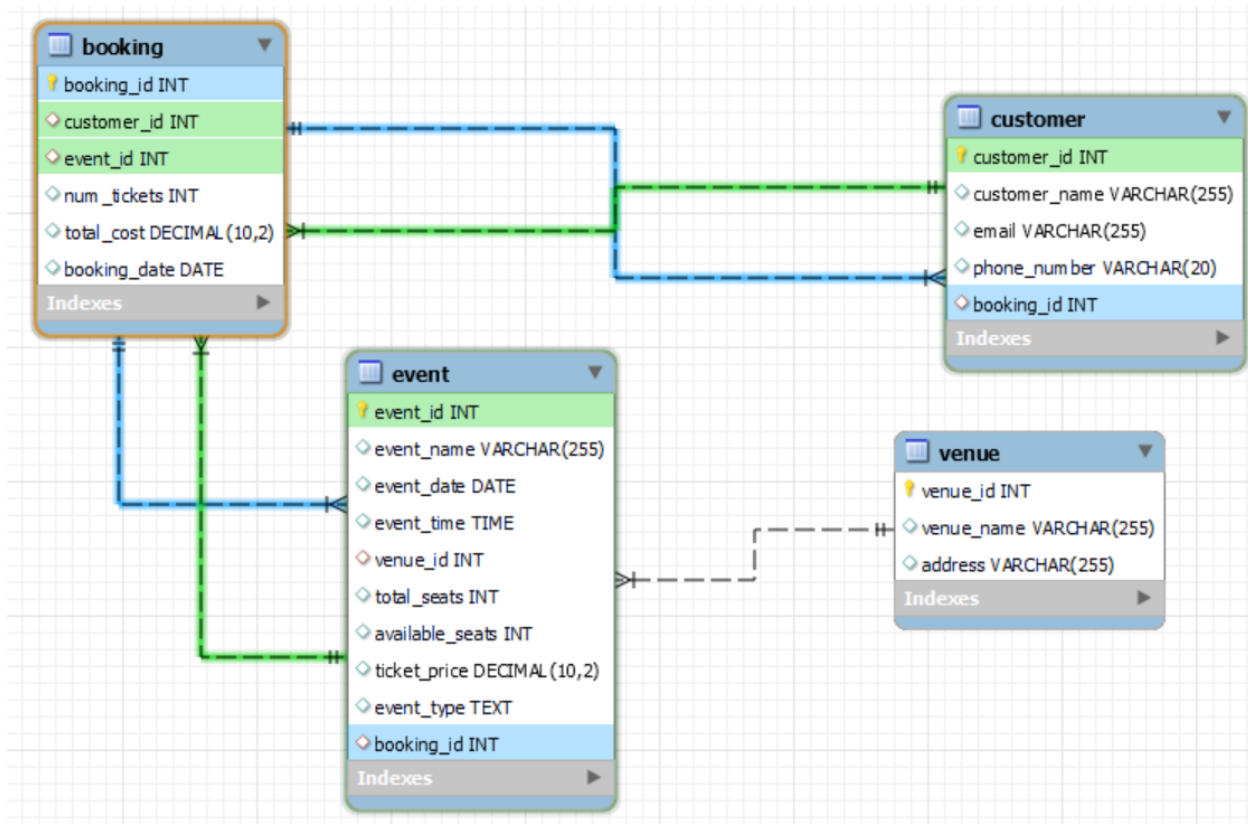
Result Grid Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap

	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	customer_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	customer_name	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	
	email	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	
	phone_number	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
	booking_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
venue_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
venue_name	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	
address	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
event_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
event_name	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	
event_date	date	YES		NULL	
event_time	time	YES		NULL	
venue_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
total_seats	int	YES		NULL	
available_seats	int	YES		NULL	
ticket_price	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	
event_type	text	YES		NULL	
booking_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	

