

Problem Statement

CT Scan Images Classification

Data Overview

This dataset contains 1252 Ct scans that are positive for SARS-CoV-2 infection (COVID-19) and 1230 CT scans for patients no-infected by SARS-CoV-2 scans in total. These data have been collected from real parients in hospitals from Sao Paulo, Brazil. The aim of this dataset is to encourage the resarch and development of artificial intelligence methods which are able to identify if a person is infected by SARS-CoV-2 through the analysis of his/her CT scans.

Steps To Complete This Capstone Project

1- Download the Data from this Link.

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1WOeodRmv1Mw5Cswuip3nUli6ViQWKpo_?usp=sharing

- 2- the images are in differnet sizes so you have to take a fixed size on which you have to work.
- 3- Do data augmentation on it, mention at least 5args inside it.
- 4- Train Model on it you only have to use resnet from resnet you can pick any layer model like ResNet-18, ResNet-34, ResNet-50, ResNet-101, ResNet-110, ResNet-152, ResNet-164, ResNet-1202.

And mention early stopping and modelcheckpoint while training.

5- Do Prediction and mention multiple performance metrics.

1. **Import** the Rquired **Libraries**

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
import cv2
import os
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
```

```
from keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input
from keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, BatchNormalization, GlobalAveragePooling2D
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, ReduceLROnPlateau
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.applications import ResNet50
from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot_model

# Supress info, warnings and error messages
os.environ['TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL'] = '3'
print("All Libraries are Imported Succesfully")
```

All Libraries are Imported Successfully

2. Load the Dataset

```
In [2]: disease_types = ['Covid', 'Non-Covid']

train_dir = data_dir = '/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Capstone Project/Datase
train_data = []

for index, sp in enumerate(disease_types):
    for file in os.listdir(os.path.join(train_dir, sp)):
        train_data.append([sp + "/" + file, index, sp])

train = pd.DataFrame(train_data, columns = ['File', 'ID', 'Disease Type'])
train
```

Out[2]:		File	ID	Disease Type
	0	Covid/Covid (726).png	0	Covid
	1	Covid/Covid (810).png	0	Covid
	2	Covid/Covid (727).png	0	Covid
	3	Covid/Covid (757).png	0	Covid
	4	Covid/Covid (742).png	0	Covid
	•••			
	2476	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (671).png	1	Non-Covid
	2477	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (733).png	1	Non-Covid
	2478	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (727).png	1	Non-Covid
	2479	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (695).png	1	Non-Covid
	2480	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (775).png	1	Non-Covid

2481 rows × 3 columns

Setting Up the Dataset and adding column for the Histogram

```
In [3]: Seed = 40

train = train.sample(frac = 1, replace=False, random_state = Seed)

# Reset indices (row numbers)
train = train.reset_index(drop = True)

sns.countplot(x = "ID", data = train).set_title("Frequency Histogram (0: COVID, 1:Non-train)
```

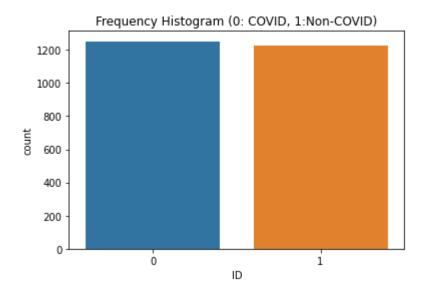
Non-Covid

Out[3]:		File	ID	Disease Type
	0	Covid/Covid (727).png	0	Covid
	1	Covid/Covid (277).png	0	Covid
	2	Covid/Covid (29).png	0	Covid
	3	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (540).png	1	Non-Covid
	4	Covid/Covid (1203).png	0	Covid
	•••			
	2476	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (254).png	1	Non-Covid
	2477	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (802).png	1	Non-Covid
	2478	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (1052).png	1	Non-Covid
	2479	Non-Covid/Non-Covid (1034).png	1	Non-Covid

Non-Covid/Non-Covid (87).png

2481 rows × 3 columns

2480



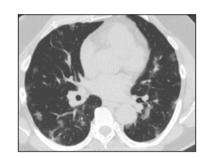
Observation:

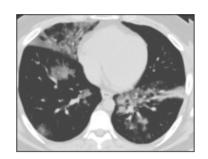
- 1. We have total 2481 Images in our dataset.
- 2. Positive are 1250 CT scan images.
- 3. Negatice are 1230 CT scan images.

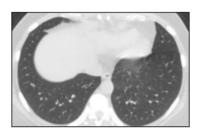
Ploting the Images

