## 1 CLASS DESIGN-Telephone directory (IMPLEMENT ARRAY OF OBJECTS)

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
class directory
long int phoneno;
char cusname[30];
char cusadd[100];
public:
void input();
void display();
long int getno()
  return phoneno;
char*getname()
  return cusname;
void directory::input()
cout<<"\nenter name=";</pre>
gets(cusname);
cout<<"\nenter address=";</pre>
gets(cusadd);
phoneno=random(7000-2000+1)+2000;
void directory::display()
cout<<"\nname="<<cusadd;
void main()
 clrscr();
 int menu,cnt=0,x;
```

```
directory d[50];
do
  cout<<"\n1.input\n2.display\n3.search by no.\n4.search by name\n5.exit=";
  cin>>menu;
  switch(menu)
   case 1: d[cnt].input();cnt++;break;
   case 2:for(x=0;x<cnt;x++)
          d[x].display();
           break;
   case 3:long no;
           int flag=0;
           cout<<"\ninput no to be search=";
           cin>>no;
           for(x=0;x<cnt;x++)
              if(no==d[x].getno())
                d[x].display();flag=1;break;
            if (flag==0)
            cout<<"\nnot found";</pre>
            break:
    case 4:char str[30];
           cout<<"\ninput name to be searched=";</pre>
           gets(str);
           flag=0;
           for(x=0;x<cnt;x++)
            if(!strcmpi(str,d[x].getname()))
              d[x].display();
              flag=1;
              break;
           if(flag==0)
          cout<<"\nnot found";</pre>
          break;
```

```
}while(menu<=4);</pre>
getch();
1.input
2.display
3.search by no.
4.search by name
5.exit=1
enter name=saumya
enter address=cbd
1.input
2.display
3.search by no.
4.search by name
5.exit=2
name=saumya
phone no=2052
address=cbd
1.input
2.display
3.search by no.
4.search by name
5.exit=3
```

```
3.search by no.
4.search by name
5.exit=3
input no to be search=2052
name=saumya
phone no=2052
address=cbd
1.input
2.display
3.search by no.
4.search by name
5.exit=4
input name to be searched=saumya
name=saumya
phone no=2052
address=cbd
1.input
2.display
3.search by no.
4.search by name
5.exit=
```

2.	Create a class in c++ which maintains an integer array and provides following functions on it. Make a menu based options which includes:  1.Insert 2.Display 3.Search 4.Minimum 5.Maximum 6.Sum

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class array
int arr[100],n;
public:
array()
 n=0;
void input();
void display();
void search(int n);
int min();
int max();
int sum();
void array::input()
cout<<"\n enter total no of terms=";</pre>
cin>>n;
cout<<"\n enter your array-";
for(int a=0;a<n;a++)
cout<<"\nelement "<<a+1<<"=";
cin>>arr[a];
void array::display()
cout<<"\nyour elements=";</pre>
for(int a=0;a<n;a++)
cout << arr[a] << " ";
void array::search(int a)
int flag=0;
for(int k=0;k<n;k++)
 if(a==arr[k])
```

```
cout<<"\nelement found at position"<<k+1;</pre>
  flag++;
if(flag==0)
cout<<"\nElement not found";</pre>
int array::min()
int p;
p=arr[0];
for(int a=1;a<n;a++)
 if(arr[a] < p)
 p=arr[a];
return p;
int array::max()
int m=0;
for(int x=0;x<n;x++)
 if(arr[x]>m)
 m=arr[x];
return m;
int array::sum()
int s=0;
for(int x=0;x< n;x++)
 s = arr[x];
return s;
```

```
void main()
clrscr();
array a;
int menu,x;
do
cout<<"\n1.insert \n2.display \n3.search \n4.minimum \n5.maximum \n6.sum \n7.exit";
cin>>menu;
 switch(menu)
 case 1:a.input();
       break;
 case 2:a.display();
       break;
 case 3:cout<<"\ninput elements to be searched=";</pre>
      cin>>x;
      a.search(x);
       break;
 case 4:cout<<"\nminimum="<<a.min();</pre>
 case 5:cout<<"\nmaximum="<<a.max();</pre>
       break;
 case 6:cout<<"\ntotal sum="<<a.sum();</pre>
       break;
}while(menu!=7);
getch();
```

```
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit1
enter total no of terms=3
enter your array—
element 1=1
element 2=2
element 3=3
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit2
```

```
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit2
your elements=1 2 3
\tilde{\mathbf{1}}. insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit3
input elements to be searched=2
element found at position2
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit
```

```
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit4
minimum=1
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit5
maximum=3
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit 6_
1.insert
2.display
3.search
```

```
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit5

maximum=3
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit6

total sum=6
1.insert
2.display
3.search
4.minimum
5.maximum
6.sum
7.exit6
```

## 3. Program to implement following operations on 1D array 1.Concatenation of two arrays 2.Merging of two sorted arrays

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class array
private:
      int c[20];
      int z,1;
      int d[30],a;
      int x,y;
public:
      void concat(int arr[20],int m,int brr[20],int n);
      void merge(int arr[10],int m,int brr[10],int n);
};
void array::concat(int arr[20],int m,int brr[20],int n)
  z=0;l=m+n;
 for(int x=0;x< m;x++)
  c[z]=arr[x];
  z++;
for(int y=0;y< n;y++)
  c[z]=brr[y];
  z++;
cout<<"Concated array:"<<endl;</pre>
for(int s=0;s<1;s++)
 cout<<c[s]<<",";
cout<<endl;
void array::merge(int arr[10],int m,int brr[10],int n)
x=0;y=0;a=0;
while(x<m && y<n)
```