## Relationship Model/ERD:



## Task-2:

1. Write a SQL query to insert at least 10 sample records into each table.
2. Write a SQL query to list all Events.
3. Write a SQL query to select events with available tickets.
4. Write a SQL query to select events name partial match with 'cup'.
5. Write a SQL query to select events with ticket price range is between 1000 to 2500.
6. Write a SQL query to retrieve events with dates falling within a specific range.
7. Write a SQL query to retrieve events with available tickets that also have "Concert" in their name.
8. Write a SQL query to retrieve users in batches of 5, starting from the 6th user.
9. Write a SQL query to retrieve bookings details contains booked no of ticket more than 4.
10. Write a SQL query to retrieve customer information whose phone number end with '000'
11. Write a SQL query to retrieve the events in order whose seat capacity more than 15000.
12. Write a SQL query to select events name not start with 'x', 'y', 'z'

```
53 • INSERT INTO venue (venue_id, venue_name, address)
54 VALUES
55     (1, 'Royal Palace', '123, Main Street, Delhi'),
56     (2, 'Mumbai Stadium', '456, Stadium Road, Mumbai'),
57     (3, 'Green Gardens', '789, Garden Street, Bangalore'),
58     (4, 'Kolkata Hall', '101, Hall Lane, Kolkata'),
59     (5, 'Chennai Arena', '555, Arena Street, Chennai'),
60     (6, 'Pune Auditorium', '777, Auditorium Road, Pune'),
61     (7, 'Hyderabad Dome', '888, Dome Lane, Hyderabad'),
62     (8, 'Ahmedabad Grounds', '999, Grounds Street, Ahmedabad'),
63     (9, 'Jaipur Pavilion', '111, Pavilion Road, Jaipur'),
64     (10, 'Lucknow Center', '222, Center Lane, Lucknow');
```

---

```

65 • INSERT INTO event (event_id, event_name, event_date, event_time, venue_id, total_seats, available_seats)
66 VALUES
67     (1, 'Bollywood Night', '2023-12-15', '20:00:00', 1, 500, 450, 250.00, 'Concert', NULL),
68     (2, 'Cricket Match', '2023-12-20', '14:30:00', 2, 1000, 800, 150.00, 'Sports', NULL),
69     (3, 'Movie Premiere', '2023-12-25', '18:00:00', 3, 300, 280, 180.00, 'Movie', NULL),
70     (4, 'Stand-up Comedy', '2023-12-30', '19:30:00', 4, 200, 180, 200.00, 'Comedy', NULL),
71     (5, 'Cultural Festival', '2024-01-05', '17:00:00', 5, 800, 700, 100.00, 'Festival', NULL),
72     (6, 'Football Tournament', '2024-01-10', '15:00:00', 6, 1000, 900, 120.00, 'Sports', NULL),
73     (7, 'Music Concert', '2024-01-15', '21:00:00', 7, 400, 380, 300.00, 'Concert', NULL),
74     (8, 'Dance Show', '2024-01-20', '19:00:00', 8, 600, 580, 180.00, 'Performance', NULL),
75     (9, 'Tech Conference', '2024-01-25', '09:00:00', 9, 300, 280, 150.00, 'Conference', NULL),
76     (10, 'Fashion Week', '2024-01-30', '16:30:00', 10, 500, 450, 220.00, 'Fashion', NULL);

```

---

```

77 • INSERT INTO customer (customer_id, customer_name, email, phone_number, booking_id)
78 VALUES
79     (1, 'Aarav Kumar', 'aarav@example.com', '9876543210', NULL),
80     (2, 'Zoya Gupta', 'zoya@example.com', '8765432109', NULL),
81     (3, 'Riya Singh', 'riya@example.com', '7654321098', NULL),
82     (4, 'Advik Sharma', 'advik@example.com', '6543210987', NULL),
83     (5, 'Aisha Patel', 'aisha@example.com', '5432109876', NULL),
84     (6, 'Rehan Kapoor', 'rehan@example.com', '4321098765', NULL),
85     (7, 'Diya Malhotra', 'diya@example.com', '3210987654', NULL),
86     (8, 'Vihaan Reddy', 'vihaan@example.com', '2109876543', NULL),
87     (9, 'Anaya Verma', 'anaya@example.com', '1098765432', NULL),
88     (10, 'Kabir Singh', 'kabin@example.com', '0987654321', NULL);