```
In [4]:
        from collections.abc import ValuesView
        def plot_defects(defect_types, rows, cols):
          fig, ax = plt.subplots(rows, cols, figsize=(12, 12))
          defect_files = train['File'][train['Disease Type'] == defect_types].values
          n = 0
          fig.suptitle(defect_types, fontsize = 22, color = "white")
          for i in range(rows):
            for j in range(cols):
              image_path = os.path.join(data_dir, defect_files[n])
              ax[i, j].set_xticks([])
              ax[i, j].set_yticks([])
              ax[i, j].imshow(cv2.imread(image path))
              n = n+1
        plot_defects('Covid', 3, 3)
        plot_defects('Non-Covid', 3, 3)
```

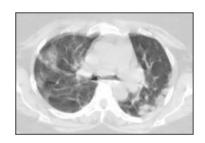


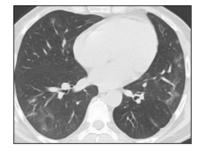






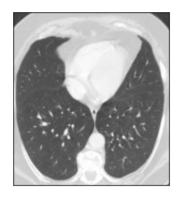


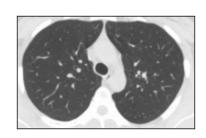


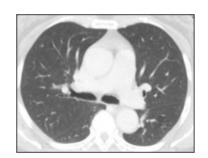


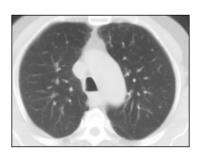


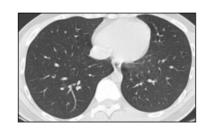


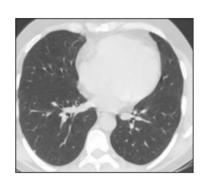


















3. Resizing the Images

```
In [5]: IMAGE_SIZE = 224

# OpenCV Function to Load colored image
def read_image(filepath):
    return cv2.imread(os.path.join(data_dir, filepath))

# OpenCV Function to resize an image
def resize_image(image, image_size):
    return cv2.resize(image.copy(), image_size, interpolation = cv2.INTER_AREA)
```

Observations:

Here I am resizing all the images to one size so that my model can train perfectly and do right predictions.

```
In [6]: X_train = np.zeros((train.shape[0], IMAGE_SIZE, IMAGE_SIZE, 3))
        for i, file in enumerate(train['File'].values):
            image = read image(file)
            if image is not None:
                X_train[i] = resize_image(image, (IMAGE_SIZE, IMAGE_SIZE))
        X Train = X train / 255.0 # Pixel normalization
         print('Train Shape:', X_Train.shape)
        Y train = to categorical(train['ID'].values, num classes = 2)
        print(Y train)
        Train Shape: (2481, 224, 224, 3)
        [[1. 0.]
         [1. 0.]
         [1. 0.]
         . . .
         [0. 1.]
         [0. 1.]
         [0. 1.]]
```

4. Spliting the Dataset into Train and Test

5. Building Model ResNet50

```
In [8]: # Architectural function for DenseNet-169
def build_ResNet50(IMAGE_SIZE, channels):
    resnet50 = ResNet50(weights = 'imagenet', include_top = False)

