Tmap	1			
		ТМар		
			Coverage Type - CRU	ID

Lesson Objectives

- Understand CRUD
- Life Cycle of Data
- Examples on CRUD using CRUD matrix
- Test situations, test cases, Coverage
- Examples on situations





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Covering of all actions (Create, Read, Update, Delete) on all entities

The data that are stored and maintained in the system under test have a *life cycle*. This starts when an entity is created and ends when it is removed. In between, the entity is used by updating it or consulting it.

10.2 Life cycle of data

Test cases are created based on the life cycle of data

Lifecycle starting with "C" ending in "D":

C(reate) create

R(ead) use, but don't change U(pdate) use and change

D(elete) delete

Overview by means of CRUD-matrix:

For each function is determined

Which entities are used?

Which actions (C,R,U,D) are being performed on these?



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An overview of the life cycle of the data, or entities, is obtained with the aid of a "CRUD matrix". This is a matrix in which the entities are shown horizontally on the axes and the functions vertically. The matrix is filled in using the letters C(reate), R(ead), U(pdate) and D(elete). If a function executes a particular action in connection with an entity, this is shown in the matrix by means of a C, R, U and/or D.

Example Situation

- Booking seats for a concert
 - Part of a system deals with the booking of concert seats for clients
 - Available seats and prices depend on:
 - Membership of client
 - Row of the seat



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Data items and functions

- Booking seats for a concert
- The following data is of importance:
 - The personal data of the client
- Membership data of the client
- The seat reservations of the concert
- Prices of different rows
- The following functions are relevant:
- Manage client
- Manage membership
- Order ticket
- Cancel ticket
- Request information on seats



10.2 Life Cycle Data Example Creating CRUD-matrix

Booking seats for a concert The relevant part of the CRUD-matrix is:

Data item – functions	client	subscription	reservatio n	row
Manage client	CRUD			
Manage membership	RU	CRUD		R
Order ticket		R	С	R
Cancel ticket		R	D	
Request Information on seats	R		R	R



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10.3 Test situations, test cases, coverage

- Every processing step (C,R,U,D) is a test situation.
- Test Cases go through the lifecycle (from C to D)
- Less thorough coverage (default)
 - Every C,R,U and D executed at least 1x
- More coverage variations
 - · After every U execute all R-actions
 - · Similarly after every C, U and D



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10.4 Example Test situations

- For data item "client"
 - Manage client (C)
 - Manage client (R)
 - Manage client (U)
 - Manage client (D)
 - Manage membership (R)
 - Manage membership (U)
 - Request information on seats (R)
- etcetera



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10.4 Example

Test case, less thorough coverage

- For data item "client"
- Manage client (C)
- Manage client (R)
- Register membership (needed for next actions)
- Manage membership (R)
- Manage client (U)
- Manage membership (U)
- Request information on seats (R)
- Manage client (D)



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10.4 Example

Test case, more thorough variation

After every U all R-actions

- Manage client (C)
- Register membership (needed for next actions)
- Manage Client (R)
- Manage membership (R)
- Request information on seats (R)
- Manage Client (U)
- Manage Client (R)
- Manage membership (R)

- Request information on seats (R)
- Manage Membership (U)
- Manage Client (R)
- Manage membership (R)
- Request information on seats (R)
- Manage Client (D)
- Manage Client (R)
- Manage membership (R)
- Request information on seats (R)



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Summary

- Description of CRUD operation
- Example of the CRUD operations on different entities
- Test Situations, Test Cases, Coverage
- Examples on different test situations





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Add the notes here.

Review Question

- The following statement is true or false:
 Consistency Check is a static test whereas
 Completeness check is a dynamic test
 - True/False
- The overview of data life cycle is obtained using
 - CRUD Matrix
 - Flow Diagram
 - SRS
 - None of the above





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Add the notes here.