```

---

```

89 • INSERT INTO booking (booking_id, customer_id, event_id, num_tickets, total_cost, booking_date)
90 VALUES
91     (1, 1, 1, 2, 500.00, '2023-12-14'),
92     (2, 2, 3, 4, 720.00, '2023-12-18'),
93     (3, 3, 2, 5, 750.00, '2023-12-22'),
94     (4, 4, 4, 3, 600.00, '2023-12-28'),
95     (5, 5, 5, 6, 600.00, '2024-01-02'),
96     (6, 6, 6, 4, 480.00, '2024-01-08'),
97     (7, 7, 7, 2, 600.00, '2024-01-12'),
98     (8, 8, 8, 3, 540.00, '2024-01-18'),
99     (9, 9, 9, 5, 750.00, '2024-01-23'),
100    (10, 10, 10, 4, 880.00, '2024-01-28');

```

---



```

102 • UPDATE event
103   SET booking_id = CASE
104     WHEN event_id = 1 THEN 1
105     WHEN event_id = 3 THEN 2
106     WHEN event_id = 4 THEN 3
107     WHEN event_id = 5 THEN 4
108     WHEN event_id = 6 THEN 5
109     WHEN event_id = 7 THEN 6
110     WHEN event_id = 8 THEN 7
111     WHEN event_id = 9 THEN 8
112     WHEN event_id = 10 THEN 9
113     ELSE NULL
114   END;


115 • UPDATE customer
116   SET booking_id = CASE
117     WHEN customer_id = 1 THEN 1
118     WHEN customer_id = 2 THEN 2
119     WHEN customer_id = 3 THEN 3
120     WHEN customer_id = 4 THEN 4
121     WHEN customer_id = 5 THEN 5
122     WHEN customer_id = 6 THEN 6
123     WHEN customer_id = 7 THEN 7
124     WHEN customer_id = 8 THEN 8
125     WHEN customer_id = 9 THEN 9
126     WHEN customer_id = 10 THEN 10
127     ELSE NULL
128   END;

```

```

130   -- 2
131 •   select * from venue;
132 •   select * from customer;
133 •   select * from event;
134 •   select * from booking;

```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Edit: 			
	venue_id	venue_name	address
▶	1	Royal Palace	123, Main Street, Delhi
	2	Mumbai Stadium	456, Stadium Road, Mumbai
	3	Green Gardens	789, Garden Street, Bangalore
	4	Kolkata Hall	101, Hall Lane, Kolkata
	5	Chennai Arena	555, Arena Street, Chennai
	6	Pune Auditorium	777, Auditorium Road, Pune
	7	Hyderabad Dome	888, Dome Lane, Hyderabad
	8	Ahmedabad Grounds	999, Grounds Street, Ahmedabad
	9	Jaipur Pavilion	111, Pavilion Road, Jaipur
	10	Lucknow Center	222, Center Lane, Lucknow
	NULL	NULL	NULL