```
if(arr[x]<brr[y])</pre>
 d[a]=arr[x];
 x++; a++;
else
 d[a]=brr[y];
  y++; a++;
while(x<m)
 d[a]=arr[x];
 x++; a++;
while(y<n)
 d[a]=brr[y];
 a++; y++;
cout<<"Merged sorted array:"<<endl;</pre>
for(int s=0;s<(m+n);s++)
 cout<<d[s]<<",";
cout<<endl;
void main()
clrscr();
array obj;
int ans,x,y,arr[20],brr[20];
cout<<"Enter size of array1"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>x;
cout<<"Enter elements of array1:"<<endl;</pre>
for(int p=0;p<x;p++)
 cout<<"Enter element "<<p+1<<":";</pre>
 cin>>arr[p];
cout<<"Enter size of array2:"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
cin>>y;
cout<<"Enter elements of array2:"<<endl;</pre>
for(int q=0;q< y;q++)
 cout << "Enter element " << q+1 << ":";
 cin>>brr[q];
do
 cout << "Enter:\n1.Concatenation.\n2.Merging of sorted arrays.\n3.Exit" << endl;
 cin>>ans;
 switch(ans)
  case 1:obj.concat(arr,x,brr,y);
         break;
  case 2:obj.merge(arr,x,brr,y);
         break;
}while(ans!=3);
getch();
     Enter size of array1
    Enter elements of array1:
    Enter element 1:1
     Enter element 2:3
    Enter element 3:5
    Enter size of array2:
    Enter elements of array2:
     Enter element 1:4
    Enter element 2:6
     1.Concatenation.
    2.Merging of sorted arrays.
    3.Exit
    Concated array:
     1,3,5,4,6,
     Enter:
     1.Concatenation.
    2.Merging of sorted arrays.
    3.Exit
    Merged sorted array:
```

**CLASS XII** 

- 4. Make a menu based program to perform operations on a 2D array matrix. Input size and matrix from the user, then perform the following operations. Write separate functions for each operation
  - 1.Sum of rows
  - 2.Product of Columns
  - 3.Sum of diagonals
  - 4.Transpose of matrix

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
class matrix
private:
    int mat[5][5];
    int r,c;
public:
    void input();
    void display();
    void rowsum();
    void pcol();
    void diagonal();
    void transpose();
};
void matrix::input()
cout<<"Input the size of the matrix-row and col resp=";</pre>
cin>>r>>c:
cout<<"\nInput the matrix="<<endl;</pre>
for(int x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(int y=0;y<c;y++)
  cin > mat[x][y];
void matrix::rowsum()
 int sum;
 for(int x=0;x< r;x++)
  sum=0;
```

```
for(int y=0;y<c;y++)
  sum+=mat[x][y];
 cout << "\nsum of row" << x+1 << "=" << sum;
void matrix::pcol()
int product=1;
for(int y=0;y<r;y++)
 product=1;
 for(int x=0;x< c;x++)
  product*=mat[x][y];
 cout<<"\ncol "<<y+1<<"="<<pre>roduct<<" ";</pre>
void matrix::diagonal()
int dsum=0;
for(int x=0;x< r;x++)
for(int y=0;y<c;y++)
 if(x==y)
  dsum+=mat[x][y];
cout<<dsum;
void matrix::display()
cout<<"\nSize of the matrix="<<"r="<<r<" c="<<c;
cout<<"\nmatrix="<<endl;</pre>
for(int x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(int y=0;y< c;y++)
 cout << mat[x][y] << " ";
```

```
cout<<endl;
void matrix::transpose()
int x,y,arr[5][5];
for(x=0;x< r;x++)
for(y=0;y<c;y++)
arr[y][x]=mat[x][y];
for(y=0;y<r;y++)
for(x=0;x< c;x++)
cout<<arr[y][x];</pre>
cout<<endl;
void main()
clrscr();
matrix m;
int menu;
char ch;
do
cout<<"\nenter\n 1.input \n 2.display \n 3.row sum \n 4.product of column \n 5.sum of
diagonal \n 6.transpose \n 7.exit" << endl;
cin>>menu;
switch(menu)
case 1:m.input();
    break;
case 2:m.display();
    break;
case 3:m.rowsum();
```

```
break;
case 4:m.pcol();
   break;
case 5:m.diagonal();
    break;
case 6:m.transpose();
   break;
}}while(menu!=7);
getch();
    enter
     1. input
     2.display
     3.row sum
     4.product of column
     5.sum of diagonal
     6.transpose
     7.exit
    Input the size of the matrix-row and col resp=3 3
     Input the matrix=
    1 Ž 3
    4 5 6
    7 8 9
    enter
     1. input
     2.display
     3.row sum
     4.product of column
     5.sum of diagonal
     6.transpose
     7.exit
    Size of the matrix=r=3 c=3
    matrix=
    123
    456
    789
```

```
enter
 1. input
2.display
3.row sum
4.product of column
5.sum of diagonal
6.transpose
7.exit
3
sum of row1=6
sum of row2=15
sum of row3=24
enter
  1. input
  2.display
  3.row sum
 4.product of column
 5.sum of diagonal
 6.transpose
 7.exit
4
col 1=28
col 2=80
col 3=162
 enter
  1. input
  2.display
  3.row sum
  4.product of column
  5.sum of diagonal
  6.transpose
  7.exit
 5
 15
 enter
  1. input
  2.display
  3.row sum
  4.product of column
  5.sum of diagonal
  6.transpose
  7.exit
 6
 147
 258
 369
```

- 5 Make a menu based program to perform operations on a 2D array matrix. Input size and matrix from the user, then perform the following operations
  - 1. Maximum element in the array
  - 2. Minimum element in the array
  - 3. Find and display sum of elements ending with 3
  - 4. Sum of Even numbers
  - 5. Product of odd numbers in the array

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class matrix
int r,c, mat[5][5];
public:
    void input();
    void display();
    void maximum();
    void minimum();
    void sum3();
    void sumofeven();
    void podd();
void matrix::maximum()
int x, y, max=mat[0][0];
for (x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(y=0;y< c;y++)
 if(mat[x][y]>max)
  max=mat[x][y];
cout<<"\nmax="<<max;
void matrix::minimum()
int x,y,min=mat[0][0];
for(x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(y=0;y< c;y++)
```

```
if(mat[x][y]<min)</pre>
 min=mat[x][y];
cout<<"\nmin="<<min;
void matrix::sum3()
int x,y,sum=0;
for(x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(y=0;y<c;y++)
 if((mat[x][y]\%10)==3)
 sum+=mat[x][y];
cout<<"\nsum="<<sum;
void matrix::sumofeven()
 int x,y,sum=0;
 for(x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(y=0;y< c;y++)
 if(mat[x][y]\%2==0)
 sum+=mat[x][y];
cout<<"sum of even="<<sum;</pre>
void matrix::podd()
int x,y,p=1;
for(x=0;x< r;x++)
for(y=0;y<c;y++)
 if(mat[x][y]\%2!=0)
 p*=mat[x][y];
```

```
cout<<"\nproduct of odd="<<p;</pre>
void matrix::input()
cout<<"Input the size of the matrix-row and col resp=";</pre>
cin>>r>>c;
cout<<"\nInput the matrix=";</pre>
for(int x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(int y=0;y<c;y++)
 cin>>mat[x][y];
void matrix::display()
cout<<"\nSize of the matrix="<<"r="<<r<" c="<<c;
cout<<"\nmatrix="<<endl;</pre>
for(int x=0;x< r;x++)
 for(int y=0;y< c;y++)
  cout<<mat[x][y]<<" ";
 cout<<endl;
void main()
 clrscr();
 matrix m;
 int menu;
 char ch;
 do
cout<<"\nenter\n1.input \n2.display \n3.maximum \n4.minimum \n5.sum of no ending
with 3 \n6.sum of even nos \n7.product of odd nos \n8.exit" << endl;
cin>>menu;
switch(menu)
```

```
case 1:m.input();
   break;
case 2:m.display();
      break;
case 3:m.maximum();
      break;
case 4:m.minimum();
       break:
case 5:m.sum3();
      break;
case 6:m.sumofeven();
      break;
case 7:m.podd();
      break;
}}while(menu!=8);
getch();
    enter
    1. input
    2.display
    3.maximum
    4.minimum
    5.sum of no ending with 3
    6.sum of even nos
    7.product of odd nos
    8.exit
     Input the size of the matrix-row and col resp=3 3
     Input the matrix=1 2 3
                      456
                      789_
    enter
     1. input
    2.display
    3.maximum
    4.minimum
    5.sum of no ending with 3
    6.sum of even nos
     7.product of odd nos
    8.exit
    3
    max=9
```

