Assignment 1

Tools & Techniques for Large Scale Data Analytics (CT5105) NUI Galway, Academic year 2019/2020, Semester 1

- Submission deadline (strict): Wednesday, 2nd October, 23:59. Late submission only with a medical or counsellor's certificate.
- Put all your source code files (and other answers, if any) into a <u>single .zip archive</u> with name "YourName_Assignment1.zip" and submit via Blackboard by the deadline.
- Include all source code files (files with name ending .java) required to compile and run your code.
- Unless specified otherwise in the question, use only plain Java for this assignment (no external libraries).
- All submissions will be checked for plagiarism.
- Use Java comments to explain your source code. Missing or insufficient comments lead to mark deductions.

You are given the following Java code for a sorting algorithm:

```
int[] array;
public void sort(int[] array) { // array length must be a power of 2
      this.array = array;
      sort(0, array.length);
private void sort(int low, int n) {
  if (n > 1) {
        int mid = n >> 1;
        sort(low, mid);
        sort(low + mid, mid);
        combine(low, n, 1);
  }
}
private void combine(int low, int n, int st) {
    int m = st << 1;</pre>
    if (m < n) {
         combine(low, n, m);
         combine(low + st, n, m);
         for (int i = low + st; i + st < low + n; i += m)</pre>
            compareAndSwap(i, i + st);
    } else
        compareAndSwap(low, low + st);
private void compareAndSwap(int i, int j) {
    if (array[i] > array[j])
        swap(i, j);
private void swap(int i, int j) {
  int h = array[i];
  array[i] = array[j];
  array[j] = h;
```

Remarks: For some questions, content from the next lecture might be helpful, but you should be able to start with this assignment already now. For this assignment and future assignments, the Java API documentation might be useful.

Q1.

Put the provided sorting code into a class and add a main-method which uses it to sort some array of int numbers (with at least 16 elements) and prints both the original array and the resulting sorted array.

Observe that the length of the array needs to be a power of 2, otherwise the algorithm fails.

[10 marks]

Q2.

Modify the provided sorting code so that it is able to sort arrays of *objects* of arbitrary classes (instead of numbers of primitive type int), making use of java.util.Comparator<...> instances ("comparators") for comparing array elements with each other.

Furthermore, provide a main-method which creates or obtains a comparator for objects of type String and another comparator for objects of type Double, and uses the modified sorting code to sort 1) some array of strings (in lexicographic order) and 2) some array of numbers of type Double. These arrays should each contain at least 16 elements and your main-method should again print both the original and the sorted arrays.

(Of course, the modified sorting code should be generic, so that it can sort arrays of objects of any class, not only String and Double arrays.)

Do not use any Lambda expressions in code for this question (but see next question).

[30 marks]

Q3.

Modify your code for Q2 so that the comparator for strings and the comparator for Double numbers are provided as *Lambda* expressions. Hint: this requires only very little coding.

[20 marks]

Q4.

Modify either your code for any of the previous questions or the originally provided code so that it makes sensible use of parallel computing (using multithreading) in the body of method sort(int low, int n). Do not change the algorithm otherwise.

Use only the "traditional" (Java ≤ 7) approach to multithreading for this questions (using class Thread explicitly); do not use, e.g., parallel Java 8 Streams.

It is not required that your parallelized code runs actually faster than the original code (no need to run any benchmarks) - but it should make use of concurrent threads in a sensible way.

Also, provide again a main-method which tests your code with some example array(s) and prints the original and the sorted array.

[40 marks]