	customer_id	customer_name	email	phone_number	booking_id
▶	1	Aarav Kumar	aarav@example.com	9876543210	1
	2	Zoya Gupta	zoya@example.com	8765432109	2
	3	Riya Singh	riya@example.com	7654321098	3
	4	Advik Sharma	advik@example.com	6543210987	4
	5	Aisha Patel	aisha@example.com	5432109876	5
	6	Rehan Kapoor	rehan@example.com	4321098765	6
	7	Diya Malhotra	diya@example.com	3210987654	7
	8	Vihaan Reddy	vihaan@example.com	2109876543	8
	9	Anaya Verma	anaya@example.com	1098765432	9
	10	Kabir Singh	kabir@example.com	0987654321	10
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>   Edit:      Export/Import:     Wrap Cell Content: <input type="checkbox"/>										
	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	booking_id
▶	1	Bollywood Night	2023-12-15	20:00:00	1	500	450	250.00	Concert	1
	2	Cricket Match	2023-12-20	14:30:00	2	1000	800	150.00	Sports	NULL
	3	Movie Premiere	2023-12-25	18:00:00	3	300	280	180.00	Movie	2
	4	Stand-up Comedy	2023-12-30	19:30:00	4	200	180	200.00	Comedy	3
	5	Cultural Festival	2024-01-05	17:00:00	5	800	700	100.00	Festival	4
	6	Football Tournament	2024-01-10	15:00:00	6	1000	900	120.00	Sports	5
	7	Music Concert	2024-01-15	21:00:00	7	400	380	300.00	Concert	6
	8	Dance Show	2024-01-20	19:00:00	8	600	580	180.00	Performance	7
	9	Tech Conference	2024-01-25	09:00:00	9	300	280	150.00	Conference	8
	10	Fashion Week	2024-01-30	16:30:00	10	500	450	220.00	Fashion	9
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>   Edit:      Export/I						
	booking_id	customer_id	event_id	num_tickets	total_cost	booking_date
▶	1	1	1	2	500.00	2023-12-14
	2	2	3	4	720.00	2023-12-18
	3	3	2	5	750.00	2023-12-22
	4	4	4	3	600.00	2023-12-28
	5	5	5	6	600.00	2024-01-02
	6	6	6	4	480.00	2024-01-08
	7	7	7	2	600.00	2024-01-12
	8	8	8	3	540.00	2024-01-18
	9	9	9	5	750.00	2024-01-23
	10	10	10	4	880.00	2024-01-28
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
137 • SELECT * FROM event WHERE available_seats > 0;
```

122

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	bookings
▶	1	Bollywood Night	2023-12-15	20:00:00	1	500	450	250.00	Concert	1
	2	Cricket Match	2023-12-20	14:30:00	2	1000	800	150.00	Sports	NULL
	3	Movie Premiere	2023-12-25	18:00:00	3	300	280	180.00	Movie	2
	4	Stand-up Comedy	2023-12-30	19:30:00	4	200	180	200.00	Comedy	3
	5	Cultural Festival	2024-01-05	17:00:00	5	800	700	100.00	Festival	4
	6	Football Tournament	2024-01-10	15:00:00	6	1000	900	120.00	Sports	5
	7	Music Concert	2024-01-15	21:00:00	7	400	380	300.00	Concert	6
	8	Dance Show	2024-01-20	19:00:00	8	600	580	180.00	Performance	7
	9	Tech Conference	2024-01-25	09:00:00	9	300	280	150.00	Conference	8

139 -- 4

```
140 • SELECT * FROM event WHERE event_name LIKE '%cup%';
```

141

[illegible]

142 -- 5

```
143 • SELECT * FROM event WHERE ticket_price BETWEEN 1000 AND 2500;
```

111

[illegible]

145 -- 6

```
146 • SELECT * FROM event WHERE event_date BETWEEN '2023-12-15' AND '2024-01-15';
```

1 A7

[illegible]



148 -- 7

```
149 • SELECT * FROM event WHERE available_seats > 0 AND event_type = 'Concert'
150 AND event_name LIKE '%Concert%';
```

151

Result Grid										
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>										
Edit:    Export/Import:   Wrap Cell Content:										
	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	booking_id
▶	7	Music Concert	2024-01-15	21:00:00	7	400	380	300.00	Concert	6
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

152 -- 8