```
enter
1. input
2.display
3.maximum
4.minimum
5.sum of no ending with 3
6.sum of even nos
7.product of odd nos
8.exit
min=1
 enter
 1. input
 2.display
 3.maximum
 4.minimum
 5.sum of no ending with 3
 6.sum of even nos
 7.product of odd nos
 8.exit
 5
 sum=3
 enter
 1. input
 2.display
 3.maximum
 4.minimum
 5.sum of no ending with 3 6.sum of even nos
 7.product of odd nos
 8.exit
 6
 sum of even=20
 enter
 1. input
 2.display
 3.maximum
 4.minimum
 5.sum of no ending with 3 6.sum of even nos
 7.product of odd nos
 8.exit
 product of odd=945
```

- 6. Make a menu based program to perform operations on a 2D array matrix. Input size and
  - matrix from the user, then perform the following operations
  - 1. Display elements of middle row and middle column
  - 2. Display only those elements which are divisible by 5
  - 3. Display all alternate elements in the array
  - 4. Swap first column with the last column
  - 5. Swap first row with the last row

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
void display(int arr[10][10],int size)
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
 for (int j=0;j<size;j++)
 cout<<arr[i][j]<<" ";
 cout<<endl;
void midrowcol(int arr[10][10],int size)
int i,j;
cout<<"Middle Row is: ";
 for (i=0;i<size;i++)
 for (j=0;j\leq size;j++)
  if (i== size/2)
  cout<<arr[i][j]<<"\t";
 cout << "\nMiddle Column is:";
 for ( i=0;i<size;i++)
   for(j=0;j<size;j++)
   if(j==size/2)
```

```
cout << arr[i][j] << " \setminus t";
void div5(int arr[10][10],int size)
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
 for(int j=0;j < size;j++)
 if(arr[i][j]%5==0)
  { cout<<arr[i][j];}
void alternate(int arr[10][10],int n)
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 if(i\%2 == 0)
   for(int j=0;j<n;j+=2) cout<<arr[i][j]<<" ";
  else
   for(int j=1;j<n;j+=2) cout<<arr[i][j]<<" ";
void swapfirstlastrow(int m[10][10],int size)
      int rows=size;
      for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
         int t = m[0][i];
         m[0][i] = m[rows - 1][i];
         m[rows - 1][i] = t;
      display(m,size);
void swapfirstlastcolumn(int m[10][10],int size)
```

```
int i,j,temp;
for (i=0; i<size; i++)
   for(j=0; j< size; j++)
       temp = m[i][1];
       m[i][1] = m[i][size];
       m[i][size] = temp;
  display(m, size);
int main()
clrscr();
int size;
cout<<"Enter the order of matrix ";
cin>>size;
 int A[10][10];
 cout<<"\nenter array"<<endl;</pre>
 for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
 for(int j=0;j < size;j++)
  cin >> A[i][j];
 int menu;
do
cout<<"\n1.display mid row and column\n2.elements div by 5\n3.alternate
elements\n4.swap 1st n last column \n5.swap 1st n last row\n6.exit-";
cin>>menu;
switch(menu)
 case 1:midrowcol(A,size);break;
 case 2:div5(A,size);break;
 case 3:alternate(A,size);break;
 case 4:swapfirstlastcolumn(A,size);
      break;
 case 5:swapfirstlastrow(A,size);
```

```
break;
 case 6:exit(0);
}while(menu!=6);
getch();
    Enter the order of matrix 3
    enter array
    123
    456
    789
    1.display mid row and column
    2.elements div by 5
    3.alternate elements
    4.swap 1st n last column
    5.swap 1st n last row
    6.exit-1
    Middle Row is: 4
                             5
                                     6
    Middle Column is:2
                             5
                                     8
    1.display mid row and column
    2.elements div by 5
    3.alternate elements
    4.swap 1st n last column
    5.swap 1st n last row
    6.exit-2
    5
    1.display mid row and column
    2.elements div by 5
    3.alternate elements
    4.swap 1st n last column
    5.swap 1st n last row
    6.exit-3
    1 3 5 7 9
    2.elements div by 5
    3. alternate elements
    4.swap 1st n last column
    5.swap 1st n last row
    6.exit-4
    3 2 1
    6 5 4
    987
    1.display mid row and column
    2.elements div by 5
    3.alternate elements
    4.swap 1st n last column
    5.swap 1st n last row
    6.exit-5
    789
```

456 123

## 7 MAKE A PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT IS-ARELATIONSHIP (EXAM, PRACTICAL, THEORY, STUDENT)

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
class student
protected:int roll;
        char name[25];
public:voidgetdata()
cout<<"\nname:";</pre>
cin>>name;
cout<<"\nroll no:";</pre>
cin>>roll;
    }
    void showdata()
cout<<"\nname:"<<name<<"\nrollno:"<<roll;</pre>
};
class theoryexam:virtual public student
protected:float marks;
public:voidreaddata()
cout<<"\nenter your marks in ur theory exam:";</pre>
cin>>marks;
    void showtheory()
cout<<"\nyour marks in theory="<<marks;</pre>
class practicalexam: virtual public student
protected:floatpmarks;
public:voidreadpr()
cout<<"\nenter your practical marks=";</pre>
```

```
cin>>pmarks;
    void showpr()
cout<<"\nyour marks in practical:"<<pmarks;</pre>
};
class result:publictheoryexam,publicpracticalexam
private:float total;
public:void calc()
    total=marks+pmarks;
    void display()
cout<<"\nyour total marks out of 100:"<<total;
};
void main ()
clrscr();
result r;
r.getdata();
r.readdata();
r.readpr();
r.calc();
r.showdata();
r.showtheory();
r.showpr();
r.display();
getch();
```

```
name:saumya

roll no:22

enter your marks in ur theory exam:65

enter your practical marks=29

name:saumya
rollno:22
your marks in theory=65
your marks in practical:29
your total marks out of 100:94_
```

8. MAKE A MENU BASED PROGRAM TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS ON TEXT FILE (DATA.TXT) CHARCATER BY CHARACTER

1-WRITE STRING IN THE FILE

2-READ

**3-COUNT ALPHABETS** 

**4-COUNT DIGITS** 

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<process.h>
#include<ctype.h>
void readdata()
char ch;
ifstream fin("data.txt",ios::in);
while(!fin.eof())
 ch=fin.get();
 cout<<ch;
 if(fin.eof())
  break;
fin.close();
void writedata()
char ch='1';
ofstreamfout("data.txt",ios::out);
```

```
cout<<"\nenter string to be inputed=\ninput 0 to end the string:\n:";
while(ch!='0')
cin.get(ch);
fout.put(ch);
fout.close();
void countalpha()
int x=0;charch;
 ifstream c("data.txt",ios::in);
 while(!c.eof())
ch=c.get();
if(isalpha(ch))
x=x+1;
cout<<"\nno of alphabets:"<<x;</pre>
c.close();
void countnum()
char ch;
int x=0;
ifstream c("data.txt",ios::in);
while(c.eof()==0)
ch=c.get();
if(isdigit(ch))
 x=x+1;
cout<<"\nno of digit:"<<x-1;
c.close();
void main()
clrscr();
int x;
 do
```

```
cout<<"\n1.write in a string \n2.read the file \n3.count alpha \n4.count digit
\n5.exit"<<endl;
cin>>x;
switch (x)
case 1:writedata();break;
case 2:readdata();break;
case 3:countalpha();break;
case 4:countnum();break;
case 5:exit(0);break;
\}while(x!=5);
getch();
1.write in a string
2.read the file
3.count alpha
4.count digit
5.exit
enter string to be inputed=
input 0 to end the string:
:hello people 4567 qwerty0
1.write in a string
2.read the file
3.count alpha
4.count digit
5.exit
hello people 4567 qwerty0
1.write in a string
2.read the file
3.count alpha
4.count digit
5.exit
```

```
1.write in a string
2.read the file
3.count alpha
4.count digit
5.exit
no of alphabets:17
1.write in a string
2.read the file
3.count alpha
4.count digit
5.exit
no of digit:4
1.write in a string
2.read the file
3.count alpha
4.count digit
5.exit
```

- 9. MAKE A MENU BASED PROGRAM TO PERFORM OPERTIONS ON TEXT FILE (NOTES.TXT) WORD BY WORD
  - 1-READ THE FILE CONTENTS.
  - 2-COUNT ALL THE WORDS AND OCCURENCES OF 'THIS' AND 'THE'.
  - 3-FIND THE AVERAGE WORD LENGTH OF THE FILE.
  - 4-COPY THE CONTENTS TO ANOTHER FILE MYNOTES.TXT WORD BY WORD EITHER BEGGINNING WITH 'T'/'t'OR ENDING WITH 'e'.