    input = Input(shape = (IMAGE_SIZE, IMAGE_SIZE, channels))
    x = Conv2D(3, (3, 3), padding = 'same')(input)
    x = resnet50(x)
    x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
```

Observations:

- 1- Here I am training my model from ResNet50.
- 2- I am using Imagenet for wights.
- 3- For my model input size is 224.
- 4- Conv2d layer, Global Average Pooling, Batch Normalization these parameters i am using here.
- 5- My loss will be the Categorical Crossentropy

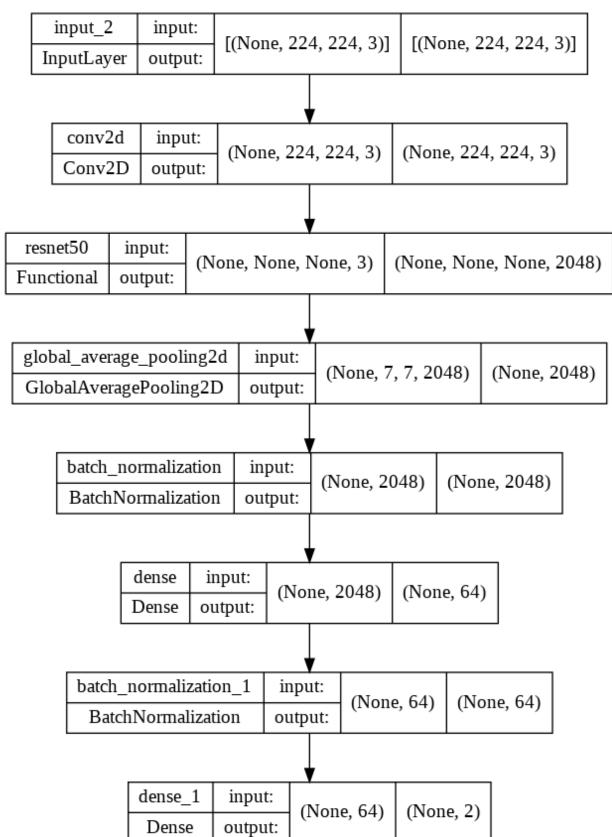
Data Augmentation

```
channels = 3
In [9]:
        model = build ResNet50(IMAGE SIZE, channels)
        annealer = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor = 'val_accuracy', # Reduce Learning rate when Va
                                  factor = 0.70, # Rate by which the learning rate will de
                                   patience = 5, # number of epochs without improvement, a
                                  verbose = 1,  # Display messages
                                  min_lr = 1e-4 # lower limit on the learning rate.
        checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('model.h5', verbose = 1, save_best_only = True) # Save r
        # Generates batches of image data with data augmentation
        datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rotation range = 360, # Degree range for random rotations
                              width_shift_range = 0.2, # Range for random horizontal shift
                              height_shift_range = 0.2, # Range for random vertical shifts
                              datagen.fit(X train)
        plot_model(model, to_file = 'convnet.png', show_shapes = True, show_layer_names = True
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 224, 224, 3)]	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 3)	84
resnet50 (Functional)	(None, None, None, 2048)	23587712
<pre>global_average_pooling2d (G lobalAveragePooling2D)</pre>	(None, 2048)	0
<pre>batch_normalization (BatchN ormalization)</pre>	(None, 2048)	8192
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	131136
<pre>batch_normalization_1 (Batc hNormalization)</pre>	(None, 64)	256
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 2)	130
		========

Total params: 23,727,510 Trainable params: 23,670,166 Non-trainable params: 57,344 Out[9]:



6. Training the Model

```
In [10]: BATCH_SIZE = 8
EPOCHS = 50
```

```
Epoch 1/50
248/248 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.6146 - accuracy: 0.7359
Epoch 1: val_loss improved from inf to 4.68321, saving model to model.h5
248/248 [============== ] - 59s 150ms/step - loss: 0.6146 - accuracy:
0.7359 - val_loss: 4.6832 - val_accuracy: 0.4869 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 2/50
Epoch 2: val loss improved from 4.68321 to 2.25375, saving model to model.h5
248/248 [==============] - 35s 141ms/step - loss: 0.4294 - accuracy:
0.8059 - val loss: 2.2537 - val accuracy: 0.4869 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 3/50
Epoch 3: val_loss improved from 2.25375 to 1.27102, saving model to model.h5
248/248 [==============] - 34s 136ms/step - loss: 0.3833 - accuracy:
0.8372 - val loss: 1.2710 - val accuracy: 0.5151 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 4/50
Epoch 4: val_loss improved from 1.27102 to 0.45459, saving model to model.h5
0.8372 - val loss: 0.4546 - val accuracy: 0.7767 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 5/50
248/248 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.3320 - accuracy: 0.8609
Epoch 5: val loss did not improve from 0.45459
0.8609 - val loss: 0.9704 - val accuracy: 0.6640 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 6/50
Epoch 6: val loss improved from 0.45459 to 0.23998, saving model to model.h5
0.8644 - val loss: 0.2400 - val accuracy: 0.9135 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 7/50
248/248 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.3126 - accuracy: 0.8679
Epoch 7: val loss did not improve from 0.23998
0.8679 - val_loss: 0.2536 - val_accuracy: 0.9135 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 8: val loss did not improve from 0.23998
0.8780 - val_loss: 1.0396 - val_accuracy: 0.5272 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 9: val loss did not improve from 0.23998
248/248 [============== ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.2849 - accuracy:
0.8790 - val_loss: 0.4024 - val_accuracy: 0.8652 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 10/50
248/248 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.2936 - accuracy: 0.8745
Epoch 10: val loss did not improve from 0.23998
248/248 [============== ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.2936 - accuracy:
0.8745 - val_loss: 0.4092 - val_accuracy: 0.8913 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 11/50
Epoch 11: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.002100000018253922.
Epoch 11: val loss improved from 0.23998 to 0.23202, saving model to model.h5
248/248 [============== ] - 34s 136ms/step - loss: 0.2811 - accuracy:
0.8831 - val_loss: 0.2320 - val_accuracy: 0.9095 - lr: 0.0030
Epoch 12/50
Epoch 12: val_loss did not improve from 0.23202
```

```
0.8997 - val loss: 0.4670 - val accuracy: 0.8129 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 13/50
Epoch 13: val loss did not improve from 0.23202
248/248 [=============] - 32s 129ms/step - loss: 0.1982 - accuracy:
0.9214 - val loss: 0.2339 - val accuracy: 0.9135 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 14/50
Epoch 14: val loss did not improve from 0.23202
0.9098 - val loss: 1.1749 - val accuracy: 0.6016 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 15/50
Epoch 15: val loss did not improve from 0.23202
248/248 [============== ] - 32s 129ms/step - loss: 0.2348 - accuracy:
0.9032 - val loss: 0.3384 - val accuracy: 0.8390 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 16/50
Epoch 16: val loss improved from 0.23202 to 0.21326, saving model to model.h5
0.9042 - val_loss: 0.2133 - val_accuracy: 0.9175 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 17/50
Epoch 17: val loss improved from 0.21326 to 0.20781, saving model to model.h5
248/248 [============== ] - 34s 137ms/step - loss: 0.2184 - accuracy:
0.9153 - val_loss: 0.2078 - val_accuracy: 0.9155 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 18/50
248/248 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.2023 - accuracy: 0.9249
Epoch 18: val loss did not improve from 0.20781
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.2023 - accuracy:
0.9249 - val_loss: 0.3145 - val_accuracy: 0.9235 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 19/50
Epoch 19: val loss did not improve from 0.20781
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1843 - accuracy:
0.9355 - val_loss: 0.4504 - val_accuracy: 0.8632 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 20/50
Epoch 20: val_loss improved from 0.20781 to 0.16727, saving model to model.h5
0.9214 - val loss: 0.1673 - val accuracy: 0.9356 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 21/50
248/248 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.1690 - accuracy: 0.9385
Epoch 21: val_loss did not improve from 0.16727
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1690 - accuracy:
0.9385 - val loss: 0.2404 - val accuracy: 0.9095 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 22/50
Epoch 22: val_loss did not improve from 0.16727
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1932 - accuracy:
0.9274 - val loss: 0.2293 - val accuracy: 0.9296 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 23/50
248/248 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.1779 - accuracy: 0.9345