```
153 • SELECT * FROM customer ORDER BY customer_id LIMIT 5 OFFSET 5;
```

154

Result Grid					
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>					
Edit:    Export/Import:					
	customer_id	customer_name	email	phone_number	booking_id
▶	6	Rehan Kapoor	rehan@example.com	4321098765	6
	7	Diya Malhotra	diya@example.com	3210987654	7
	8	Vihaan Reddy	vihaan@example.com	2109876543	8
	9	Anaya Verma	anaya@example.com	1098765432	9
	10	Kabir Singh	kabir@example.com	0987654321	10
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

155 -- 9

```
156 • SELECT * FROM booking WHERE num_tickets > 4;
```

157

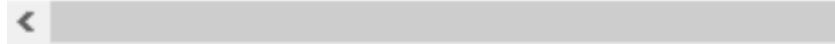
Result Grid						
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>						
Edit:    Export/Import:						
	booking_id	customer_id	event_id	num_tickets	total_cost	booking_date
▶	3	3	2	5	750.00	2023-12-22
	5	5	5	6	600.00	2024-01-02
	9	9	9	5	750.00	2024-01-23
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL







157

158 -- 10

159 • `SELECT * FROM customer WHERE phone_number LIKE '%000';`

160

< 

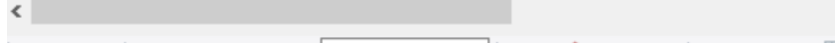
**Result Grid** |  Filter Rows:  | Edit:    | Export/Import:  








	customer_id	customer_name	email	phone_number	booking_id
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

161 -- 11

162 • `SELECT * FROM event WHERE total_seats > 15000 ORDER BY total_seats;`

163

< 

**Result Grid** |  Filter Rows:  | Edit:    | Export/Import:   | Wrap Cell Content: 

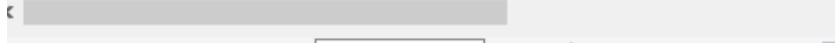
	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	booking_id
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL








164 -- 12

165 • `SELECT *FROM event`

166 `WHERE event_name NOT LIKE 'x%' AND event_name NOT LIKE 'y%' AND event_name NOT LIKE 'z%';`

167

< 

**Result Grid** |  Filter Rows:  | Edit:    | Export/Import:   | Wrap Cell Content: 

	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	booking_id
▶	1	Bollywood Night	2023-12-15	20:00:00	1	500	450	250.00	Concert	1
	2	Cricket Match	2023-12-20	14:30:00	2	1000	800	150.00	Sports	NULL
	3	Movie Premiere	2023-12-25	18:00:00	3	300	280	180.00	Movie	2
	4	Stand-up Comedy	2023-12-30	19:30:00	4	200	180	200.00	Comedy	3
	5	Cultural Festival	2024-01-05	17:00:00	5	800	700	100.00	Festival	4
	6	Football Tournament	2024-01-10	15:00:00	6	1000	900	120.00	Sports	5
	7	Music Concert	2024-01-15	21:00:00	7	400	380	300.00	Concert	6
	8	Dance Show	2024-01-20	19:00:00	8	600	580	180.00	Performance	7
	9	Tech Conference	2024-01-25	09:00:00	9	300	280	150.00	Conference	8

**Task-3:**

1. Write a SQL query to List Events and Their Average Ticket Prices.
2. Write a SQL query to Calculate the Total Revenue Generated by Events.
3. Write a SQL query to find the event with the highest ticket sales.
4. Write a SQL query to Calculate the Total Number of Tickets Sold for Each Event.
5. Write a SQL query to Find Events with No Ticket Sales.
6. Write a SQL query to Find the User Who Has Booked the Most Tickets.
7. Write a SQL query to List Events and the total number of tickets sold for each month.
8. Write a SQL query to calculate the average Ticket Price for Events in Each Venue.
9. Write a SQL query to calculate the total Number of Tickets Sold for Each Event Type.
10. Write a SQL query to calculate the total Revenue Generated by Events in Each Year.
11. Write a SQL query to list users who have booked tickets for multiple events.
12. Write a SQL query to calculate the Total Revenue Generated by Events for Each User.
13. Write a SQL query to calculate the Average Ticket Price for Events in Each Category and Venue.
14. Write a SQL query to list Users and the Total Number of Tickets They've Purchased in the Last 30 Days.





