

**Task 7: To interface motor using relay with Arduino write a program to control the direction of the motor**

Aim:

To interface motor using relay with Arduino write a program to control the direction of the motor using L293D Motor driver controller.

Apparatus Required:

- Arduino board
- L293D Motor Driver
- DC motor
- Push Button (for motor direction control)
- Jumper wires
- ThinerCAD Simulator

Procedure

Step 1: Open TinkerCAD

Visit TinkerCAD (<https://www.tinkercad.com/>) and log in or create an account.

Step 2: Create a New Circuit

Step 3: Add Components to the Circuit

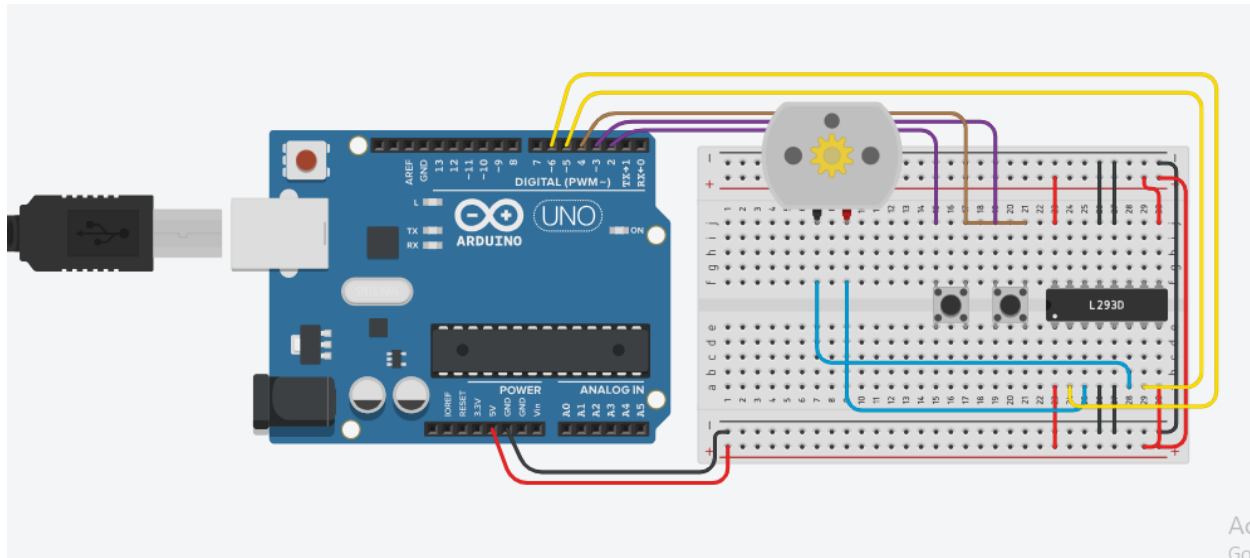
Arduino Uno, L293D Motor Driver, DC Motor, Two Push Buttons

Step 4: Connect the Components as per circuit mentioned.

Step 5: Write and Upload the Arduino Code into the TinkerCAD Code Editor.

Step 6: Simulate using the "Start Simulation" button to see the motor's behavior in response to the push button presses.

## Circuit Diagram



## Program

```
#include <Keypad.h>

int motorPin1 = 5; // One motor wire connected to digital pin 5
int motorPin2 = 6; // One motor wire connected to digital pin 6

const byte ROWS = 2; //Two rows
const byte COLS = 1; //one columns

//define the symbols on the buttons of the keypads
char hexaKeys[ROWS][COLS] = {
  {'2'},
  {'1'}
};

byte rowPins[ROWS] = {3, 2}; //connect to the row pinouts of the keypad
byte colPins[COLS] = {4}; //connect to the column pinouts of the keypad

//initialize an instance of class NewKeypad
//Keypad keypad = Keypad( makeKeymap(keys), rowPins, colPins, ROWS, COLS );
Keypad customKeypad = Keypad( makeKeymap(hexaKeys), rowPins, colPins, ROWS, COLS);
```

```

void setup(){
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop(){
    char customKey = customKeypad.getKey();
    switch (customKey) {
        case '1':
            Serial.println("Rotates To Left");
            rotateLeft();
            break;
        case '2':
            Serial.println("Rotates To Right");
            rotateRight();
            break;
    }
}

void rotateLeft(){
    digitalWrite(motorPin1, HIGH); //rotates motor
    digitalWrite(motorPin2, LOW); // set the Pin motorPin2 LOW
}

void rotateRight(){
    digitalWrite(motorPin2, HIGH); //rotates motor
    digitalWrite(motorPin1, LOW); // set the Pin motorPin1 LOW
}

```

## Result

Thus the motor Direction controller using arduino has designed and experimented successfully using TinkerCAD Simulator.