Epoch 23: val loss did not improve from 0.16727
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1779 - accuracy:
0.9345 - val_loss: 0.1698 - val_accuracy: 0.9276 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 24/50
Epoch 24: val_loss did not improve from 0.16727
```

```
0.9254 - val loss: 0.2686 - val accuracy: 0.9034 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 25/50
Epoch 25: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.0014699999475851653.
Epoch 25: val loss did not improve from 0.16727
0.9294 - val_loss: 0.6511 - val_accuracy: 0.8270 - lr: 0.0021
Epoch 26/50
Epoch 26: val loss did not improve from 0.16727
248/248 [=============] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1599 - accuracy:
0.9435 - val loss: 0.2603 - val accuracy: 0.8994 - lr: 0.0015
Epoch 27: val loss improved from 0.16727 to 0.09714, saving model to model.h5
0.9572 - val loss: 0.0971 - val accuracy: 0.9718 - lr: 0.0015
Epoch 28/50
Epoch 28: val loss did not improve from 0.09714
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1117 - accuracy:
0.9688 - val loss: 0.6843 - val accuracy: 0.7746 - lr: 0.0015
Epoch 29/50
Epoch 29: val loss improved from 0.09714 to 0.08412, saving model to model.h5
248/248 [============= ] - 34s 136ms/step - loss: 0.1471 - accuracy:
0.9516 - val loss: 0.0841 - val accuracy: 0.9678 - lr: 0.0015
Epoch 30/50
Epoch 30: val_loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [============== ] - 32s 129ms/step - loss: 0.1386 - accuracy:
0.9486 - val loss: 0.8945 - val accuracy: 0.7002 - lr: 0.0015
Epoch 31/50
Epoch 31: val_loss did not improve from 0.08412
0.9567 - val loss: 0.3168 - val accuracy: 0.9155 - lr: 0.0015
Epoch 32/50
Epoch 32: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.0010289999307133257.
Epoch 32: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [=============] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1174 - accuracy:
0.9627 - val loss: 0.5649 - val accuracy: 0.8008 - lr: 0.0015
Epoch 33/50
Epoch 33: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
0.9622 - val loss: 0.0888 - val accuracy: 0.9678 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 34/50
Epoch 34: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.0831 - accuracy:
0.9698 - val loss: 0.9765 - val accuracy: 0.6821 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 35/50
Epoch 35: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 131ms/step - loss: 0.0927 - accuracy:
```

```
0.9693 - val loss: 0.1176 - val accuracy: 0.9618 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 36/50
Epoch 36: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1296 - accuracy:
0.9572 - val loss: 0.2019 - val accuracy: 0.9396 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 37/50
Epoch 37: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.0007202999433502554.
Epoch 37: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.0985 - accuracy:
0.9642 - val_loss: 0.1179 - val_accuracy: 0.9557 - lr: 0.0010
Epoch 38/50
Epoch 38: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 131ms/step - loss: 0.1108 - accuracy:
0.9642 - val_loss: 0.0998 - val_accuracy: 0.9557 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 39/50
Epoch 39: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [==============] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.0815 - accuracy:
0.9748 - val loss: 0.1044 - val accuracy: 0.9638 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 40/50
Epoch 40: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [==============] - 33s 134ms/step - loss: 0.0810 - accuracy:
0.9743 - val loss: 0.1339 - val accuracy: 0.9517 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 41/50
248/248 [=============] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.1033 - accuracy: 0.9698
Epoch 41: val loss did not improve from 0.08412
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.1033 - accuracy:
0.9698 - val loss: 0.2593 - val accuracy: 0.9095 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 42/50
248/248 [============] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0917 - accuracy: 0.9698
Epoch 42: val loss improved from 0.08412 to 0.07990, saving model to model.h5
248/248 [============= ] - 34s 135ms/step - loss: 0.0917 - accuracy:
0.9698 - val loss: 0.0799 - val accuracy: 0.9759 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 43/50
248/248 [=============] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0856 - accuracy: 0.9698
Epoch 43: val loss did not improve from 0.07990
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.0856 - accuracy:
0.9698 - val loss: 0.1937 - val accuracy: 0.9256 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 44/50
Epoch 44: val loss did not improve from 0.07990
248/248 [============= ] - 33s 135ms/step - loss: 0.0894 - accuracy:
0.9708 - val_loss: 0.0804 - val_accuracy: 0.9759 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 45/50
Epoch 45: val loss did not improve from 0.07990
0.9662 - val_loss: 0.1187 - val_accuracy: 0.9577 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 46/50
Epoch 46: val loss did not improve from 0.07990
0.9698 - val_loss: 0.0895 - val_accuracy: 0.9698 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 47/50
248/248 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0794 - accuracy: 0.9748
```