```

168      -- Task-3
169
170      -- 1
171 •    SELECT event_name, AVG(ticket_price) AS average_ticket_price
172      FROM event
173      GROUP BY event_name;

```

174

<

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:  | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	event_name	average_ticket_price
▶	Bollywood Night	250.000000
	Cricket Match	150.000000
	Movie Premiere	180.000000
	Stand-up Comedy	200.000000
	Cultural Festival	100.000000
	Football Tournament	120.000000
	Music Concert	300.000000
	Dance Show	180.000000
	Tech Conference	150.000000
	Fashion Week	220.000000

```

175      -- 2
176 •    SELECT SUM(ticket_price * num_tickets) AS total_revenue
177      FROM event
178      JOIN booking ON event.event_id = booking.event_id;

```

179

<

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:  | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	total_revenue
▶	6420.00

```

180      -- 3
181 •    SELECT event_id, SUM(num_tickets) AS total_tickets_sold
182      FROM booking
183      GROUP BY event_id
184      ORDER BY total_tickets_sold DESC
185      LIMIT 1;

```

186



Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:

	event_id	total_tickets_sold
▶	5	6

```

187      -- 4
188 •    SELECT event_id, SUM(num_tickets) AS total_tickets_sold
189      FROM booking
190      GROUP BY event_id;

```

191



Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:

	event_id	total_tickets_sold
▶	1	2
	2	5
	3	4
	4	3
	5	6
	6	4
	7	2
	8	3
	9	5
	10	4



```

192 -- 5
193 • SELECT event.*
194 FROM event
195 WHERE total_seats=available_seats;
196

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	booking_id
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

197 -- 6
198 • SELECT customer_id, SUM(num_tickets) AS total_tickets_booked
199 FROM booking
200 GROUP BY customer_id
201 ORDER BY total_tickets_booked DESC
202 LIMIT 1;
203

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	customer_id	total_tickets_booked
▶	5	6

```

204 -- 7
205 • SELECT e.event_id, e.event_name,
206         EXTRACT(MONTH FROM b.booking_date) AS month,
207         EXTRACT(YEAR FROM b.booking_date) AS year,
208         SUM(b.num_tickets) AS total_tickets_sold
209 FROM event e
210 LEFT JOIN booking b ON e.event_id = b.event_id
211 GROUP BY e.event_id, e.event_name, EXTRACT(MONTH FROM b.booking_date), EXTRACT(YEAR FROM b.booking_date)
212 ORDER BY e.event_id, year, month;
213

```



```

220      -- 9
221 •    SELECT e.event_type, SUM(b.num_tickets) AS total_tickets_sold
222      FROM event e
223      JOIN booking b ON e.event_id = b.event_id
224      GROUP BY e.event_type;
225

```

<

event_type	total_tickets_sold
Concert	4
Sports	9
Movie	4
Comedy	3
Festival	6
Performance	3
Conference	5
Fashion	4

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

```

226      -- 10
227 •    SELECT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM b.booking_date) AS year,
228           SUM(e.ticket_price * b.num_tickets) AS total_revenue
229      FROM event e
230      JOIN booking b ON e.event_id = b.event_id
231      GROUP BY EXTRACT(YEAR FROM b.booking_date);
232

```

<

year	total_revenue
2023	2570.00
2024	3850.00



Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

```

233      -- 11
234 •    SELECT customer_id
235      FROM booking
236      GROUP BY customer_id
237      HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT event_id) > 1;
238

```

<

Result Grid   Filter Rows:  Export





	customer_id
--	-------------

```

239      -- 12
240 •    SELECT b.customer_id, SUM(e.ticket_price * b.num_tickets) AS total_revenue
241      FROM booking b
242      JOIN event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id
243      GROUP BY b.customer_id;
244