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<process.h>
void readdata()
{
   char ch;
   ifstream fin("notes.txt",ios::in);
   while(!fin.eof())
   {
   ch=fin.get();
   cout<<ch;
    if(fin.eof())
   break;
}</pre>
```

```
fin.close();
void count()
ifstream fin("notes.txt");
int x=0,y=0;
char ch[50];
while(!fin.eof())
 fin>>ch;
 if(strcmpi(ch,"the")==0)
 x++;
 else if(strcmpi(ch,"this")==0)
  y++;
 if(fin.eof())
break;
cout<<"\nno. of the words="<<x<"\n no of this words="<<y;
void avglen()
ifstream fin("notes.txt");
char word[50];
int x=0, sum=0;
while(fin>>word)
X++;
sum+=strlen(word);
if(fin.eof())
break;
cout<<"\navglen="<<sum/x;
fin.close();
void copy()
char ch[25];int y,z=0;
int x;
```

```
ifstream fin("notes.txt");
ofstreamfout("mynotes.txt");
while(fin)
 fin>>ch;
 y=strlen(ch);
 if(ch[0]=='t'||ch[0]=='T')
 X++;
  fout << ch << " ";
  cout << ch << ";
else if(ch[y-1]=='e')
 z++;
 fout << ch << " ";
 cout<<ch<<";
if (fin.eof())
break;
void main()
clrscr();
int x;
do
 cout << "\n1.read the string\n2.the and this word count \n3.avg word len\n4.copy text to
another \n5.exit" << endl;
 cin>>x;
switch (x)
 case 1:readdata();break;
 case 2:count();break;
 case 3:avglen();break;
 case 4:copy();break;
 case 5:exit(0);break;
\}while(x!=5);
getch();
```

```
1.read the string
2.the and this word count
3.avg word len
4.copy text to another
5.exit
c++ supports 2 file formats texts and binary
in the text file everything including numbers are stored as character
this file needs more space and is slower than binary file
a binary file stores information using the binary representation
this file is faster and needs less space
1.read the string
2.the and this word count
3.avg word len
4.copy text to another
5.exit
no. of the words=2
no of this words=2
1.read the string
2.the and this word count
3.avg word len
4.copy text to another
5.exit
a∨g len=4
1.read the string
2.the and this word count
3.avg word len
4.copy text to another
5.exit
file texts the the text file are this file more space than file file the the thi
s file space
MAKE A MENU BASED PROGRAM TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS
ON TEXT FILE(FILE.TXT) LINE BY LINE
1-READ
2-COUNT LINES
3-WRITE LINES IN A FILE
4-COPY ONLY THOSE LINES TO MYFILE.TXT WHICH BEGIN WITH A VOWEL
#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
#include<stdio.h>
void read()
```

10

```
char line[200];
ifstream fin("fin.txt");
while(fin.get line(line,200,'.')
cout<<li>endl;
if(fin.eof())
break;
fin.close();
void copy()
char line[200];
ifstream fin("file.txt");
ofstreamfout("myfile.txt");
while(fin.getline(line,200,'.')
line[0]=tolower(line[0]);
if(line[0]=='a'||line[0]=='e'||line[0]=='o'||line[0]=='u')
fout<<li>endl;
if(fin.eof())
break;
fin.close();
void write()
char line[200];
ofstreamfout("file.txt",ios::app);
cout<<"\nenter a string=";</pre>
gets(line);
fout<<lir>;";
fout.close();
void count()
char line[200];
int x=0;
while(fin.getline(line,200,';')
 X++;
```

```
cout<<"no of lines="<<x;</pre>
void main()
clrscr();
int x;
do
cout << "\n1.read the string\n2.write in the string \n3.count the lines \n4.copy text to
another \n5.exit"<<endl;
 cin>>x;
switch (x)
 case 1:read();break;
 case 3:count();break;
 case 2:write();break;
 case 4:copy();break;
 case 5:exit(0);break;
\}while(x!=5);
getch();
     1.read the string
     2.write in the string
     3.count the lines
     4.copy text to another
     5.exit
     enter a string=hello world
     1.read the string
     2.write in the string
     3.count the lines
```

4.copy text to another

5.exit

no of lines=8

```
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.count the lines
4.copy text to another
5.exit
4
hello world my name is XYZ this is my program; hello worldthis is a comp you are a human beinghello world
```

#### 11 MAKE A MENU BASED PROGRAM TO PERFORM FOLLOWING OPERATIONS ON A BINARY FILE ITEM.DAT

1-READ THE CONTENTS

2-WRITE THE CONTENTS

3-SEARCH THE CONTENTS

FILE CONTAINS OBJECT OF CLASS ITEM

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
class item
int itemno;
char iname[30];
float price;
int qty;
public:void getdata()
    cout << "\nenter item no:";
    cin>>itemno;
    cout<<"\nenter item name:";</pre>
    gets(iname);
    cout<<"\nenter the price:";</pre>
    cin>>price;
    void showdata()
    cout<<"\nitem no:"<<itemno<<"\nitem name:"<<iname<<"\nprice:"<<price;
    int getitemno()
      return itemno;
```

```
char* getiname()
      return iname;
};
void writefile()
item i;
ofstream fout("sitem.dat",ios::binary|ios::app);
i.getdata();
fout.write((char*)&i,sizeof(i));
fout.close();
void readfile()
item i;
ifstream fin("sitem.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
while(fin.read((char*)&i,sizeof(i)))
i.showdata();
if(fin.eof())
break;
fin.close();
void searchbyno()
ifstream fin("sitem.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
cout<<"\ninput item no to be searched=";</pre>
cin>>no;
item i:
while (!fin.eof())
 fin.read((char*)&i,sizeof(i));
 if(i.getitemno()==no)
 i.showdata();
else
 cout<<"\nitem not found";</pre>
if(fin.eof())
break;
```

```
fin.close();
void searchbyname()
 ifstream fin("sitem.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
 char ch[20],name[20];
 cout<<"\ninput item no to be searched=";</pre>
 gets(ch);
 item i;
 int count=0;
 while (!fin.eof())
   fin.read((char*)&i,sizeof(i));
   strcpy(name,i.getiname());
   if(strcmpi(name,ch)==0)
     i.showdata();
     count=1;
   if(fin.eof())
   break;
if(count==0)
cout<<"\nitem not found";</pre>
fin.close();
void main()
clrscr();
int x:
do
cout << "\n1.write in the string\n2.read the string \n3.search by no \n4.search by name
\n5.exit"<<endl;
cin>>x;
switch (x)
 case 2:readfile();break;
 case 3:searchbyno();break;
 case 1:writefile();break;
 case 4:searchbyname();break;
```

```
case 5:exit(0);break;
\}while(x!=5);
getch();
1.write in the string
2.read the string
3.search by no
4.search by name
5.exit
enter item no:1
enter item name∶wash
enter the price:300
1.write in the string
2.read the string
3.search by no
4.search by name
5.exit
enter item no:2
enter item name:so
enter the price:400
1.write in the string
2.read the string
3.search by no
4.search by name
5.exit
input item no to be searched=1
item no:1
item name:wash
price:300
1.write in the string
2.read the string
3.search by no
4.search by name
5.exit
input item no to be searched=so
item no:2
item name:so
price:400
```

## 12 MAKE A MENU BASED PROGRAM TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS ON A BINARY FILE DRINK.DAT

1-READ THE CONTENS

2-WRITE THE CONTENTS

3-SEARCH THE CONTENT

4- COPY ONLY THOSE RECORDS WHOSE PRICE IS MORE THAN 10 TO MYDRINK.DAT. ASLO DISPLAY CONTENTS OF MYDRINKS.DAT FILE CONTAINS OBJECT OF CLASS DRINK

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<process.h>
class mydrink
int drinkno;
char dname[20];
int qty;
float price;
public:void input()
cout<<"\nenter drink no=";</pre>
cin>>drinkno;
cout<<"\nenter drink name=";</pre>
cin>>dname;
cout<<"\nenter quantity=";</pre>
cin>>qty;
cout<<"\nenter price=";</pre>
cin>>price;
    void show()
cout<<"\ndrink
no:"<<drinkno<<"\nname:"<<dname<<"\nquantity:"<<qty<<"\nprice:"<<price;
    int getprice()
      return price;
    int getdrinkno()
```

```
return drinkno;
void writefile()
 mydrinki;
 ofstreamfout("drink.dat",ios::binary|ios::app);
 i.input();
 fout.write((char*)&i,sizeof(i));
 fout.close();
void readfile()
 mydrinki;
 ifstream fin("drink.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
 while(fin.read((char*)&i,sizeof(i)))
 i.show();
 if(fin.eof())
 break;
fin.close();
void searchbyno()
ifstream fin("drink.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
int no;
cout<<"\ninput drink no to be searched=";</pre>
cin>>no;
mydrinki;
while (!fin.eof())
 fin.read((char*)&i,sizeof(i));
if(i.getdrinkno()==no)
i.show();
else
 cout<<"\ndrink not found";</pre>
if(fin.eof())
break;
fin.close();
```

