

Class11: Structural Bioinformatics

Saumya Ranjan (A15483401)

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A quick look at the PDB

```
db <- read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv", row.names = 1)
db
```

```
##           X.ray   NMR   EM Multiple.methods Neutron Other  Total
## Protein (only) 142303 11804 5999           177     70    32 160385
## Protein/Oligosaccharide 8414    31  979           5      0     0   9429
## Protein/NA      7491    274 1986           3      0     0   9754
## Nucleic acid (only) 2368   1372   60           8      2     1   3811
## Other           149     31    3           0      0     0    183
## Oligosaccharide (only) 11      6    0           1      0     4     22
```

```
head(db)
```

```
##           X.ray   NMR   EM Multiple.methods Neutron Other  Total
## Protein (only) 142303 11804 5999           177     70    32 160385
## Protein/Oligosaccharide 8414    31  979           5      0     0   9429
## Protein/NA      7491    274 1986           3      0     0   9754
## Nucleic acid (only) 2368   1372   60           8      2     1   3811
## Other           149     31    3           0      0     0    183
## Oligosaccharide (only) 11      6    0           1      0     4     22
```

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
method.sums <- colSums(db)
round((method.sums/method.sums["Total"]) * 100 , 2)
```

```
##           X.ray           NMR           EM Multiple.methods
##           87.55           7.36           4.92           0.11
##           Neutron           Other           Total
##           0.04           0.02          100.00
```

– x-ray: 87.6% EM: 4.9% Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

```
round((db$Total/method.sums["Total"]) * 100 , 2)
```

```
## [1] 87.36  5.14  5.31  2.08  0.10  0.01
```

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

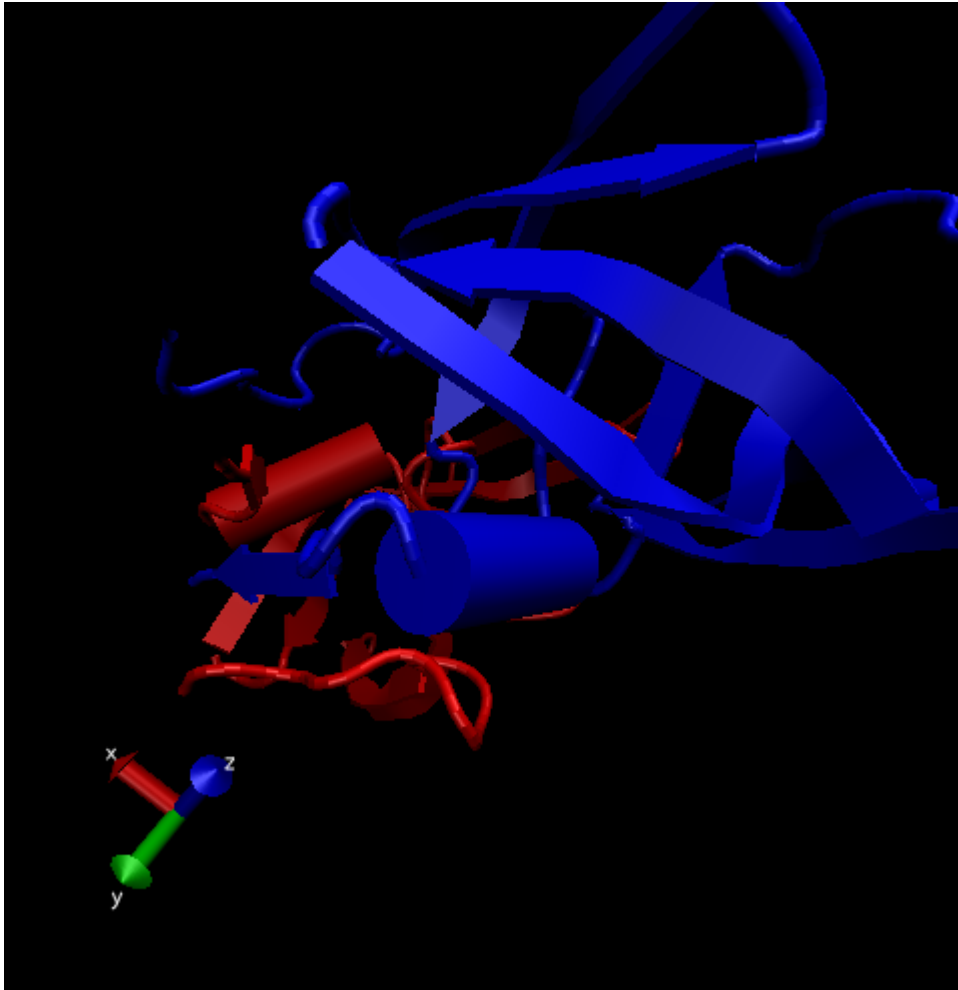
– 1828 structures

Visualizing the HIV-1 protease structure

Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?

– the hydrogen is too small to be seen in this model. Only the oxygen is large enough to be visible

Q5: There is a conserved water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have (see note below)?



##Using Bio3D

