

# Building IaaS infrastructures on the AWS Cloud

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## Abstract

The abstract text goes here.

## 1 General Description of the Infrastructure

The demonstrative infrastructure described in this project consists of an HTCcondor cluster of three nodes. One node is configured as Master Node, while 2 nodes are configured as Worker Nodes. The infrastructure can be easily expanded by replicating the Worker Nodes instances.

## 2 Initialization of the instances on the AWS Cloud

Worker Nodes and the Master Node were both built on the same base instance configuration. The `t2.medium` instance type was used with a 50 Gb SSD as root storage. The operating system chosen is Ubuntu Server 18.04.4 LTS. The Master Node and the Worker Nodes were all instantiated in the same availability zone (`us-east-1a`), so that they would be able to communicate through private IPv4 addresses. The security group for the instances was configured as follows:

Security group name bdp1_project	Security group ID sg-0da9a107b5a5e8279	Description for the final project	VPC ID vpc-12f5e268
Owner 434956400857	Inbound rules count 3 Permission entries	Outbound rules count 1 Permission entry	

Inbound rules

Outbound rules

Tags

Inbound rules					Edit inbound rules
Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description - optional	
All TCP	TCP	0 - 65535	0.0.0.0/0	htc condor	
SSH	TCP	22	0.0.0.0/0	ssh	
All ICMP - IPv4	ICMP	All	0.0.0.0/0	ping	

The TCP ports 0-65535 required by HTCcondor were open, as well as the ICMP ports for accepting incoming ping requests and the TCP port 22 for incoming ssh connections.

## 3 Configuration of the Master Node

The PS1 prompt of the Master Node was changed so to make the node easily identifiable from the command line.

HTCcondor was then installed with the following commands:

```
sudo su
wget -q0 - https://research.cs.wisc.edu/htcondor/ubuntu/HTCcondor-Release.gpg.key | apt-key add - #
import the gpg key of HTCcondor
```

```
ubuntu@bdp1-master-node:~$ echo $PS1
\[\e]0;\u@\h: \w\a\]${debian_chroot:+($debian_chroot)}\[\033[01;32m\]
\]ubuntu@bdp1-master-node\[\033[00m\]:\[\033[01;34m\]\w\[\033[00m\]\$
```

```
echo "deb http://research.cs.wisc.edu/htcondor/ubuntu/8.8/bionic bionic contrib" >> /etc/apt/sources.
list # add the repository
echo "deb-src http://research.cs.wisc.edu/htcondor/ubuntu/8.8/bionic bionic contrib" >> /etc/apt/
sources.list
apt update
apt install htcondor
systemctl start condor # start and enable the condor service
systemctl enable condor
```

The correct proceeding of the installation and the start of the condor service where checked with the following commands:

```
ubuntu@bdp1-master-node:~$ sudo systemctl status condor
● condor.service - Condor Distributed High-Throughput-Computing
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/condor.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2020-06-16 10:31:25 UTC; 1min 16s ago
 Main PID: 15225 (condor_master)
   Status: "All daemons are responding"
    Tasks: 3 (limit: 32767)
   CGroup: /system.slice/condor.service
           └─15225 /usr/sbin/condor_master -f
             └─15266 condor_procd -A /var/run/condor/procd_pipe -L /var/log/condor/ProcLog -R 1000000 -S 60 -C 111
               └─15268 condor_shared_port -f

Jun 16 10:31:25 ip-172-31-8-109 systemd[1]: Started Condor Distributed High-Throughput-Computing.
ubuntu@bdp1-master-node:~$ ps ax | grep condor
15225 ?        Ss      0:00 /usr/sbin/condor_master -f
15266 ?        S       0:00 condor_procd -A /var/run/condor/procd_pipe -L /var/log/condor/ProcLog -R 1000000 -S 60 -C 111
15268 ?        Ss      0:00 condor_shared_port -f
15286 pts/0    S+      0:00 grep --color=auto condor
ubuntu@bdp1-master-node:~$
```