```
void copy()
mydrinki;
ifstream fin("drink.txt");
ofstreamfout("mydrink.txt");
while(fin.eof()==0)
 fin.read((char*)&i,sizeof(i));
 if(i.getprice()>10)
 fout.write((char*)&i,sizeof(i));
  i.show();
if(fin.eof())
break;
fin.close();
void main()
clrscr();
int x;
do
 cout<<"\n1.input the data\n2.display all the data \n3.search from data \n4.copy data
whose price>10 to another \n5.exit"<<endl;
 cin>>x;
 switch (x)
  case 1:writefile();break;
  case 3:searchbyno();break;
  case 2:readfile();break;
  case 4:copy();break;
  case 5:exit(0);break;
\}while(x!=5);
getch();
```

```
1.input the data
2.display all the data
3.search from data
4.copy data whose price>10 to another
5.exit
enter drink no=1
enter drink name=cola
enter quantity=40
enter price=20
1.input the data
2.display all the data
3.search from data
4.copy data whose price>10 to another
5.exit
1.input the data
2.display all the data
3.search from data
4.copy data whose price>10 to another
5.exit
enter drink no=2
enter drink name=pepsi
enter quantity=30
enter price=7
1.input the data
2.display all the data
3.search from data
4.copy data whose price>10 to another
5.exit
```

```
1.input the data
2.display all the data
3.search from data
4.copy data whose price>10 to another
5.exit
drink no:1
name:cola
guantity:40
price:20
drink no:2
name:pepsi
quantity:30
price:7
1.input the data
2.display all the data
3.search from data
4.copy data whose price>10 to another
5.exit
1.input the data
2.display all the data
3.search from data
4.copy data whose price>10 to another
5.exit
input drink no to be searched=1
drink no:1
name:cola
guantity:40
price:20
```

13 MAKE A MENU BASED PROGRAM TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS ON A BINARY FILE TOY.DAT

1-READ THE CONTENTS

2-WRITE THE CONTENTS

3-COPY THE CONTENT WHOSE AGE GROUP IS BELOW 5 YRS IN FILE BABYTOY.DAT

ALSO DISPLAY CONTENTS OF THE FILE BABYTOY .DAT IN THE SAME FUNCTION.

4- COUNT AND DISPLAY TOTAL QUANTITY OF TOYS FILE CONTAINS CLASS OF OBJECT TOY

#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<process.h>
class toys
private:inttoycode;
     char tname[20];
     int age;
     int qty;
public: void enter()
     cout<<"\nentertoycode=";</pre>
     cin>>toycode;
     cout<<"\nenter name=";</pre>
     gets(tname);
     cout<<"\nage=";
     cin>>age;
     cout << "\nqty=";
     cin>>qty;
     void show()
     cout<<"\ntoycode="<<tage<
<"\nqty="<<qty;
     int getage()
     return age;
     int getqty()
     return qty;
void writefile()
```

```
toys t;
ofstreamfout("toy.dat",ios::binary|ios::app);
t.enter();
fout.write((char*)&t,sizeof(t));
fout.close();
void readfile()
toys t;
ifstream fin("toy.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
while(fin.read((char*)&t,sizeof(t)))
t.show();
 if(fin.eof())
 break;
fin.close();
void copy()
toys t;
int count=0;
ifstream fin("toy.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
ofstreamfout("babytoy.dat",ios::binary|ios::out);
while(fin.read((char*)&t,sizeof(t)))
 if(t.getage() < =5)
fout.write((char*)&t,sizeof(t));
t.show();
if(fin.eof())
break;
fin.close();
fout.close();
```

```
void count()
toys t;
int total=0;
ifstream fin("toy.dat",ios::binary);
while(fin.read((char*)&t,sizeof(t)))
total+=t.getqty();
if(fin.eof())
break;
cout<<"\ntotal quantity="<<total;
fin.close();
void main()
clrscr();
int x:
do
cout << "\n1.read the string\n2.write in the string \n3.count the quantity
\n4.copy to babytoy.dat if age<=5 \n5.exit"<<endl;
cin>>x;
switch (x)
case 1:readfile();break;
case 3:count();break;
case 2:writefile();break;
case 4:copy();break;
case 5:exit(0);break;
\}while(x!=5);
getch();
```

```
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.count the quantity
4.copy to babytoy.dat if age<=5
5.exit
2
enter toycode=1
enter name=barbie
age=4
qty=2
```

```
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.count the quantity
4.copy to babytoy.dat if age<=5
5.exit
1
toycode=1
name=barbie
age=4
qty=2
toycode=2
name=elle
age=7
qty=3
```

```
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.count the quantity
4.copy to babytoy.dat if age<=5
5.exit
3
total quantity=5
```

```
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.count the quantity
4.copy to babytoy.dat if age<=5
5.exit
4

toycode=1
name=barbie
age=4
qty=2
```

# Make a menu based program to perform following operations on a binary file flight.dat

1.Read 2. Write 3. Modify File contains objects of class flight

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<process.h>
class flight
int fno;//flightno
char from[20];
char to [20];
public:
 int getfno()
 return fno;
void enter()
cout<<"\nenter flight no=";</pre>
cin>>fno;
cout<<"\nenter to=";</pre>
cin>>to;
cout<<"\nenter from=";</pre>
cin>>from;
void display()
cout<<"\nflight no:"<<fno<<"\nto:"<<to<<"\nfrom"<<from;
};
void writefile()
flight f;
ofstreamfout("flight.dat",ios::binary|ios::app);
f.enter();
fout.write((char*)&f,sizeof(f));
fout.close();
```

```
void readfile()
flight f;
ifstream fin("flight.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
 while(fin.read((char*)&f,sizeof(f)))
 {
 f.display();
  if(fin.eof())
  break;
fin.close();
void modify()
int x=0;
flight f,newf;
ifstream file("flight.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
ofstreamfout("flight.dat",ios::binary|ios::ate);
int fno:
int pos;
cout<<"\ninput flight no to be modified:";
cin>>fno;
cout<<"\nenter your records:";</pre>
newf.enter();
while(file.read((char*)&f,sizeof(f)))
 if (f.getfno()==fno)
  x=1;
  pos = (file.tellg()-sizeof(f));
  fout.seekp( pos,ios::beg);
  fout.write((char*)&newf,sizeof(newf));
if(file.eof())
break;
if(x==0)
cout<<"\nrecord not found";</pre>
file.close();
void main()
```

```
clrscr();
int x;
do
cout<<"\n1.read the string\n2.write in the string \n3.modify the details\n4.exit"<<endl;
cin>>x;
switch (x)
 case 1:readfile();break;
 case 3:modify();break;
 case 2:writefile();break;
 case 4:exit(0);break;
\}while(x!=4);
getch();
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.modify the details
4.exit
enter flight no=1
enter to=london
enter from=mumbai
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.modify the details
4.exit
enter flight no=2
enter to=kolkata
enter from=delhi
```

```
enter to=rajasthan

enter from=kolkata

1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.modify the details
4.exit
1

flight no:1
to:london
frommumbai
flight no:2
to:kolkata
fromdelhi
flight no:3
to:rajasthan
fromkolkata
```

```
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.modify the details
4.exit
3
input flight no to be modified:2
enter your records:
enter flight no=77
enter to=ueue
enter from=ii
```