```

<



Result Grid   Filter Rows:  Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 

	customer_id	total_revenue
▶	1	500.00
	2	720.00
	3	750.00
	4	600.00
	5	600.00
	6	480.00
	7	600.00
	8	540.00
	9	750.00
	10	880.00

```

245      -- 13
246 •   SELECT e.event_type, v.venue_name, AVG(e.ticket_price) AS average_ticket_price
247      FROM event e
248      JOIN venue v ON e.venue_id = v.venue_id
249      GROUP BY e.event_type, v.venue_name;
250



```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 			
	event_type	venue_name	average_ticket_price
▶	Concert	Royal Palace	250.000000
	Sports	Mumbai Stadium	150.000000
	Movie	Green Gardens	180.000000
	Comedy	Kolkata Hall	200.000000
	Festival	Chennai Arena	100.000000
	Sports	Pune Auditorium	120.000000
	Concert	Hyderabad Dome	300.000000
	Performance	Ahmedabad Grounds	180.000000
	Conference	Jaipur Pavilion	150.000000
	Fashion	Lucknow Center	220.000000

```

251      -- 14
252 •   SELECT customer_id, SUM(num_tickets) AS total_tickets_purchased
253      FROM booking
254      WHERE booking_date >= CURRENT_DATE - INTERVAL 30 day
255      GROUP BY customer_id;
256

```

Result Grid		
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 		
	customer_id	total_tickets_purchased
▶	1	2
	2	4
	3	5
	4	3
	5	6
	6	4
	7	2
	8	3
	9	5
	10	4



#### Task-4:

1. Calculate the Average Ticket Price for Events in Each Venue Using a Subquery.
2. Find Events with More Than 50% of Tickets Sold using subquery.
3. Calculate the Total Number of Tickets Sold for Each Event.
4. Find Users Who Have Not Booked Any Tickets Using a NOT EXISTS Subquery.
5. List Events with No Ticket Sales Using a NOT IN Subquery.
6. Calculate the Total Number of Tickets Sold for Each Event Type Using a Subquery in the FROM Clause.
7. Find Events with Ticket Prices Higher Than the Average Ticket Price Using a Subquery in the WHERE Clause.
8. Calculate the Total Revenue Generated by Events for Each User Using a Correlated Subquery.
9. List Users Who Have Booked Tickets for Events in a Given Venue Using a Subquery in the WHERE Clause.
10. Calculate the Total Number of Tickets Sold for Each Event Category Using a Subquery with GROUP BY.
11. Find Users Who Have Booked Tickets for Events in each Month Using a Subquery with DATE\_FORMAT.
12. Calculate the Average Ticket Price for Events in Each Venue Using a Subquery

```
258      -- Task-4
259
260      -- 1
261  •  SELECT v.venue_id, v.venue_name, COALESCE(avg_prices.avg_ticket_price, 0) AS average_ticket_price
262      FROM venue v
263      LEFT JOIN (
264          SELECT venue_id, AVG(ticket_price) AS avg_ticket_price
265          FROM event
266          GROUP BY venue_id
267      ) AS avg_prices ON v.venue_id = avg_prices.venue_id;
268
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	venue_id	venue_name	average_ticket_price
▶	1	Royal Palace	250.000000
	2	Mumbai Stadium	150.000000
	3	Green Gardens	180.000000
	4	Kolkata Hall	200.000000
	5	Chennai Arena	100.000000

```

269      -- 2
270  •   SELECT *
271      FROM event
272  ○   WHERE (
273      SELECT SUM(num_tickets) * 1.0 / total_seats
274      FROM booking
275      WHERE event.event_id = booking.event_id
276  ) > 0.5;
277

```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows:  | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content:

event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	booking_id
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

278      -- 3
279  •   select e.event_id,e.event_name,temp.total_tickets
280      from event e
281      join
282  ○   (select event_id,sum(num_tickets) as total_tickets
283      from booking
284      group by event_id) as temp
285      on e.event_id=temp.event_id;
286

