Project 2:Forecasting Amazon Stock Prices

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Step 1: Load the Data

```
# Ensure Date format
df <- df %>%
 mutate(Date = mdy(Date)) %>% # Convert Date column to Date type
 arrange(Date)
                             # Sort data by Date
# View the first few rows
head(df)
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
##
    Date
              Close
                       Volume Open High Low VWAP
              <dbl>
                        <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
##
    <date>
## 1 2020-01-27 91.4 70570180 91
                                     92.0 90.8 142.
## 2 2020-01-28 92.7 56160800 92.0 92.9 91.5 142.
## 3 2020-01-29 92.9 42027800 93.2 93.7 92.8 142.
## 4 2020-01-30 93.5 126548760 92.9 93.6 92.5 142.
## 5 2020-01-31 100. 311345600 103. 103. 100.
## 6 2020-02-03 100. 117981880 101. 102. 100.
```

Step 2: Feature Engineering, Create rolling means and standard deviations for lag features

```
# Add rolling statistics
library(zoo)

##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## as.Date, as.Date.numeric
lag_features <- c("Close", "Volume", "Open", "High", "Low")
for (feature in lag_features) {
    df <- df %>%
        mutate(
        !!pasteO(feature, "_rolling_mean_3") := rollmean(get(feature), k = 3, fill = NA, align = "right")
        !!pasteO(feature, "_rolling_mean_7") := rollmean(get(feature), width = 3, FUN = sd, fill = NA, a
        !!pasteO(feature, "_rolling_std_3") := rollapply(get(feature), width = 7, FUN = sd, fill = NA, a
        !!pasteO(feature, "_rolling_std_7") := rollapply(get(feature), width = 7, FUN = sd, fill = NA, a
        )
```

```
# Drop rows with NA values
df <- na.omit(df)</pre>
```

Step 3: Train-Test Split

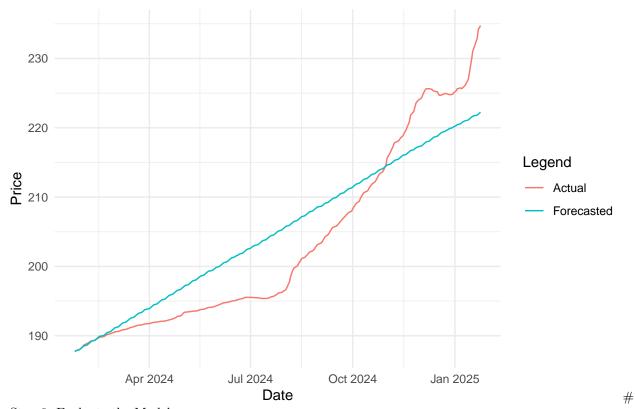
```
# Split the data into training (80%) and testing (20%)
train_size <- floor(0.8 * nrow(df))
training_data <- df[1:train_size, ]
test_data <- df[(train_size + 1):nrow(df), ]</pre>
```

Step 4: Time Series Modeling with ARIMA,

```
library(forecast)
## Warning: package 'forecast' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
##
     method
                       from
##
     as.zoo.data.frame zoo
# Fit ARIMA model with auto.arima
arima_model <- auto.arima(training_data$VWAP)</pre>
# Forecast the VWAP for the test period
forecast_values <- forecast(arima_model, h = nrow(test_data))</pre>
# Add forecasts to test data
test_data <- test_data %>%
  mutate(Forecast_ARIMA = as.numeric(forecast_values$mean))
# View the forecasts
head(test_data)
## # A tibble: 6 x 28
##
    Date
                Close
                        Volume Open High
                                           Low VWAP Close_rolling_mean_3
     <date>
                <dbl>
                         <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
## 1 2024-01-25 158. 43638590 157. 159. 155.
                                                                        157.
## 2 2024-01-26 159. 51047350 158. 161.
                                            158.
                                                                        158.
## 3 2024-01-29 161. 45270390 159. 161.
                                            159.
                                                                        159.
                                                  188.
## 4 2024-01-30 159 45207430 161.
                                      162.
                                            158.
                                                                        160.
## 5 2024-01-31 155. 50284370 157
                                      159.
                                            155.
                                                  188.
                                                                        158.
## 6 2024-02-01 159. 76542420 156. 160. 156.
                                                  188.
                                                                        158.
## # i 20 more variables: Close_rolling_mean_7 <dbl>, Close_rolling_std_3 <dbl>,
## #
       Close_rolling_std_7 <dbl>, Volume_rolling_mean_3 <dbl>,
## #
      Volume_rolling_mean_7 <dbl>, Volume_rolling_std_3 <dbl>,
      Volume_rolling_std_7 <dbl>, Open_rolling_mean_3 <dbl>,
## #
## #
      Open_rolling_mean_7 <dbl>, Open_rolling_std_3 <dbl>,
## #
      Open_rolling_std_7 <dbl>, High_rolling_mean_3 <dbl>,
## #
      High_rolling_mean_7 <dbl>, High_rolling_std_3 <dbl>, ...
```

Step 5: Plot Actual vs Forecasted Values

VWAP vs Forecasted VWAP



Step 6: Evaluate the Model

```
# Calculate RMSE and MAE
rmse <- sqrt(mean((test_data$VWAP - test_data$Forecast_ARIMA)^2, na.rm = TRUE))
mae <- mean(abs(test_data$VWAP - test_data$Forecast_ARIMA), na.rm = TRUE)

cat("RMSE:", rmse, "\n")

## RMSE: 5.133288
cat("MAE:", mae, "\n")</pre>
```

MAE: 4.329058