```
1.read the string
2.write in the string
3.modify the details
4.exit
1
flight no:55
to:bb
froma
flight no:77
to:ueue
fromii
flight no:3
to:rajasthan
fromkolkata
```

## Make a menu based program to perform following operations on a binary file book.dat

1.Read 2. Write 3. Modify File contains objects of class book

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<process.h>
class book
int bno;
char bname[50], autname[50];
float price;
public:
 void enter()
cout << "\nbook no=";
cin>>bno;
cout<<"\nenter book name=";</pre>
cin>>bname;
cout<<"\nauthur name=";</pre>
cin>>autname;
cout<<"\nprice=";</pre>
cin>>price;
 void display()
cout<<"\nbook no="<<bno<<"\nbookname"<<bname<<"\nbookauthur="<<autname<<
"\nprice"<<pri>ce;
  char* authname()
  return autname;
  void update(int n)
  price=price+n;
```

```
void readfile()
book b;
ifstream fin("book.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
while(fin.read((char*)&b,sizeof(b)))
 b.display();
 if(fin.eof())
 break;
fin.close();
void writefile()
 book b;
 ofstreamfout("book.dat",ios::binary|ios::app);
 b.enter();
 fout.write((char*)&b,sizeof(b));
 fout.close();
void modify()
 int n;
 book b;
 ifstream file("book.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
 ofstreamfout("book.dat",ios::binary|ios::ate);
 char aut[50];
 cout<<"\nauth name=";</pre>
 cin>>aut;
 int x=0,pos;
 while(file.read((char*)&b,sizeof(b)))
 if (strcmpi(b.authname(),aut)==0)
 x=1;
 cout<<"\nenter amount to be added=";
 cin>>n;
  b.update(n);
 pos = (file.tellg()-sizeof(b));
 fout.seekp( pos,ios::beg);
 fout.write((char*)&b,sizeof(b));
```

```
if(file.eof())
break;
if(x==0)
cout<<"\nrecord not found";</pre>
file.close();
void main()
clrscr();
int menu;
do
cout<<"\n1.write 2.read 3.modify 4.exit";</pre>
cin>>menu;
switch(menu)
 case 1:writefile();break;
 case 2:readfile();break;
 case 3:modify();break;
 case 4:exit(0);break;
}while(menu!=4);
getch();
```

```
1.write 2.read 3.modify 4.exit1

book no=17

enter book name=lola

authur name=xyz

price=90

1.write 2.read 3.modify 4.exit2

book no=1

book namekk

book authur=abc

price7090

book no=17

book namelola

book authur=xyz

price90

1.write 2.read 3.modify 4.exit_
```

```
1.write 2.read 3.modify 4.exit3

auth name=xyz

enter amount to be added=50

1.write 2.read 3.modify 4.exit2

book no=1

book namekk

book authur=abc

price7090

book no=17

book namelola

book authur=xyz

price140
```

## Make a menu based program to perform following operations on a binary file vehicle.dat

1.Read 2. Write 3. Delete File contains objects of class vehicle

```
#include<fstream.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
class vehicle
```

```
private:intvno;
      char vname[40];
      char fueltype;//petrol p, disel d
public:void input()
      cout<<"\nenter vehicle no=";
      cin>>vno;
      cout<<"\nenter vehicle name=";</pre>
      gets(vname);
      cout<<"\nfuel type:\n1.petrol-p\n2.disel-d"<<endl;</pre>
      cin>>fueltype;
    void display()
cout<<"\nvehicle no:"<<vno<<"\nvehicle name:"<<vname<<"\nfueltype:"<<fueltype;
    int getvno()
      return vno;
};
void readfile()
vehicle v;
ifstream fin("vehicle.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
while(fin.read((char*)&v,sizeof(v)))
v.display();
if(fin.eof())
break;
fin.close();
void writefile()
vehicle v;
ofstreamfout("vehicle.dat",ios::binary|ios::app);
v.input();
fout.write((char*)&v,sizeof(v));
fout.close();
```

```
void deletE()
vehicle v:
ifstream fin("vehicle.dat",ios::binary|ios::in);
int x=0.no;
ofstreamfout("temp.dat",ios::binary|ios::app);
cout<<"\nenter vehicle no to be deleted=";
cin>>no;
while(fin.read((char*)&v,sizeof(v)))
 if(v.getvno()!=no)
 fout.write((char*)&v,sizeof(v));
 else
 x=1;
if(fin.eof())
break;
if(x==0)
cout<<"record not found";</pre>
fin.close();
fout.close();
remove("vehicle.dat");
rename("temp.dat","vehicle.dat");
void main()
clrscr();
int menu;
do
cout<<"\n1.write 2.read 3.delete 4.exit";</pre>
cin>>menu;
switch(menu)
case 1:writefile();break;
case 2:readfile();break;
case 3:deletE();break;
case 4:exit(0);break;
}while(menu!=4);
getch();
```

```
1.write 2.read 3.delete 4.exit1
enter vehicle no=1
enter vehicle name=polo
fuel type:
1.petrol-p
2.disel-d
1.write 2.read 3.delete 4.exit1
enter vehicle no=2
enter ∨ehicle name=baleno
fuel type:
1.petrol-p
2.disel-d
1.write 2.read 3.delete 4.exit_
1.write 2.read 3.delete 4.exit2
vehicle no:1
vehicle name:polo
fueltype:d
∨ehicle no:2
vehicle name:baleno
fueltype:p
vehicle no:3
vehicle name:alto
fueltype:p
1.write 2.read 3.delete 4.exit3
enter vehicle no to be deleted=2
1.write 2.read 3.delete 4.exit2
vehicle no:1
vehicle name:polo
fueltype:d
vehicle no:3
vehicle name:alto
fueltype:p
```

- Make a menu based program using function to implement following operations on array of 5 records of CandyBar. Input records in sorted order.
  - 1. Linear search
  - 2. Binary Search
  - 3. Display

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void lsearch(int arr[],int size,int ele)
int flag=0,comp=1;
for (int x=0;x < size;x++)
 if(ele==arr[x])
 cout<<"\nlinear search-";</pre>
 cout << "\ncandy bar found at=" << x+1 << " with comparision" << comp;
 flag++;break;
else comp++;
if(flag==0)
cout<<"\nnot found";</pre>
void bsearch(int a[],int size, int ele)
int flag, beg, end, mid;
beg=0; end=size-1;flag=0;
while(beg<end)
 mid=(beg+end)/2;
 if(ele==a[mid])
 cout<<"\nbinary search-";</pre>
 cout<<"\ncandy bar found at "<<mid+1;</pre>
 flag=1; break;
 else if(ele<a[mid])
 end=mid-1;
 else if(ele>a[mid])
 end=mid+1;
```

```
if(flag==0) cout<<"\nnot found";
}
void main()
{
clrscr();
int size, arr[20], ele;
cout<<"\nenter the total no. of candy bar=";
cin>>size;
cout<<"\nenter array:";
for(int x=0;x<size;x++)
{
    cout<<"\ncandy bar "<<x+1<<" quantity=";
    cin>>arr[x];
}
cout<<"enter the element to be searched=";
cin>>ele;
lsearch(arr,size,ele);
bsearch(arr,size,ele);
getch();
}
```