```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content

	event_id	event_name	total_tickets
▶	1	Bollywood Night	2
	2	Cricket Match	5
	3	Movie Premiere	4
	4	Stand-up Comedy	3
	5	Cultural Festival	6
	6	Football Tournament	4
	7	Music Concert	2
	8	Dance Show	3



```

304      -- 6 ***
305 •   select event_type,sum(num_tickets) as total_tickets_sold
306     from
307     (select e.event_id,e.event_type,b.num_tickets
308      from event e
309      left join booking b on e.event_id=b.event_id) as subquery
310     group by event_type;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

	event_type	total_tickets_sold
▶	Concert	4
	Sports	9
	Movie	4
	Comedy	3
	Festival	6
	Performance	3
	Conference	5
	Fashion	4

```

314      -- 7
315 •   SELECT *
316     FROM event
317     WHERE ticket_price > (
318         SELECT AVG(ticket_price)
319         FROM event
320     );

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type	booking_id
▶	1	Bollywood Night	2023-12-15	20:00:00	1	500	450	250.00	Concert	1
	4	Stand-up Comedy	2023-12-30	19:30:00	4	200	180	200.00	Comedy	3
	7	Music Concert	2024-01-15	21:00:00	7	400	380	300.00	Concert	6
	10	Fashion Week	2024-01-30	16:30:00	10	500	450	220.00	Fashion	9
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

322      -- 8 ***
323 •   SELECT b.customer_id,
324     (SELECT COALESCE(SUM(e.ticket_price * b.num_tickets), 0)
325      FROM event e
326      WHERE e.event_id = b.event_id) AS total_revenue
327  FROM booking b
328  GROUP BY b.customer_id;

```

```

330      -- 9
331 •   SELECT DISTINCT c.*
332     FROM customer c
333     WHERE c.customer_id IN (
334         SELECT DISTINCT b.customer_id
335         FROM booking b
336         JOIN event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id
337         WHERE e.venue_id = '6'
338     );

```

Result Grid					
	customer_id	customer_name	email	phone_number	booking_id
▶	6	Rehan Kapoor	rehan@example.com	4321098765	6
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```

338      -- 10 ***
339 •   select e.event_type, (select sum(num_tickets) from booking b
340     where b.event_id in (select event_id from event as e1 where e1.event_type=e.event_type)) as total_tickets_sold
341     from event e
342     group by e.event_type;

```

Result Grid		
	event_type	total_tickets_sold
▶	Concert	4
	Sports	9
	Movie	4
	Comedy	3
	Festival	6
	Performance	3
	Conference	5
	Fashion	4



```

350      -- 11
351 •    SELECT DISTINCT c.customer_id
352      FROM customer c
353      WHERE EXISTS (
354          SELECT 1
355          FROM booking b
356          WHERE b.customer_id = c.customer_id
357          AND DATE_FORMAT(b.booking_date, '%Y-%m') = '2023-12-15'
358      );

```

```

360      -- 12
361 •    SELECT v.venue_id, v.venue_name, COALESCE(avg_prices.avg_ticket_price, 0) AS average_ticket_price
362      FROM venue v
363      LEFT JOIN (
364          SELECT venue_id, AVG(ticket_price) AS avg_ticket_price
365          FROM event
366          GROUP BY venue_id
367      ) AS avg_prices ON v.venue_id = avg_prices.venue_id;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

	venue_id	venue_name	average_ticket_price
▶	1	Royal Palace	250.000000
	2	Mumbai Stadium	150.000000
	3	Green Gardens	180.000000
	4	Kolkata Hall	200.000000
	5	Chennai Arena	100.000000
	6	Pune Auditorium	120.000000
	7	Hyderabad Dome	300.000000
	8	Ahmedabad Grounds	180.000000
	9	Jaipur Pavilion	150.000000