Epoch 47: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.0005042099684942513.

```
Epoch 47: val loss did not improve from 0.07990
248/248 [============= ] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.0794 - accuracy:
0.9748 - val loss: 0.1044 - val accuracy: 0.9678 - lr: 7.2030e-04
Epoch 48/50
Epoch 48: val loss did not improve from 0.07990
248/248 [=============] - 32s 130ms/step - loss: 0.0703 - accuracy:
0.9788 - val loss: 0.0800 - val accuracy: 0.9759 - lr: 5.0421e-04
Epoch 49/50
248/248 [=============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0636 - accuracy: 0.9819
Epoch 49: val loss did not improve from 0.07990
248/248 [=============] - 32s 129ms/step - loss: 0.0636 - accuracy:
0.9819 - val loss: 0.2078 - val accuracy: 0.9215 - lr: 5.0421e-04
Epoch 50/50
Epoch 50: val_loss did not improve from 0.07990
0.9798 - val loss: 0.0809 - val accuracy: 0.9799 - lr: 5.0421e-04
```

Observations:

- 1- My final Accuracy is **0.9798**.
 - 1. final Loss is 0.0610.
 - 2. Val_loss is 0.0809.
 - 3. Val_accuracy is **0.9790**.

Checking the Accuracy

```
In [11]: Y_pred = model.predict(X_val)
         Y pred = np.argmax(Y pred, axis = 1)
          Y_true = np.argmax(Y_val, axis = 1)
          cm = confusion_matrix(Y_true, Y_pred)
          plt.figure(figsize = (12, 12))
          ax = sns.heatmap(cm, cmap = plt.cm.Greens, annot = True, square = True, xticklabels =
          ax.set ylabel('Actual', fontsize = 40)
          ax.set_xlabel('Predicted', fontsize = 40)
          TP = cm[1][1]
          print(f"True Positive: {TP}")
          FN = cm[1][0]
          print(f"False Negative: {FN}")
          TN = cm[0][0]
          print(f"True Negative: {TN}")
          FP = cm[0][1]
          print(f"False Positive: {FP}")
          # Sensitivity, recall, or true positive rate
```

```
print(f"True Positive Rate: {TP / (TP + FN)}")

# Specificity or true negative rate
print(f"True Negative Rate: {TN / (TN + FP)}\n")

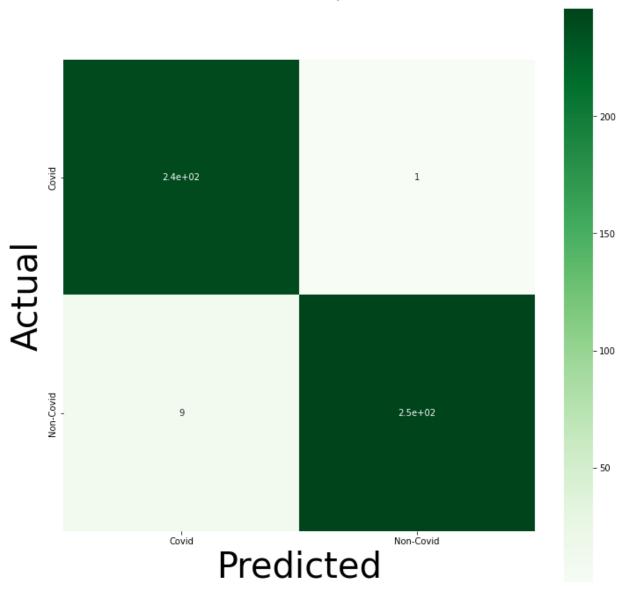
final_loss, final_accuracy = model.evaluate(X_val, Y_val)
print(f"\nFinal Loss: {final_loss}, Final Accuracy: {final_accuracy}")
```

True Positive: 246
False Negative: 9
True Negative: 241
False Positive: 1

True Positive Rate: 0.9647058823529412 True Negative Rate: 0.9958677685950413

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Final Loss: 0.08092107623815536, Final Accuracy: 0.9798792600631714