```
enter the total no. of candy bar=3

enter array:
candy bar 1 quantity=32

candy bar 2 quantity=43

candy bar 3 quantity=54
enter the element to be searched=43

linear search—
candy bar found at=2 with comparision2
binary search—
candy bar found at 2_
```

- 18 Program to implement following operations on 1D array
  - 1. Insertion at end
  - 2. Insertion at given location
  - 3. Insertion in sorted array
  - 4. Deletion at end
  - 5. Deletion at given location

**CLASS XII** 

6. Deletion of given data

Also make a function display to display contents of array

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<process.h>
void insert_end(int arr[], int&size,int n,int data)
if(size==n)
 cout<<"\noverflow";</pre>
else
 arr[n]=data;
 n++;
cout<<"\narray=";</pre>
for(int x=0;x< n;x++)
 cout<<arr[x]<<" ";
void insertatloc(int arr[],int&n,int data,int loc)
loc--;
for(int i=n-1;i>=loc;i--)
 arr[i+1]=arr[i];
arr[loc]=data;
n++;
cout<<"\narray=";
for(int x=0;x< n;x++)
 cout << arr[x] << " ";
void sortedarr(int arr[],int&n,int data)
int i,loc=-1;
```

```
//find location
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
if (arr[i]<data) continue;
 else
 loc=i;break;
if (loc==-1)
loc=n;
//shift the loc
for(i=n;i>=loc;i--)
arr[i+1]=arr[i];
arr[loc]=data;
n++;
cout<<"\narray=";</pre>
for(int x=0;x< n;x++)
cout << arr[x] << " ";
void delete_end(int arr[],int &n)
cout<<"\narray=";</pre>
for(int x=0;x< n-1;x++)
cout<<arr[x]<<" ";
void deleteatloc(int arr[],int&n,int loc)
for(int i=loc;i<n;i++)
arr[i-1]=arr[i];
n--;
cout<<"\narray=";
for(int x=0;x< n;x++)
```

```
cout<<arr[x]<<" ";
void deletebyele(int arr[],int&n,int data)
int i,loc;
//find location
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
 if(data==arr[i])
  loc=i;
 break;
//shift the loc
for(i=loc;i<n;i++)
 arr[i]=arr[i+1];
cout<<"\narray=";
for(int x=0;x< n-1;x++)
 cout << arr[x] << " ";
void main()
clrscr();
int n,arr[10],size=10;
cout<<"\nenter the size of the array=";</pre>
cin>>n;
cout<<"\nenter the array:";</pre>
for(int a=0;a<n;a++)
 cin>>arr[a];
int menu,data,loc;
do
 cout<<"\n1.insert at end ...2.insert at ur location \n3.insert in sorted array ...4.delete at
end \n5.delete at ur location ...6.delete your element \n7.exit:";
```

```
cin>>menu;
switch(menu)
 case 1:cout<<"\n enter element to be inserted:";
       cin>>data;
       insert_end(arr,size,n,data);
       break;
 case 2:cout<<"\nenter element to be inserted:";
       cin>>data;
       cout<<"\nenter location:";</pre>
       cin>>loc;
       insertatloc(arr,n,data,loc);
       break;
 case 3:cout<<"\nenter your element to be inserted:";</pre>
       cin>>data;
       sortedarr(arr,n,data);
       break;
 case 4:delete_end(arr,n);
       break;
 case 5:cout<<"\nenter location at which element has to be deleted:";
       cin>>loc;
       deleteatloc(arr,n,loc);
       break;
 case 6:cout<<"\nenter your element to be deleted:";
       cin>>data;
       deletebyele(arr,n,data);
       break;
 case 7:exit(0);
}while (menu!=7);
getch();
```

```
enter the array:1 3 5 7 9
1.insert at end ...2.insert at ur location
3.insert in sorted array ...4.delete at end
5.delete at ur location ...6.delete your element
7.exit:1
enter element to be inserted:11
array=1 3 5 7 9 11
1.insert at end ...2.insert at ur location
3.insert in sorted array ...4.delete at end
5.delete at ur location ...6.delete your element
7.exit:2
enter element to be inserted:2
enter location:2
array=1 2 3 5 7 9
1.insert at end ...2.insert at ur location
3.insert in sorted array ...4.delete at end
5.delete at ur location ...6.delete your element
7.exit:3
enter your element to be inserted:4
array=1 2 3 4 5 9
1.insert at end ...2.insert at ur location
3.insert in sorted array ...4.delete at end
5.delete at ur location ...6.delete your element
7.exit:4
array=1 2 3 4 5
```

```
1.insert at end ...2.insert at ur location
3.insert in sorted array ...4.delete at end
5.delete at ur location ...6.delete your element
7.exit:5

enter location at which element has to be deleted:3

array=1 2 4 5
1.insert at end ...2.insert at ur location
3.insert in sorted array ...4.delete at end
5.delete at ur location ...6.delete your element
7.exit:6

enter your element to be deleted:2

array=1 4 5
```

- Make a menu based program to perform the following operations on 1D array integers
  - 1.Input new record and insert at the end of the array
  - 2. Sort the array using Selection sort Technique
  - 3.Insert new record in the sorted array
  - 4.Display the records

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void display11(int arr[], int size)
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
 cout << arr[i] << " ";}
void selsort(int arr∏,int size)
int pos,temp;
for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
 for(int j=i+1;j < size;j++)
  if(arr[i]>arr[j])
   temp=arr[i];
   arr[i]=arr[j];
   arr[j]=temp;
 cout<<"\narray after each pass=";</pre>
 display11(arr,size);
void main()
clrscr();
int arr[10], size;
cout<<"\nenter size of array=";</pre>
cin>>size;
cout<<"\nenter array=";</pre>
for(int x=0;x<size;x++)
 cin>>arr[x];
```

```
cout<<"\nassending order-"<<endl;
selsort(arr,size);
getch();

enter size of array=4
  enter array=5 4 7 2
  assending order-
  array after each pass=2 5 7 4
  array after each pass=2 4 7 5
  array after each pass=2 4 5 7
  array after each pass=2 4 5 7
</pre>
```

- Make a menu based program to perform the following operations on 1D array of integers
  - 1. Input new record and insert at the end of the array
  - 2. Sort the array using Bubble sort technique
  - 3. Delete one number from end in the array.
  - 4. Display the elements

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void display(int arr[], int size)
{
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
  {
    cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
  }
}
void bubsort(int arr[],int size)
{
  int pos,temp;
  for(int i=0;i<size-1;i++)
  {
    for(int j=0;j<size-i-1;j++)
    {
      if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
      {
        temp=arr[j];
      arr[j]=arr[j+1];
    }
}
```

```
arr[j+1]=temp;
cout<<"\narray after each pass=";</pre>
display(arr,size);
void main()
clrscr();
int arr[10], size;
cout<<"\nenter size of array=";</pre>
cin>>size;
cout<<"\nenter array=";</pre>
for(int x=0;x<size;x++)
 cin>>arr[x];
cout<<"bubble sorting"<<endl;</pre>
bubsort(arr,size);
getch();
     enter size of array=4
     enter array=2 4 1 3
     bubble sorting
     array after each pass=2 1 3 4
     array after each pass=1 2 3 4
    array after each pass=1 2 3 4 _
```

## 21 Make a menu based program to perform the following operations on 1D array of integers

- 1. Input new record and insert at the end of the array
- 2. Sort the array using Insertion Sort technique
- 3. Search a particular number using Linear Search method
- 4. Display the records.

```
#include<conio.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#include<process.h>
void display(int arr[],int size)
cout << "\narray-";
for(int x=0;x < size;x++)
 cout<<arr[x];
void insertion(int a[],int n)
int i,pass,curr,pos;
for(pass=1;pass<n;pass++)</pre>
 curr=a[pass];
 pos=-1;
 for(i=0;i<=pass;i++)
 if(a[i]<=curr)
 pos++;
 if(pos!=pass)
 for(i=pass-1;i>=pos;i--)
 a[i+1] = a[i];
 a[pos]=curr;
 cout<<"\narray after"<<pass<<" pass is=\n";
 for(int k=0;k< n;k++)
 cout << a[k] << "\t";
```

```
void lsearch(int arr[],int size,int ele)
int flag=0,comp=1;
for (int x=0;x<size;x++)
if(ele==arr[x])
 cout << "\nelement found at=" << x+1 << " with comparision" << comp;
 flag++;break;
 else comp++;
if(flag==0)
cout<<"\nelement not found";</pre>
void main()
clrscr();
int arr[20], size, ele;
cout<<"\nenter the size of array=";</pre>
cin>>size;
cout<<"\nenter array=";</pre>
for(int x=0;x<size;x++)</pre>
 cin > arr[x];
int menu;
do
 cout << "\n1.insertion sort\n2.search an element\n3.display\n4.exit=";
 cin>>menu;
 switch(menu)
 case 1:insertion(arr,size); break;
 case 2:cout<<"\nenter the element to be searched=";</pre>
     cin>>ele;
     lsearch(arr,size,ele);break;
 case 3:display(arr,size);break;
 case 4: exit(0);
}while(menu!=3);
getch(); }
```

### Make a menu based program to implement stack using array 1.Push 2. Pop 3. Display

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
int a[10], size;
int top=-1;
void push()
if(top==size-1)
 cout<<"\nempty full.";</pre>
else
 int ele;
 cout<<"\nenter a element=";</pre>
 cin>>ele;
 top++;
 a[top]=ele;
 }
void pop()
```

