Ques 1. Write a java program that inserts a node into its proper sorted position in a sorted linked list.

```
class Node {
  int data;
  Node next;
  Node(int data) {
    this.data = data;
    this.next = null;
 }
}
class SortedLinkedList {
  Node head;
 SortedLinkedList() {
    this.head = null;
  }
  void insert(int data) {
    Node newNode = new Node(data);
    if (head == null | | head.data >= newNode.data) {
      newNode.next = head;
      head = newNode;
    } else {
      Node current = head;
      while (current.next != null && current.next.data < newNode.data) {
        current = current.next;
      }
```

```
newNode.next = current.next;
      current.next = newNode;
    }
  }
  void display() {
    Node current = head;
    while (current != null) {
      System.out.print(current.data + " ");
      current = current.next;
    }
    System.out.println();
  }
}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    SortedLinkedList sortedList = new SortedLinkedList();
    sortedList.insert(5);
    sortedList.insert(10);
    sortedList.insert(2);
    sortedList.insert(7);
    System.out.println("Sorted Linked List:");
    sortedList.display();
  }}
```

Ques 2. Write a java program to compute the height of the binary tree.

```
class Node {
  int data;
  Node left, right;
  Node(int value) {
    data = value;
    left = right = null;
 }
}
public class BinaryTreeHeight {
  Node root;
  BinaryTreeHeight() {
    root = null;
  }
  int getHeight(Node node) {
    if (node == null) {
      return 0;
    } else {
      int leftHeight = getHeight(node.left);
      int rightHeight = getHeight(node.right);
```

```
// Return the height of the tree by adding 1 to the maximum height of left or right subtrees
      return Math.max(leftHeight, rightHeight) + 1;
    }
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    BinaryTreeHeight tree = new BinaryTreeHeight(); // Create a sample binary tree
    tree.root = new Node(1);
    tree.root.left = new Node(2);
    tree.root.right = new Node(3);
    tree.root.left.left = new Node(4);
    tree.root.left.right = new Node(5);
    tree.root.right.left = new Node(6);
    tree.root.right.right = new Node(7);
    int height = tree.getHeight(tree.root);
    System.out.println("Height of the binary tree is: " + height);
  }
}
Output:-Height of the binary tree is: 3
```

Ques 3. Write a java program to determine whether a given binary tree is a BST or not.

class Node {

int data;

```
Node left, right;
  Node(int value) {
    data = value;
    left = right = null;
 }
}
public class CheckBST {
  Node root;
  CheckBST() {
    root = null;
  }
  boolean isBST(Node node) {
    return isBSTUtil(node, Integer.MIN_VALUE, Integer.MAX_VALUE);
  }
  boolean isBSTUtil(Node node, int min, int max) {
    if (node == null) {
      return true;
    }
    if (node.data <= min || node.data >= max) {
      return false;
    }
    return (isBSTUtil(node.left, min, node.data) && isBSTUtil(node.right, node.data, max));
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
CheckBST tree = new CheckBST();
// Create a sample binary tree (not a BST)
    tree.root = new Node(3);
    tree.root.left = new Node(2);
    tree.root.right = new Node(5);
    tree.root.left.left = new Node(1);
    tree.root.left.right = new Node(4);
    if (tree.isBST(tree.root)) {
      System.out.println("The given binary tree is a BST.");
    } else {
      System.out.println("The given binary tree is not a BST.");
    }
  }
}
Output:- The given binary tree is not a BST.
Ques 4. Write a java code to Check the given below expression is balanced or not . (using stack) { { [ [ ( (
))])}}
import java.util.*;
public class BalancedExpression {
  static boolean isBalanced(String expression) {
    if (expression == null | | expression.length() == 0) {
      return true; // Empty expression is considered balanced
    }
    Stack<Character> stack = new Stack<>();
```

```
for (char ch : expression.toCharArray()) {
    if (ch == '(' | | ch == '[' | | ch == '{') {
      stack.push(ch);
    } else if (ch == ')' || ch == ']' || ch == '}') {
      if (stack.isEmpty()) {
         return false; // Closing bracket without a corresponding opening bracket
      }
      char top = stack.pop();
      if ((ch == ')' && top != '(') || (ch == ']' && top != '[') || (ch == '}' && top != '{')) {
         return false; // Mismatched opening and closing brackets
      }
    }
  }
  return stack.isEmpty(); // Expression is balanced if the stack is empty
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  String expression = \{\{[[(())]\}\}\}";
  boolean isExpressionBalanced = isBalanced(expression);
  if (isExpressionBalanced) {
    System.out.println("The given expression is balanced.");
  } else {
    System.out.println("The given expression is not balanced.");
 }
}
```

```
}
```

Output:- The given expression is not balanced.

Ques 5. Write a java program to Print left view of a binary tree using queue.

```
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.Queue;
class Node {
  int data;
  Node left, right;
  Node(int value) {
    data = value;
    left = right = null;
  }
}
public class LeftViewBinaryTree {
  Node root;
  LeftViewBinaryTree() {
    root = null;
  }
  void leftView() {
    if (root == null) {
      return;
    }
    Queue<Node> queue = new LinkedList<>();
    queue.add(root);
    while (!queue.isEmpty()) {
```

```
int size = queue.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
      Node current = queue.poll();
      if (i == 0) {
        System.out.print(current.data + " ");
      if (current.left != null) {
         queue.add(current.left);
      }
      if (current.right != null) {
         queue.add(current.right);
      }
    }
 }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  LeftViewBinaryTree tree = new LeftViewBinaryTree();
  // Create a sample binary tree
 tree.root = new Node(12);
 tree.root.left = new Node(10);
  tree.root.right = new Node(30);
  tree.root.right.left = new Node(25);
  tree.root.right.right = new Node(40);
  System.out.println("Left view of the binary tree:");
  tree.leftView();
```

Output:-Left view of the binary tree:

12 10 25