

Note

From:

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Subject:

~~STACK (32, 2stack, por)~~

To:

Date:

~~2018-10-20~~Starta generic type
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(1)

1. ~~Procedur~~ Subroutines on arbitrary types:

push(array of T, T): array of T

- ⇒ a) for non-reference types, compile anew;
b) for reference types, use type erasure:

push(array of <T>, <T>): array of <T>
or even:

push(array of <ref T>, <ref T>):
array of <ref T>

! solves also the 'new array of <T>' problem!

2. Containers of previously unknown type:

a) type array of T = ...

type list of T = struct {
next: list of T; // ok, ref
value: T; // ok, last field
}

⇒ resolved at the code generation time with real type attributes;

2

! Works only for bytecode
inline subroutines!
(mostly operators)

!! Problems with implementing
native Starta subroutines

list of T
list of <T> +

3. Current implementation;
assumes that all types
fit one stackcell.

! A lot of problems:

- Can not compile to Java
bytecode
- Can not implement
'new T[10]' for a generic T
- Implementations are
inefficient and can not
be easily optimised.

⇒ remove from the language?

3

Generic types of the "3-rd way" are only needed for:

- $\text{push}(T[]; T) \rightarrow T[]$ also,
 $\text{pop}()$
 $\text{trim}()$

\Rightarrow can be implemented once for all reference types T ;

\Rightarrow will have to include a parametrised module for non-reference T s, but that's probably OK (i.e. not too much burden/overhead)

- $\text{length}(\text{array of } T)$

\Rightarrow defined for reference type 'array of T ' anyway...

- $\text{trim}(\text{array of } T): \text{array of } T$

\Rightarrow defined only for the reference type 'array of T ' anyway...

- same for 'clone()'