```
if(top==-1)
 cout<<"\nstack is empty.";</pre>
else
 top--;
void display()
int x=top;
cout<<"\nyour stack=";</pre>
while(x>=0)
 cout << a[x] << " ";
 X--;
void main()
clrscr();
int menu;
cout<<"\nenter the size of your stack=";cin>>size;
do
cout<<"\n1.enter element.\n2.delete element.\n3.diplay stack.\n4.exit.-";
cin>>menu;
switch(menu)
 case 1:push();break;
 case 2:pop();break;
 case 3:display();break;
 case 4:exit(0);break;
}while(menu!=4);
getch();
```

```
enter the size of your stack=4
1.enter element.
2.delete element.
3.diplay stack.
4.exit.-1
enter a element=2
1.enter element.
2.delete element.
3.diplay stack.
4.exit.-1
enter a element=3
1.enter element.
2.delete element.
3.diplay stack.
4.exit.-1
enter a element=5_
1.enter element.
2.delete element.
3.diplay stack.
4.exit.-3
your stack=5 3 2
1.enter element.
2.delete element.
3.diplay stack.
4.exit.-2
1.enter element.
2.delete element.
3.diplay stack.
4.exit.-3
your stack=3 2
```

# Make a menu based program to implement Stack using Linked lists1. Push 2.Pop 3. Display

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
struct node
{
  int info;
  node *next;
}:
```

```
class stack
private:node *top;
public:
                stack()
                {
                top=NULL;
                void push();
                void pop();
                void display();
void stack::push()
int ele;
cout<<"\ninput data";</pre>
cin>>ele;
node*ptr=new node;
ptr->info=ele;
ptr->next=NULL;
if(top==NULL)
 top=ptr;
else
 ptr->next=top;
 top=ptr;
display();
void stack::display()
node *temp=top;
if(temp==NULL)
 cout<<"\nstack is empty;";</pre>
else
 cout<<"\ntop->";
 while(temp!=NULL)
 cout<<temp->info<<"->";
```

```
temp=temp->next;
void stack::pop()
if(top==NULL)
 cout<<"\nstack is emptyt";</pre>
else
 node *temp=top;
 top=top->next;
 delete temp;
display();
void main()
clrscr();
stack st;
int menu;
do
 cout<<"\n1.enter the element \n2.delete the element \n3.display all \n4.exit;";
 cin>>menu;
 switch(menu)
 case 1:st.push();break;
 case 2:st.pop();break;
 case 3:st.display();break;
 case 4:exit(0);break;
}while(menu!=4);
getch();
```

```
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;1
input data3
top->3->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;1
input data5
top->5->3->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;1
input data 6_
top->6->5->3->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;2
top->5->3->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;3
top->5->3->
```

### Make a menu based program to implement Queue using array 1. Insert 2. Remove 3. Display

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
int a[20],size;
int front=-1;
int rear=-1;
void enqueue()
{
  int ele;
  if(rear==size-1)
  cout<<"\nqueue is full.";</pre>
```

```
else
cout<<"\ninput element=";</pre>
cin>>ele;
 rear++;
 a[rear]=ele;
if(front==-1)
front=0;
void dequeue()
if(front==-1)
cout<<"\nstack is empty.";</pre>
else
front++;
if(front==rear+1)
front=-1;
void display()
int x=front;
cout<<"\nur queue= ";</pre>
while(x<=rear)</pre>
cout<<a[x]<<" ";
 X++;
void main()
clrscr();
int menu;
cout<<"\nenter size of the queue=";</pre>
cin>>size;
do
cout<<"\n1.input.\n2.delete.\n3.display.\n4.exit.";</pre>
cin>>menu;
 switch(menu)
 case 1:enqueue();break;
```

```
case 2:dequeue();break;
 case 3:display();break;
 case 4:exit(0);
}while(menu!=4);
getch();
    enter size of the queue=4
    1. input.
    Z.delete.
    3.display.
    4.exit.1
    input element=3
    1.input.
    2.delete.
    3.display.
    4.exit.1
    input element=4
```

```
1.input.
2.delete.
3.display.
4.exit.3

ur queue= 3 4 5
1.input.
2.delete.
3.display.
4.exit.2

1.input.
2.delete.
3.display.
4.exit.2
```

#### Make a menu based program to implement Queue using Linked Lists 1. Insert 2. Remove 3. Display

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
struct node
```

```
int info; node *next;
};
class queue
private: node *rear, *front;
public:queue()
    rear=front=NULL;
    void insert(int);
    void remove();
    void display();
void queue:: insert(int ele)
node *ptr=new node;
ptr->info=ele;
ptr->next=NULL;
if(front==NULL)
 front=ptr;rear=ptr;
else
 rear->next=ptr; rear=ptr;
display();
void queue::remove()
if (front==NULL)
cout<<"\nqueue is empty";</pre>
else
 node *temp=front;
 front=front->next;
 if(front==NULL)
 rear=NULL;
 delete temp;
display();
```

```
void queue::display()
node*temp=front;
if(temp==NULL)cout<<"\nqueue is empty!!";</pre>
 while(temp!=NULL)
 cout<<temp->info<<"->";
 temp=temp->next;
void main()
clrscr();
queue q;
int menu,ele;
do
 cout<<"\n1.enter the element \n2.delete the element \n3.display all \n4.exit;";
 cin>>menu;
 switch(menu)
 case 1:cout<<"\nenter the element";</pre>
                 cin>>ele;
                 q.insert(ele);
                 break;
 case 2:q.remove();break;
 case 3:q.display();break;
 case 4:exit(0);break;
}while(menu!=4);
getch(); }
```

```
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;1
enter the element2
2->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;1
enter the element3
2->3->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;1
enter the element4
2->3->4->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;2
3->4->
1.enter the element
2.delete the element
3.display all
4.exit;3
3->4->
```

## Make a menu based program to implement Circular Queue using arrayInsert 2. Remove 3. Display

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
class cqueue
{
    private:int data[5];
        int rear,front;
public: cqueue()
        {
        rear=front=-1;
        }
        void cinsert(int ele)
        {
        if(rear==4&&front==0||front==rear+1)
        {
        }
    }
}
```

```
cout<<"queue is full/";</pre>
 return;
if(rear==-1)
 rear++;
 front++;
else if(rear==4&&front!=0)
rear=0;
else
rear++;
data[rear]=ele;
cdisplay();
void cremove()
if(front==-1)
cout<<"\nqueue is empty";</pre>
else
 if(front==rear)
 front=-1;
 rear=-1;
 else if(front==4)
 front=0;
 else
 front++;
cdisplay();
void cdisplay()
int temp=front;
if(temp==-1)
cout<< "\nqueue is empty";</pre>
else
 cout << "\nrear = " << rear << "\n";
 while(temp!=rear)
```

```
cout<<data[temp]<<">";
        temp=(temp+1)%5;
       cout<<data[temp];</pre>
};
void main()
clrscr();
int menu,ele;
cqueue c;
do
 cout<<"\n1.input.\n2.delete.\n3.display.\n4.exit.";</pre>
 cin>>menu;
 switch(menu)
 case 1:cout<<"\nenter the element";cin>>ele;
       c.cinsert(ele);break;
 case 2:c.cremove();break;
 case 3:c.cdisplay();break;
 case 4:exit(0);
}while(menu!=4);
getch();
```

```
1.input.
2.delete.
3.display.
4.exit.1
enter the element3
front= 0
rear= 0
3
1. input.
2.delete.
3.display.
4.exit.1
enter the element4
front= 0
rear= 1
3>4
enter the element5
front= 0
rear= 2
3>4>5
1. input.
2.delete.
3.display.
4.exit.3
front= 0
rear= 2
3>4>5
1. input.
2.delete.
3.display.
4.exit.2
front= 1
rear= 2
4>5
```

**JOURNAL PROGRAM 2018-19**