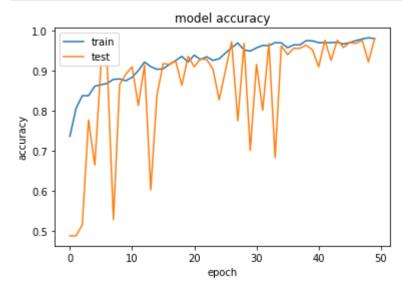
Observations:

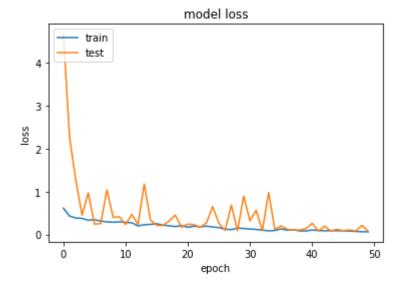
1- True Positive: 246

- 2- False Negative: 9
- 3- True Negative: 241
- 4- False Positive: 1
- 5- True Positive Rate: 0.9647058823529412
- 6- True Negative Rate: 0.9958677685950413

7. Comparing the Model Acccuracy

```
# Accuracy plot
In [12]:
          plt.plot(hist.history['accuracy'])
          plt.plot(hist.history['val_accuracy'])
          plt.title('model accuracy')
          plt.ylabel('accuracy')
          plt.xlabel('epoch')
          plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc = 'upper left')
          plt.show()
          # Loss plot
          plt.plot(hist.history['loss'])
          plt.plot(hist.history['val_loss'])
          plt.title('model loss')
          plt.ylabel('loss')
          plt.xlabel('epoch')
          plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc = 'upper left')
          plt.show()
```

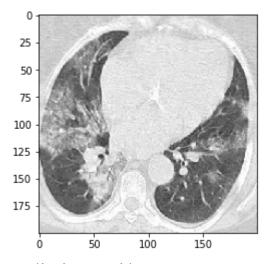




8. Predicting the Images

Test 1

```
from keras.preprocessing import image
In [15]:
         img = image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Capstone Project/Dataset/
         show_img = image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Capstone Project/Dat
         disease_class = ['Covid-19','Non Covid-19']
         x = image.img to array(img)
         x = np.expand_dims(x, axis = 0)
         x /= 255
         custom = model.predict(x)
         print(custom[0])
         plt.imshow(show_img)
         plt.show()
         a = custom[0]
         ind = np.argmax(a)
         print('Prediction:',disease_class[ind])
         [9.99899626e-01 1.00384554e-04]
```



Prediction: Covid-19

Test 2

```
In [14]: from keras.preprocessing import image

img = image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Capstone Project/Dataset/show_img = image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Capstone Project/Dat disease_class = ['Covid-19','Non Covid-19']
    x = image.img_to_array(img)
    x = np.expand_dims(x, axis = 0)
    x /= 255

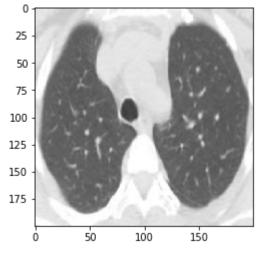
custom = model.predict(x)
print(custom[0])

plt.imshow(show_img)
plt.show()

a = custom[0]
ind = np.argmax(a)

print('Prediction:',disease_class[ind])
```

[0.0328724 0.9671277]



Prediction: Non Covid-19

Test 3

```
In [16]: from keras.preprocessing import image

img = image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Capstone Project/Dataset/show_img = image.load_img('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Capstone Project/Datadisease_class = ['Covid-19','Non Covid-19']
    x = image.img_to_array(img)
    x = np.expand_dims(x, axis = 0)
    x /= 255

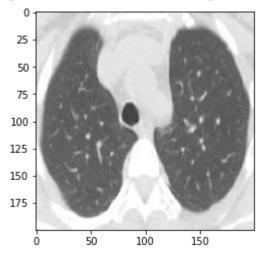
custom = model.predict(x)
print(custom[0])

plt.imshow(show_img)
plt.show()

a = custom[0]
ind = np.argmax(a)

print('Prediction:',disease_class[ind])
```

[4.2860906e-04 9.9957138e-01]



Prediction: Non Covid-19

As we can see all the points are predected correctly.

The Capstone Project has been completed Succesfully.