```
library(bio3d)
```

```
pdb <-read.pdb("1hsg")
```

```
## Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
```

```
pdb
```

```
##
## Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
##
## Total Models#: 1
## Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
##
## Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
## Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
##
## Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
## Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
##
## Protein sequence:
## PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
## QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
## ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
## VNIIGNLLTQIGCTLNF
##
## + attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
## calpha, remark, call
```

```
aa123( pdbseq(pdb) )
```

```
## [1] "PRO" "GLN" "ILE" "THR" "LEU" "TRP" "GLN" "ARG" "PRO" "LEU" "VAL" "THR"
## [13] "ILE" "LYS" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "GLN" "LEU" "LYS" "GLU" "ALA" "LEU" "LEU"
## [25] "ASP" "THR" "GLY" "ALA" "ASP" "ASP" "THR" "VAL" "LEU" "GLU" "GLU" "MET"
## [37] "SER" "LEU" "PRO" "GLY" "ARG" "TRP" "LYS" "PRO" "LYS" "MET" "ILE" "GLY"
## [49] "GLY" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "PHE" "ILE" "LYS" "VAL" "ARG" "GLN" "TYR" "ASP"
## [61] "GLN" "ILE" "LEU" "ILE" "GLU" "ILE" "CYS" "GLY" "HIS" "LYS" "ALA" "ILE"
## [73] "GLY" "THR" "VAL" "LEU" "VAL" "GLY" "PRO" "THR" "PRO" "VAL" "ASN" "ILE"
## [85] "ILE" "GLY" "ARG" "ASN" "LEU" "LEU" "THR" "GLN" "ILE" "GLY" "CYS" "THR"
## [97] "LEU" "ASN" "PHE" "PRO" "GLN" "ILE" "THR" "LEU" "TRP" "GLN" "ARG" "PRO"
## [109] "LEU" "VAL" "THR" "ILE" "LYS" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "GLN" "LEU" "LYS" "GLU"
## [121] "ALA" "LEU" "LEU" "ASP" "THR" "GLY" "ALA" "ASP" "ASP" "THR" "VAL" "LEU"
## [133] "GLU" "GLU" "MET" "SER" "LEU" "PRO" "GLY" "ARG" "TRP" "LYS" "PRO" "LYS"
## [145] "MET" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "ILE" "GLY" "GLY" "PHE" "ILE" "LYS" "VAL" "ARG"
## [157] "GLN" "TYR" "ASP" "GLN" "ILE" "LEU" "ILE" "GLU" "ILE" "CYS" "GLY" "HIS"
## [169] "LYS" "ALA" "ILE" "GLY" "THR" "VAL" "LEU" "VAL" "GLY" "PRO" "THR" "PRO"
## [181] "VAL" "ASN" "ILE" "ILE" "GLY" "ARG" "ASN" "LEU" "LEU" "THR" "GLN" "ILE"
## [193] "GLY" "CYS" "THR" "LEU" "ASN" "PHE"
```

The atom records

```
head(pdb$atom)
```

##	type	eleno	elety	alt	resid	chain	resno	insert	x	y	z	o	b
## 1	ATOM	1	N	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.361	39.686	5.862	1	38.10
## 2	ATOM	2	CA	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.307	38.663	5.319	1	40.62
## 3	ATOM	3	C	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.760	38.071	4.022	1	42.64
## 4	ATOM	4	O	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	28.600	38.302	3.676	1	43.40
## 5	ATOM	5	CB	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.508	37.541	6.342	1	37.87
## 6	ATOM	6	CG	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.296	37.591	7.162	1	38.40

##	segid	elesy	charge
## 1	<NA>	N	<NA>
## 2	<NA>	C	<NA>
## 3	<NA>	C	<NA>
## 4	<NA>	O	<NA>
## 5	<NA>	C	<NA>
## 6	<NA>	C	<NA>