

Unit-2§ Variance of a r.v X:

For a discrete random variable:

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - \{E(X)\}^2 \quad p(x) - \text{p.m.f}$$

$$= \sum_x x^2 p(x) - \left( \sum_x x p(x) \right)^2$$

For a continuous random variable:

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - \{E(X)\}^2 \quad f(x) - \text{p.d.f}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x) dx - \left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx \right\}^2$$

Q Let  $X$  = no. of heads appeared on the toss of 2 coins. Find  $\text{var}(X)$ .Sol:

$X$	0	1	2
$p(X=x)$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$E(X) = \sum_x x p(x) = 0 \times \frac{1}{4} + 1 \times \frac{1}{2} + 2 \times \frac{1}{4} = 1.$$

$$E(X^2) = \sum_x x^2 p(x) = 0^2 \times \frac{1}{4} + 1^2 \times \frac{1}{2} + 2^2 \times \frac{1}{4} = 0 + \frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\therefore \text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - \{E(X)\}^2$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} - 1^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} //$$

Q  $X$  = no. of tails appeared on the toss of 3 coins. Find  $\text{var}(X)$ .

$X$	0	1	2	3
$p(X=x)$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

$$E(X) = 0 + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$E(X) = 0 + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$E(X^2) = \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{9}{8} = \frac{3+12+9}{8} = \frac{24}{8} = 3$$

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 = 3 - \frac{9}{4} = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

Properties of Variance:

(1) If  $X$  is a random variable, then -

$$V(aX+b) = a^2 V(X)$$

Pf:

$$\begin{aligned} V(aX+b) &= E\{(aX+b)^2\} - \{E(aX+b)\}^2 \\ &= E(a^2X^2 + 2abX + b^2) - (aE(X) + b)^2 \\ &= a^2E(X^2) + 2abE(X) + b^2 - a^2\{E(X)\}^2 - 2abE(X) - b^2 \\ &= a^2\{E(X^2) - \{E(X)\}^2\} \\ &= a^2V(X) \end{aligned}$$

(2) If  $b=0$ , then  $V(aX+b) = V(aX) = a^2V(X)$

(3) If  $a=0$ , then  $V(aX+b) = V(b) = 0 \Rightarrow$  Var of a const. is zero.

(4) If  $a=1$ , then  $V(aX+b) = V(X+b) = V(X)$ .

(5)  $V(X_1 \pm X_2) = V(X_1) \pm V(X_2)$ , if  $X_1, X_2$  are independent r.v.s.

(6)  $V(X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n) = V(X_1) + V(X_2) + \dots + V(X_n)$ ,  $X_i$ 's are independent r.v.s.

Ex Let  $X$  be a r.v with the foll<sup>n</sup> prob. dist.:

$X$	-3	6	9
$P(X=x)$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

Find  $V(X)$ .

$$E(X) = -\frac{1}{2} + 3 + 3 = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(X^2) &= 9 \times \frac{1}{6} + 36 \times \frac{1}{2} + 81 \times \frac{1}{3} \\ &= \frac{3}{2} + 18 + 27 \end{aligned}$$

(a)  $\frac{5}{4}$

(a)  $\frac{7}{4}$

(b)  $\frac{25}{4}$

(c)  $\frac{45}{4}$

✓ (d)  $\frac{65}{4}$

$$E(X^2) = 9 \times \frac{1}{6} + 36 \times \frac{1}{2} + 81 \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} + 18 + 27$$

$$= \frac{93}{2}$$

$$V(X) = \frac{93}{2} - \frac{121}{4} = \frac{186 - 121}{4} = \frac{65}{4} //$$

$$V(2X) = 4V(X) = 4 \times \frac{65}{4} = 65.$$

$$V(2X+5) = 4V(X) = 65 //$$

H/A

Pb

Two unbiased dice are thrown and the sum of the no.s is noted. Find the expectation & variance.

$$X = \underline{\underline{\text{sum}}}$$